HOUSE BILL 1349

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Representatives Orwall, Leavitt, Ramel, Kloba, Reed, Lekanoff, Pollet, and Fosse

Read first time 01/16/23. Referred to Committee on Housing.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to foreclosure protections; amending RCW
- 2 61.24.008, 61.24.030, 61.24.040, 61.24.160, 61.24.163, 61.24.165,
- 3 61.24.166, and 61.24.190; adding a new section to chapter 61.24 RCW;
- 4 providing a contingent expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 61.24.008 and 2012 c 185 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) A borrower who has been referred to mediation before June 7, 9 2012, may continue through the mediation process and does not lose
- 11 (2) A borrower who has not been referred to mediation as of June
- 12 7, 2012, may only be referred to mediation after a notice of default
- 13 has been issued but no later than (($\frac{1}{2}$) that $\frac{1}{2}$) has been issued but no later than ($\frac{1}{2}$)
- 14 notice of sale is recorded)) 90 days prior to the date of sale listed
- 15 <u>in the notice of trustee's sale. If an amended notice of trustee's</u>
- 16 <u>sale is recorded after the trustee sale has been stayed pursuant to</u>
- 17 RCW 61.24.130, the borrower may be referred to mediation no later
- 18 than 25 days prior to the date of sale listed in the amended notice
- 19 <u>of trustee's sale</u>.

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his or her right to mediation.

- 20 (3) A borrower who has not been referred to mediation as of June
- 21 7, 2012, and who has had a notice of sale recorded may only be

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- 1 referred to mediation if the referral is made ((before twenty days
- 2 have passed from the date the notice of sale was recorded)) at least
- 3 90 days prior to the date of sale listed in the notice of trustee's
- 4 <u>sale</u>. If an amended notice of trustee's sale is recorded, the
- 5 borrower may be referred to mediation no later than 25 days prior to
- 6 the date of sale listed in the amended notice of trustee's sale.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 61.24.030 and 2021 c 151 s 3 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

It shall be requisite to a trustee's sale:

- (1) That the deed of trust contains a power of sale;
- (2) That the deed of trust contains a statement that the real property conveyed is not used principally for agricultural purposes; provided, if the statement is false on the date the deed of trust was granted or amended to include that statement, and false on the date of the trustee's sale, then the deed of trust must be foreclosed judicially. Real property is used for agricultural purposes if it is used in an operation that produces crops, livestock, or aquatic goods;
- (3) That a default has occurred in the obligation secured or a covenant of the grantor, which by the terms of the deed of trust makes operative the power to sell;
- (4) That no action commenced by the beneficiary of the deed of trust is now pending to seek satisfaction of an obligation secured by the deed of trust in any court by reason of the grantor's default on the obligation secured: PROVIDED, That (a) the seeking of the appointment of a receiver, or the filing of a civil case to obtain court approval to access, secure, maintain, and preserve property from waste or nuisance, shall not constitute an action for purposes of this chapter; and (b) if a receiver is appointed, the grantor shall be entitled to any rents or profits derived from property subject to a homestead as defined in RCW 6.13.010. If the deed of trust was granted to secure a commercial loan, this subsection shall not apply to actions brought to enforce any other lien or security interest granted to secure the obligation secured by the deed of trust being foreclosed;
- (5) That the deed of trust has been recorded in each county in which the land or some part thereof is situated;
- (6) That prior to the date of the notice of trustee's sale and continuing thereafter through the date of the trustee's sale, the

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trustee must maintain a street address in this state where personal service of process may be made, and the trustee must maintain a physical presence and have telephone service at such address;

- (7) (a) That, for residential real property of up to four units, before the notice of trustee's sale is recorded, transmitted, or served, the trustee shall have proof that the beneficiary is the holder of any promissory note or other obligation secured by the deed of trust. A declaration by the beneficiary made under the penalty of perjury stating that the beneficiary is the holder of any promissory note or other obligation secured by the deed of trust shall be sufficient proof as required under this subsection.
- (b) Unless the trustee has violated his or her duty under RCW 61.24.010(4), the trustee is entitled to rely on the beneficiary's declaration as evidence of proof required under this subsection.
- (c) This subsection (7) does not apply to association beneficiaries subject to chapter 64.32, 64.34, or 64.38 RCW;
- (8) That at least ((thirty)) 30 days before notice of sale shall be recorded, transmitted or served, written notice of default and, for residential real property of up to four units, the beneficiary declaration specified in subsection (7)(a) of this section shall be transmitted by the beneficiary or trustee to the borrower and grantor at their last known addresses by both first-class and either registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and the beneficiary or trustee shall cause to be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises, a copy of the notice, or personally served on the borrower and grantor. This notice shall contain the following information:
- 28 (a) A description of the property which is then subject to the 29 deed of trust;
 - (b) A statement identifying each county in which the deed of trust is recorded and the document number given to the deed of trust upon recording by each county auditor or recording officer;
 - (c) A statement that the beneficiary has declared the borrower or grantor to be in default, and a concise statement of the default alleged;
- 36 (d) An itemized account of the amount or amounts in arrears if 37 the default alleged is failure to make payments;
- 38 (e) An itemized account of all other specific charges, costs, or 39 fees that the borrower, grantor, or any guarantor is or may be

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obliged to pay to reinstate the deed of trust before the recording of the notice of sale;

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- (f) A statement showing the total of (d) and (e) of this subsection, designated clearly and conspicuously as the amount necessary to reinstate the note and deed of trust before the recording of the notice of sale;
- (g) A statement that failure to cure the alleged default within ((thirty)) 30 days of the date of mailing of the notice, or if personally served, within ((thirty)) 30 days of the date of personal service thereof, may lead to recordation, transmittal, and publication of a notice of sale, and that the property described in (a) of this subsection may be sold at public auction at a date no less than ((one hundred twenty)) 120 days in the future, or no less than ((one hundred fifty)) 150 days in the future if the borrower received a letter under RCW 61.24.031;
- (h) A statement that the effect of the recordation, transmittal, and publication of a notice of sale will be to (i) increase the costs and fees and (ii) publicize the default and advertise the grantor's property for sale;
- (i) A statement that the effect of the sale of the grantor's property by the trustee will be to deprive the grantor of all their interest in the property described in (a) of this subsection;
- (j) A statement that the borrower, grantor, and any guarantor has recourse to the courts pursuant to RCW 61.24.130 to contest the alleged default on any proper ground;
- (k) In the event the property secured by the deed of trust is residential real property of up to four units, a statement, prominently set out at the beginning of the notice, which shall state as follows:

30 "THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR 31 LOSING YOUR HOME.

- 32 You may be eligible for mediation in front of a neutral third party 33 to help save your home.
- 34 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
- 35 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 36 benefit. Mediation ${f MUST}$ be requested between the time you receive the
- 37 Notice of Default and no later than (($\frac{1}{2}$) that $\frac{1}{2}$) Notice of Default and no later than ($\frac{1}{2}$)
- 38 Trustee Sale is recorded)) 90 calendar days BEFORE the date of sale
- 39 <u>listed in the Notice of Trustee Sale. If an amended Notice of Trustee</u>

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- 1 Sale is recorded providing a 45-day notice of the sale, mediation
- 2 must be requested no later than 25 calendar days BEFORE the date of
- 3 sale listed in the amended Notice of Trustee Sale.
- 4 DO NOT DELAY. If you do nothing, a notice of sale may be issued as
- 5 soon as 30 days from the date of this notice of default. The notice
- 6 of sale will provide a minimum of 120 days' notice of the date of the
- 7 actual foreclosure sale.
- 8 BE CAREFUL of people who claim they can help you. There are many
- 9 individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.
- 10 REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW for sources of assistance.

11 SEEKING ASSISTANCE

- 12 Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at little or
- 13 no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining your
- 14 rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the
- 15 following:
- 16 The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to
- 17 housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 18 Telephone: Website:
- 19 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- 20 Telephone: Website:
- 21 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and referrals to
- 22 other housing counselors and attorneys
- 23 Telephone: Website: "
- 24 The beneficiary or trustee shall obtain the toll-free numbers and
- website information from the department for inclusion in the notice;
- 26 (1) In the event the property secured by the deed of trust is 27 residential real property of up to four units, the name and address
- 28 of the holder of any promissory note or other obligation secured by
- 29 the deed of trust and the name, address, and telephone number of a
- 30 party acting as a servicer of the obligations secured by the deed of
- 31 trust;
- 32 (m) For notices issued after June 30, 2018, on the top of the
- 33 first page of the notice:
- 34 (i) The current beneficiary of the deed of trust;
- 35 (ii) The current mortgage servicer for the deed of trust; and
- 36 (iii) The current trustee for the deed of trust;
- 37 (9) That, for residential real property of up to four units,
- 38 before the notice of the trustee's sale is recorded, transmitted, or

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served, the beneficiary has complied with RCW 61.24.031 and, if applicable, RCW 61.24.163;

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- (10) That, in the case where the borrower or grantor is known to the mortgage servicer or trustee to be deceased, the notice required under subsection (8) of this section must be sent to any spouse, child, or parent of the borrower or grantor known to the trustee or mortgage servicer, and to any owner of record of the property, at any address provided to the trustee or mortgage servicer, and to the property addressed to the heirs and devisees of the borrower.
- (a) If the name or address of any spouse, child, or parent of such deceased borrower or grantor cannot be ascertained with use of reasonable diligence, the trustee must execute and record with the notice of sale a declaration attesting to the same.
- (b) Reasonable diligence for the purposes of this subsection (10) means the trustee shall search in the county where the property is located, the public records and information for any obituary, will, death certificate, or case in probate within the county for the borrower and grantor;
- (11) Upon written notice identifying the property address and the name of the borrower to the servicer or trustee by someone claiming to be a successor in interest to the borrower's or grantor's property rights, but who is not a party to the loan or promissory note or other obligation secured by the deed of trust, a trustee shall not record a notice of sale pursuant to RCW 61.24.040 until the trustee or mortgage servicer completes the following:
- (a) Acknowledges the notice in writing and requests reasonable documentation of the death of the borrower or grantor from the claimant including, but not limited to, a death certificate or other written evidence of the death of the borrower or grantor. The claimant must be allowed ((thirty)) 30 days from the date of this request to present this documentation. If the trustee or mortgage servicer has already obtained sufficient proof of the borrower's death, it may proceed by acknowledging the claimant's notice in writing and issuing a request under (b) of this subsection.
- (b) If the mortgage servicer or trustee obtains or receives written documentation of the death of the borrower or grantor from the claimant, or otherwise independently confirms the death of the borrower or grantor, then the servicer or trustee must request in writing documentation from the claimant demonstrating the ownership interest of the claimant in the real property. A claimant has

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((sixty)) <u>60</u> days from the date of the request to present this documentation.

- If the mortgage servicer or trustee receives written (C) documentation demonstrating the ownership interest of the claimant prior to the expiration of the ((sixty)) 60 days provided in (b) of this subsection, then the servicer or trustee must, within ((twenty)) 20 days of receipt of proof of ownership interest, provide the claimant with, at a minimum, the loan balance, interest rate and interest reset dates and amounts, balloon payments if any, prepayment penalties if any, the basis for the default, the monthly payment amount, reinstatement amounts or conditions, payoff amounts, and information on how and where payments should be made. The mortgage servicers shall also provide the claimant application materials and information, or a description of the process, necessary to request a loan assumption and modification.
 - (d) Upon receipt by the trustee or the mortgage servicer of the documentation establishing claimant's ownership interest in the real property, that claimant shall be deemed a "successor in interest" for the purposes of this section.
 - (e) There may be more than one successor in interest to the borrower's property rights. The trustee and mortgage servicer shall apply the provisions of this section to each successor in interest. In the case of multiple successors in interest, where one or more do not wish to assume the loan as coborrowers or coapplicants, a mortgage servicer may require any nonapplicant successor in interest to consent in writing to the application for loan assumption.
 - (f) The existence of a successor in interest under this section does not impose an affirmative duty on a mortgage servicer or alter any obligation the mortgage servicer has to provide a loan modification to the successor in interest. If a successor in interest assumes the loan, he or she may be required to otherwise qualify for available foreclosure prevention alternatives offered by the mortgage servicer.
 - (g) (c), (e), and (f) of this subsection (11) do not apply to association beneficiaries subject to chapter 64.32, 64.34, or 64.38 RCW; and
 - (12) Nothing in this section shall prejudice the right of the mortgage servicer or beneficiary from discontinuing any foreclosure action initiated under the deed of trust act in favor of other

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- allowed methods for pursuit of foreclosure of the security interest or deed of trust security interest.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 61.24.040 and 2018 c 306 s 2 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 A deed of trust foreclosed under this chapter shall be foreclosed 6 as follows:

- (1) At least ((ninety)) <u>90</u> days before the sale, or if a letter under RCW 61.24.031 is required, at least ((one hundred twenty)) <u>120</u> days before the sale, the trustee shall:
- (a) Record a notice in the form described in subsection (2) of this section in the office of the auditor in each county in which the deed of trust is recorded;
 - (b) To the extent the trustee elects to foreclose its lien or interest, or the beneficiary elects to preserve its right to seek a deficiency judgment against a borrower or grantor under RCW 61.24.100(3)(a), and if their addresses are stated in a recorded instrument evidencing their interest, lien, or claim of lien, or an amendment thereto, or are otherwise known to the trustee, cause a copy of the notice of sale described in subsection (2) of this section to be transmitted by both first-class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the following persons or their legal representatives, if any, at such address:
 - (i) (A) The borrower and grantor;

- (B) In the case where the borrower or grantor is deceased, to any successors in interest. If no successor in interest has been established, then to any spouse, child, or parent of the borrower or grantor, at the addresses discovered by the trustee pursuant to RCW 61.24.030(10);
- (ii) The beneficiary of any deed of trust or mortgagee of any mortgage, or any person who has a lien or claim of lien against the property, that was recorded subsequent to the recordation of the deed of trust being foreclosed and before the recordation of the notice of sale;
- (iii) The vendee in any real estate contract, the lessee in any lease, or the holder of any conveyances of any interest or estate in any portion or all of the property described in such notice, if that contract, lease, or conveyance of such interest or estate, or a memorandum or other notice thereof, was recorded after the

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recordation of the deed of trust being foreclosed and before the recordation of the notice of sale;

- (iv) The last holder of record of any other lien against or interest in the property that is subject to a subordination to the deed of trust being foreclosed that was recorded before the recordation of the notice of sale;
- (v) The last holder of record of the lien of any judgment subordinate to the deed of trust being foreclosed; and
- (vi) The occupants of property consisting solely of a single-family residence, or a condominium, cooperative, or other dwelling unit in a multiplex or other building containing fewer than five residential units, whether or not the occupant's rental agreement is recorded, which notice may be a single notice addressed to "occupants" for each unit known to the trustee or beneficiary;
- (c) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in subsection (2) of this section to be transmitted by both first-class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney of record, in any court action to foreclose a lien or other encumbrance on all or any part of the property, provided a court action is pending and a lis pendens in connection therewith is recorded in the office of the auditor of any county in which all or part of the property is located on the date the notice is recorded;
- (d) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in subsection (2) of this section to be transmitted by both first-class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to any person who has recorded a request for notice in accordance with RCW 61.24.045, at the address specified in such person's most recently recorded request for notice;
- (e) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in subsection (2) of this section to be posted in a conspicuous place on the property, or in lieu of posting, cause a copy of said notice to be served upon any occupant of the property.
 - (2)(a) If foreclosing on a commercial loan under RCW 61.24.005(4), the title of the document must be "Notice of Trustee's Sale of Commercial Loan(s)";
- 37 (b) In addition to all other indexing requirements, the notice 38 required in subsection (1) of this section must clearly indicate on 39 the first page the following information, which the auditor will 40 index:

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1 (i) The document number or numbers given to the deed of trust 2 upon recording; 3 (ii) The parcel number(s); (iii) The grantor; 4 (iv) The current beneficiary of the deed of trust; 5 6 (v) The current trustee of the deed of trust; and 7 (vi) The current loan mortgage servicer of the deed of trust; (c) Nothing in this section: 8 9 (i) Requires a trustee or beneficiary to cause to be recorded any new notice of trustee's sale upon transfer of the beneficial interest 10 in a deed of trust or the servicing rights for the associated 11 12 mortgage loan; (ii) Relieves a mortgage loan servicer of any obligation to 13 14 provide the borrower with notice of a transfer of servicing rights or other legal obligations related to the transfer; or 15 16 (iii) Prevents the trustee from disclosing the beneficiary's 17 identity to the borrower and to county and municipal officials seeking to abate nuisance and abandoned property in foreclosure 18 pursuant to chapter 35.21 RCW. 19 (d) The notice must be in substantially the following form: 20 21 NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE 22 Grantor: 23 Current beneficiary of the deed of trust: 24 Current trustee of the deed of trust: 25 Current mortgage servicer of the deed of trust: 26 Reference number of the deed of trust: 27 Parcel number(s): 28 I. 29 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Trustee will on 30 the . . . day of , at the hour of 31 Μ. 32 address and location if inside a building] in the City 33 34 of , State of Washington, sell at public auction to the 35 highest and best bidder, payable at the time of sale, the following 36

State of Washington, to-wit:

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[If any personal property is to be included in the trustee's
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        sale, include a description that reasonably identifies such
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        personal propertyl
            is subject to
                                that certain Deed of
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                . . ., . ., recorded . . . . . ., . . . under
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    Auditor's File No. . . . , records of . . . . . . County,
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    Washington, from . . . . . . . . , as Grantor, to . . . . . . . . ,
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    as Trustee, to secure an obligation in favor of . . . . . . . . , as
    Beneficiary, the beneficial interest in
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                                                 which was assigned
    by . . . . . . . . under an Assignment recorded under Auditor's
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    File No. . . . [Include recording information for all counties if
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    the Deed of Trust is recorded in more than one county.]
                                   TT.
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    No action commenced by the Beneficiary of the Deed of Trust is now
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    pending to seek satisfaction of the obligation in any Court by reason
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    of the Borrower's or Grantor's default on the obligation secured by
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    the Deed of Trust.
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        [If there is another action pending to foreclose other
        security for all or part of the same debt, qualify the
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        statement and identify the action.
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                                   TTT.
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    The default(s) for which this foreclosure is made is/are as follows:
        [If default is for other than payment of money, set forth the
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        particulars]
    Failure to pay when due the following amounts which are now in
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    arrears:
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                                   IV.
    The sum owing on the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust is:
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    Principal $ . . . . , together with interest as provided in the
    note or other instrument secured from the . . . .
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    of . . . . . , and such other costs and fees as are due under
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    the note or other instrument secured, and as are provided by statute.
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The above-described real property will be sold to satisfy the expense

of sale and the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust as provided

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by statute. The sale will be made without warranty, express or
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    implied, regarding title, possession, or encumbrances on the . . . .
    day of . . . . . . . . The default(s) referred to in paragraph III
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    must be cured by the . . . day of . . . . . . . . . (11 days
4
    before the sale date), to cause a discontinuance of the sale. The
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    sale will be discontinued and terminated if at any time on or before
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    the \ldots day of \ldots \ldots \ldots (11 days before the sale
    date), the default(s) as set forth in paragraph III is/are cured and
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    the Trustee's fees and costs are paid. The sale may be terminated any
    time after the . . . . day of . . . . . . . . . (11 days before the
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    sale date), and before the sale by the Borrower, Grantor, any
    Guarantor, or the holder of any recorded junior lien or encumbrance
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    paying the entire principal and interest secured by the Deed of
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    Trust, plus costs, fees, and advances, if any, made pursuant to the
    terms of the obligation and/or Deed of Trust, and curing all other
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    defaults.
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                                   VI.
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    A written notice of default was transmitted by the Beneficiary or
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    Trustee to the Borrower and Grantor at the following addresses:
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                                     21
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                                     by both first-class and certified mail on the . . . day
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    of . . . . . , proof of which is in the possession of the
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    Trustee; and the Borrower and Grantor were personally served on
    the . . . day of . . . . . , with said written notice of
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    default or the written notice of default was posted in a conspicuous
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    place on the real property described in paragraph I above, and the
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    Trustee has possession of proof of such service or posting.
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                                  VII.
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    The Trustee whose name and address are set forth below will provide
    in writing to anyone requesting it, a statement of all costs and fees
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VIII.

due at any time prior to the sale.

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- The effect of the sale will be to deprive the Grantor and all those 1 2 who hold by, through or under the Grantor of all their interest in 3 the above-described property. 4 IX. Anyone having any objection to the sale on any grounds whatsoever 5 will be afforded an opportunity to be heard as to those objections if 6 they bring a lawsuit to restrain the sale pursuant to RCW 61.24.130. 7 Failure to bring such a lawsuit may result in a waiver of any proper 8 grounds for invalidating the Trustee's sale. 9
- 10 [Add Part X to this notice if applicable under RCW 61.24.040(11)]

18 Address

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20 } Phone

- 21 [Acknowledgment]
- 22 (3) If the borrower received a letter under RCW 61.24.031, the 23 notice specified in subsection (2)(d) of this section shall also 24 include the following additional language:
- 25 "THIS NOTICE IS THE FINAL STEP BEFORE THE FORECLOSURE SALE OF YOUR HOME.
- You have only ((20 DAYS from the recording date on this notice to pursue mediation)) until 90 calendar days BEFORE the date of sale listed in this Notice of Trustee Sale to be referred to mediation. If this is an amended Notice of Trustee Sale providing a 45-day notice of the sale, mediation must be requested no later than 25 calendar days BEFORE the date of sale listed in this amended Notice of Trustee Sale.
- 34 **DO NOT DELAY. CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN**35 **WASHINGTON NOW** to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if

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1 you are eligible and it may help you save your home. See below for 2 safe sources of help. 3 SEEKING ASSISTANCE 4 Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at little or 5 no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the 6 7 following: The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to 8 9 housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission 10 Telephone: Website: The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development 11 12 Telephone: Website: 13 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys 14 Telephone: Website: " 15 The beneficiary or trustee shall obtain the toll-free numbers and 16 17 website information from the department for inclusion in the notice; (4) In addition to providing the borrower and grantor the notice 18 of sale described in subsection (2) of this section, the trustee 19 20 shall include with the copy of the notice which is mailed to the 21 grantor, a statement to the grantor in substantially the following 22 form: 23 NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE 24 Pursuant to the Revised Code of Washington, 25 Chapter 61.24 RCW The attached Notice of Trustee's Sale is a consequence of 26 27 default(s) in the obligation to , the Beneficiary of your 28 Deed of Trust and holder of the obligation secured thereby. Unless the default(s) is/are cured, your property will be sold at auction on 29 30 the . . . day of To cure the default(s), you must bring the payments current, cure 31 any other defaults, and pay accrued late charges and other costs, 32 33 advances, and attorneys' fees as set forth below by the . . . day of [11 days before the sale date]. To date, these 34 35 arrears and costs are as follows: 36 Estimated amount 37 Currently due that will be due 38 to reinstate to reinstate

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3			(11 days before
4			the date set
5			for sale)
6	Delinquent payments		
7	from ,		
8	, in the		
9	amount of		
10	\$/mo.:	\$	\$
11	Late charges in		
12	the total		
13	amount of:	\$	\$
14			Estimated
15			Amounts
16	Attorneys' fees:	\$	\$
17	Trustee's fee:	\$	\$
18	Trustee's expenses:		
19	(Itemization)		
20	Title report	\$	\$
21	Recording fees	\$	\$
22	Service/Posting		
23	of Notices	\$	\$
24	Postage/Copying		
25	expense	\$	\$
26	Publication	\$	\$
27	Telephone		\$
28	charges	\$	
29	Inspection fees	\$	\$
30		\$	\$
31		\$	\$
32	TOTALS	\$	\$

To pay off the entire obligation secured by your Deed of Trust as of the day of you must pay a total of \$. . . . in principal, \$. . . . in interest, plus other costs and

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advances estimated to date in the amount of \$..... From and after the date of this notice you must submit a written request to the Trustee to obtain the total amount to pay off the entire obligation secured by your Deed of Trust as of the payoff date.

As to the defaults which do not involve payment of money to the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust, you must cure each such default. Listed below are the defaults which do not involve payment of money to the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust. Opposite each such listed default is a brief description of the action necessary to cure the default and a description of the documentation necessary to show that the default has been cured.

12	Default	Description of Action Required to Cure and
13		Documentation Necessary to Show Cure
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You may reinstate your Deed of Trust and the obligation secured thereby at any time up to and including the of , . . . [11 days before the sale date], by paying the amount set forth or estimated above and by curing any other defaults described above. Of course, as time passes other payments may become due, and any further payments coming due and any additional late charges must be added to your reinstating payment. Any new defaults not involving payment of money that occur after the date of this notice must also be cured in order to effect reinstatement. In addition, because some of the charges can only be estimated at this time, and because the amount necessary to reinstate or to pay off the entire indebtedness may include presently unknown expenditures required to preserve the property or to comply with state or local law, it will be necessary for you to contact the Trustee before the time you tender reinstatement or the payoff amount so that you may be advised of the exact amount you will be required to pay. Tender of payment or performance must be made to: whose address is , telephone () AFTER THE DAY OF YOU MAY NOT REINSTATE YOUR DEED OF TRUST BY

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PAYING THE BACK PAYMENTS AND COSTS AND FEES AND CURING THE OTHER DEFAULTS AS OUTLINED ABOVE. The Trustee will respond to any written request for current payoff or reinstatement amounts within ((ten)) 10 days of receipt of your written request. In such a case, you will only be able to stop the sale by paying, before the sale, the total principal balance (\$) plus accrued interest, costs and advances, if any, made pursuant to the terms of the documents and by curing the other defaults as outlined above.

You may contest this default by initiating court action in the Superior Court of the county in which the sale is to be held. In such action, you may raise any legitimate defenses you have to this default. A copy of your Deed of Trust and documents evidencing the obligation secured thereby are enclosed. You may wish to consult a lawyer. Legal action on your part may prevent or restrain the sale, but only if you persuade the court of the merits of your defense. You may contact the Department of Financial Institutions or the statewide civil legal aid hotline for possible assistance or referrals.

The court may grant a restraining order or injunction to restrain a trustee's sale pursuant to RCW 61.24.130 upon five days notice to the trustee of the time when, place where, and the judge before whom the application for the restraining order or injunction is to be made. This notice shall include copies of all pleadings and related documents to be given to the judge. Notice and other process may be served on the trustee at:

25	NAME:	
26	ADDRESS:	
27		
28	TELEPHONE NUMBER:	

If you do not reinstate the secured obligation and your Deed of Trust in the manner set forth above, or if you do not succeed in restraining the sale by court action, your property will be sold. The effect of such sale will be to deprive you and all those who hold by, through or under you of all interest in the property;

(5) In addition, the trustee shall cause a copy of the notice of sale described in subsection (2)(d) of this section (excluding the acknowledgment) to be published in a legal newspaper in each county in which the property or any part thereof is situated, once on or between the ((thirty-fifth)) 35th and ((twenty-eighth)) 28th day

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before the date of sale, and once on or between the ((fourteenth)) 14th and seventh day before the date of sale;

- established, and neither the beneficiary nor the trustee are able to ascertain the name and address of any spouse, child, or parent of the borrower or grantor in the manner described in RCW 61.24.030(10), then the trustee may, in addition to mailing notice to the property addressed to the unknown heirs and devisees of the grantor, serve the notice of sale by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or city where the property is located once per week for three consecutive weeks. Upon this service by publication, to be completed not less than ((thirty)) 30 days prior to the date the sale is conducted, all unknown heirs shall be deemed served with the notice of sale;
- (7) (a) If a servicer or trustee receives notification by someone claiming to be a successor in interest to the borrower or grantor, as under RCW 61.24.030(11), after the recording of the notice of sale, the trustee or servicer must request written documentation within five days demonstrating the ownership interest, provided that, the trustee may, but is not required to, postpone a trustee's sale upon receipt of such notification by someone claiming to be a successor in interest.
- (b) Upon receipt of documentation establishing a claimant as a successor in interest, the servicer must provide the information in RCW $61.24.030\,(11)\,(c)$. Only if the servicer or trustee receives the documentation confirming someone as successor in interest more than ((forty-five)) 45 days before the scheduled sale must the servicer then provide the information in RCW $61.24.030\,(11)\,(c)$ to the claimant not less than ((twenty)) 20 days prior to the sale.
- (c) (b) of this subsection (7) does not apply to association beneficiaries subject to chapter 64.32, 64.34, or 64.38 RCW.
 - (8) On the date and at the time designated in the notice of sale, the trustee or its authorized agent shall sell the property at public auction to the highest bidder. The trustee may sell the property in gross or in parcels as the trustee shall deem most advantageous;
- (9) The place of sale shall be at any designated public place within the county where the property is located and if the property is in more than one county, the sale may be in any of the counties where the property is located. The sale shall be on Friday, or if Friday is a legal holiday on the following Monday, and during the

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hours set by statute for the conduct of sales of real estate at execution;

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- (10) The trustee has no obligation to, but may, for any cause the trustee deems advantageous, continue the sale for a period or periods not exceeding a total of ((one hundred twenty)) 120 days by (a) a public proclamation at the time and place fixed for sale in the notice of sale and if the continuance is beyond the date of sale, by giving notice of the new time and place of the sale by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the persons specified in subsection (1)(b)(i) and (ii) of this section to be deposited in the mail (i) not less than four days before the new date fixed for the sale if the sale is continued for up to seven days; or (ii) not more than three days after the date of the continuance by oral proclamation if the sale is continued for more than seven days, or, alternatively, (b) by giving notice of the time and place of the postponed sale in the manner and to the persons specified in subsection (1)(b), (c), (d), and (e) of this section and publishing a copy of such notice once in the newspaper(s) described in subsection (5) of this section, more than seven days before the date fixed for sale in the notice of sale. No other notice of the postponed sale need be given;
- (11) The purchaser shall forthwith pay the price bid ((and on payment)). On payment and subject to RCW 61.24.050, the trustee shall execute to the purchaser its deed((; the)). The deed shall recite the facts showing that the sale was conducted in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter and of the deed of trust, which recital shall be prima facie evidence of such compliance and conclusive evidence thereof in favor of bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value, except that these recitals shall not affect the lien or interest of any person entitled to notice under subsection (1) of this section, if the trustee fails to give the required notice to such person. In such case, the lien or interest of such omitted person shall not be affected by the sale and such omitted person shall be treated as if such person was the holder of the same lien or interest and was omitted as a party defendant in a judicial foreclosure proceeding;
- (12) The sale as authorized under this chapter shall not take place less than ((one hundred ninety)) 190 days from the date of default in any of the obligations secured;

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(13) If the trustee elects to foreclose the interest of any occupant or tenant of property comprised solely of a single-family residence, or a condominium, cooperative, or other dwelling unit in a multiplex or other building containing fewer than five residential units, the following notice shall be included as Part X of the Notice of Trustee's Sale:

X. NOTICE TO OCCUPANTS OR TENANTS

- The purchaser at the trustee's sale is entitled to possession of the property on the 20th day following the sale, as against the grantor under the deed of trust (the owner) and anyone having an interest junior to the deed of trust, including occupants who are not tenants. After the 20th day following the sale the purchaser has the right to evict occupants who are not tenants by summary proceedings under chapter 59.12 RCW. For tenant-occupied property, the purchaser shall provide a tenant with written notice in accordance with RCW 61.24.060;
 - (14) Only one copy of all notices required by this chapter need be given to a person who is both the borrower and the grantor. All notices required by this chapter that are given to a general partnership are deemed given to each of its general partners, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 61.24.160 and 2012 c 185 s 5 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
 - (1) (a) A housing counselor who is contacted by a borrower under RCW 61.24.031 has a duty to act in good faith to attempt to reach a resolution with the beneficiary on behalf of the borrower within the ((ninety)) 90 days provided from the date the beneficiary initiates contact with the borrower and the date the notice of default is issued. A resolution may include, but is not limited to, modification of the loan, an agreement to conduct a short sale, a deed in lieu of foreclosure transaction, or some other workout plan.
 - (b) Nothing in RCW 61.24.031 or this section precludes a meeting or negotiations between the housing counselor, borrower, and beneficiary at any time, including after the issuance of the notice of default.
- 36 (c) A borrower who is contacted under RCW 61.24.031 may seek the assistance of a housing counselor or attorney at any time.

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1 (2) Housing counselors have a duty to act in good faith to assist 2 borrowers by:

- (a) Preparing the borrower for meetings with the beneficiary;
- (b) Advising the borrower about what documents the borrower must have to seek a loan modification or other resolution;
- (c) Informing the borrower about the alternatives to foreclosure, including loan modifications or other possible resolutions; and
- 8 (d) Providing other guidance, advice, and education as the 9 housing counselor considers necessary.
 - (3) A housing counselor or attorney assisting a borrower may refer the borrower to mediation, pursuant to RCW 61.24.163, if the housing counselor or attorney determines that mediation is appropriate based on the individual circumstances and the borrower has received a notice of default. The referral to mediation may be made any time after a notice of default has been issued but no later than ((twenty days after the date a notice of sale has been recorded)) 90 days prior to the date of sale listed in the notice of trustee's sale. If an amended notice of trustee's sale is recorded after the trustee sale has been stayed pursuant to RCW 61.24.130, the borrower may be referred to mediation no later than 25 days prior to the date of sale listed in the amended notice of trustee's sale.
 - (4) For borrowers who have received a letter under RCW 61.24.031 before June 7, 2012, a referral to mediation by a housing counselor or attorney does not preclude a trustee issuing a notice of default if the requirements of RCW 61.24.031 have been met.
 - (5) Housing counselors providing assistance to borrowers under RCW 61.24.031 are not liable for civil damages resulting from any acts or omissions in providing assistance, unless the acts or omissions constitute gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.
 - (6) Housing counselors shall provide information to the department to assist the department in its annual report to the legislature as required under RCW 61.24.163(18). The information provided to the department by the housing counselors should include outcomes of foreclosures and be similar to the information requested in the national foreclosure mortgage counseling client level foreclosure outcomes report form.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 61.24.163 and 2018 c 306 s 6 are each amended to 39 read as follows:

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- 1 (1) The foreclosure mediation program established in this section applies only to borrowers who have been referred to mediation by a 2 housing counselor or attorney. The referral to mediation may be made 3 any time after a notice of default has been issued but no later than 4 ((twenty days after the date a notice of sale has been recorded)) 90 5 6 days prior to the date of sale listed in the notice of trustee's sale. If an amended notice of trustee's sale is recorded after the 7 trustee sale has been stayed pursuant to RCW 61.24.130, the borrower 8 may be referred to mediation no later than 25 days prior to the date 9 10 of sale listed in the amended notice of trustee's sale. If the borrower has failed to elect to mediate within the applicable time 11 12 frame, the borrower and the beneficiary may, but are under no duty to, agree in writing to enter the foreclosure mediation program. The 13 mediation program under this section is not governed by chapter 7.07 14 15 RCW and does not preclude mediation required by a court or other 16 provision of law.
 - (2) A housing counselor or attorney referring a borrower to mediation shall send a notice to the borrower and the department, stating that mediation is appropriate.
 - (3) Within ((ten)) <u>10</u> days of receiving the notice, the department shall:
 - (a) Send a notice to the beneficiary, the borrower, the housing counselor or attorney who referred the borrower, and the trustee stating that the parties have been referred to mediation. The notice must include the statements and list of documents and information described in subsections (4) and (5) of this section and a statement explaining each party's responsibility to pay the mediator's fee; and
 - (b) Select a mediator and notify the parties of the selection.
 - (4) Within ((twenty-three)) 23 days of the department's notice that the parties have been referred to mediation, the borrower shall transmit the documents required for mediation to the mediator and the beneficiary. The required documents include an initial homeowner financial information worksheet as required by the department. The worksheet must include, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (a) The borrower's current and future income;
 - (b) Debts and obligations;
- 37 (c) Assets;

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- 38 (d) Expenses;
- 39 (e) Tax returns for the previous two years;
- 40 (f) Hardship information;

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- 1 (g) Other applicable information commonly required by any 2 applicable federal mortgage relief program.
 - (5) Within ((twenty)) <u>20</u> days of the beneficiary's receipt of the borrower's documents, the beneficiary shall transmit the documents required for mediation to the mediator and the borrower. The required documents include:
 - (a) An accurate statement containing the balance of the loan within ((thirty)) 30 days of the date on which the beneficiary's documents are due to the parties;
 - (b) Copies of the note and deed of trust;

- (c) Proof that the entity claiming to be the beneficiary is the owner of any promissory note or obligation secured by the deed of trust. Sufficient proof may be a copy of the declaration described in RCW 61.24.030(7)(a);
- 15 (d) The best estimate of any arrearage and an itemized statement 16 of the arrearages;
 - (e) An itemized list of the best estimate of fees and charges outstanding;
 - (f) The payment history and schedule for the preceding twelve months, or since default, whichever is longer, including a breakdown of all fees and charges claimed;
 - (g) All borrower-related and mortgage-related input data used in any net present values analysis. If no net present values analysis is required by the applicable federal mortgage relief program, then the input data required under the federal deposit insurance corporation and published in the federal deposit insurance corporation loan modification program guide, or if that calculation becomes unavailable, substantially similar input data as determined by the department;
 - (h) An explanation regarding any denial for a loan modification, forbearance, or other alternative to foreclosure in sufficient detail for a reasonable person to understand why the decision was made;
 - (i) Appraisal or other broker price opinion most recently relied upon by the beneficiary not more than ((ninety)) $\underline{90}$ days old at the time of the scheduled mediation; and
 - (j) The portion or excerpt of the pooling and servicing agreement or other investor restriction that prohibits the beneficiary from implementing a modification, if the beneficiary claims it cannot implement a modification due to limitations in a pooling and servicing agreement or other investor restriction, and documentation

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or a statement detailing the efforts of the beneficiary to obtain a waiver of the pooling and servicing agreement or other investor restriction provisions.

- (6) Within ((seventy)) 70 days of receiving the referral from the department, the mediator shall convene a mediation session in the county where the property is located, unless the parties agree on another location. The parties may agree to extend the time in which to schedule the mediation session. If the parties agree to extend the time, the beneficiary shall notify the trustee of the extension and the date the mediator is expected to issue the mediator's certification.
- (7) (a) The mediator may schedule phone conferences, consultations with the parties individually, and other communications to ensure that the parties have all the necessary information and documents to engage in a productive mediation.
- (b) The mediator must send written notice of the time, date, and location of the mediation session to the borrower, the beneficiary, and the department at least ((thirty)) 30 days prior to the mediation session. At a minimum, the notice must contain:
- (i) A statement that the borrower may be represented in the mediation session by an attorney or other advocate;
- (ii) A statement that a person with authority to agree to a resolution, including a proposed settlement, loan modification, or dismissal or continuation of the foreclosure proceeding, must be present either in person or on the telephone or videoconference during the mediation session; and
- (iii) A statement that the parties have a duty to mediate in good faith and that failure to mediate in good faith may impair the beneficiary's ability to foreclose on the property or the borrower's ability to modify the loan or take advantage of other alternatives to foreclosure.
- (8) (a) The borrower, the beneficiary or authorized agent, and the mediator must meet in person for the mediation session. However, a person with authority to agree to a resolution on behalf of the beneficiary may be present over the telephone or videoconference during the mediation session.
- 37 (b) After the mediation session commences, the mediator may 38 continue the mediation session once, and any further continuances 39 must be with the consent of the parties.

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(9) The participants in mediation must address the issues of foreclosure that may enable the borrower and the beneficiary to reach a resolution, including but not limited to reinstatement, modification of the loan, restructuring of the debt, or some other workout plan. To assist the parties in addressing issues of foreclosure, the mediator may require the participants to consider the following:

- (a) The borrower's current and future economic circumstances, including the borrower's current and future income, debts, and obligations for the previous ((sixty)) 60 days or greater time period as determined by the mediator;
- (b) The net present value of receiving payments pursuant to a modified mortgage loan as compared to the anticipated net recovery following foreclosure;
- (c) Any affordable loan modification calculation and net present value calculation when required under any federal mortgage relief program and any modification program related to loans insured by the federal housing administration, the veterans administration, and the rural housing service. If such a calculation is not provided or required, then the beneficiary must provide the net present value data inputs established by the federal deposit insurance corporation and published in the federal deposit insurance corporation loan modification program guide or other net present value data inputs as designated by the department. The mediator may run the calculation in order for a productive mediation to occur and to comply with the mediator certification requirement; and
- (d) Any other loss mitigation guidelines to loans insured by the federal housing administration, the veterans administration, and the rural housing service, if applicable.
- 30 (10) A violation of the duty to mediate in good faith as required 31 under this section may include:
 - (a) Failure to timely participate in mediation without good cause;
 - (b) Failure of the borrower or the beneficiary to provide the documentation required before mediation or pursuant to the mediator's instructions;
- 37 (c) Failure of a party to designate representatives with adequate 38 authority to fully settle, compromise, or otherwise reach resolution 39 with the borrower in mediation; and

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(d) A request by a beneficiary that the borrower waive future claims he or she may have in connection with the deed of trust, as a condition of agreeing to a modification, except for rescission claims under the federal truth in lending act. Nothing in this section precludes a beneficiary from requesting that a borrower dismiss with prejudice any pending claims against the beneficiary, its agents, loan servicer, or trustee, arising from the underlying deed of trust, as a condition of modification.

- (11) If the mediator reasonably believes a borrower will not attend a mediation session based on the borrower's conduct, such as the lack of response to the mediator's communications, the mediator may cancel a scheduled mediation session and send a written cancellation to the department and the trustee and send copies to the parties. The beneficiary may proceed with the foreclosure after receipt of the mediator's written confirmation of cancellation.
- (12) Within seven business days after the conclusion of the mediation session, the mediator must send a written certification to the department and the trustee and send copies to the parties of:
 - (a) The date, time, and location of the mediation session;
- (b) The names of all persons attending in person and by telephone or videoconference, at the mediation session;
- (c) Whether a resolution was reached by the parties, including whether the default was cured by reinstatement, modification, or restructuring of the debt, or some other alternative to foreclosure was agreed upon by the parties;
- (d) Whether the parties participated in the mediation in good faith; and
 - (e) If a written agreement was not reached, a description of any net present value test used, along with a copy of the inputs, including the result of any net present value test expressed in a dollar amount.
- (13) If the parties are unable to reach an agreement, the beneficiary may proceed with the foreclosure after receipt of the mediator's written certification.
- (14)(a) The mediator's certification that the beneficiary failed to act in good faith in mediation constitutes a defense to the nonjudicial foreclosure action that was the basis for initiating the mediation. In any action to enjoin the foreclosure, the beneficiary is entitled to rebut the allegation that it failed to act in good faith.

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(b) The mediator's certification that the beneficiary failed to act in good faith during mediation does not constitute a defense to a judicial foreclosure or a future nonjudicial foreclosure action if a modification of the loan is agreed upon and the borrower subsequently defaults.

- (c) If an affordable loan modification is not offered in the mediation or a written agreement was not reached and the mediator's certification shows that the net present value of the modified loan exceeds the anticipated net recovery at foreclosure, that showing in the certification constitutes a basis for the borrower to enjoin the foreclosure.
- (15) The mediator's certification that the borrower failed to act in good faith in mediation authorizes the beneficiary to proceed with the foreclosure.
- (16)(a) If a borrower has been referred to mediation before a notice of trustee sale has been recorded, a trustee may not record the notice of sale until the trustee receives the mediator's certification stating that the mediation has been completed. If the trustee does not receive the mediator's certification, the trustee may record the notice of sale after ((ten)) 10 days from the date the certification to the trustee was due. If, after a notice of sale is recorded under this subsection (16)(a), the mediator subsequently issues a certification finding that the beneficiary violated the duty of good faith, the certification constitutes a basis for the borrower to enjoin the foreclosure.
- (b) If a borrower has been referred to mediation after the notice of sale was recorded, the sale may not occur until the trustee receives the mediator's certification stating that the mediation has been completed.
- (17) A mediator may charge reasonable fees as authorized by this subsection or as authorized by the department. Unless the fee is waived, the parties agree otherwise, or the department otherwise authorizes, a foreclosure mediator's fee may not exceed ((four hundred dollars)) \$400 for preparing, scheduling, and conducting a mediation session lasting between one hour and three hours. For a mediation session exceeding three hours, the foreclosure mediator may charge a reasonable fee, as authorized by the department. The mediator must provide an estimated fee before the mediation, and payment of the mediator's fee must be divided equally between the beneficiary and the borrower. The beneficiary and the borrower must

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- tender the loan mediator's fee within ((thirty)) 30 calendar days from receipt of the department's letter referring the parties to mediation or pursuant to the mediator's instructions.
 - (18) Beginning December 1, 2012, and every year thereafter, the department shall report annually to the legislature on:
 - (a) The performance of the program, including the numbers of borrowers who are referred to mediation by a housing counselor or attorney;
 - (b) The results of the mediation program, including the number of mediations requested by housing counselors and attorneys, the number of certifications of good faith issued, the number of borrowers and beneficiaries who failed to mediate in good faith, and the reasons for the failure to mediate in good faith, if known, the numbers of loans restructured or modified, the change in the borrower's monthly payment for principal and interest and the number of principal writedowns and interest rate reductions, and, to the extent practical, the number of borrowers who report a default within a year of restructuring or modification;
- 19 (c) The information received by housing counselors regarding 20 outcomes of foreclosures; and
- 21 (d) Any recommendations for changes to the statutes regarding the 22 mediation program.
- 23 (19) This section does not apply to certain federally insured depository institutions, as specified in RCW 61.24.166.
- 25 **Sec. 6.** RCW 61.24.165 and 2021 c 151 s 6 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 (1) RCW 61.24.163 applies only to deeds of trust that are 28 recorded against residential real property of up to four units.
 - (2) RCW 61.24.163 does not apply to deeds of trust:
 - (a) Securing a commercial loan;

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- 31 (b) Securing obligations of a grantor who is not the borrower or 32 a guarantor;
- 33 (c) Securing a purchaser's obligations under a seller-financed 34 sale; or
- 35 (d) Where the grantor is a partnership, corporation, or limited 36 liability company, or where the property is vested in a partnership, 37 corporation, or limited liability company at the time the notice of 38 default is issued.

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1 (3) RCW 61.24.163 does not apply to association beneficiaries 2 subject to chapter 64.32, 64.34, or 64.38 RCW.

- (4) For purposes of referral and mediation under RCW 61.24.163, a person may be referred to mediation if the borrower is deceased and the person is a successor in interest of the deceased borrower ((who occupies the property as his or her primary residence)). The referring counselor or attorney must determine a person's eligibility under this section and indicate the grounds for eligibility on the referral to mediation submitted to the department. For the purposes of mediation under RCW 61.24.163, the person must be treated as a "borrower." This subsection does not impose an affirmative duty on the beneficiary to accept an assumption of the loan.
- (5) For purposes of referral and mediation under RCW 61.24.163, a person may be referred to mediation if the person has been awarded title to the property in a proceeding for dissolution or legal separation. The referring counselor or attorney must determine the person's eligibility under this section and indicate the grounds for eligibility on the referral to mediation submitted to the department. For the purposes of mediation under RCW 61.24.163, the person must be treated as a "borrower." This subsection does not impose an affirmative duty on the beneficiary to accept an assumption of the loan.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 61.24.166 and 2021 c 151 s 7 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
 - (1) Beginning on January 1, ((2023)) 2024, the provisions of RCW 61.24.163 do not apply to any federally insured depository institution, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 461(b)(1)(A), that certifies to the department under penalty of perjury that it was not a beneficiary of deeds of trust in more than ((two hundred fifty)) 250 trustee sales of residential real property of up to four units that occurred in this state during the preceding calendar year. A federally insured depository institution certifying that RCW 61.24.163 does not apply must do so annually, beginning no later than January 31, ((2023)) 2024, and no later than January 31st of each year thereafter.
- (2) During the 2023 calendar year, the provisions of RCW 61.24.163 do not apply to any federally insured depository institution, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 461(b)(1)(A), that certifies to the department under penalty of perjury that it was not

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- 1 <u>a beneficiary of deeds of trust in more than 250 trustee sales of</u>
- 2 owner-occupied residential real property that occurred in this state
- 3 during 2019. A federally insured depository institution certifying
- 4 that RCW 61.24.163 does not apply pursuant to this subsection must do
- 5 so no later than 30 days after the effective date of this section.
- 6 (3) This section applies retroactively to January 1, 2023, and
 7 prospectively beginning with the effective date of this section.
- 8 **Sec. 8.** RCW 61.24.190 and 2021 c 151 s 11 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

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- (1) Except as provided in subsections (6) and (7) of this section, beginning January 1, 2022, and every quarter thereafter, every beneficiary issuing notices of default, or causing notices of default to be issued on its behalf, on residential real property under this chapter must:
- (a) Report to the department, on a form approved by the department, the total number of residential real properties for which the beneficiary has issued a notice of default during the previous quarter, together with the street address, city, and zip code;
- (b) Remit the amount required under subsection (2) of this section; and
- (c) Report and update beneficiary contact information for the person and work group responsible for the beneficiary's compliance with the requirements of the foreclosure fairness act created in this chapter.
- (2) For each residential real property for which a notice of default has been issued, the beneficiary issuing the notice of default, or causing the notice of default to be issued on the beneficiary's behalf, shall remit \$250 to the department to be deposited, as provided under RCW 61.24.172, into the foreclosure fairness account. The \$250 payment is required per property and not per notice of default. The beneficiary shall remit the total amount required in a lump sum each quarter.
- (3) Reporting and payments under subsections (1) and (2) of this section are due within 45 days of the end of each quarter.
- (4) For purposes of this section, "residential real property" includes residential real property with up to four dwelling units, whether or not the property or any part thereof is owner occupied.
- 38 (5) The department, including its officials and employees, may 39 not be held civilly liable for damages arising from any release of

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information or the failure to release information related to the reporting required under this section, so long as the release was without gross negligence.

- (6) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2023, this section does not apply to any beneficiary or loan servicer that is a federally insured depository institution, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 461(b)(1)(A), and that certifies under penalty of perjury that it has issued, or has directed a trustee or authorized agent to issue, fewer than 250 notices of default in the preceding year.
- (b) During the 2023 calendar year, this section does not apply to any beneficiary or loan servicer that is a federally insured depository institution, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 461(b)(1)(A), and that certifies under penalty of perjury that fewer than 50 notices of trustee's sale were recorded on its behalf in 2019.
- 15 (c) This subsection (6) applies retroactively to January 1, 2023, and prospectively beginning with the effective date of this section.
- 17 (7) This section does not apply to association beneficiaries 18 subject to chapter 64.32, 64.34, or 64.38 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 61.24 20 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) (a) The trustee shall continue a foreclosure sale for at least 30 days upon receipt of a written notice from the homeowner assistance fund program administered by the Washington state housing finance commission that an application has been submitted to the homeowner assistance fund program on behalf of the applicant.
 - (b) The trustee shall continue the foreclosure sale for an additional 30-day period upon receipt of a written notice from the homeowner assistance fund program that the applicant is deemed eligible for the program.
 - (c) An automated notice issued by the homeowner assistance fund program does not qualify as written notice required in this section.
 - (2) (a) If an application to the homeowner assistance fund program is approved in the amount that would cure the default and make the beneficiary whole, a sale may not proceed while the approved application is pending for payment.
 - (b) A sale may proceed if the homeowner assistance fund program issues a written confirmation that an application has been denied or that no funds from the program will be paid in response to the

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application, and that any appeal process available to the applicant has been exhausted and is no longer pending.

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- (3) The trustee has no duty to delay a sale if the applicant has already received a continuance based on prior application to the homeowner assistance fund program, unless the applicant demonstrates to the trustee that a new application is pending based upon a substantial change in circumstances supporting a new application and that it has not been submitted solely for the purpose of delaying the sale.
- 10 (4)(a) The trustee must comply with the process set forth in RCW 11 61.24.040(1) for giving notice of the continued sale.
 - (b) A continuance of a sale pursuant to this section may not be included in calculating the maximum sale continuance period of 120 days established in RCW 61.24.040(10).
 - (5) For purposes of this section, "applicant" means a person who:
- 16 (a) Is the borrower, a successor in interest to a deceased 17 borrower, or a person who has been awarded title to the property; and
- 18 (b) Has submitted an application to the homeowner assistance fund 19 program or on whose behalf an application to the program has been 20 submitted.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) Section 9 of this act expires upon the expiration and permanent closure of the homeowner assistance fund program.
- 24 (2) The Washington state housing finance commission must provide 25 written notice of the expiration date of section 9 of this act to the 26 chief clerk of the house of representatives, the secretary of the 27 senate, the office of the code reviser, and others as deemed 28 appropriate by the commission.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 7 through 10 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately.

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