

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 5502

As of January 29, 2023

Title: An act relating to ensuring necessary access to substance use disorder treatment for individuals entering the graduated reentry program at the department of corrections.

Brief Description: Ensuring access to substance use disorder treatment.

Sponsors: Senators Gildon, Boehnke, Torres, Wilson, J. and Wilson, L..

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Human Services: 1/31/23.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires offenders to undergo a comprehensive substance use disorder assessment before transferring to participate in the Graduated Reentry Program at the Department of Corrections.
- Requires offenders to be enrolled in appropriate substance use disorder treatment services if the offender suffers from a substance use disorder, and begin receiving treatment services after transfer to avoid treatment delays.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON HUMAN SERVICES

Staff: Kelsey-anne Fung (786-7479)

Background: Release Prior to Expiration of Sentence. Generally, a person sentenced to the Department of Corrections (DOC) custody may not leave the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence unless a statutory exception applies. Partial confinement is one such exception for qualifying incarcerated individuals, and partial confinement refers to work release, home detention, work crew, electronic home monitoring, or a combination of these programs. Certain incarcerated individuals may not

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qualify for transfer to partial confinement programs. For instance, individuals serving sentences for offenses with mandatory minimums cannot be released from total confinement prior to serving the minimum prescribed sentence.

Graduated Reentry Program. The Graduated Reentry Program at DOC was established in law in 2018. According to DOC, the program improves public safety by targeting interventions and programs for an incarcerated individual's successful transition into the community. DOC administers the program, and must find that the program is an appropriate placement for the offender and will assist the offender's transition from confinement to the community.

In 2021, the Legislature altered the eligibility criteria by creating two participation tracks and modifying the length of participation and minimum total confinement requirements for each track. For track one, offenders who are not subject to deportation order, civil commitment, or interstate compact for adult offender supervision must serve at least six months in total confinement in a state correctional facility to be eligible to serve up to the final five months of the offender's term of confinement in the Graduated Reentry Program. For track two, offenders who are not currently serving a sentence for a sex, violent, or crime against a person offense, and who are not subject to a deportation order or the jurisdiction of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board, must serve at least four months in total confinement at a state correctional facility to be eligible to serve up to the final 18 months of the offender's term of confinement in the Graduated Reentry Program.

While participating in the program, DOC must:

- require the offender be placed on electronic home monitoring;
- require the offender to participate in programming and treatment that DOC must assign based on the offender's assessed need; and
- assign a community corrections officer who will monitor the offender's compliance with conditions of partial confinement and programming requirements.

All participants must have an approved residence and living arrangement prior to transfer to home detention. DOC may issue rental vouchers for up to six months if an approved address cannot be obtained without the assistance of a rental voucher. A participant in the program may be returned to total confinement by DOC for any reason including, but not limited to, the participant's noncompliance with any sentence requirement. DOC performs a quasi-judicial function by selecting offenders to participate in the program and setting, modifying, and enforcing the requirements of the program. DOC is not liable for the acts of participants in the program unless DOC acted with willful and wanton disregard.

DOC must publish a monthly report on its website with the number of offenders who were transferred during the month to home detention as part of the Graduated Reentry Program. DOC must submit an annual report by December 1st to the appropriate committees of the Legislature with the number of offenders who were transferred to home detention as part of the Graduated Reentry Program during the prior year.

Substance Use Disorder. During incarceration in a state correctional facility, individuals sentenced under the prison-based drug offender sentencing alternative must undergo a comprehensive substance use disorder assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the person. DOC's policies require these individuals to receive the highest priority for prison substance use disorder programs, and may be admitted 48 months prior to release.

DOC has internal policies and guidelines for the clinical management of individuals with a substance use disorder. Individuals arriving at a reception diagnostic center may be administered an authorized substance use disorder screening instrument, within available resources, to determine the need for an assessment. Individuals with initial screening results indicating the probability of a substance use disorder may be assessed using the substance use disorder assessment. An assessment indicating a substance use disorder is required for admission into Department of Health certified substance use disorder treatment provided by DOC.

Referrals for DOC-funded treatment program services in the community will only be made if the individual has at least 90 days remaining until the scheduled end date of supervision to allow for completion of treatment. Referrals for treatment program services in prisons may be accepted for individuals who have a substance use disorder and are determined to need services.

Summary of Bill: The bill as referred to committee not considered.

Summary of Bill (Proposed Substitute): An offender may not be transferred to participate in the Graduated Reentry Program until DOC has conducted a comprehensive assessment for substance use disorder. If the assessment indicates the offender suffers from a substance use disorder, the offender may not be transferred until the offender is enrolled in substance use disorder treatment services deemed appropriate by DOC.

Offenders enrolled in appropriate substance use disorder treatment services and transferred to the Graduated Reentry Program must begin receiving substance use disorder treatment services as soon as practicable after transfer to avoid any delays in treatment. Substance use disorder treatment services must include, as deemed necessary by DOC, access to medication-assisted treatment and counseling programs.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 23, 2023.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.