

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 5578

As of February 6, 2023

Title: An act relating to service requirements for appeals of decisions by the board of tax appeals.

Brief Description: Addressing service requirements for appeals of decisions by the board of tax appeals.

Sponsors: Senators Padden and McCune.

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Law & Justice: 2/07/23.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Provides an exception from the service requirements under the Administrative Procedures Act for appeals from administrative decisions.
- Permits judicial review of the decisions of the Board of Tax Appeals (Board) without needing to serve the Board with a copy of the petition for judicial review.
- Makes administrative changes to the operations of the Board.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON LAW & JUSTICE

Staff: Tim Ford (786-7423)

Background: Board of Tax Appeals. Washington established its state Board of Tax Appeals (Board) in 1967 as an independent agency to hear non-judicial administrative property and excise tax appeals. The Governor appoints the Board members. Board members qualify for appointment based on their training and experience in state and local tax matters. At the time of appointment, no more than two of the three board members may

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be members of the same political party. The Board hears appeals from County Boards of Equalization and from the state Department of Revenue (DOR). Specific areas of jurisdiction of the Board include:

- property tax determinations—County Boards of Equalization—the Board hears property tax appeals from all actions and determinations made by each of the 39 county Boards of Equalization;
- excise tax assessments and refund denials—DOR—the Board hears appeals from excise tax determinations by DOR;
- property tax rulings—DOR—the Board hears assessor or landowner appeals from orders issued by DOR;
- public utility property tax determinations—the Board reviews appeals from DOR's intercounty utility valuation determinations;
- exemption determinations—DOR—the Board hears appeals from tax exemption determinations made by DOR;
- timber stumpage values—DOR—revisions to stumpage value tables, made by DOR, are subject to review by the Board;
- rate of interest determinations—DOR—interest rates determined by DOR for use in valuing farm land under current use assessment are subject to review by the Board;
- county indicated ratios—DOR—the Board hears appeals from the county indicated ratios determined by DOR;
- sale prices established for second-class shorelands—DOR—appeals from sales price determinations of second class shorelands on navigable lakes, made by the state Department of Natural Resources, are heard by the Board;
- public improvement ordinance—county or city—urban redevelopment property tax apportionment district proposals, established by governmental ordinances, are subject to Board review; and
- appraisal of vessels—DOR—DOR appraisals of vessels are subject to review by the Board.

Appeals from Administrative Orders. The appeal from an administrative decision of the Board is governed by the Administrative Procedures Act (APA). For a superior court to have jurisdiction to hear an appeal, the APA requires that a copy of the petition for judicial review is to be served on the agency, the office of the attorney general, and all parties of record. Service on the attorney for a party of record is sufficient to perfect jurisdiction in superior court.

Summary of Bill: The bill as referred to committee not considered.

Summary of Bill (Proposed Substitute): It is not necessary to serve the Board with a copy of a judicial petition of review from an administrative decision of the Board in order for a superior court to exercise jurisdiction to hear appeals from the Board.

Administrative Changes to the State Board of Tax Appeals. Appointments of non-attorney members to the Board must have valuation experience as an appraiser accredited by DOR.

The title of tax referees is changed to tax appeals officers. Tax appeals officers are authorized to serve pro tem on the Board when a position is vacant or a member is unable to hear a particular case set for full Board review. The Board member salary is to be fixed by the Governor, pursuant to law.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not requested.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.