### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1960

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

**By** House Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives Ramel, Berg, Doglio, Fitzgibbon, Parshley, Scott, Reed, and Hill)

READ FIRST TIME 02/26/25.

AN ACT Relating to encouraging renewable energy in Washington 1 2 through tax policy and investment in local communities; amending RCW 3 84.55.010, 84.55.030, 84.55.092, 84.55.120, 82.32.330, and 82.96.020; reenacting and amending RCW 84.55.020; adding new sections to chapter 4 5 84.36 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.96 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.63A 6 7 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21A RCW; creating new 8 sections; repealing RCW 84.36.680 and 82.96.010; and providing an 9 effective date.

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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## PART I

### RENEWABLE ENERGY EXCISE TAX

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 14 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All personal property used primarily for the generation of renewable energy in a qualified renewable energy facility that becomes operational on or after January 1, 2026, or a renewable energy facility that is repowered on or after January 1, 2026, is exempt from property taxation. 1 (2) All personal property used primarily for renewable energy 2 storage in a qualified renewable energy facility that becomes 3 operational on or after January 1, 2026, or a renewable energy 4 facility that is repowered on or after January 1, 2026, is exempt 5 from property taxation.

6 (3)(a) Each qualified renewable energy facility in this state 7 must annually, on or before the 15th day of March, make and file with 8 the department an annual report as to the location and nameplate 9 capacity of the personal property exempt under this section.

10 (b) The department must provide each respective county treasurer 11 and county assessor a copy of the report filed under (a) of this 12 subsection.

13 (4) The department may adopt such rules in accordance with 14 chapter 34.05 RCW and prescribe such forms as it deems necessary and 15 appropriate to implement and administer this section and section 102 16 of this act.

17 (5) For the purposes of this section and section 102 of this act, 18 the following definitions apply:

19

(a) "Personal property" has the same meaning as in RCW 84.04.080.

20 (b) "Qualified renewable energy facility" means:

(i) A renewable energy facility that becomes operational on or 22 after January 1, 2026, or a renewable energy facility that is

23 repowered on or after January 1, 2026, and is exempt under this 24 section; or 25 (ii) A wenceeble encourse facility that becomes encountional before

(ii) A renewable energy facility that becomes operational beforeJanuary 1, 2026, and is exempt under section 102 of this act.

(c) "Renewable energy" means energy produced by a solar or wind facility with a nameplate capacity sufficient to generate at least 50 megawatts of alternating current power.

(d) "Renewable energy storage" means a battery storage or battery
 energy storage system that can store renewable energy when production
 exceeds demand and release that energy when energy demand increases.

33 (e) "Repowered" means the replacement of 30 percent or more of 34 solar panels or wind turbines in a qualified renewable energy 35 facility after it first becomes operational.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 37 RCW to read as follows:

38 (1) All personal property used primarily for the generation of 39 renewable energy in a qualified renewable energy facility that 1 becomes operational before January 1, 2026, is exempt from property 2 taxation.

3 (2) All personal property used primarily for renewable energy
4 storage in a qualified renewable energy facility that becomes
5 operational before January 1, 2026, is exempt from property taxation.

6 (3)(a) The assessed value of the personal property exempted under 7 this section must be excluded from the calculation of the property 8 tax levy as provided in chapter 84.55 RCW pursuant to section 108 of 9 this act for any taxing district, other than the state, where the 10 exempt personal property is located; and

(b) (i) For taxes levied for collection in calendar year 2027, the county assessor must use the most recent assessed valuation available to determine the value of any personal property exempted under this section to be removed from the assessment roll under section 108 of this act; and

(ii) On or before June 30, 2026, if any personal property has been previously assessed under chapter 84.12 RCW, the department must provide the county assessor with the apportioned assessed value from the prior year to be removed from the assessment roll under section 108 of this act.

(4) (a) By March 15, 2026, and each March 15th thereafter, each qualified renewable energy facility in this state must annually make and file with the department an annual report as to the location and nameplate capacity of the personal property exempt under this section.

(b) The department must provide each respective county treasurer and county assessor a copy of the report under (a) of this subsection.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 82.96 30 RCW to read as follows:

31 (1)(a) Beginning January 1, 2027, a renewable energy excise tax 32 is imposed and collected on the privilege of using qualified 33 renewable energy systems for an electric power source in the state. 34 The rate of the tax is as follows:

(i) (A) \$4,000 per year per megawatt of nameplate capacity of alternating current power for a qualified renewable energy generating system that uses solar energy to generate electricity if the system became operational before January 1, 2027.

1 (B) \$4,500 per year per megawatt of nameplate capacity of 2 alternating current power for a qualified renewable energy generating 3 system that uses solar energy to generate electricity if the system 4 became operational on or after January 1, 2027, or was repowered on 5 or after January 1, 2027.

(ii) (A) \$800 per year per megawatt of nameplate capacity of
alternating current power for a qualified renewable energy generating
system that uses wind energy to generate electricity if the system
became operational on or before December 31, 2004.

10 (B) \$2,900 per year per megawatt of nameplate capacity of 11 alternating current power for a qualified renewable energy generating 12 system that uses wind energy to generate electricity if the system 13 became operational on or after January 1, 2005, and before January 1, 14 2020, or was repowered on or after January 1, 2005, and before 15 January 1, 2020.

16 (C) \$6,000 per year per megawatt of nameplate capacity of 17 alternating current power for a qualified renewable energy generating 18 system that uses wind energy to generate electricity if the system 19 became operational on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 20 2027, or was repowered on or after January 1, 2020, and before 21 January 1, 2027.

(D) \$6,300 per year per megawatt of nameplate capacity of alternating current power for a qualified renewable energy generating system that uses wind energy to generate electricity if the system became operational on or after January 1, 2027, or was repowered on or after January 1, 2027.

(b) (i) Beginning January 1, 2027, an annual renewable energy excise tax is imposed and collected on the privilege of using a renewable energy storage system of a qualified renewable energy generating system.

31 (ii) The rate of tax is \$1,500 per megawatt hour of renewable 32 energy storage capacity.

33 (2) Beginning October 1, 2028, and every year thereafter, the 34 renewable energy excise tax under subsection (1) of this section must 35 be adjusted annually by the department by one percent. The adjusted 36 rate applies at the beginning of the following calendar year, 37 starting with January 1, 2029.

38 (3) The taxes must be paid semiannually in two equal payments in39 the manner and form as prescribed by the department.

SHB 1960

1 (4) The taxes imposed by this chapter are in addition to any 2 taxes imposed upon the same persons under chapter 82.04 or 82.16 RCW.

3 (5) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions 4 apply:

5 (a) "Consumer price index" means the consumer price index for all 6 urban consumers, all items, for the Seattle area as calculated by the 7 United States bureau of labor statistics. For the purposes of this 8 subsection, "Seattle area" means the geographic area sample that 9 includes Seattle.

10 (b) "Qualified renewable energy generating system" means a set of 11 devices whose primary purpose is to produce electricity by means of 12 any combination of collecting, transferring, or converting renewable 13 energy.

14 (c) "Renewable energy" means energy produced by a solar or wind 15 facility with a nameplate capacity sufficient to generate at least 50 16 megawatts of alternating current power.

17 (d) "Renewable energy storage capacity" means the battery storage18 capacity per megawatt hour.

19 (e) "Renewable energy storage system" means commercially 20 available technology that is capable of retaining electricity, 21 storing the energy for a period of time, and delivering the 22 electricity after storage by chemical, thermal, mechanical, or other 23 means.

(f) "Repowered" means the replacement of 30 percent or more of solar panels or wind turbines in a qualified renewable energy facility after it first became operational.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 82.96 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for each person for the payment of a property tax on an item of personal property that qualifies for the exemption in section 101 of this act if the payment of the property tax occurred while the qualified renewable energy facility was under construction.

34 (2) The credit is equal to the amount of state or local property 35 taxes paid while the qualified renewable energy facility was under 36 construction on items of personal property exempted under section 101 37 of this act.

38 (3) The credit must be claimed against taxes due for the same 39 year that the personal property items become subject to the tax under

SHB 1960

this chapter. The credit may be carried over to subsequent years. The credit for a calendar year may not exceed the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter for the same calendar year. Refunds may not be granted in the place of the credit.

5 (4) Any person claiming the credit must file a form prescribed by 6 the department that must include the amount of the credit claimed, an 7 estimate of the taxable amount during the calendar year for which the 8 credit is claimed, and such additional information as the department 9 may prescribe.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 82.96 11 RCW to read as follows:

12 (1) All revenue received by the department from the renewable 13 energy excise tax under section 103 of this act must be distributed 14 as follows:

15 (a) The department must determine the allocation of the renewable 16 energy excise tax to be apportioned between the state and each 17 county. The allocation is based on the location of a qualified 18 renewable energy generating system or renewable energy storage system 19 taxed under section 103 of this act.

20 (b) The state portion of the revenue must be deposited in the 21 renewable energy local benefit account created in RCW 82.96.020.

(c) The local portion of the revenue must be deposited in the local community investment account created in section 115 of this act.

(2) (a) Monthly, the state treasurer must make distributions from
the local community investment account to the respective county
treasurer from where the renewable energy excise tax was received.

(b) Monthly, the state treasurer must disburse earnings from the local community investment account to the respective county treasurer proportionate to the amount of the renewable energy excise tax received.

32 (c) The state treasurer shall make the distribution under this33 subsection without appropriation.

(3) The county treasurer shall distribute any revenues received under this section to each appropriate local taxing district in the county that reflects the pro rata share of the property tax rate in the prior tax year of the district in accordance with RCW 84.56.230, except any voter-approved excess property tax levies within a taxing district authorized after January 1, 2026.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 106. A new section is added to chapter 82.96
 RCW to read as follows:

All of the provisions contained in chapter 82.32 RCW not inconsistent with this chapter have full force and application with respect to taxes imposed under this chapter.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 82.96 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 The department may adopt such rules in accordance with chapter 9 34.05 RCW, and prescribe such forms, as it deems necessary and 10 appropriate to implement and administer this chapter.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 108. A new section is added to chapter 84.55
12 RCW to read as follows:

For taxes levied for collection in calendar year 2027, each taxing district, other than the state, that receives renewable energy excise tax revenues under section 103 of this act must have its highest lawful levy under this chapter permanently reduced by the amount of revenue based on the assessed value for property exempt under section 102 of this act that would have otherwise been levied.

19 Sec. 109. RCW 84.55.010 and 2021 c 207 s 10 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21 (1) Except as provided in this chapter, the levy for a taxing 22 district in any year must be set so that the regular property taxes 23 payable in the following year do not exceed the limit factor multiplied by the amount of regular property taxes lawfully levied 24 25 for such district in the highest of the three most recent years in 26 which such taxes were levied for such district, excluding any increase due to (e) of this subsection, unless the highest levy was 27 28 the statutory maximum rate amount, plus an additional dollar amount 29 calculated by multiplying the regular property tax levy rate of that 30 district for the preceding year by the increase in assessed value in that district resulting from: 31

32 (a) New construction;

33 (b) Increases in assessed value due to construction of ((wind 34 turbine, solar,)) biomass(( $_{\tau}$ )) and geothermal facilities, if such 35 facilities generate electricity and the property is not included 36 elsewhere under this section for purposes of providing an additional

1 dollar amount. The property may be classified as real or personal
2 property;

3 (c) Improvements to property;

4 (d) Any increase in the assessed value of state-assessed 5 property; and

6 (e) Any increase in the assessed value of real property, as that 7 term is defined in RCW 39.114.010, within an increment area as 8 designated by any local government in RCW 39.114.020 provided that 9 such increase is not included elsewhere under this section. This 10 subsection (1)(e) does not apply to levies by the state or by port 11 districts and public utility districts for the purpose of making 12 required payments of principal and interest on general indebtedness.

13 (2) The requirements of this section do not apply to:

(a) State property taxes levied under RCW 84.52.065(1) forcollection in calendar years 2019 through 2021; and

16 (b) State property taxes levied under RCW 84.52.065(2) for 17 collection in calendar years 2018 through 2021.

18 Sec. 110. RCW 84.55.020 and 2023 c 354 s 5 and 2023 c 28 s 9 are 19 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

20 Notwithstanding the limitation set forth in RCW 84.55.010, the 21 first levy for a taxing district created from consolidation of similar taxing districts must be set so that the regular property 22 taxes payable in the following year do not exceed the limit factor 23 24 multiplied by the sum of the amount of regular property taxes each component taxing district could have levied under RCW 84.55.092 plus 25 26 the additional dollar amount calculated by multiplying the regular 27 property tax rate of each component district for the preceding year 28 by the increase in assessed value in each component district resulting from: 29

30

(1) New construction;

31 (2) Increases in assessed value due to construction of ((wind 32 turbine, solar,)) biomass(( $_{\tau}$ )) and geothermal facilities, if such 33 facilities generate electricity and the property is not included 34 elsewhere under this section for purposes of providing an additional 35 dollar amount. The property may be classified as real or personal 36 property;

37 (3) Improvements to property;

38 (4) Any increase in the assessed value of state-assessed 39 property; and 1 (5) Any increase in the assessed value of real property, as 2 defined in RCW 39.114.010, within an increment area as designated by 3 any local government under RCW 39.114.020 if the increase is not 4 included elsewhere under this section. This subsection (5) does not 5 apply to levies by the state or by port districts and public utility 6 districts for the purpose of making required payments of principal 7 and interest on general indebtedness.

8 Sec. 111. RCW 84.55.030 and 2023 c 354 s 6 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

For the first levy for a taxing district following annexation of 10 additional property, the limitation set forth in RCW 84.55.010 must 11 be increased by an amount equal to the aggregate assessed valuation 12 13 of the newly annexed property as shown by the current completed and balanced tax rolls of the county or counties within which such 14 15 property lies, multiplied by the dollar rate that would have been 16 used by the annexing unit in the absence of such annexation, plus the 17 additional dollar amount calculated by multiplying the regular 18 property tax levy rate of that annexing taxing district for the 19 preceding year by the increase in assessed value in the annexing 20 district resulting from:

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(1) New construction;

22 (2) Increases in assessed value due to construction of ((wind 23 turbine, solar,)) biomass(( $_{\tau}$ )) and geothermal facilities, if such 24 facilities generate electricity and the property is not included 25 elsewhere under this section for purposes of providing an additional 26 dollar amount. The property may be classified as real or personal 27 property;

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(3) Improvements to property;

29 (4) Any increase in the assessed value of state-assessed 30 property; and

(5) Any increase in the assessed value of real property, as defined in RCW 39.114.010, within an increment area as designated by any local government in RCW 39.114.020 if the increase is not included elsewhere under this section. This subsection does not apply to levies by the state or by port districts or public utility districts for the purpose of making required payments of principal and interest on general indebtedness.

1 Sec. 112. RCW 84.55.092 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 309 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1) ((The)) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the regular property tax levy for each taxing district other than the 4 state's levies may be set at the amount which would be allowed 5 6 otherwise under this chapter if the regular property tax levy for the 7 district for taxes due in prior years beginning with 1986 had been set at the full amount allowed under this chapter including any levy 8 authorized under RCW 52.16.160 or 52.26.140(1)(c) that would have 9 been imposed but for the limitation in RCW 52.18.065 or 52.26.240, 10 11 applicable upon imposition of the benefit charge under chapter 52.18 12 or 52.26 RCW.

13 (b) For taxes levied for collection in 2027, a taxing district, 14 other than the state, that received renewable energy excise tax 15 revenues under section 103 of this act must reduce the levy in (a) of 16 this subsection by the amount of the reduction under section 108 of 17 this act. The purpose of this subsection (1)(b) is to reset a taxing 18 district's maximum levy under (a) of this subsection.

(2) The purpose of subsection (1)(a) of this section is to remove the incentive for a taxing district to maintain its tax levy at the maximum level permitted under this chapter, and to protect the future levy capacity of a taxing district that reduces its tax levy below the level that it otherwise could impose under this chapter, by removing the adverse consequences to future levy capacities resulting from such levy reductions.

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to any portion of a city or town's regular property tax levy that has been reduced as part of the formation of a fire protection district under RCW 52.02.160.

30 Sec. 113. RCW 84.55.120 and 2021 c 207 s 11 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) A taxing district, other than the state, that collects 32 regular levies must hold a public hearing on revenue sources for the 33 34 district's following year's current expense budget. The hearing must 35 include consideration of possible increases in property tax revenues and must be held prior to the time the taxing district levies the 36 37 taxes or makes the request to have the taxes levied. The county legislative authority, or the taxing district's governing body if the 38 district is a city, town, or other type of district, must hold the 39

SHB 1960

hearing. For purposes of this section, "current expense budget" means that budget which is primarily funded by taxes and charges and reflects the provision of ongoing services. It does not mean the capital, enterprise, or special assessment budgets of cities, towns, counties, or special purpose districts.

6 (2) If the taxing district is otherwise required to hold a public 7 hearing on its proposed regular tax levy, a single public hearing may 8 be held on this matter.

9 (3) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection (3), no increase in property tax revenue may be authorized by a taxing 10 11 district, other than the state, except by adoption of a separate ordinance or resolution, pursuant to notice, specifically authorizing 12 the increase in terms of both dollars and percentage. The ordinance 13 14 or resolution may cover a period of up to two years, but the ordinance must specifically state for each year the dollar increase 15 16 and percentage change in the levy from the previous year.

17 (b) Exempt from the requirements of (a) of this subsection are 18 increases in revenue resulting from the addition of:

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(i) New construction;

(ii) Increases in assessed value due to construction of ((wind turbine, solar,)) biomass(( $_{\tau}$ )) and geothermal facilities, if such facilities generate electricity and the property is not included elsewhere under this section for purposes of providing an additional dollar amount. The property may be classified as real or personal property;

26 27 (iii) Improvements to property;

(iv) Any increase in the value of state-assessed property; and

(v) Any increase in the assessed value of real property, as that term is defined in RCW 39.114.010, within an increment area as designated by any local government in RCW 39.114.020 provided that such increase is not included elsewhere under this section. This subsection (3) (b) (v) does not apply to levies by the state or by port districts and public utility districts for the purpose of making required payments of principal and interest on general indebtedness.

35 Sec. 114. RCW 82.32.330 and 2022 c 56 s 9 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 (1) For purposes of this section:

38 (a) "Disclose" means to make known to any person in any manner39 whatever a return or tax information;

1 (b) "Return" means a tax or information return or claim for 2 refund required by, or provided for or permitted under, the laws of 3 this state which is filed with the department of revenue by, on 4 behalf of, or with respect to a person, and any amendment or 5 supplement thereto, including supporting schedules, attachments, or 6 lists that are supplemental to, or part of, the return so filed;

7 (c) "Tax information" means (i) a taxpayer's identity, (ii) the nature, source, or amount of the taxpayer's income, payments, 8 receipts, deductions, exemptions, credits, assets, liabilities, net 9 worth, tax liability deficiencies, overassessments, or tax payments, 10 11 whether taken from the taxpayer's books and records or any other 12 source, (iii) whether the taxpayer's return was, is being, or will be examined or subject to other investigation or processing, (iv) a part 13 14 of a written determination that is not designated as a precedent and disclosed pursuant to RCW 82.32.410, or a background file document 15 16 relating to a written determination, and (v) other data received by, 17 recorded by, prepared by, furnished to, or collected by the 18 department of revenue with respect to the determination of the existence, or possible existence, of liability, or the amount 19 thereof, of a person under the laws of this state for a tax, penalty, 20 21 interest, fine, forfeiture, or other imposition, or offense. However, data, material, or documents that do not disclose information related 22 to a specific or identifiable taxpayer do not constitute tax 23 information under this section. Except as provided by RCW 82.32.410, 24 25 nothing in this chapter requires any person possessing data, 26 material, or documents made confidential and privileged by this section to delete information from such data, material, or documents 27 so as to permit its disclosure; 28

29 (d) "State agency" means every Washington state office, 30 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state 31 agency;

32 (e) "Taxpayer identity" means the taxpayer's name, address, 33 telephone number, registration number, or any combination thereof, or 34 any other information disclosing the identity of the taxpayer; and

35 (f) "Department" means the department of revenue or its officer, 36 agent, employee, or representative.

37 (2) Returns and tax information are confidential and privileged, 38 and except as authorized by this section, neither the department of 39 revenue nor any other person may disclose any return or tax 40 information. 1 (3) This section does not prohibit the department of revenue 2 from:

3 (a) Disclosing such return or tax information in a civil or 4 criminal judicial proceeding or an administrative proceeding:

5 (i) In respect of any tax imposed under the laws of this state if 6 the taxpayer or its officer or other person liable under this title 7 or chapter 83.100 RCW is a party in the proceeding;

8 (ii) In which the taxpayer about whom such return or tax 9 information is sought and another state agency are adverse parties in 10 the proceeding; or

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(iii) Brought by the department under RCW 18.27.040 or 19.28.071;

12 (b) Disclosing, subject to such requirements and conditions as the director prescribes by rules adopted pursuant to chapter 34.05 13 RCW, such return or tax information regarding a taxpayer to such 14 15 taxpayer or to such person or persons as that taxpayer may designate 16 in a request for, or consent to, such disclosure, or to any other 17 person, at the taxpayer's request, to the extent necessary to comply with a request for information or assistance made by the taxpayer to 18 such other person. However, tax information not received from the 19 taxpayer must not be so disclosed if the director determines that 20 21 such disclosure would compromise any investigation or litigation by 22 any federal, state, or local government agency in connection with the 23 civil or criminal liability of the taxpayer or another person, or that such disclosure would identify a confidential informant, or that 24 25 such disclosure is contrary to any agreement entered into by the department that provides for the reciprocal exchange of information 26 27 with other government agencies which agreement requires 28 confidentiality with respect to such information unless such information is required to be disclosed to the taxpayer by the order 29 30 of any court;

31 (c) Disclosing the name of a taxpayer against whom a warrant 32 under RCW 82.32.210 has been either issued or filed and remains outstanding for a period of at least ten working days. The department 33 is not required to disclose any information under this subsection if 34 a taxpayer has entered a deferred payment arrangement with the 35 department for the payment of a warrant that has not been filed and 36 is making payments upon such deficiency that will fully satisfy the 37 indebtedness within twelve months; 38

39 (d) Publishing statistics so classified as to prevent the 40 identification of particular returns or reports or items thereof;

1 (e) Disclosing such return or tax information, for official 2 purposes only, to the governor or attorney general, or to any state 3 agency, or to any committee or subcommittee of the legislature 4 dealing with matters of taxation, revenue, trade, commerce, the 5 control of industry or the professions;

6 (f) Permitting the department of revenue's records to be audited 7 and examined by the proper state officer, his or her agents and 8 employees;

(g) Disclosing any such return or tax information to a peace 9 officer as defined in RCW 9A.04.110 or county prosecuting attorney, 10 11 for official purposes. The disclosure may be made only in response to 12 a search warrant, subpoena, or other court order, unless the disclosure is for the purpose of criminal tax enforcement. A peace 13 officer or county prosecuting attorney who receives the return or tax 14 information may disclose that return or tax information only for use 15 in the investigation and a related court proceeding, or in the court 16 17 proceeding for which the return or tax information originally was 18 sought;

19 (h) Disclosing any such return or tax information to the proper officer of the internal revenue service of the United States, the 20 21 Canadian government or provincial governments of Canada, or to the 22 proper officer of the tax department of any state or city or town or county, for official purposes, but only if the statutes of the United 23 States, Canada or its provincial governments, or of such other state 24 25 or city or town or county, as the case may be, grants substantially 26 similar privileges to the proper officers of this state;

(i) Disclosing any such return or tax information to the United 27 States department of justice, including the bureau of alcohol, 28 tobacco, firearms and explosives, the department of defense, the 29 immigration and customs enforcement and the customs and border 30 31 protection agencies of the United States department of homeland 32 security, the United States coast guard, the alcohol and tobacco tax 33 and trade bureau of the United States department of treasury, and the United States department of transportation, or any authorized 34 representative of these federal agencies, for official purposes; 35

36 (j) Publishing or otherwise disclosing the text of a written 37 determination designated by the director as a precedent pursuant to 38 RCW 82.32.410;

(k) Disclosing, in a manner that is not associated with other taxinformation, the taxpayer name, entity type, business address,

SHB 1960

1 mailing address, revenue tax registration numbers, reseller permit 2 numbers and the expiration date and status of such permits, North 3 American industry classification system or standard industrial 4 classification code of a taxpayer, and the dates of opening and 5 closing of business. This subsection may not be construed as giving 6 authority to the department to give, sell, or provide access to any 7 list of taxpayers for any commercial purpose;

8 (1) Disclosing such return or tax information that is also 9 maintained by another Washington state or local governmental agency 10 as a public record available for inspection and copying under the 11 provisions of chapter 42.56 RCW or is maintained by a court of record 12 and is not otherwise prohibited from disclosure;

(m) Disclosing such return or tax information to the United A States department of agriculture for the limited purpose of investigating food stamp fraud by retailers;

(n) Disclosing to a financial institution, escrow company, or title company, in connection with specific real property that is the subject of a real estate transaction, current amounts due the department for a filed tax warrant, judgment, or lien against the real property;

(o) Disclosing to a person against whom the department has asserted liability as a successor under RCW 82.32.140 return or tax information pertaining to the specific business of the taxpayer to which the person has succeeded;

(p) Disclosing real estate excise tax affidavit forms filed under RCW 82.45.150 in the possession of the department, including real estate excise tax affidavit forms for transactions exempt or otherwise not subject to tax;

(q) Disclosing to local taxing jurisdictions the identity of sellers granted relief under RCW 82.32.430(5)(b)(i) and the period for which relief is granted;

32 (r) Disclosing such return or tax information to the court in 33 respect to the department's application for a subpoena under RCW 34 82.32.117;

(s) Disclosing to a person against whom the department has asserted liability under RCW 83.100.120 return or tax information pertaining to that person's liability for tax under chapter 83.100 RCW;

39 (t) Disclosing such return or tax information to the streamlined40 sales tax governing board, member states of the streamlined sales tax

1 governing board, or authorized representatives of such board or 2 states, for the limited purposes of:

3 (i) Conducting on behalf of member states sales and use tax 4 audits of taxpayers; or

5 (ii) Auditing certified service providers or certified automated 6 systems providers;

7 (u) Disclosing any such return or tax information when the 8 disclosure is specifically authorized under any other section of the 9 Revised Code of Washington;

10 (v) Disclosing to an individual to whom the department has issued 11 an assessment under RCW 82.32.145 for unpaid trust fund taxes of a 12 defunct or insolvent entity, return or tax information of that entity 13 pertaining to those unpaid trust fund taxes;

(w) Disclosing any such return or tax information pursuant to a federal grand jury subpoena or subpoena issued by a United States attorney, only to be used in the criminal investigation and related court proceedings, or in the court proceeding for which the return or tax information originally was sought; ((<del>or</del>))

19 (x) Disclosing any return or tax information to an individual 20 when the return or tax information is related directly to that 21 person's individual liability, as part of a marital community, for 22 amounts due under a warrant issued under the authority of RCW 23 59.30.090 or 82.32.210; or

24 (y) Disclosing to local taxing officials, including county 25 assessors or treasurers, the identity and tax information of persons 26 subject to the renewable energy excise tax under section 103 of this 27 act associated with the tax distribution under section 105 of this 28 act.

29 (4) (a) The department may disclose return or taxpayer information to a person under investigation or during any court or administrative 30 31 proceeding against a person under investigation as provided in this 32 subsection (4). The disclosure must be in connection with the department's official duties relating to an audit, collection 33 activity, or a civil or criminal investigation. The disclosure may 34 occur only when the person under investigation and the person in 35 36 possession of data, materials, or documents are parties to the return or tax information to be disclosed. The department may disclose 37 return or tax information such as invoices, contracts, bills, 38 39 statements, resale or exemption certificates, or checks. However, the 40 department may not disclose general ledgers, sales or cash receipt

SHB 1960

journals, check registers, accounts receivable/payable ledgers, general journals, financial statements, expert's workpapers, income tax returns, state tax returns, tax return workpapers, or other similar data, materials, or documents.

(b) Before disclosure of any tax return or tax information under 5 6 this subsection (4), the department must, through written 7 correspondence, inform the person in possession of the data, materials, or documents to be disclosed. The correspondence must 8 clearly identify the data, materials, or documents to be disclosed. 9 The department may not disclose any tax return or tax information 10 11 under this subsection (4) until the time period allowed in (c) of 12 this subsection has expired or until the court has ruled on any challenge brought under (c) of this subsection. 13

14 (c) The person in possession of the data, materials, or documents 15 to be disclosed by the department has twenty days from the receipt of 16 the written request required under (b) of this subsection to petition 17 the superior court of the county in which the petitioner resides for 18 injunctive relief. The court must limit or deny the request of the 19 department if the court determines that:

(i) The data, materials, or documents sought for disclosure are
cumulative or duplicative, or are obtainable from some other source
that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive;

(ii) The production of the data, materials, or documents sought would be unduly burdensome or expensive, taking into account the needs of the department, the amount in controversy, limitations on the petitioner's resources, and the importance of the issues at stake; or

(iii) The data, materials, or documents sought for disclosure contain trade secret information that, if disclosed, could harm the petitioner.

31 (d) The department must reimburse reasonable expenses for the 32 production of data, materials, or documents incurred by the person in 33 possession of the data, materials, or documents to be disclosed.

(e) Requesting information under (b) of this subsection that may
 indicate that a taxpayer is under investigation does not constitute a
 disclosure of tax return or tax information under this section.

(5) Service of a subpoena issued under RCW 82.32.117 does not constitute a disclosure of return or tax information under this section. Notwithstanding anything else to the contrary in this section, a person served with a subpoena under RCW 82.32.117 may

SHB 1960

1 disclose the existence or content of the subpoena to that person's 2 legal counsel.

Any person acquiring knowledge of any return or tax 3 (6) information in the course of his or her employment with the 4 department of revenue and any person acquiring knowledge of any 5 6 return or tax information as provided under subsection (3) (e), (f), (q), (h), (i), (m), (v), and (w) of this section, who discloses any 7 such return or tax information to another person not entitled to 8 knowledge of such return or tax information under the provisions of 9 this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor. If the person guilty of 10 11 such violation is an officer or employee of the state, such person 12 must forfeit such office or employment and is incapable of holding any public office or employment in this state for a period of two 13 14 years thereafter.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 115. A new section is added to chapter 82.96
16 RCW to read as follows:

The local community investment account is created in the state 17 treasury. All receipts from the excise tax imposed by section 103 of 18 this act and allocated to the local counties and local taxing 19 20 districts in section 105(1) of this act must be deposited into the 21 account. Moneys must be distributed to the respective county treasurers pursuant to section 105(2) of this act. Expenditures from 22 the account may be used for the local community investments contained 23 24 in sections 202, 203, and 204 of this act.

25 Sec. 116. RCW 82.96.020 and 2023 c 427 s 3 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (((-1))) The renewable energy local benefit account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from the ((production excise tax in 28 29 RCW 82.96.010)) renewable energy excise tax imposed pursuant to 30 section 103 of this act and allocated to the state pursuant to section 105(1) of this act must be deposited in the account. Moneys 31 in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures 32 33 from the account may be used for ((qualified local counties and 34 qualified school districts.

35 (2) The total amount appropriated to qualified counties and the 36 qualified school districts within those counties must be in 37 proportion to the amount of production excise tax paid by renewable

1 energy systems located in those counties and must be distributed as

2 follows:

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- 3 (a) Each qualified county must receive an appropriation equal to 4 42.5 percent of the production excise tax paid by a renewable energy 5 system located in the county.
- 6 (b) Qualified federally recognized Indian tribes must receive an 7 appropriation totaling 15 percent of the production excise tax paid 8 by a renewable energy system impacting the tribes' resources or 9 rights.
- 10 (c) Each qualified school district must receive an appropriation 11 from the remaining 42.5 percent of the production excise tax paid by 12 a renewable energy system located in the same county in proportion to 13 the number of students being served by that district.
- 14 (3) For the purposes of this section, the definitions in this
   15 subsection apply unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 16 (a) "Qualified county" means a county that has a renewable energy 17 system that receives a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.680 and pays the 18 production excise tax under RCW 82.96.010.
- 19 (b) "Qualified federally recognized Indian tribe" means a 20 federally recognized Indian tribe with rights or lands reserved or 21 protected by federal treaty, statute, or executive order that are 22 potentially impacted by a renewable energy system that receives a tax 23 exemption under RCW 84.36.680 and pays the production excise tax 24 under RCW 82.96.010.
- (c) "Qualified school district" means a school district that is located in a county that has a renewable energy system that receives a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.680 and pays the production excise tax under RCW 82.96.010)) the local community investments contained in sections 202, 203, and 204 of this act.

# PART II

### LOCAL COMMUNITY INVESTMENTS

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 201. (1) It is the intent of the legislature 33 to encourage agreements under this act between renewable energy 34 project developers and local governments that result in investments 35 in communities hosting development. Encouraging such developments 36 will help achieve state clean energy goals under the clean energy 37 transformation act, achieve energy reliability and affordability, and ensure that the economic benefits of these projects will accrue to
 the benefit of the local community.

(2) It is not the intent of the legislature for the agreements 3 specified in this act to replace or supplant the important and 4 necessary agreements between project developers and local labor 5 6 organizations. Although not addressed by the substance of this act, the legislature recognizes that project labor agreements, including 7 local hire commitments, wage standards, apprenticeship utilization 8 commitments, and similar standards, are an important part of the 9 benefit that renewable energy development projects can bring to the 10 11 communities hosting those projects.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 202. A new section is added to chapter 43.63A 13 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall establish the renewable energy 14 (1)15 development local investment commitment matching grant program. 16 Through the program, the department must provide matching funds, on a 17 first-come, first-served basis, for each eligible project in an 18 amount that increases commensurately with increases in the value of the contribution to the local investment commitment made by the 19 20 project developer and the nameplate storage and generation capacity 21 of the qualifying energy project. Each biennium, the department must 22 establish a formula determining the size of grants awarded to applicants that considers the nameplate capacity of a qualifying 23 24 energy facility, the value of the contribution to the local investment commitment made by a project developer, the total number 25 of eligible grant applications expected to be received during the 26 27 biennium, and the total amounts appropriated to the department for 28 purposes of this program in the biennium.

(2) (a) In order for a jurisdiction to be eligible for matching
 funds from the program, a local investment commitment finalized after
 the effective date of this section must:

32 (i) Include the provision of funds from a qualifying energy project developer to the primary jurisdiction in which the project is 33 located, for use by the jurisdiction or to provide benefits to the 34 jurisdiction's residents. A primary jurisdiction receiving funds 35 under this section may provide for the transfer or allocation of 36 funds to other municipal corporations of the state formed to provide 37 38 benefits to the jurisdiction's residents. For purposes of this section, if a project is: 39

1 (A) Located entirely within a city, the city is the primary 2 jurisdiction;

(B) Located entirely within the unincorporated area of a county,
or partially within the unincorporated area of a county and partially
within a city, the county is the primary jurisdiction; and

6 (C) Located partially within multiple counties, each county is a 7 primary jurisdiction and must receive benefits under a local 8 investment commitment with the project developer in an amount 9 proportional to the nameplate capacity located in each county;

10 (ii) Benefit only counties or cities, or both, that have not 11 established explicit or de facto moratoria on the development of 12 qualifying energy projects determined consistent with section 203 of 13 this act;

14 (iii) For wind energy production facilities, include commitments 15 for the project developer to decommission the facility and provide 16 financial assurance consistent with section 204 of this act; and

(iv) Include a relinquishment, by the project developer, of the property developer's right under RCW 84.40.038 to petition for a retroactive change in the assessed valuation of the property addressed in the local investment commitment, effective upon the receipt by the jurisdiction of funds under this section.

(b) Jurisdictions entering into local investment commitments finalized between January 1, 2023, and the effective date of this section are eligible for grants under this section and are not required to meet the criteria in (a) of this subsection.

(c) In order for a local investment commitment for a project that applies to and completes the county's process for development approval and files a state environmental policy act checklist pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW after the effective date of this section to be eligible for funding under this section, a county must include in its development regulations that a qualifying energy project developer must:

(i) Initiate and document the offer to conduct early and meaningful engagement, before the submission of a checklist under chapter 43.21C RCW, related to the qualifying energy project with each federally recognized Indian tribe within whose ceded territory and usual and accustomed area the qualifying energy project is proposed to be located in a manner that recognizes the sovereignty and legal rights of the tribe;

1 (ii) Notify, and offer to meet with, the department of 2 archaeology and historic preservation regarding the geographical 3 location, detailed scope of the proposed project, preliminary 4 application details available to federal, state, or local 5 jurisdictions, and all publicly available materials; and

6 (iii) Survey the proposed project site in a manner that reflects 7 input solicited from the department of archaeology and historic 8 preservation and each federally recognized Indian tribe whose lands 9 described in this section are impacted, if any such input is received 10 by the project developer.

(3) (a) A qualifying energy project may be eligible under this section if the project has received applicable permits under the energy facility site evaluation council process established in chapter 80.50 RCW, the clean energy coordinated permit process established in RCW 43.394.020, or through permit processes overseen by the city or county.

(b) A jurisdiction receiving a grant under this section may not expend state funds in a manner that conflicts with Article VIII, section 5 or Article VIII, section 7 of the Washington state Constitution.

21 (4)(a) The department must establish an application process for 22 the program.

(b) The department may expend up to five percent of the fundsappropriated for the program for administrative costs.

(5) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a county or city to administratively object to or legally appeal a qualifying energy project or component thereof or to be eligible for grant funds under this section if they file such an objection or appeal.

29 (6) For purposes of this section, the following definitions 30 apply:

31 (a)(i) "Energy storage system" means commercially available 32 technology that is capable of retaining electricity, storing the 33 energy for a period of time, and delivering the electricity after 34 storage by chemical, thermal, mechanical, or other means.

35 (ii) "Energy storage system" does not include a solar or wind 36 energy production facility.

37 (b) "Program" means the renewable energy development local 38 investment commitment matching grant program established in this 39 section.

1 (c) "Project developer" means a person that enters into a local 2 investment commitment associated with a qualifying energy project.

3 (d) "Qualifying energy project" means an energy storage system, a 4 wind or solar energy production facility, associated facilities, or 5 any combination thereof, constructed after the effective date of this 6 section and that is located in a county or city that has entered into 7 a local investment commitment with the project developer.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 203. A new section is added to chapter 43.63A 9 RCW to read as follows:

10 (1)(a) To be eligible for the grant program in section 202 of 11 this act, a county or city ordinance or other restriction that limits 12 the siting of a wind qualifying energy project may not contain 13 standards that are more restrictive than the following:

14 (i) Requirements for setbacks from wind energy facilities that 15 exceed:

16 (A) For occupied community buildings: 2.1 times the maximum blade 17 tip height of the wind tower to the nearest point on the outside wall 18 of the structure;

(B) For participating residences: 1.1 times the maximum blade tip height of the wind tower to the nearest point on the outside wall of the structure;

(C) For nonparticipating residences: 2.1 times the maximum blade tip height of the wind tower to the nearest point on the outside wall of the structure;

25

(D) For participating property boundary lines: Zero feet;

(E) For nonparticipating property boundary lines: 1.1 times the
 maximum blade tip height of the wind tower to the nearest point on
 the property line of the nonparticipating property;

(F) For public road rights-of-way: 1.1 times the maximum blade tip height of the wind tower to the edge of the public road right-ofway;

32 (G) For overhead communication and electrical transmission and 33 distribution facilities other than overhead utility service lines to 34 individual houses or outbuildings: 1.1 times the maximum blade tip 35 height of the wind tower to the nearest edge of the property line, 36 easement, or right-of-way containing the overhead line; and

(H) For overhead utility service lines to individual houses oroutbuildings: Zero feet;

1 (ii) Requirements that a wind tower be sited so that industry 2 standard computer modeling indicates that any occupied community 3 building or nonparticipating residence not experience 30 hours or 4 more per year of shadow flicker under planned operating conditions; 5 and

6 (iii) Blade height tip limitations that are more restrictive than 7 the height allowed under a determination of no hazard to air 8 avigation by the federal aviation administration under 14 C.F.R. Part 9 77.

10 (b) To be eligible for the grant program in section 202 of this 11 act, a county or city ordinance or other restriction that limits the 12 siting of a solar qualifying energy project may not contain standards 13 more restrictive than the following:

14 (i) Requirements for setbacks from solar energy facilities that 15 exceed:

16 (A) For occupied community buildings and dwellings on 17 nonparticipating properties: 150 feet from the nearest point on the 18 outside wall of the structure;

(B) For boundary lines of participating properties: Zero feet;

19

(C) For public road rights-of-way: 50 feet from the nearest edgeof any component of the facility; and

(D) For boundary lines of nonparticipating properties: 50 feet to the nearest point on the property line of the nonparticipating property;

(ii) A requirement for commercial solar energy facilities to be sited so that the facility's perimeter is enclosed by fencing having a height of 10 feet or more;

(iii) A requirement for commercial solar energy facilities to be sited so that components of the solar panel must have a height of 20 feet or less above ground when the facility's arrays are at full tilt.

32 (c) To be eligible for the grant program in section 202 of this 33 act, a county or city ordinance or other restriction that limits the 34 siting of any type of qualifying energy project may not contain 35 standards more restrictive than the following:

36 (i) Noise limitations that are more restrictive on any type of
 37 qualifying energy project than the limitations that apply to other,
 38 similar types of developments or facilities in the jurisdiction;

39 (ii) Zoning regulations that disallow, permanently or 40 temporarily, qualifying energy projects from being developed or

p. 24

SHB 1960

operated in any area zoned to allow industrial or agricultural uses, except for regulations adopted under RCW 36.70A.060 that are necessary to prevent conversion of agricultural resource lands of long-term commercial significance or to prevent operational interference with agricultural activities on agricultural resource lands of long-term significance;

7 (iii) Application fees for qualifying energy projects that are 8 unreasonable;

9 (iv) Standards for construction, decommissioning, or 10 deconstruction of a facility or related financial assurances that are 11 more restrictive than those applicable to projects with a similar 12 capital value and cost or that are not demonstrably related to the 13 cost of anticipated decommissioning or deconstruction;

(v) Requirements, including the conditioning of approval, upon a property value guarantee or the payment by a facility owner into a neighboring property devaluation escrow account;

17 (vi) Requirements for earthen berms or similar structures other 18 than vegetative screenings surrounding a qualifying energy facility;

(vii) Requirements that a qualifying energy project developer pay costs, fees, or other charges for road work that is not rationally related or roughly proportional to the construction or operation of a qualifying energy facility; and

23 (viii) Other standards or criteria, as determined by the department, established by a city or county that apply to one or more 24 25 types of qualifying energy project but that do not apply to 26 developments or facilities similar to a qualifying energy project within the jurisdiction, and which are not intended to address a 27 28 specific community impact that is unique to qualifying energy 29 projects and is not likely to result from the other, similar types of developments or facilities. 30

31 (2) (a) Qualifying energy projects that receive applicable permits 32 to develop and operate from the jurisdiction in which the project is 33 located, and which do not use the site certification process in 34 chapter 80.50 RCW, are eligible for the grant program in section 202 35 of this act.

36 (b) In order for a qualifying energy project that receives site 37 certification under chapter 80.50 RCW to be eligible for the grant 38 program in section 202 of this act, the primary jurisdiction in which 39 the project is located must demonstrate to the department that the 40 jurisdiction has established standards for qualifying energy projects

SHB 1960

1 that are more restrictive than the applicable standards referenced in 2 subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, and that the 3 qualifying energy project would have been eligible to receive 4 applicable permits from the jurisdiction.

5 (3) Nothing in this section renders qualifying energy projects 6 ineligible for the program in section 202 of this act on the basis 7 of:

8 (a) Being located in a jurisdiction that imposes requirements, 9 standards, or restrictions on qualifying energy projects that are 10 consistent with the permit requirements, guidelines, or best 11 practices for the siting, development, or operation of qualifying 12 energy facilities imposed by a state agency or otherwise required 13 under state law; or

(b) Mitigation being imposed as a result of environmental review under chapter 43.21C or 80.50 RCW to address a probable significant adverse environmental impact.

17 (4) For purposes of this section, the following definitions 18 apply:

(a) "Nonparticipating property" means a property other than aparticipating property.

(b) "Nonparticipating residence" means a residence that is existing and occupied on the date that an application for a permit or site certification to develop the qualifying energy project is filed, and that is not located on participating property.

(c) "Occupied community building" means any one or more of the following buildings that is existing and occupied on the date that the application for a permit or site certification to develop a qualifying energy project is filed: School, places of worship, day care facility, public library, or community center.

30 (d) "Participating property" means real property that is owned by 31 the project developer or is the subject of a written agreement 32 between the project developer and the owner of the real property that 33 provides the project developer an easement, option, lease, or license 34 to use the real property for purposes of the qualifying energy 35 project.

36 (e) "Participating residence" means a residence that is existing 37 and occupied on the date that an application for a permit or site 38 certification to develop the qualifying energy project is filed and 39 is located on a participating property.

40

(f) "Program" has the same meaning as in section 202 of this act.

1 (g) "Project developer" has the same meaning as in section 202 of 2 this act.

3 (h) "Qualifying energy project" has the same meaning as in 4 section 202 of this act.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter 43.63A 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) The department must identify, for purposes of qualification 8 for the grant program established in section 202 of this act, minimum 9 standards for the decommissioning of a facility that includes the 10 production of wind energy. The minimum standards for the 11 decommissioning of a facility under a wind power facility agreement 12 must, at minimum:

13 (a) Provide that the grantee is responsible for removing the 14 grantee's wind power facilities from the landowner's property and 15 that the grantee shall safely:

16

(i) Clear, clean, and remove from the property:

17 (A) Each wind turbine generator, including towers and pad-mount18 transformers;

(B) All liquids, greases, or similar substances contained in awind turbine generator;

21 (C) Each substation; and

(D) All liquids, greases, or similar substances contained in asubstation;

24 (ii) For each tower foundation and pad-mount transformer 25 foundation installed in the ground:

(A) Clear, clean, and remove the foundation from the ground to a
depth of at least three feet below the surface grade of the land in
which the foundation is installed; and

(B) Ensure that each hole or cavity created in the ground by the
removal is filled with topsoil by the same type or a similar type as
the predominant topsoil found on the property;

32 (iii) For each buried cable, including power, fiber optic, and 33 communications cables, installed in the ground:

(A) Clear, clean, and remove the cable from the ground to a depth
of at least three feet below the surface grade of the land in which
the cable is installed; and

(B) Ensure that each hole or cavity created in the ground by the removal is filled with topsoil of the same type or a similar type as the predominant topsoil found on the property; and 1 (iv) Clear, clean, and remove from the property each overhead 2 power or communications line installed by the grantee on the 3 property;

4 (b) Provide that, at the request of the landowner, the grantee 5 must:

6 (i) Clear, clean, and remove each road constructed by the grantee 7 on the property; and

8 (ii) Ensure that each hole or cavity created in the ground by the 9 removal is filled with topsoil of the same type or a similar type as 10 the predominant topsoil found on the property;

11 (c) Provide that, at the request of a landowner, the grantee 12 must, if reasonable:

(i) Remove from the property all rocks over 12 inches in diameterexcavated during the decommissioning or removal process;

15 (ii) Return the property to a tillable state using scarification, 16 v-rip, or disc methods, as appropriate; and

17 (iii) Ensure that:

18 (A) Each hole or cavity created in the ground by the removal 19 under (c)(i) of this subsection (1) is filled with topsoil of the 20 same type or a similar type as the predominant topsoil found on the 21 property; and

(B) The surface is returned as near as reasonably possible to the same condition as before the grantee dug holes or cavities, including by reseeding pasture land with native grasses prescribed by an appropriate governmental agency, if any.

(2) In order to qualify for the grant program established in section 202 of this act, a wind power facility agreement must provide that the grantee obtain and deliver to the landowner evidence of financial assurance meeting the requirements of this subsection to secure the performance of the grantee's obligation to remove the grantee's wind power facilities located on the landowner's property as described in subsection (1) of this section.

(a) Acceptable forms of financial assurance include a parent
company guaranty with a minimum investment grade credit rating for
the parent company issued by a major domestic credit rating agency, a
letter of credit, a bond, or another form of financial assurance
acceptable to the landowner.

38 (b) The amount of the financial assurance must be at least equal 39 to the estimated amount by which the cost of removing the wind power 40 facilities from the landowner's property and restoring the property

to as near as reasonably possible the condition of the property as of the date the agreement begins exceeds the salvage value of the wind power facilities, minus any portion of the value of the wind power facilities pledged to secure outstanding debt.

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(c) The wind power facility agreement must provide that:

6 (i) The estimated cost of removing the wind power facilities from 7 the landowner's property and restoring the property to as near as 8 reasonably possible the condition of the property as of the date the 9 agreement begins and the estimated salvage value of the wind power 10 facilities must be determined by an independent, third-party 11 professional engineer licensed in Washington;

12 (ii) The grantee must deliver to the landowner an updated 13 estimate, prepared by an independent, third-party professional 14 engineer licensed in Washington, of the cost of removal and the 15 salvage value at least once every five years for the remainder of the 16 term of the agreement; and

(iii) The grantee is responsible for ensuring that the amount of the financial assurance remains sufficient to cover the amount required by (b) of this subsection, consistent with the estimates required by this subsection (2)(c).

(d) The grantee is responsible for the costs of obtaining financial assurance described in this subsection (2) and the costs of determining the estimated removal costs and salvage value.

(e) The agreement must provide that the grantee must deliver thefinancial assurance no later than the earlier of:

(i) The date the wind power facility agreement is terminated; or(ii) The 10th anniversary of the commercial operations date of

28 the wind power facilities.

29 (f) The grantee may not cancel financial assurance before the date the grantee has completed the grantee's obligation to remove the 30 31 grantee's wind power facilities located on the landowner's property in the manner provided by this section, unless the grantee provides 32 the landowner with replacement financial assurance at the time of or 33 before the cancellation. In the event of a transfer of ownership of 34 the grantee's wind power facilities, the financial security provided 35 36 by the grantee must remain in place until the date evidence of financial security meeting the requirements of this section is 37 provided to the landowner. 38

39 (3) Nothing in this section requires a wind energy production 40 facility to meet the decommissioning standards established in

p. 29

SHB 1960

1 subsection (1) of this section or provide the financial assurance 2 described in subsection (2) of this section, except for purposes of 3 qualifying for the grant program in section 202 of this act.

4 (4) For purposes of this section, the following definitions 5 apply:

- 6 (a) "Grantee" means a person that:
- 7 (i) Leases property from a landowner; and

8 (ii) Operates a wind power facility on the property.

9 (b) "Wind power facility agreement" means a lease agreement 10 between a grantee and a landowner that authorizes the grantee to 11 operate a wind power facility on the leased property.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 205. A new section is added to chapter 43.21A 13 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department must establish an ongoing program to provide biennial capacity grants to federally recognized tribes consistent with this section. It is the intent of the legislature to fund this program in the amount of \$21,500,000 each biennium, adjusted for inflation using the most recent consumer price index.

(a) For purposes of fiscal year 2025, the legislature intends to
 fund the grant program with appropriations from the climate
 commitment account created in RCW 70A.65.260.

(b) Beginning in fiscal year 2026, the legislature intends funding for the grant program to be increasingly paid for through the local community investment account created in section 115 of this act and intends to dedicate up to 50 percent of the available funds in that account towards the total cost of the program, with the balance of \$21,500,000 being funded through the climate commitment account created in RCW 70A.65.260.

(2) A capacity grant may be used by a recipient federally recognized tribe, at the discretion of each tribe in a manner that recognizes their sovereignty, for:

32 (a) Consultation on spending decisions on grants in accordance33 with RCW 70A.65.305;

34 (b) Consultation on clean energy siting projects;

35 (c) Activities supporting climate resilience and adaptation;

36 (d) Developing tribal clean energy projects, as defined in RCW 37 43.158.010;

38 (e) Applying for state or federal grant funding;

1 (f) Other activities for which funds in the climate commitment 2 account, or the natural climate solutions account created in RCW 3 70A.65.270, are eligible; and

4 (g) Other related work.

5 (3) In order to satisfy the requirements of RCW 70A.65.230(1)(b), 6 tribal applicants are encouraged to include a tribal resolution 7 supporting their request with their grant application.

8 (4) The department must award funds available under this section 9 equally among grant applicants.

10 (5) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a tribe that 11 receives funds under this section to administratively object to or 12 legally appeal a qualifying energy project or component thereof or to 13 be eligible for grant funds under this section if they file such an 14 objection or appeal.

15

16

### PART III

#### MISCELLANEOUS

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 301. The following acts or parts of acts are 18 each repealed:

19 (1) RCW 84.36.680 (Generation or storage of renewable energy) and 20 2023 c 427 s 1; and

(2) RCW 82.96.010 (Tax on renewable energy generation or storage—
 Rates—Administration) and 2023 c 427 s 2.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 302. RCW 82.32.805 and 82.32.808 do not apply 24 to this act.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 303. If any provision of this act or its 26 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 27 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 28 persons or circumstances is not affected.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 304. Sections 101 through 108 and 112 of this 30 act apply to property taxes levied for collection in 2027 and 31 thereafter.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 305. Sections 109 through 111 and 113 of this 33 act apply to property taxes levied for collection in 2026 and 34 thereafter.

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--- END ---