

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1331

67th Legislature
2021 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 24, 2021
Yeas 73 Nays 25

**Speaker of the House of
Representatives**

Passed by the Senate April 5, 2021
Yeas 35 Nays 13

President of the Senate

Approved

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1331** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

FILED

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1331

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington

67th Legislature

2021 Regular Session

By House Local Government (originally sponsored by Representatives Harris-Talley, Senn, Berry, Callan, Fitzgibbon, Wicks, Ortiz-Self, Chopp, Davis, Valdez, Bateman, Eslick, Ormsby, Lovick, Fey, Berg, Rule, Lekanoff, Frame, Duerr, Pollet, Macri, Slatter, and Peterson)

READ FIRST TIME 02/12/21.

1 AN ACT Relating to early learning facility impact fees; and
2 amending RCW 82.02.060.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.02.060 and 2012 c 200 s 1 are each amended to
5 read as follows:

6 The local ordinance by which impact fees are imposed:

7 (1) Shall include a schedule of impact fees which shall be
8 adopted for each type of development activity that is subject to
9 impact fees, specifying the amount of the impact fee to be imposed
10 for each type of system improvement. The schedule shall be based upon
11 a formula or other method of calculating such impact fees. In
12 determining proportionate share, the formula or other method of
13 calculating impact fees shall incorporate, among other things, the
14 following:

15 (a) The cost of public facilities necessitated by new
16 development;

17 (b) An adjustment to the cost of the public facilities for past
18 or future payments made or reasonably anticipated to be made by new
19 development to pay for particular system improvements in the form of
20 user fees, debt service payments, taxes, or other payments earmarked
21 for or proratable to the particular system improvement;

1 (c) The availability of other means of funding public facility
2 improvements;

3 (d) The cost of existing public facilities improvements; and

4 (e) The methods by which public facilities improvements were
5 financed;

6 (2) May provide an exemption for low-income housing, and other
7 development activities with broad public purposes, including
8 development of an early learning facility, from these impact fees,
9 provided that the impact fees for such development activity shall be
10 paid from public funds other than impact fee accounts;

11 (3)(a) May not impose an impact fee on development activities of
12 an early learning facility greater than that imposed on commercial
13 retail or commercial office development activities that generate a
14 similar number, volume, type, and duration of vehicle trips;

15 (b) When a facility or development has more than one use, the
16 limitations in this subsection (3) or the exemption applicable to an
17 early learning facility in subsections (2) and (4) of this section
18 only apply to that portion that is developed as an early learning
19 facility. The impact fee assessed on an early learning facility in
20 such a development or facility may not exceed the least of the impact
21 fees assessed on comparable businesses in the facility or
22 development;

23 (4) May provide an exemption from impact fees for low-income
24 housing or for early learning facilities. Local governments that
25 grant exemptions for low-income housing or for early learning
26 facilities under this subsection (~~((3))~~) (4) may either: Grant a
27 partial exemption of not more than eighty percent of impact fees, in
28 which case there is no explicit requirement to pay the exempted
29 portion of the fee from public funds other than impact fee accounts;
30 or provide a full waiver, in which case the remaining percentage of
31 the exempted fee must be paid from public funds other than impact fee
32 accounts(~~(-)~~), except as provided in (b) of this subsection. These
33 exemptions are subject to the following requirements:

34 (a) An exemption for low-income housing granted under subsection
35 (2) of this section or this subsection (~~((3))~~) (4) must be
36 conditioned upon requiring the developer to record a covenant that,
37 except as provided otherwise by this subsection, prohibits using the
38 property for any purpose other than for low-income housing. At a
39 minimum, the covenant must address price restrictions and household
40 income limits for the low-income housing, and that if the property is

1 converted to a use other than for low-income housing, the property
2 owner must pay the applicable impact fees in effect at the time of
3 conversion(~~(. Covenants required by this subsection must be recorded~~
4 ~~with the applicable county auditor or recording officer. A local~~
5 ~~government granting an exemption under subsection (2) of this section~~
6 ~~or this subsection (3) for low-income housing may not collect revenue~~
7 ~~lost through granting an exemption by increasing impact fees~~
8 ~~unrelated to the exemption. A school district who receives school~~
9 ~~impact fees must approve any exemption under subsection (2) of this~~
10 ~~section or this subsection (3))~~);

11 ~~((4))~~ (b) An exemption for early learning facilities granted
12 under subsection (2) of this section or this subsection (4) may be a
13 full waiver without an explicit requirement to pay the exempted
14 portion of the fee from public funds other than impact fee accounts
15 if the local government requires the developer to record a covenant
16 that requires that at least 25 percent of the children and families
17 using the early learning facility qualify for state subsidized child
18 care, including early childhood education and assistance under
19 chapter 43.216 RCW, and that provides that if the property is
20 converted to a use other than for an early learning facility, the
21 property owner must pay the applicable impact fees in effect at the
22 time of conversion, and that also provides that if at no point during
23 a calendar year does the early learning facility achieve the required
24 percentage of children and families qualified for state subsidized
25 child care using the early learning facility, the property owner must
26 pay 20 percent of the impact fee that would have been imposed on the
27 development had there not been an exemption within 90 days of the
28 local government notifying the property owner of the breach, and any
29 balance remaining thereafter shall be a lien on the property; and

30 (c) Covenants required by (a) and (b) of this subsection must be
31 recorded with the applicable county auditor or recording officer. A
32 local government granting an exemption under subsection (2) of this
33 section or this subsection (4) for low-income housing or an early
34 learning facility may not collect revenue lost through granting an
35 exemption by increasing impact fees unrelated to the exemption. A
36 school district who receives school impact fees must approve any
37 exemption under subsection (2) of this section or this subsection
38 (4);

39 (5) Shall provide a credit for the value of any dedication of
40 land for, improvement to, or new construction of any system

1 improvements provided by the developer, to facilities that are
2 identified in the capital facilities plan and that are required by
3 the county, city, or town as a condition of approving the development
4 activity;

5 ~~((5))~~ (6) Shall allow the county, city, or town imposing the
6 impact fees to adjust the standard impact fee at the time the fee is
7 imposed to consider unusual circumstances in specific cases to ensure
8 that impact fees are imposed fairly;

9 ~~((6))~~ (7) Shall include a provision for calculating the amount
10 of the fee to be imposed on a particular development that permits
11 consideration of studies and data submitted by the developer to
12 adjust the amount of the fee;

13 ~~((7))~~ (8) Shall establish one or more reasonable service areas
14 within which it shall calculate and impose impact fees for various
15 land use categories per unit of development; and

16 ~~((8))~~ (9) May provide for the imposition of an impact fee for
17 system improvement costs previously incurred by a county, city, or
18 town to the extent that new growth and development will be served by
19 the previously constructed improvements provided such fee shall not
20 be imposed to make up for any system improvement deficiencies.

21 For purposes of this section, "low-income housing" means housing
22 with a monthly housing expense, that is no greater than thirty
23 percent of eighty percent of the median family income adjusted for
24 family size, for the county where the project is located, as reported
25 by the United States department of housing and urban development.

26 For the purposes of this section, "early learning facility" has
27 the same meaning as in RCW 43.31.565.

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