## SENATE BILL REPORT SB 5191

As of January 16, 2025

**Title:** An act relating to paid family leave premium collection for dockworkers.

**Brief Description:** Concerning paid family leave premium collection for dockworkers.

**Sponsors:** Senators Conway, Chapman, Cleveland, Nobles and Stanford.

**Brief History:** 

Committee Activity: Labor & Commerce: 1/17/25.

## **Brief Summary of Bill**

 Provides that representatives for employers of dockworkers who normally work for several employers in the same industry interchangeably through a collective bargaining agreement are included in the definition of employer for the purposes of paid family and medical leave.

## SENATE COMMITTEE ON LABOR & COMMERCE

**Staff:** Susan Jones (786-7404)

**Background:** Paid Family and Medical Leave Program—General. The Paid Family and Medical Leave program (PFML) provides partial wage replacement to employees on leave for specified family and medical reasons. The program is funded through premiums paid by employers and employees. The program is administered by the Employment Security Department (ESD).

<u>Premiums.</u> Premiums are assessed quarterly and remitted to ESD in conjunction with employer reporting in the month following the end of each quarter. Premiums are paid on wages up to the maximum wages subject to tax for social security (social security cap).

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The 2025 total PFML premium rate is 0.92 percent. Premiums are split between family leave and medical leave based on the percentage of paid claims for each type of claim. For 2025, the family premium is 48.22 percent and the medical premium is 51.78 percent of the total premium. Employers may withhold from employees up to 100 percent of the family leave premium and up to 45 percent of the medical leave premium. For 2025, this would allocate 71.52 percent of the premiums to employees and 28.48 percent of the premium to employers. Small employers—employers with 49 or fewer employees—are generally exempt from paying the employer portion of the premium.

<u>Employer Definition.</u> Employer means any individual or organizations, including partnerships, limited liability companies, or corporations, having any person in employment, the state, state institutions, state agencies, and local governments. Employer does not include the United States of America.

<u>Eligibility and Benefits.</u> Employees are eligible for benefits under PFML after working at least 820 hours in a qualifying period. A qualifying period is the first four of the last five full calendar quarters, or the last four full calendar quarters. The program generally allows for up to 12 weeks of paid family leave or paid medical leave for eligible workers, and under certain circumstances, up to 16 to 18 weeks of combined family and medical leave. Benefits are paid after a seven-day waiting period.

Benefits depend on the amount of the employee's average weekly wage and may provide up to 90 percent of the employee's weekly pay for each week of leave. The 2025 maximum weekly PFML benefit is \$1,542 and the minimum is \$100.

Social Security. Employers and employees each pay a federal social security tax of 6.2 percent on wages up to the social security cap. For 2025, the social security cap is \$176,100. When an individual has more than one job in a year, each employer must withhold social security taxes from the wages. This applies no matter what other employers have already withheld. When this happens, the total social security taxes withheld could exceed the maximum limit. When the individual files a tax return the following year, the individual can claim a refund from the Internal Revenue Service for social security taxes withheld that exceeded the maximum amount.

**Summary of Bill:** Representatives for employers of dockworkers who normally work for several employers in the same industry interchangeably through a collective bargaining agreement are included in the definition of employer for the purposes of paid family and medical leave. Employer representatives are not obligated to report dockworkers who are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement, except their own employees.

**Appropriation:** None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

**Effective Date:** Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.