CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

**ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5801**

Chapter 23, Laws of 2024

68th Legislature

2024 Regular Session

UNIFORM SPECIAL DEPOSITS ACT

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2024

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| Passed by the Senate January 31, 2024Yeas 47 Nays 1DENNY HECK**President of the Senate**Passed by the House February 28, 2024Yeas 96 Nays 0LAURIE JINKINS**Speaker of the House of Representatives** | CERTIFICATEI, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5801** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.SARAH BANNISTERSecretary |
| Approved March 13, 2024 11:10 AM | March 14, 2024 |
| JAY INSLEE**Governor of the State of Washington** | **Secretary of State** **State of Washington** |

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**ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5801**

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Passed Legislature - 2024 Regular Session

**State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session**

**By** Senate Business, Financial Services, Gaming & Trade (originally sponsored by Senators Dozier, Pedersen, Hunt, Mullet, and J. Wilson; by request of Uniform Law Commission)

AN ACT Relating to the uniform special deposits act; adding a new chapter to Title 30A RCW; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  SHORT TITLE. This act may be known and cited as the uniform special deposits act.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Account agreement" means an agreement that:

(a) Is in a record between a bank and one or more depositors;

(b) May have one or more beneficiaries as additional parties; and

(c) States the intention of the parties to establish a special deposit governed by this chapter.

(2) "Bank" has the same meaning as "financial institution" in RCW 30A.22.040. Each branch or separate office of a bank is a separate bank for the purpose of this chapter.

(3) "Beneficiary" means a person that:

(a) Is identified as a beneficiary in an account agreement; or

(b) If not identified as a beneficiary in an account agreement, may be entitled to payment from a special deposit:

(i) Under the account agreement; or

(ii) On termination of the special deposit.

(4) "Contingency" means an event or circumstance stated in an account agreement that is not certain to occur but must occur before the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary.

(5) "Creditor process" means attachment, garnishment, levy, notice of lien, sequestration, or similar process issued by or on behalf of a creditor or other claimant.

(6) "Depositor" means a person that establishes or funds a special deposit.

(7) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.

(8) "Knowledge" of a fact means:

(a) With respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or

(b) With respect to a bank holding a special deposit:

(i) If the bank:

(A) Has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and

(B) Maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the fact by that individual; or

(ii) If the bank has not established and maintained reasonable compliance with a routine described in (b)(i) of this subsection (8) or otherwise exercised due diligence, implied knowledge of the fact that would have come to the attention of an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit.

(9)(a) "Obligated to pay a beneficiary" means a beneficiary is entitled under the account agreement to receive from the bank a payment when:

(i) A contingency has occurred; and

(ii) The bank has knowledge the contingency has occurred.

(b) "Obligation to pay a beneficiary" has a corresponding meaning.

(10) "Permissible purpose" means a governmental, regulatory, commercial, charitable, or testamentary objective of the parties stated in an account agreement. The term includes an objective to:

(a) Hold funds:

(i) In escrow, including for a purchase and sale, lease, buyback, or other transaction;

(ii) As a security deposit of a tenant;

(iii) That may be distributed to a person as remuneration, retirement or other benefit, or compensation under a judgment, consent decree, court order, or other decision of a tribunal; or

(iv) For distribution to a defined class of persons after identification of the class members and their interest in the funds;

(b) Provide assurance with respect to an obligation created by contract, such as earnest money to ensure a transaction closes;

(c) Settle an obligation that arises in the operation of a payment system, securities settlement system, or other financial market infrastructure;

(d) Provide assurance with respect to an obligation that arises in the operation of a payment system, securities settlement system, or other financial market infrastructure; or

(e) Hold margin, other cash collateral, or funds that support the orderly functioning of financial market infrastructure or the performance of an obligation with respect to the infrastructure.

(11) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other legal entity. The term includes a protected series, however denominated, of an entity if the protected series is established under law that limits, or limits if conditions specified under law are satisfied, the ability of a creditor of the entity or of any other protected series of the entity to satisfy a claim from assets of the protected series.

(12) "Record" means information:

(a) Inscribed on a tangible medium; or

(b) Stored in an electronic or other medium and retrievable in perceivable form.

(13) "Special deposit" means a deposit that satisfies section 5 of this act.

(14) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any other territory or possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes an agency or instrumentality of the state.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  SCOPE, CHOICE OF LAW, AND FORUM. (1) This chapter applies to a special deposit under an account agreement that states the intention of the parties to establish a special deposit governed by this chapter, regardless of whether a party to the account agreement or a transaction related to the special deposit, or the special deposit itself, has a reasonable relation to Washington state.

(2) The parties to an account agreement may choose a forum in this state for settling a dispute arising out of the special deposit, regardless of whether a party to the account agreement or a transaction related to the special deposit, or the special deposit itself, has a reasonable relation to this state, provided the parties have the approval of the presiding judicial officer.

(3) This chapter does not affect:

(a) A right or obligation relating to a deposit other than a special deposit under this chapter;

(b) Previously established common law or application of statutes regarding deposits other than special deposits under this chapter; or

(c) The voidability of a deposit or transfer that is fraudulent or voidable under other law.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  VARIATION BY AGREEMENT OR AMENDMENT. (1) The effect of sections 2 through 6, 8 through 11, and 14 of this act may not be varied by agreement, except as provided in those sections. Subject to subsection (2) of this section, the effect of sections 7, 12, and 13 of this act may be varied by agreement.

(2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter.

(3) If a beneficiary is a party to an account agreement, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the agreement expressly permits the amendment.

(4) If a beneficiary is not a party to an account agreement and the bank and the depositor know the beneficiary has knowledge of the agreement's terms, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the amendment does not adversely and materially affect a payment right of the beneficiary.

(5) If a beneficiary is not a party to an account agreement and the bank and the depositor do not know whether the beneficiary has knowledge of the agreement's terms, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the amendment is made in good faith.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL DEPOSIT. A deposit is a special deposit if it is:

(1) A deposit of funds in a bank under an account agreement;

(2) For the benefit of at least two beneficiaries, one or more of which may be a depositor;

(3) Denominated in a medium of exchange that is currently authorized or adopted by a domestic or foreign government;

(4) For a permissible purpose stated in the account agreement; and

(5) Subject to a contingency.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  PERMISSIBLE PURPOSE. (1) A special deposit must serve at least one permissible purpose stated in the account agreement from the time the special deposit is created in the account agreement until termination of the special deposit.

(2) If, before termination of the special deposit, the bank or a court determines the special deposit no longer satisfies subsection (1) of this section, sections 8 through 11 of this act cease to apply to any funds deposited in the special deposit after the special deposit ceases to satisfy subsection (1) of this section.

(3) If, before termination of a special deposit, the bank determines the special deposit no longer satisfies subsection (1) of this section, the bank may take action it believes is necessary under the circumstances, including terminating the special deposit.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  PAYMENT TO BENEFICIARY BY BANK. (1) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary if there are sufficient actually and finally collected funds in the balance of the special deposit.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the obligation to pay the beneficiary is excused if the funds available in the special deposit are insufficient to cover such payment.

(3) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, if the funds available in the special deposit are insufficient to cover an obligation to pay a beneficiary, a beneficiary may elect to be paid the funds that are available or, if there is more than one beneficiary, a pro rata share of the funds available. Payment to the beneficiary making the election under this subsection discharges the bank's obligation to pay a beneficiary and does not constitute an accord and satisfaction with respect to another person obligated to the beneficiary.

(4) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, the obligation of the bank obligated to pay a beneficiary is immediately due and payable.

(5) The bank may discharge its obligation under this section by:

(a) Crediting another transaction account of the beneficiary; or

(b) Taking other action that:

(i) Is permitted under the account agreement for the bank to obtain a discharge; or

(ii) Otherwise would constitute a discharge under law.

(6) If the bank obligated to pay a beneficiary has incurred an obligation to discharge the obligation of another person, the obligation of the other person is discharged if action by the bank under subsection (5) of this section would constitute a discharge of the obligation of the other person under law that determines whether an obligation is satisfied.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  PROPERTY INTEREST OF DEPOSITOR OR BENEFICIARY. (1) Neither a depositor nor a beneficiary has a property interest in a special deposit.

(2) Any property interest with respect to a special deposit is only in the right to receive payment if the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary and not in the special deposit itself. Any property interest under this subsection is determined under other law.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  WHEN CREDITOR PROCESS ENFORCEABLE AGAINST BANK. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, creditor process with respect to a special deposit is not enforceable against the bank holding the special deposit.

(2) Creditor process is enforceable against the bank holding a special deposit with respect to an amount the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary or a depositor if the process:

(a) Is served on the bank;

(b) Provides sufficient information to permit the bank to identify the depositor or the beneficiary from the bank's books and records; and

(c) Gives the bank a reasonable opportunity to act on the process.

(3) Creditor process served on a bank before it is enforceable against the bank under subsection (2) of this section does not create a right of the creditor against the bank, or a duty of the bank to the creditor. Other law determines whether creditor process creates a lien enforceable against the beneficiary on a contingent interest of a beneficiary, including a depositor as a beneficiary, even if not enforceable against the bank.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  INJUNCTION OR SIMILAR RELIEF. A court may enjoin, or grant similar relief that would have the effect of enjoining, a bank from paying a depositor or beneficiary only if payment would constitute a material fraud or facilitate a material fraud with respect to a special deposit.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  RECOUPMENT OR SET OFF. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, a bank may not exercise a right of recoupment or set off against a special deposit.

(2) An account agreement may authorize the bank to debit the special deposit:

(a) When the bank becomes obligated to pay a beneficiary, in an amount that does not exceed the amount necessary to discharge the obligation;

(b) For a fee assessed by the bank that relates to an overdraft in the special deposit account;

(c) For costs incurred by the bank that relate directly to the special deposit; or

(d) To reverse an earlier credit posted by the bank to the balance of the special deposit account, if the reversal occurs under an event or circumstance warranted under other law of this state governing mistake and restitution.

(3) The bank holding a special deposit may exercise a right of recoupment or set off against an obligation to pay a beneficiary, even if the bank funds payment from the special deposit.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  DUTIES AND LIABILITY OF BANK. (1) A bank does not have a fiduciary duty to any person with respect to a special deposit.

(2) When the bank holding a special deposit becomes obligated to pay a beneficiary, a debtor-creditor relationship arises between the bank and beneficiary.

(3) The bank holding a special deposit has a duty to a beneficiary to comply with the account agreement and this chapter.

(4) If the bank holding a special deposit does not comply with the account agreement or this chapter, the bank is liable to a depositor or beneficiary only for damages proximately caused by the noncompliance. Except as provided by other law of this state, the bank is not liable for consequential, special, or punitive damages.

(5) The bank holding a special deposit may rely on records presented in compliance with the account agreement to determine whether the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary.

(6) If the account agreement requires payment on presentation of a record, the bank shall determine within a reasonable time whether the record is sufficient to require payment. If the agreement requires action by the bank on presentation of a record, the bank is not liable for relying in good faith on the genuineness of the record if the record appears on its face to be genuine.

(7) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, the bank is not required to determine whether a permissible purpose stated in the account agreement continues to exist.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  TERM AND TERMINATION. (1) Unless otherwise provided in the account agreement, a special deposit terminates five years after the date the special deposit was first funded.

(2) Unless otherwise provided in the account agreement, if the bank cannot identify or locate a beneficiary entitled to payment when the special deposit is terminated, and a balance remains in the special deposit, the bank shall pay the balance to the depositor or depositors as a beneficiary or beneficiaries.

(3) A bank that pays the remaining balance as provided under subsection (2) of this section has no further obligation with respect to the special deposit.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  PRINCIPLES OF LAW AND EQUITY. Title 62A RCW, consumer protection law, law governing deposits generally, law related to escheat and abandoned or unclaimed property, and the principles of law and equity, including law related to capacity to contract, principal and agent, estoppel, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake, and bankruptcy, supplement this chapter, except to the extent inconsistent with this chapter.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  UNIFORMITY AND APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION. In applying and construing this uniform act, a court shall consider the promotion of uniformity of the law among jurisdictions that enact it.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  TRANSITIONAL PROVISION. This chapter applies to:

(1) A special deposit made under an account agreement executed on or after the effective date of this section; and

(2) A deposit made under an account agreement executed before the effective date of this section, if:

(a) All parties entitled to amend the account agreement agree to make the deposit a special deposit governed by this chapter; and

(b) The special deposit referenced in the amended account agreement satisfies section 5 of this act.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  This act takes effect July 1, 2024.

NEW SECTION. **Sec.**  Sections 1 through 16 and 18 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 30A RCW, to be codified between chapters 30A.22 and 30A.32 RCW.

**--- END ---**

Passed by the Senate January 31, 2024.

Passed by the House February 28, 2024.

Approved by the Governor March 13, 2024.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 14, 2024.