H-1805.1

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1338

## State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

**By** House Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Berg, Bergquist, Ramel, Stonier, Santos, Tharinger, Taylor, Alvarado, Wylie, Berry, Nance, Ryu, Donaghy, Street, Goodman, Doglio, Mena, Kloba, Pollet, Paul, Walen, Shavers, Duerr, Davis, Salahuddin, Macri, Reed, Callan, and Fosse)

READ FIRST TIME 02/28/25.

1 AN ACT Relating to school operating costs; reenacting and 2 amending RCW 28A.150.260; and creating a new section.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2024 c 262 s 2 and 2024 c 191 s 2 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

6 The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of 7 state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school 8 districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic 9 education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined 10 as follows:

11 (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public 12 instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the 13 distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each 14 common school district.

15 (2) (a) The distribution formula under this section shall be for 16 allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under subsections 17 (4)(b) and (c), (5)(b) and (c), (8), and (9) of this section, chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and 18 regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use 19 20 basic education instructional funds to implement a particular 21 instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires

1 school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-2 student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated 3 funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. 4 Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a 5 particular teacher planning period.

(b) To promote transparency in state funding allocations, the 6 superintendent of public instruction must report state per-pupil 7 allocations for each school district for the general apportionment, 8 special education, learning assistance, transitional bilingual, 9 highly capable, and career and technical education programs. The 10 superintendent must report this information in a user-friendly format 11 on the main page of the office's website. School districts must 12 include a link to the superintendent's per-pupil allocations report 13 on the main page of the school district's website. In addition, the 14 15 budget documents published by the legislature for the enacted omnibus 16 operating appropriations act must report statewide average per-pupil allocations for general apportionment and the categorical programs 17 listed in this subsection. 18

(3) (a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have 19 been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided 20 21 as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum 22 staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to 23 support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving 24 25 high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula 26 27 does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be 28 operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to 29 operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade 30 31 levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such 32 as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school 33 districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual 34 number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade 35 level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level 36 37 configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with 38 39 minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors 40 identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

1 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are 2 defined as follows:

3 (i) A prototypical high school has 600 average annual full-time
4 equivalent students in grades nine through 12;

5 (ii) A prototypical middle school has 432 average annual full-6 time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and

7 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has 400 average annual
8 full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six.

9 (4)(a)(i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical 10 school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom 11 teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required 12 annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least 13 one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the 14 following general education average class size of full-time 15 equivalent students per teacher:

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

 General education

 average class size

 Grades K-3.
 17.00

 Grade 4.
 27.00

 Grades 5-6.
 27.00

 Grades 7-8.
 28.53

 Grades 9-12.
 28.74

(ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high 23 24 school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine 25 through 12 per full-time equivalent high school student multiplied by 26 27 a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction 28 29 over the minimum required annual instructional hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning period per 30 31 school day:

- 36 sizes in this subsection (4) may be provided only to the extent of, 37 and proportionate to, the school district's demonstrated actual class 38 size in grades K-3, up to the funded class sizes.

(ii) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 1 2 develop rules to implement this subsection (4)(b). 3 (c) (i) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom 4 teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent 5 6 students per teacher in career and technical education: 7 Career and technical 8 education average 9 class size Approved career and technical education offered at 10 11 23.00 12 Skill center programs meeting the standards established 13 by the office of the superintendent of public 14 15 (ii) Funding allocated under this subsection (4)(c) is subject to RCW 28A.150.265. 16 17 (d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at а 18 minimum specify: 19 (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than 20 50 percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price 21 meals; and 22 (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and international baccalaureate courses. 23 24 (5) (a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical 25 school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in 26 addition to classroom teachers: 27 Elementary Middle High 28 School School School 29 Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level 30 administrators..... 1.880 1.253 1.353 31 Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology, 32 and media to support school library media programs. 0.663 0.519 0.523 33 Paraeducators, including any aspect of educational instructional services 34 provided by classified employees. 1.012 0.776 0.728 35 Office support and other noninstructional aides. 2.088 2.401 3.345 36 Custodians. 1.657 1.942 2.965 37 0.585 0.888 0.824 Nurses....

1	Social workers	0.311	0.088	0.127
2	Psychologists	0.104	0.024	0.049
3	Counselors	0.993	1.716	3.039
4	Classified staff providing student and staff safety.	0.079	0.092	0.141
5	Parent involvement coordinators.	0.0825	0.00	0.00

6 (b) (i) The superintendent may only allocate funding, up to the 7 minimum allocations, for social combined nurses, workers, psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and 8 9 staff safety, and parent involvement coordinators under (a) of this 10 subsection to the extent of and proportionate to a school district's 11 demonstrated actual ratios of: Full-time equivalent physical, social, 12 and emotional support staff to full-time equivalent students.

(ii) The superintendent must adopt rules to implement this subsection (5)(b) and the rules must require school districts to prioritize funding allocated as required by (b)(i) of this subsection for physical, social, and emotional support staff who hold a valid educational staff associate certificate appropriate for the staff's role.

(iii) For the purposes of this subsection (5)(b), "physical, social, and emotional support staff" include nurses, social workers, psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and staff safety, parent involvement coordinators, and other school district employees and contractors who provide physical, social, and emotional support to students as defined by the superintendent.

25 (c) The superintendent shall develop rules that require school 26 districts to use the additional funding provided under (a) of this 27 subsection to support increased staffing, prevent layoffs, or 28 increase salaries for the following staff types in the 2024-25 school 29 year: Paraeducators, office support, and noninstructional aides. The superintendent shall collect data from school districts on how the 30 increased allocations are used. 31

32 (6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district 33 to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one 34 thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12 35 as follows:

36	Staff per 1,000
37	K-12 students
38	Technology

1Facilities, maintenance, and grounds...1.8132Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics...0.332

3 (b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school 4 district to support certificated and classified staffing of central 5 administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated 6 under subsections (4)(a) and (5) of this section and (a) of this 7 subsection.

8 (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations 9 to school districts for career and technical education and skill 10 center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as 11 specified in the omnibus appropriations act.

(8) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs as provided in the ((2023-24)) 2025-26 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:

19	Per annual average
20	full-time equivalent student
21	in grades K-12
22	Technology
23	Utilities and insurance
24	Curriculum and textbooks
25	Other supplies
26	Library materials
27	Instructional professional development for certificated and
28	classified staff
29	Facilities maintenance
30	Security and central office administration $((\$146.37))$ $\$154.16$

31 (b) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of this 32 subsection, beginning in the ((2023-24)) 2025-26 school year, the 33 omnibus appropriations act shall provide the following minimum 34 allocation for each annual average full-time equivalent student in 35 grades nine through 12 for the following materials, supplies, and 36 operating costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:

37

38

Per annual average full-time equivalent student

1 in grades 9-12 2 3 4 5 6 Instructional professional development for certificated and 7 (c) ((The increased allocation amount of \$21 per annual average 8 9 full-time equivalent student for materials, supplies, and operating costs provided under (a) of this subsection is intended to address 10 11 growing costs in the enumerated categories and may not be expended 12 for any other purpose)) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of 13 this subsection, beginning in the 2025-26 school year, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide a minimum allocation per 14 15 certificated staff unit provided above the school prototypes for small schools of \$14,141.10 for materials, supplies, and operating 16 17 costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation.

18 (d) Beginning in the 2029-30 school year and every four years 19 thereafter, the legislature shall review and rebase materials, 20 supplies, and operating costs compared to school districts' actual 21 operations costs and revise minimum allocations, as necessary.

(9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section and subject to RCW 28A.150.265, <u>beginning in the 2025-26</u> <u>school year</u>, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide ((an amount <u>based on</u>)) <u>the following amounts per annual average</u> full-time equivalent student enrollment in each of the following <u>to be adjusted</u> <u>annually for inflation</u>:

28 29 30 (((<del>(b)</del>)) Preparatory career and technical education courses for 31 students in grades nine through 12 offered in a high school((; and)) 32 . . . ((<del>(c)</del>)) Preparatory career and technical education courses for 33 students in grades 11 and 12 offered through a skill center((-)) 34 35 (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this 36 37 section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs 38 and services:

1 (a) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students who are not meeting academic standards through the learning 2 3 assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the greater of either: The district 4 percentage of students in kindergarten through grade 12 who were 5 6 eligible for free or reduced-price meals for the school year immediately preceding the district's participation, in whole or part, 7 United States department of agriculture's 8 in the community eligibility provision, or the district percentage of students in 9 grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the 10 prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall, 11 12 except as provided in (a)(iii) of this subsection, provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide 13 14 average, 2.3975 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size 15 of 15 learning assistance program students per teacher.

16 In addition to funding allocated under (a)(i) of this (ii) subsection, to provide supplemental instruction and services for 17 18 students who are not meeting academic standards in qualifying 19 schools. A qualifying school, except as provided in (a)(iv) of this subsection, means a school in which the three-year rolling average of 20 21 the prior year total annual average enrollment that qualifies for 22 free or reduced-price meals equals or exceeds 50 percent or more of 23 its total annual average enrollment. A school continues to meet the definition of a qualifying school if the school: Participates in the 24 25 United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision; and met the definition of a qualifying school in the year 26 immediately preceding their participation. The minimum allocation for 27 this additional high poverty-based allocation must provide for each 28 29 level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.1 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of 30 31 15 learning assistance program students per teacher, under RCW 32 28A.165.055, school districts must distribute the high poverty-based 33 allocation to the schools that generated the funding allocation.

(iii) For the 2024-25 and 2025-26 school years, allocations under (a)(i) of this subsection for school districts providing meals at no charge to students under RCW 28A.235.135 that are not participating, in whole or in part, in the United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision shall be based on the school district percentage of students in grades K-12 who were eligible for free or

1 reduced-price meals in school years 2019-20 through 2022-23 or the 2 prior school year, whichever is greatest.

3 (iv) For the 2024-25 and 2025-26 school years, a school providing 4 meals at no charge to students under RCW 28A.235.135 that is not 5 participating in the department of agriculture's community 6 eligibility provision continues to meet the definition of a 7 qualifying school under (a)(ii) of this subsection if the school met 8 the definition during one year of the 2019-20 through 2022-23 school 9 years, or in the prior school year.

(b) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for 10 11 students whose primary language is other than English, allocations 12 shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual 13 instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The 14 minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall 15 16 provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades kindergarten 17 18 through six and 6.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades seven through 12, with 15 transitional bilingual 19 instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other 20 21 provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation 22 may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing 23 more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as detailed in the 24 25 omnibus appropriations act.

26 (ii) To provide supplemental instruction and services for 27 students who have exited the transitional bilingual program, 28 allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who have exited the transitional bilingual program within 29 the previous two years based on their performance on the English 30 31 proficiency assessment and are eligible for and enrolled in the 32 transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.040(1)(g). The minimum allocation for each prototypical 33 school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 34 3.0 hours per week in extra instruction with 15 exited students per 35 36 teacher.

37 (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for 38 highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, 39 allocations shall be based on 5.0 percent of each school district's 40 full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum

1 allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a 2 statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with 3 fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.

(11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a), (5), (6), and (8)
of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390
on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional
resources for students with disabilities.

8 (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high 9 schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this 10 section that are based on the percent of students in the school who 11 are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of 12 such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in 13 the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and 14 reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.

(b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.

(13) (a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.

(b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.

28 (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as 29 provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each 30 31 month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 32 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall 33 be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction 34 and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget 35 request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional 36 hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the 37 present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house 38 39 ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.

1 (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly 2 review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students 3 in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2025, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

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