

FINAL BILL REPORT

HB 2209

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Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Celebrating lunar new year.

Sponsors: Representatives Thai, Ryu, Gregerson, Senn, Santos, Ramel, Reeves, Morgan, Reed, Fosse, Cortes, Macri, Doglio, Paul, Pollet and Riccelli.

House Committee on State Government & Tribal Relations
Senate Committee on State Government & Elections

Background:

The Lunar New Year.

The Lunar New Year is a celebration of the arrival of spring and the beginning of a new year. It is a significant holiday in many East and Southeast Asian cultures, including in Chinese, Vietnamese, and Korean communities. The beginning of the Lunar New Year varies each year, as it is tied to the lunar calendar based on the cycles of the moon, and the duration of the holiday varies by culture.

In the United States, the Lunar New Year is commonly associated with the Chinese New Year, also known as the Spring Festival. This is typically a 15-day celebration beginning on the day of the second new moon after the winter solstice, which usually falls between the end of January and mid-February. In Vietnam, the holiday is known as Tet Nguyen Dan, commonly referred to as Tet, whereas in Korea it is known as Seollal. In China, the holiday can be traced as far back as the Shang Dynasty (1600–1046 BCE) as a celebration of the end of the harvest and time to spend with family.

Each culture celebrates the Lunar New Year differently with various foods and traditions that symbolize prosperity, abundance, and togetherness. Among other traditions, people give offerings to ancestors and deities, often in the form of food and money, and hang red lanterns to welcome health, wealth, and good fortune in the new year.

State Holidays.

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Washington recognizes 11 specific days as paid state legal holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Juneteenth, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, Native American Heritage Day, and Christmas Day.

Another 19 specific days are recognized by the Legislature, but they are not considered legal holidays. Some of those days commemorate specific events, such as Welcome Home Vietnam Veterans Day. Other days commemorate groups of people, such as Korean-American Day, or certain ideas, such as Human Trafficking Awareness Day and Public Lands Day.

Summary:

The Lunar New Year is a legislatively recognized day. It is defined as the day of the second new moon following the winter solstice, or the third new moon following the winter solstice should an intercalary month intervene.

The Legislature encourages state governmental entities, local governments, schools and institutions of higher education, and cultural organizations to celebrate the Lunar New Year. The State Commission on Asian Pacific American Affairs is required to create Lunar New Year programming and resources for entities to use in planning and structuring their celebrations.

Votes on Final Passage:

House	96	1
Senate	49	0

Effective: June 6, 2024