SENATE BILL 5219

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Senators C. Wilson, Frame, Lovick, Nobles, and Wellman; by request of Office of the Governor

Prefiled 01/10/25. Read first time 01/13/25. Referred to Committee on Human Services.

AN ACT Relating to partial confinement eligibility and alignment; amending RCW 9.94A.030, 9.94A.030, 9.94A.6551, 9.94A.733, and 9.94A.728; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 2022 c 231 s 11 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

10 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 11 under chapter 9.95 RCW.

12 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, 13 14 means that the department, either directly or through a collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring 15 16 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal 17 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, 18 and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment 19 to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental 20 account.

21 (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

1 (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 2 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 3 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 4 conditions.

5 (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's 6 sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as 7 part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community 8 subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities 9 by the department.

10 (6) "Community protection zone" means the area within 880 feet of 11 the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.

12 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 13 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 14 offender.

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(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

16 (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 17 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, 18 and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

19 (10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 20 21 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 22 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 23 affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor 24 25 compliance with the order of a court may be required by the 26 department.

(11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere, and any issued certificates of restoration of opportunity pursuant to RCW 9.97.020.

31 (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction 32 (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length 33 and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been 34 incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

35 (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal 36 history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 37 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has 38 been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon. However, when a 39 defendant is charged with a recidivist offense, "criminal history" 40 includes a vacated prior conviction for the sole purpose of

1 establishing that such vacated prior conviction constitutes an 2 element of the present recidivist offense as provided in RCW 3 9.94A.640(4)(b) and 9.96.060(((7))) <u>(8)</u>(c).

4 (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is 5 distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior 6 conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated 7 pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains 8 part of the defendant's criminal history.

(12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, 9 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or 10 11 informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, 12 having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively 13 engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang 14 activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in 15 16 concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the 17 activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their 18 members or agents.

(13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the criminal street gang.

(14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:

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(a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;

30 (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, 31 prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;

32 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of 33 the gang;

34 (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness35 against the gang or any member of the gang;

36 (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement,
 37 gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation,
 38 influence, or membership; or

39 (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or 40 dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited

to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 9.68 RCW).

7 (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that 8 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 9 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 10 offender and any dependents.

(16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.

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(17) "Department" means the department of corrections.

17 (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 18 19 confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or 20 21 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 22 through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement 23 shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate 24 sentence.

(19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 25 26 offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 27 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 28 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for 29 personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of 30 31 law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other 32 process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or 33 retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not 34 include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 35 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 36

37 (20)(a) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in 38 RCW 10.99.020.

(b) "Domestic violence" also means: (i) Physical harm, bodilyinjury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm,

SB 5219

bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one intimate partner by another intimate partner as defined in RCW 10.99.020; or (ii) physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one family or household member by another family or household member as defined in RCW 10.99.020.

8 (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing 9 option available to persons convicted of a felony offense who are 10 eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.

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(22) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession
 of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for
 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or

18 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the 19 laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense 20 under (a) of this subsection.

(23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as
 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.

(24) "Electronic monitoring" means tracking the location of an individual through the use of technology that is capable of determining or identifying the monitored individual's presence or absence at a particular location including, but not limited to:

(a) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or removes the monitoring device; or

32 (b) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the 33 monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location and which 34 may also include electronic monitoring with victim notification 35 36 technology that is capable of notifying a victim or protected party, either directly or through a monitoring agency, if the monitored 37 individual enters within the restricted distance of a victim or 38 protected party, or within the restricted distance of a designated 39 40 location.

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- (25) "Escape" means:

(a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in
the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW
9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060),
willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or
willful failure to be available for supervision by the department
while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

8 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 9 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an 10 escape under (a) of this subsection.

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(26) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-andrun injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(27) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of time.

(28) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.

(29) "Home detention" is a subset of electronic monitoring and means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence 24 hours a day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising agency that ordered home detention, and the offender is subject to electronic monitoring.

34 (30) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an 35 individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence 36 and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:

37 (a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designed38 to provide temporary living accommodations;

39 (b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily40 used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or

1 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 2 invitee.

(31) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is 3 ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal 4 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, 5 6 statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed 7 pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, 8 and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender 9 as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular 10 11 assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 12 RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal 13 financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of 14 the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the 15 16 conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.

(32) "Most serious offense" means any of the following feloniesor a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;

(b) Assault in the second degree;

23 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree; (d) Child molestation in the second degree; 24 25 (e) Controlled substance homicide; (f) Extortion in the first degree; 26 27 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age 14; (h) Indecent liberties; 28 29 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree; (j) Leading organized crime; 30 31 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree; 32 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree; 33 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree; (n) Rape in the third degree; 34 (o) Sexual exploitation; 35 36 (p) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 37 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 38

39 reckless manner;

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1 (q) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 2 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating 3 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation 4 of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

5 (r) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 6 motivation;

7 (s) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 8 9.94A.825;

9 (t) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 10 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this 11 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense 12 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 13 most serious offense under this subsection;

(u) (i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;

(ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 20 21 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 14; 22 or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is 23 24 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 25 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 26 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997; 27

(v) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was 10 years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.

34 (33) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 35 offense.

36 (34) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 37 established by state law and is 18 years of age or older or is less 38 than 18 years of age but whose case is under superior court 39 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the 40 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW

SB 5219

1 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody 2 requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant 3 or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to 4 probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 and 5 supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 6 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and 7 "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(35) "Partial confinement" means confinement ((for no more than 8 one year)) up to 18 months in a facility or institution operated or 9 utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, 10 11 or, if home detention, electronic monitoring, or work crew has been ordered by the court or home detention has been ordered by the 12 department as part of the parenting program or the graduated reentry 13 14 program, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial 15 16 confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, 17 electronic monitoring, and a combination of work crew, electronic 18 monitoring, and home detention.

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(36) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:

(a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or
 any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or
 more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:

(i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);

26 (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding 27 Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);

28 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled 29 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);

30 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act 31 (chapter 9.41 RCW);

32 (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);

33 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);

34 (vii) Hate Crime (RCW 9A.36.080);

35 (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat 36 is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));

37 (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);

38 (x) Any felony conviction by a person 18 years of age or older 39 with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony offense 40 under RCW 9.94A.833;

1 (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025); (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030); 2 3 (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070); (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080); 4 (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065); 5 6 (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068); 7 (xvii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070); 8 9 (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW 9A.56.075); 10 11 (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120); 12 (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130); (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110); 13 14 (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120); (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050); 15 16 (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070); 17 (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090); 18 (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this 19 subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008; 20 21 (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this 22 subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in (a) of this subsection; and 23 24 (d) Of the offenses that were committed in (a) of this 25 subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were 26 committed by two or more persons. (37) "Persistent offender" is an offender who: 27 28 (a) (i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered 29 a most serious offense; and (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this 30 31 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate 32 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and 33 would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided 34 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction 35 36 must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or 37 (b) (i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape 38 39 of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second 40

SB 5219

degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the 1 following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the 2 3 first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, 4 assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of 5 6 a child in the first degree, assault of a child in the second degree, 7 or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (37) (b) (i); and 8

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of 9 this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one 10 occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in 11 12 (b) (i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses 13 listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child 14 in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this 15 16 subsection only when the offender was 16 years of age or older when 17 the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this 18 19 subsection only when the offender was 18 years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. 20

21 (38) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the 22 perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim 23 prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a 24 25 significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, 26 volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private 27 28 school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" 29 not include home-based instruction as defined in RCW 30 does 31 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in 32 authority in any recreational activity and the victim was a participant in the activity under his or her authority 33 or supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in 34 authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was 35 a member or participant of the organization under his or her 36 authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 37 in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a 38 39 student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her 40 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Home-

SB 5219

1 based instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 2 in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the 3 victim. 4 (39) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 5 6 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW. 7 (40) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010. (41) "Recidivist offense" means a felony offense where a prior 8 conviction of the same offense or other specified offense is an 9 element of the crime including, but not limited to: 10 11 (a) Assault in the fourth degree where domestic violence is pleaded and proven, RCW 9A.36.041(3); 12 (b) Cyber harassment, RCW 9A.90.120(2)(b)(i); 13 14 (c) Harassment, RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)(i); (d) Indecent exposure, RCW 9A.88.010(2)(c); 15 16 (e) Stalking, RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b) (i) and (iii); 17 (f) Telephone harassment, RCW 9.61.230(2)(a); and (g) Violation of a no-contact or protection order, RCW 7.105.450 18 19 or former RCW 26.50.110(5). (42) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any: 20 21 (a) (i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense 22 under RCW 9A.36.041; 23 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense; 24 25 (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under 26 chapter 26.09, 26.26A, or 26.26B RCW or former chapter 26.50 RCW, or violation of a domestic violence protection order under chapter 7.105 27 RCW, that is not a felony offense; 28 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 29 that is not a felony offense; or 30 31 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 32 is not a felony offense; or (b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or 33 municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state 34 would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under 35 36 (a) of this subsection. (43) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 37 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 38 39 specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include 40 both public and private costs.

1 (44) "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk 2 instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state 3 institute for public policy as having the highest degree of 4 predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.

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(45) "Serious traffic offense" means:

6 (a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating 7 liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control 8 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 9 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an 10 attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

14 (46) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 15 offense and means:

16 (a) (i) Murder in the first degree;

17 (ii) Homicide by abuse;

18 (iii) Murder in the second degree;

19 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;

20 (v) Assault in the first degree;

21 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;

22 (vii) Rape in the first degree;

23 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or

24 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 25 commit one of these felonies; or

26 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 27 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 28 serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

29 (47) "Sex offense" means:

30 (a) (i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 31 than RCW 9A.44.132;

32 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;

33 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 34 than RCW 9.68A.080;

35 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal 36 attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 37 crimes; or

(v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register
 as a sex offender) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW

1 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) or 9A.44.130
2 prior to June 10, 2010, on at least one prior occasion;

3 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 4 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 5 sex offense in (a) of this subsection;

6 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 7 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or

8 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 9 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 10 offense under (a) of this subsection.

11 (48) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 12 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 13 sexual gratification.

14 (49) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's 15 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

16 (50) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of 17 time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime 18 as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute 19 defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for 20 a crime.

21 (51) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 22 24 hours before the offense.

(52) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for 24 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

(53) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.

33 (54) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 34 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 35 a direct result of the crime charged.

36 (55) "Victim of domestic violence" means an intimate partner or 37 household member who has been subjected to the infliction of physical 38 harm or sexual and psychological abuse by an intimate partner or 39 household member as part of a pattern of assaultive, coercive, and 40 controlling behaviors directed at achieving compliance from or

SB 5219

1 control over that intimate partner or household member. Domestic 2 violence includes, but is not limited to, the offenses listed in RCW 3 10.99.020 and 26.50.010 committed by an intimate partner or household 4 member against a victim who is an intimate partner or household 5 member.

6 (56) "Victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, or commercial 7 sexual abuse of a minor" means a person who has been forced or coerced to perform a commercial sex act including, but not limited 8 to, being a victim of offenses defined in RCW 9A.40.100, 9A.88.070, 9 9.68A.101, and the trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 10 11 U.S.C. Sec. 7101 et seq.; or a person who was induced to perform a 12 commercial sex act when they were less than 18 years of age including but not limited to the offenses defined in chapter 9.68A RCW. 13

14 (57) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who is a victim 15 of a sexual assault offense, nonconsensual sexual conduct, or 16 nonconsensual sexual penetration and as a result suffers physical, 17 emotional, financial, or psychological impacts. Sexual assault 18 offenses include, but are not limited to, the offenses defined in 19 chapter 9A.44 RCW.

20

(58) "Violent offense" means:

21 (a) Any of the following felonies:

(i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony;

24 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 25 class A felony;

- 26 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 27 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;

28 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;

29 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;

30 (vii) Arson in the second degree;

31 (viii) Assault in the second degree;

32 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;

33 (x) Extortion in the first degree;

34 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;

35 (xii) Drive-by shooting;

36 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 37 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 38 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 39 reckless manner; and 1 (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving 2 of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of 3 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by 4 the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

5 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 6 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 7 violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

8 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 9 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 10 violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

11 (59) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement 12 consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the 13 community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.

14 (60) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program 15 as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower 16 the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a 17 comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, 18 character-building work ethics training, life management skills 19 development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy 20 training, and basic adult education.

(61) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school.

24 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 2024 c 306 s 2 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 27 this section apply throughout this chapter.

28 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 29 under chapter 9.95 RCW.

30 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, 31 means that the department, either directly or through a collection 32 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring 33 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal 34 35 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment 36 to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental 37 38 account.

39 (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

1 (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 2 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 3 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 4 conditions.

5 (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's 6 sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as 7 part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community 8 subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities 9 by the department.

10 (6) "Community protection zone" means the area within 880 feet of 11 the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.

12 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 13 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 14 offender.

15

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

16 (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 17 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, 18 and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

19 (10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 20 21 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 22 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 23 affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor 24 25 compliance with the order of a court may be required by the 26 department.

(11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere, and any issued certificates of restoration of opportunity pursuant to RCW 9.97.020.

31 (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction 32 (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length 33 and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been 34 incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

35 (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal 36 history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 37 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has 38 been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon. However, when a 39 defendant is charged with a recidivist offense, "criminal history" 40 includes a vacated prior conviction for the sole purpose of

p. 17

SB 5219

1 establishing that such vacated prior conviction constitutes an 2 element of the present recidivist offense as provided in RCW 3 9.94A.640(4)(b) and 9.96.060(((7))) <u>(8)</u>(c).

4 (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is 5 distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior 6 conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated 7 pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains 8 part of the defendant's criminal history.

(12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, 9 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or 10 11 informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, 12 having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively 13 engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang 14 activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in 15 16 concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the 17 activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their 18 members or agents.

(13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the criminal street gang.

(14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:

29

(a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;

30 (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, 31 prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;

32 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of 33 the gang;

34 (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness35 against the gang or any member of the gang;

36 (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement,
 37 gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation,
 38 influence, or membership; or

39 (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or 40 dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited

to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 9.68 RCW).

7 (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that 8 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 9 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 10 offender and any dependents.

(16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.

16

(17) "Department" means the department of corrections.

17 (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 18 19 confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or 20 21 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 22 through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement 23 shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate 24 sentence.

(19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 25 26 offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 27 28 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for 29 personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of 30 31 law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other 32 process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or 33 retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not 34 include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 35 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 36

37 (20)(a) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in 38 RCW 10.99.020.

(b) "Domestic violence" also means: (i) Physical harm, bodilyinjury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm,

bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one intimate partner by another intimate partner as defined in RCW 10.99.020; or (ii) physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one family or household member by another family or household member as defined in RCW 10.99.020.

8 (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing 9 option available to persons convicted of a felony offense who are 10 eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.

11 (22) "Drug offender sentencing alternative for driving under the 12 influence" is a sentencing option available to persons convicted of 13 felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 14 any drug under RCW 46.61.502(6), or felony physical control of a 15 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug 16 under RCW 46.61.504(6) who are eligible under RCW 9.94A.661.

17

(23) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession
 of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for
 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

21 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that 22 relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or 23 transportation of a controlled substance; or

(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

27 (24) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 28 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.

(25) "Electronic monitoring" means tracking the location of an individual through the use of technology that is capable of determining or identifying the monitored individual's presence or absence at a particular location including, but not limited to:

33 (a) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the 34 monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and 35 notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored 36 individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or 37 removes the monitoring device; or

(b) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location and which 1 may also include electronic monitoring with victim notification 2 technology that is capable of notifying a victim or protected party, 3 either directly or through a monitoring agency, if the monitored 4 individual enters within the restricted distance of a victim or 5 protected party, or within the restricted distance of a designated 6 location.

7 (26) "Escape" means:

8 (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in 9 the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 10 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), 11 willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or 12 willful failure to be available for supervision by the department 13 while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

17

(27) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-andrun injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under
the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)),
or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of
intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

27 (28) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 28 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 29 specific period of time.

30 (29) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior 31 convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender 32 waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.

(30) "Home detention" is a subset of electronic monitoring and means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence 24 hours a day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising agency that ordered home detention, and the offender is subject to electronic monitoring. 1 (31) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an 2 individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence 3 and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:

4 (a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designed
5 to provide temporary living accommodations;

6 (b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily 7 used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or

8 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 9 invitee.

(32) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is 10 11 ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal 12 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed 13 pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug 14 funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, 15 16 and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender 17 as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 18 19 RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal 20 21 financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of 22 the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430. 23

(33) "Most serious offense" means any of the following feloniesor a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or
criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A
felony;

29	(b)	Assault in the second degree;
30	(C)	Assault of a child in the second degree;
31	(d)	Child molestation in the second degree;
32	(e)	Controlled substance homicide;
33	(f)	Extortion in the first degree;
34	(g)	Incest when committed against a child under age 14;
35	(h)	Indecent liberties;
36	(i)	Kidnapping in the second degree;
37	(j)	Leading organized crime;
38	(k)	Manslaughter in the first degree;
39	(1)	Manslaughter in the second degree;
40	(m)	Promoting prostitution in the first degree;

- 1 2
- (n) Rape in the third degree;

(o) Sexual exploitation;

3 (p) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of 4 a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 5 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 6 reckless manner;

7 (q) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 8 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating 9 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation 10 of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

11 (r) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 12 motivation;

13 (s) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 14 9.94A.825;

(t) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 16 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this 17 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense 18 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 19 most serious offense under this subsection;

(u) (i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;

A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 26 (ii) 27 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 14; 28 29 or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 30 31 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 32 1993, through July 27, 1997; 33

(v) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was 10 years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section. 1 (34) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 2 offense.

3 (35) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is 18 years of age or older or is less 4 than 18 years of age but whose case is under superior court 5 6 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 7 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody 8 requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant 9 or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to 10 probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 and 11 12 supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and 13 "defendant" are used interchangeably. 14

(36) "Partial confinement" means confinement ((for no more than 15 16 one year)) up to 18 months in a facility or institution operated or 17 utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention, electronic monitoring, or work crew has been 18 19 ordered by the court or home detention has been ordered by the department as part of the parenting program or the graduated reentry 20 21 program, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial 22 23 confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, electronic monitoring, and a combination of work crew, electronic 24 25 monitoring, and home detention.

26

(37) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:

(a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or
 any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or
 more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:

30 (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this 31 section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a 32 Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);

33 (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding 34 Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);

35 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled 36 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);

37 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act 38 (chapter 9.41 RCW);

- 39 (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);
- 40 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);

1 (vii) Hate Crime (RCW 9A.36.080); 2 (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat 3 is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)); (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120); 4 (x) Any felony conviction by a person 18 years of age or older 5 6 with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony offense 7 under RCW 9.94A.833; (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025); 8 (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030); 9 (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070); 10 11 (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080); 12 (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065); (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068); 13 14 Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission (xvii) (RCW 1 9A.56.070); 15 16 (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW 17 9A.56.075); 18 (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120); (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130); 19 (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110); 20 21 (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120); 22 (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050); 23 (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070); 24 (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or 25 (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090); (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this 26 subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008; 27 28 (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this 29 subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in (a) of this subsection; and 30 31 (d) Of the offenses that were committed in (a) of this 32 subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were committed by two or more persons. 33 (38) "Persistent offender" is an offender who: 34 35 (a) (i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered 36 a most serious offense; and (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this 37 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate 38 39 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and 40

SB 5219

would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

(b) (i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape 5 6 of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second 7 degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the 8 following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the 9 first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, 10 11 kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, 12 assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, assault of a child in the second degree, 13 or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any 14 crime listed in this subsection (38)(b)(i); and 15

16 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of 17 this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in 18 (b) (i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or 19 offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses 20 21 listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this 22 subsection only when the offender was 16 years of age or older when 23 the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child 24 25 in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was 18 years of age or older when 26 the offender committed the offense. 27

28 (39) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the 29 perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim 30 31 prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a 32 significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, 33 volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private 34 school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her 35 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" 36 not include home-based instruction as defined in 37 does RCW 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in 38 39 authority in any recreational activity and the victim was a 40 participant in the activity under his or her authority or

SB 5219

1 supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was 2 a member or participant of the organization under his or her 3 authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 4 in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a 5 6 student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her 7 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Homebased instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 8 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 9 in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the 10 11 victim.

12 (40) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 13 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.

14 (41) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.

15 (42) "Recidivist offense" means a felony offense where a prior 16 conviction of the same offense or other specified offense is an 17 element of the crime including, but not limited to:

(a) Assault in the fourth degree where domestic violence ispleaded and proven, RCW 9A.36.041(3);

20 (b) Cyber harassment, RCW 9A.90.120(2)(b)(i);

21 (c) Harassment, RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)(i);

22 (d) Indecent exposure, RCW 9A.88.010(2)(c);

23 (e) Stalking, RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b) (i) and (iii);

(f) Telephone harassment, RCW 9.61.230(2)(a); and

25 (g) Violation of a no-contact or protection order, RCW 7.105.450 26 or former RCW 26.50.110(5).

27

(43) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:

28 (a) (i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense 29 under RCW 9A.36.041;

30 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 31 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;

32 (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under 33 chapter 26.09, 26.26A, or 26.26B RCW or former chapter 26.50 RCW, or 34 violation of a domestic violence protection order under chapter 7.105 35 RCW, that is not a felony offense;

36 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020
37 that is not a felony offense; or

38 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 39 is not a felony offense; or

1 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state 2 3 would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under (a) of this subsection. 4

(44) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 5 6 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 7 specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. 8

"Risk assessment" means the application of the 9 (45)risk instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state 10 11 institute for public policy as having the highest degree of 12 predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.

13

(46) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) (i) Nonfelony driving while under the 14 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502); 15

16 (ii) Nonfelony actual physical control while under the influence 17 of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504);

18

(iii) Reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500);

(iv) Negligent driving if the conviction is the result of a 19 charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 20 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 21 22 46.61.522 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.5249); 23

(v) Reckless endangerment if the conviction is the result of a 24 25 charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 26 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any 27 28 drug (RCW 9A.36.050); or

29

(vi) Hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction 30 for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified 31 32 as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

33 This definition applies for the purpose of a personal (C) driver's license only and does not apply to violations related to a 34 commercial motor vehicle under RCW 46.25.090. 35

(47) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 36 offense and means: 37

(a) (i) Murder in the first degree; 38

- 39 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- (iii) Murder in the second degree; 40

2 (v) Assault in the first degree; 3 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree; (vii) Rape in the first degree; 4 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or 5 6 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 7 commit one of these felonies; or (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 8 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 9 serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection. 10 (48) "Sex offense" means: 11 (a) (i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 12 than RCW 9A.44.132; 13 14 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020; (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 15 16 than RCW 9.68A.080; 17 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 18 crimes; or 19 (v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register 20 21 as a sex offender) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW 22 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) or 9A.44.130 prior to June 10, 2010, on at least one prior occasion; 23 24 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 25 sex offense in (a) of this subsection; 26 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 27 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or 28 29 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 30 31 offense under (a) of this subsection. (49) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 32 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 33 sexual gratification. 34 (50) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's 35 36 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence. (51) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of 37 time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime 38 as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute 39

(iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;

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p. 29

SB 5219

1 defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for 2 a crime.

3 (52) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 4 24 hours before the offense.

5 (53) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 6 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 7 contract by the state or any other unit of government for 24 hours a 8 day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

9 (54) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 10 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 11 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 12 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include 13 instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during 14 the offender's period of community custody.

(55) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

(56) "Victim of domestic violence" means an intimate partner or 18 household member who has been subjected to the infliction of physical 19 harm or sexual and psychological abuse by an intimate partner or 20 21 household member as part of a pattern of assaultive, coercive, and controlling behaviors directed at achieving compliance from or 22 control over that intimate partner or household member. Domestic 23 violence includes, but is not limited to, the offenses listed in RCW 24 25 10.99.020 and 26.50.010 committed by an intimate partner or household 26 member against a victim who is an intimate partner or household 27 member.

28 (57) "Victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, or commercial sexual abuse of a minor" means a person who has been forced or 29 coerced to perform a commercial sex act including, but not limited 30 31 to, being a victim of offenses defined in RCW 9A.40.100, 9A.88.070, 32 9.68A.101, and the trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. Sec. 7101 et seq.; or a person who was induced to perform a 33 commercial sex act when they were less than 18 years of age including 34 but not limited to the offenses defined in chapter 9.68A RCW. 35

36 (58) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who is a victim 37 of a sexual assault offense, nonconsensual sexual conduct, or 38 nonconsensual sexual penetration and as a result suffers physical, 39 emotional, financial, or psychological impacts. Sexual assault

2 chapter 9A.44 RCW. (59) "Violent offense" means: 3 (a) Any of the following felonies: 4 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 5 6 attempt to commit a class A felony; (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 7 class A felony; 8 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree; 9 10 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree; (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion; 11 12 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree; (vii) Arson in the second degree; 13 (viii) Assault in the second degree; 14 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree; 15 16 (x) Extortion in the first degree; 17 (xi) Robbery in the second degree; 18 (xii) Drive-by shooting; (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 19 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 20 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 21 22 reckless manner; and (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving 23 any vehicle by any person while under the influence 24 of of 25 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by 26 the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; 27 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 28 violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and 29 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 30 31 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 32 violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection. (60) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement 33 consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the 34 community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725. 35 (61) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program 36 as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower 37 the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a 38 39 comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, 40 character-building work ethics training, life management skills

offenses include, but are not limited to, the offenses defined in

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SB 5219

development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy
 training, and basic adult education.

3 (62) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 4 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 5 regular course of study at school.

6 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.6551 and 2024 c 193 s 1 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1)(((a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, for)) For 9 an incarcerated individual not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.655, but 10 otherwise eligible under this section, no more than the final ((12)) 11 <u>18</u> months of the incarcerated individual's term of confinement may be 12 served in partial confinement as home detention as part of the 13 parenting program developed by the department.

14 (((b) For an incarcerated individual not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.655, but otherwise eligible under this section, who is participating in the residential parenting program at the department, no more than the final 18 months of the incarcerated individual's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement as home detention as part of the parenting program developed by the department.))

(2) The secretary may transfer an incarcerated individual from a correctional facility to home detention in the community if it is determined that the parenting program is an appropriate placement and when all of the following conditions exist:

(a) The incarcerated individual is serving a sentence in whichthe high end of the range is greater than one year;

(b) The incarcerated individual has no current conviction for a felony that is classified as a sex offense or a serious violent offense;

30 (c) The incarcerated individual has no current conviction for a 31 violent offense, or where the incarcerated individual has a current 32 conviction for a violent offense, he or she has not been determined 33 to be a high risk to reoffend;

(d) The incarcerated individual signs any release of information
 waivers required to allow information regarding current or prior
 child welfare cases to be shared with the department and the court;

37 (e) The incarcerated individual is:

(i) A parent with guardianship or legal custody of a minor child;
(ii) An expectant parent; ((or))

1 (iii) A biological parent, adoptive parent, custodian, or 2 stepparent with a proven, established, ongoing, and substantial 3 relationship with a minor child ((that existed at the time of the 4 offense)); or

5 <u>(iv) An individual expected to take over the duties of a parent</u> 6 <u>and be responsible for exercising the day-to-day care and control of</u> 7 <u>a minor child;</u> and

8 (f) The department determines that the incarcerated individual's 9 participation in the parenting program is in the best interests of 10 the child. Nothing in this section provides the department with 11 authority to determine placement of a minor child.

(3) Except for sex offenses and serious violent offenses, prior
juvenile adjudications are not considered offenses when considering
eligibility for the parenting program developed by the department.

15 (4) When the department is considering partial confinement as 16 part of the parenting program for an incarcerated individual, the 17 department shall inquire of the individual and the department of 18 children, youth, and families whether the agency has an open child 19 welfare case or prior substantiated referral for abuse or neglect 20 involving the incarcerated individual.

(5) If the department of children, youth, and families or a 21 tribal jurisdiction has an open child welfare case, the department 22 will seek input from the department of children, youth, and families 23 or the involved tribal jurisdiction as to: (a) The status of the 24 25 child welfare case; and (b) recommendations regarding placement of the incarcerated individual, services agreed to by the incarcerated 26 individual working voluntarily with the department, or services 27 28 ordered by the court within the incarcerated individual's child welfare case. The department and its officers, agents, and employees 29 are not liable for the acts of incarcerated individuals participating 30 31 in the parenting program unless the department or its officers, 32 agents, and employees acted with willful and wanton disregard.

33 (6) All incarcerated individuals placed on home detention as part 34 of the parenting program shall provide an approved residence and 35 living arrangement prior to transfer to home detention.

36 (7) While in the community on home detention as part of the 37 parenting program, the department shall:

38 (a) Require the individual to be placed on electronic home 39 monitoring; 1 (b) Require the individual to participate in programming and treatment that the department determines 2 is needed after consideration of the individual's stated needs; 3

(c) Assign a community corrections officer who will monitor the 4 individual's compliance with conditions of partial confinement and 5 6 programming requirements; and

7 (d) If the individual has an open child welfare case with the department of children, youth, and families, collaborate and 8 communicate with the identified social worker in the provision of 9 10 services.

(8) The department has the authority to return any incarcerated 11 12 individual serving partial confinement in the parenting program to total confinement if the individual is not complying with sentence 13 14 requirements.

15 (9) If the incarcerated individual's earned release date changes after placement in partial confinement under this section, the 16 department may extend the duration of participation in the 17 alternative program by no more than six months or up to the earned 18 19 release date, whichever comes first.

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(10) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Expectant parent" means a pregnant or other parent awaiting 21 the birth of his or her child, or an adoptive parent or person in the 22 23 process of a final adoption.

(b) "Minor child" means a child under the age of ((eighteen)) <u>18</u>. 24

25 (((c) "Residential parenting program" means a correctional 26 nursery program administered by the department that allows pregnant, 27 minimum security incarcerated individuals that meet eligibility 28 criteria established by the department to keep their newborn children with them after giving birth in a designated unit and receive support 29 30

and education in alliance with skilled early childhood educators.))

Sec. 4. RCW 9.94A.733 and 2023 c 405 s 1 are each amended to 31 32 read as follows:

33 (1) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, an ((offender)) incarcerated individual may not participate in the 34 graduated reentry program under this subsection unless he or she has 35 served at least ((six)) three months in total confinement in a state 36 correctional facility. 37

38 (i) An ((offender)) incarcerated individual subject to (a) of 39 this subsection may serve no more than the final ((five)) nine months

1 of the ((offender's)) <u>incarcerated individual's</u> term of confinement 2 in partial confinement as home detention as part of the graduated 3 reentry program developed by the department.

4 (ii) Home detention under (a) of this subsection may not be 5 imposed for individuals subject to a deportation order, civil 6 commitment, or the interstate compact for adult offender supervision 7 under RCW 9.94A.745.

8 (b) For ((offenders)) <u>incarcerated individuals</u> who meet the 9 requirements of (b)(iii) of this subsection, an ((offender)) 10 <u>incarcerated individual</u> may not participate in the graduated reentry 11 program unless he or she has served at least ((four)) <u>three</u> months in 12 total confinement in a state correctional facility.

(i) An ((offender)) incarcerated individual under this subsection (1) (b) may serve no more than the final 18 months of the ((offender's)) incarcerated individual's term of confinement in partial confinement as home detention as part of the graduated reentry program developed by the department.

18 (ii) Home detention under this subsection (1)(b) may not be 19 imposed for individuals subject to a deportation order or subject to 20 the jurisdiction of the indeterminate sentence review board.

(iii) Home detention under this subsection (1)(b) may not be imposed for ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals currently serving a term of confinement for the following offenses:

24 (A) Any sex offense;

25 (B) Any violent offense; or

26 (C) Any crime against a person offense in accordance with the 27 categorization of crimes against persons outlined in RCW 28 9.94A.411(2).

(2) The secretary of the department may transfer an ((offender)) incarcerated individual from a department correctional facility to home detention in the community if it is determined that the graduated reentry program is an appropriate placement and must assist the ((offender's)) incarcerated individual's transition from confinement to the community.

(3) The department and its officers, agents, and employees are not liable for the acts of ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals participating in the graduated reentry program unless the department or its officers, agents, and employees acted with willful and wanton disregard. 1 (4)(a) All ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals placed on home 2 detention as part of the graduated reentry program must provide an 3 approved residence and living arrangement prior to transfer to home 4 detention.

(b) The department may not transfer an ((offender)) incarcerated 5 6 individual to participate in the graduated reentry program until the 7 has ((conducted)) a ((comprehensive assessment)) department <u>clinically appropriate evaluation</u> for substance use ((disorder)) 8 disorders. If the ((offender)) incarcerated individual is ((assessed 9 10 to have)) diagnosed with a substance use disorder, the department 11 shall assist the ((offender)) incarcerated individual in ((enrolling 12 in)) accessing substance use disorder treatment services ((at the level deemed appropriate by the assessment. Offenders transferred to 13 participate in the graduated reentry program must begin receiving 14 substance use disorder treatment services as soon as practicable 15 16 after transfer to avoid any delays in treatment. Substance use 17 disorder treatment services shall include, as deemed necessary by the assessment, access to medication-assisted treatment and counseling 18 programs)), including medication treatment if appropriate, in 19 accordance with recommended treatment for severity of disease 20 21 determined during evaluation. Upon transfer to the graduated reentry program, when clinically appropriate, individuals must be provided 22 23 with access to self-administered fentanyl testing supplies and medications designed to reverse the effects of opioid overdose. 24

(5) While in the community on home detention as part of the graduated reentry program, the department must:

(a) Require the ((offender)) incarcerated individual to be placed
 on electronic home monitoring;

(b) Require the ((offender)) incarcerated individual to participate in programming and treatment that the department shall assign based on an ((offender's)) incarcerated individual's assessed need; and

33 (c) Assign a community corrections officer who will monitor the 34 ((offender's)) <u>incarcerated individual's</u> compliance with conditions 35 of partial confinement and programming requirements.

36 (6) The department retains the authority to return any 37 ((offender)) incarcerated individual serving partial confinement in 38 the graduated reentry program to total confinement for any reason 39 including, but not limited to, the ((offender's)) incarcerated 40 individual's noncompliance with any sentence requirement. 1 (7) The department may issue rental vouchers for a period not to 2 exceed six months for those transferring to partial confinement under 3 this section if an approved address cannot be obtained without the 4 assistance of a voucher.

5 (8) In the selection of ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals to 6 participate in the graduated reentry program, and in setting, 7 modifying, and enforcing the requirements of the graduated reentry 8 program, the department is deemed to be performing a quasi-judicial 9 function.

(9) The department shall publish a monthly report on its website 10 11 with the number of ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals who were 12 transferred during the month to home detention as part of the graduated reentry program. The department shall submit an annual 13 14 report by December 1st to the appropriate committees of the legislature with the number of ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals 15 16 who were transferred to home detention as part of the graduated 17 reentry program during the prior year.

(10) (a) Beginning July 1, 2023, the following data must be
 collected and posted to the department's website on a monthly basis:

(i) The number of ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals who were transferred to the graduated reentry program who were assessed to have a substance use disorder during the prior calendar month; and

(ii) The number of ((offenders)) <u>incarcerated individuals</u> in the graduated reentry program who received during the prior 12 months:

25 26 (A) Outpatient substance use disorder treatment;

(B) Inpatient substance use disorder treatment; and

27 (C) Both outpatient and inpatient substance use disorder 28 treatment.

(b) Beginning July 1, 2023, the health care authority must report monthly to the department on the number of ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals in the graduated reentry program who received substance use disorder outpatient treatment, while in the community, during the prior 12 months.

(11) The department must share data with the health care
 authority on ((offenders)) incarcerated individuals participating in
 the graduated reentry program.

37 Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.728 and 2023 c 358 s 1 are each amended to 38 read as follows: 1 (1) No incarcerated individual serving a sentence imposed 2 pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the 3 department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or 4 be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as 5 follows:

6 (a) An incarcerated individual may earn early release time as 7 authorized by RCW 9.94A.729;

8 (b) An incarcerated individual may leave a correctional facility 9 pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, 10 incarcerated individuals may leave a correctional facility when in 11 the custody of a corrections officer or officers;

12 (c)(i) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical 13 placement for an incarcerated individual when all of the following 14 conditions exist:

15 (A) The incarcerated individual has been assessed by two 16 physicians and is determined to be one of the following:

(I) Affected by a permanent or degenerative medical condition to such a degree that the individual does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat to public safety; or

(II) In ill health and is expected to die within six months and does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat to public safety;

(B) The incarcerated individual has been assessed as low risk tothe community at the time of release; and

25 (C) It is expected that granting the extraordinary medical 26 placement will result in a cost savings to the state.

(ii) An incarcerated individual sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an extraordinary medical placement.

(iii) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all 30 31 individuals in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic 32 monitoring equipment is detrimental to the individual's health, interferes with the function of the individual's medical equipment, 33 or results in the loss of funding for the individual's medical care, 34 in which case, an alternative type of monitoring shall be utilized. 35 36 The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. 37

38 (iv) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement 39 under this subsection (1)(c) at any time. 1 (v) Persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary
2 medical placement;

3 (d) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and 4 pardons board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of 5 serious health problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary 6 meritorious acts, or other extraordinary circumstances;

(e) No more than the final $((\frac{12}{2}))$ 18 months of the incarcerated 7 individual's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement 8 for aiding the incarcerated individual with: Finding work as part of 9 10 the work release program under chapter 72.65 RCW; ((or)) reestablishing himself or herself in the community as part of the 11 parenting program in RCW 9.94A.6551; or participating in outpatient 12 behavioral health treatment. This is in addition to that period of 13 14 earned early release time that may be exchanged for partial confinement pursuant to RCW 9.94A.729(5)(d); 15

16 (f)(i) No more than the final ((five)) <u>nine</u> months of the 17 incarcerated individual's term of confinement may be served in 18 partial confinement as home detention as part of the graduated 19 reentry program developed by the department under RCW 20 9.94A.733(1)(a);

(ii) For eligible incarcerated individuals under RCW 9.94A.733(1)(b), after serving at least ((four)) three months in total confinement in a state correctional facility, an incarcerated individual may serve no more than the final 18 months of the incarcerated individual's term of confinement in partial confinement as home detention as part of the graduated reentry program developed by the department;

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(g) The governor may pardon any incarcerated individual;

(h) The department may release an incarcerated individual from confinement any time within 10 days before a release date calculated under this section;

32 (i) An incarcerated individual may leave a correctional facility 33 prior to completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been 34 reduced as provided in RCW 9.94A.870;

(j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an incarcerated individual sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540; and

1 (k) Any individual convicted of one or more crimes committed 2 prior to the individual's 18th birthday may be released from 3 confinement pursuant to RCW 9.94A.730.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, 4 an incarcerated individual entitled to vacation of a conviction or the 5 6 recalculation of his or her offender score pursuant to State v. Blake, No. 96873-0 (Feb. 25, 2021), may be released from confinement 7 pursuant to a court order if the incarcerated individual has already 8 served a period of confinement that exceeds his or her new standard 9 range. This provision does not create an independent right to release 10 11 from confinement prior to resentencing.

12 (3) Individuals residing in a juvenile correctional facility 13 placement pursuant to RCW 72.01.410(1)(a) are not subject to the 14 limitations in this section.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. The changes to restrictions on the 16 community parenting alternative and partial confinement under 17 sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this act apply prospectively and 18 retroactively to persons currently serving a sentence in any facility 19 or institution either operated by the state or utilized under 20 contract.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Section 1 of this act expires January 1, 22 2026.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Section 2 of this act takes effect January 24 1, 2026.

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