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## SENATE BILL 5477

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Senators Torres, Trudeau, Braun, Muzzall, Billig, Boehnke, Conway, Dhingra, Frame, Hasegawa, Hunt, Kauffman, Keiser, Kuderer, Liias, Lovelett, Nguyen, Pedersen, Randall, Saldaña, Salomon, Shewmake, Van De Wege, Wagoner, Warnick, and C. Wilson

Read first time 01/19/23. Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

- AN ACT Relating to implementing the recommendations of the Washington state missing and murdered indigenous women and people task force; amending RCW 68.50.320; adding a new section to chapter 43.10 RCW; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 43.10 RCW to read as follows:

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

- 9 The Washington state missing and murdered indigenous women and 10 people task force is established.
- 11 (1) The task force is composed of members as provided in this 12 subsection.
- 13 (a) The president of the senate shall appoint one member from 14 each of the two largest caucuses of the senate.
- 15 (b) The speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint one 16 member from each of the two largest caucuses of the house of 17 representatives.
- 18 (c) The governor's office of Indian affairs shall appoint five 19 representatives from federally recognized Indian tribes in Washington 20 state.

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- 1 (d) The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives jointly shall appoint the following:
  - (i) One member representing the Seattle Indian health board;
  - (ii) One member representing the NATIVE project;

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- 5 (iii) One member representing Northwest Portland area Indian 6 health board;
- 7 (iv) One member representing the American Indian health 8 commission;
- 9 (v) Two indigenous women or family members of indigenous women 10 that have experienced gender-based violence;
- 11 (vi) One member representing the governor's office of Indian 12 affairs;
- 13 (vii) The chief of the Washington state patrol or his or her 14 representative;
- 15 (viii) One member representing the Washington state office of the attorney general;
- 17 (ix) One member representing the Washington association of 18 sheriffs and police chiefs;
- 19 (x) One member representing the Washington state association of 20 counties;
- 21 (xi) One member representing the association of Washington 22 cities;
- 23 (xii) One member representing the Washington association of 24 prosecuting attorneys; and
- 25 (xiii) One representative of the Washington association of 26 criminal defense lawyers.
  - (e) Where feasible, the task force may invite and consult with:
    - (i) An agent representing the federal bureau of investigation;
- 29 (ii) An agent representing the office of the United States 30 attorneys;
- 31 (iii) Federally recognized tribes located in a state adjacent to 32 Washington state; and
- 33 (iv) Any experts or professionals involved and having expertise 34 in the topic of missing and murdered indigenous women and people.
- 35 (2) The legislative members shall convene the initial meeting of 36 the task force no later than the end of 2023 and thereafter convene:
- 37 (a) A minimum of two subsequent meetings annually. The membership 38 shall select the task force's cochairs, which must include one 39 legislator and one nonlegislative member; and

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(b) One summit annually with the state agencies involved with the task force under subsection (1) of this section, federally recognized Indian tribes in Washington state, federally recognized tribes located in a state adjacent to Washington state, and urban Indian organizations.

- (3) The task force shall review the laws and policies relating to missing and murdered American Indian and Alaska Native people. The task force shall review current policies and develop recommendations for the purpose of:
- (a) Assessing systemic causes behind gender-based violence including patterns and underlying historical, social and economic, institutional, and cultural factors which may contribute to disproportionately high levels of gender-based violence that occur against American Indian and Alaska Native people and ways to improve cross-border coordination between law enforcement and federally recognized tribes that share a state border with Washington state;
- (b) Assessing data tracking and reporting practices relating to gender-based violence against American Indian and Alaska Native people in Washington state;
  - (c) Making recommendations and best practices for improving:
- (i) The collection and reporting of data by tribal, local, and state law enforcement agencies to more effectively understand and address issues of gender-based violence facing American Indian and Alaska Native people;
- (ii) Jurisdictional and data-sharing issues on tribal reservation land and urban areas that impact gender-based violence against American Indian and Alaska Native people;
- (iii) The collaboration and coordination between law enforcement agencies and federal, state, county, local, and tribal social and health services; and
- 31 (iv) Strategies and practices to improve communication and 32 transparency with family members in missing and murdered indigenous 33 women and people cases;
  - (d) Reviewing prosecutorial trends and practices relating to crimes of gender-based violence against American Indian and Alaska Native people in Washington state;
- 37 (e) Identifying barriers to providing more state resources in 38 tracking gender-based violence against American Indian and Alaska 39 Native people and reducing the incidences of gender-based violence;

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(f) Assessing and identifying state resources to support programs and services for survivors, families of survivors, and tribal and urban Indian service providers working with American Indian and Alaska Native people that have experienced gender-based violence; and

- (g) Identifying and making recommendations for increasing state resources for trainings on culturally attuned best practices for working with American Indian and Alaska Native communities for tribal, local, and state law enforcement personnel in Washington state.
- (4) The task force, with the assistance of the Washington state office of the attorney general, must consult with federally recognized tribes in Washington state and in states bordering Washington state, and engage with urban Indian organizations to submit a status report including any findings, recommendations, and progress updates to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by August 1, 2023, by August 1st each year thereafter, and a final report by June 1, 2025.
- (5)(a) The office of the attorney general administers and provides staff support to the task force, organizes the summit required under subsection (2)(b) of this section, and oversees the development of the task force reports required under subsection (4) of this section. The office of the attorney general may contract for the summit.
- (b) The office of the attorney general may, when deemed necessary by the task force, retain consultants to provide data analysis, research, recommendations, and other services to the task force for the purposes provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- (c) The office of the attorney general may share and exchange information received or created on behalf of the task force with other states, federally recognized Indian tribes, urban Indian organizations, and other national groups working on missing and murdered indigenous women and people issues.
- (d) The office of the attorney general must coordinate with the task force to create and update a missing and murdered indigenous women and people resource. The resource must include:
- 36 (i) Instructions on how to report a missing indigenous woman or 37 person;
- 38 (ii) General information about the investigative processes in 39 missing and murdered indigenous women and people cases;

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- 1 (iii) Best practices for family members in missing and murdered 2 indigenous women and people cases when working with law enforcement; 3 and
  - (iv) Other useful information and resources.

- (6) Legislative members of the task force are reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Nonlegislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses if they are elected officials or are participating on behalf of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any reimbursement for other nonlegislative members is subject to chapter 43.03 RCW.
- (7) To ensure that the task force has diverse and inclusive representation of those affected by its work, task force members whose participation in the task force may be hampered by financial hardship may apply for a stipend in an amount not to exceed \$100 for each day during which the member attends an official meeting of the task force or performs statutorily prescribed duties approved by the office of the attorney general. A person shall not receive compensation for a day of service under this section if the person:
- (a) Occupies a position, normally regarded as full-time in nature, in any agency of the federal government, Washington state government, or Washington state local government; and
- (b) Receives any compensation from such government for working that day. The office of the attorney general, by staffing the task force, is authorized to assess eligibility for the stipend as limited by available financial resources.
  - (8) This section expires June 30, 2025.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 68.50.320 and 2022 c 251 s 5 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

When a person reported missing has not been found within thirty days of the report, or at any time the investigating agency suspects criminal activity to be the basis of the victim being missing, the sheriff, chief of police, county coroner or county medical examiner, or other law enforcement authority initiating and conducting the investigation for the missing person shall: (1) File a missing person's report with the Washington state patrol missing and unidentified persons unit; (2) initiate the collection of DNA samples from the known missing person and their family members for nuclear and mitochondrial DNA testing along with the necessary consent forms; (3) ask the missing person's family or next of kin to give written

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consent to contact the dentist or dentists of the missing person and request the person's dental records; ((and)) (4) enter the case into the national crime information center system through the Washington state patrol electronic database; and (5) enter the case into the national missing and unidentified persons system. Upon knowledge from the national crime information center system, the Washington state patrol's crime information center, or similar or authority, that a person in custody at a jail, or being released from custody, is the subject of a missing person's report, the jail shall notify the agency of original jurisdiction for the missing person's report.

The missing person's dentist or dentists shall provide diagnostic quality copies of the missing person's dental records or original dental records to the sheriff, chief of police, county coroner or county medical examiner, or other law enforcement authority, when presented with the written consent from the missing person's family or next of kin or with a statement from the sheriff, chief of police, county coroner or county medical examiner, or other law enforcement authority that the missing person's family or next of kin could not be located in the exercise of due diligence or that the missing person's family or next of kin refuse to consent to the release of the missing person's dental records and there is reason to believe that the missing person's family or next of kin may have been involved in the missing person's disappearance.

As soon as possible after collecting the DNA samples, the sheriff, chief of police, or other law enforcement authority shall submit the DNA samples to the appropriate laboratory. Dental records shall be submitted as soon as possible to the Washington state patrol missing and unidentified persons unit.

The descriptive information from missing person's reports and dental data submitted to the Washington state patrol missing and unidentified persons unit shall be recorded and maintained by the Washington state patrol missing and unidentified persons unit in the applicable dedicated missing person's databases.

When a person reported missing has been found, the sheriff, chief of police, coroner or medical examiner, or other law enforcement authority shall report such information to the Washington state patrol.

The dental identification system shall maintain a file of information regarding persons reported to it as missing. The file

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- shall contain the information referred to in this section and such to other information as the Washington state patrol finds relevant to
- 3 assist in the location of a missing person.
- 4 The files of the dental identification system shall, upon
- 5 request, be made available to law enforcement agencies attempting to
- 6 locate missing persons.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** This act is necessary for the immediate
- 8 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of
- 9 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes
- 10 effect June 1, 2023.

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