SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1893

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2022 Regular Session

By House Health Care & Wellness (originally sponsored by Representatives Donaghy, Riccelli, Leavitt, Simmons, Slatter, Tharinger, Berg, Taylor, Frame, Macri, Harris-Talley, and Pollet; by request of Department of Health)

READ FIRST TIME 02/02/22.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to allowing emergency medical technicians to
- 2 provide medical evaluation, testing, and vaccines outside of an
- 3 emergency in response to a public health agency request; and amending
- 4 RCW 18.73.030.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 18.73.030 and 2021 c 69 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 8 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 9 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 10 (1) "Advanced life support" means invasive emergency medical services requiring advanced medical treatment skills as defined by chapter 18.71 RCW.
- 13 (2) "Aid service" means an organization that operates one or more 14 aid vehicles.
- 15 (3) "Aid vehicle" means a vehicle used to carry aid equipment and 16 individuals trained in first aid or emergency medical procedure.
- 17 (4) "Ambulance" means a ground or air vehicle designed and used 18 to transport the ill and injured and to provide personnel,
- 19 facilities, and equipment to treat patients before and during

20 transportation.

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1 (5) "Ambulance service" means an organization that operates one 2 or more ambulances.

- (6) "Basic life support" means noninvasive emergency medical services requiring basic medical treatment skills as defined in this chapter.
- (7) "Collaborative medical care" means medical treatment and care provided pursuant to agreements with local, regional, or state public health agencies to control and prevent the spread of communicable diseases which is rendered separately from emergency medical service.
- (8) "Communications system" means a radio and landline network which provides rapid public access, coordinated central dispatching of services, and coordination of personnel, equipment, and facilities in an emergency medical services and trauma care system.
- $((\frac{(8)}{(8)}))$ <u>(9)</u> "Council" means the local or regional emergency 15 medical services and trauma care council as authorized under chapter 16 70.168 RCW.
 - ((+9))) (10) "Department" means the department of health.
 - (((10))) <u>(11)</u> "Emergency medical service" means medical treatment and care which may be rendered at the scene of any medical emergency or while transporting any patient in an ambulance to an appropriate medical facility, including ambulance transportation between medical facilities.
 - $((\frac{11}{11}))$ <u>(12)</u> "Emergency medical services medical program director" means a person who is an approved medical program director as defined by RCW 18.71.205(4).
 - ((\(\frac{(12)}{12}\))) (13) "Emergency medical technician" means a person who is authorized by the secretary to render emergency medical care pursuant to RCW 18.73.081 ((\(\frac{\pi}{e}\))), under the responsible supervision and direction of an approved medical program director, ((\(\frac{\pi}{e}\)) which may include participating in an emergency services supervisory organization or a community assistance referral and education services program established under RCW 35.21.930, or providing collaborative medical care if the participation or provision of collaborative medical care does not exceed the participant's training and certification.
 - $((\frac{(13)}{(14)}))$ "Emergency services supervisory organization" means an entity that is authorized by the secretary to use certified emergency medical services personnel to provide medical evaluation or initial treatment, or both, to sick or injured people, while in the course of duties with the organization for on-site medical care prior

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to any necessary activation of emergency medical services. Emergency 1 services supervisory organizations include law enforcement agencies, disaster management organizations, search and rescue operations, 3 diversion centers, and businesses with organized industrial safety 4 teams. 5

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 $((\frac{14}{14}))$ <u>(15)</u> "First responder" means a person who is authorized by the secretary to render emergency medical care as defined by RCW 18.73.081.

 $((\frac{15}{15}))$ <u>(16)</u> "Patient care procedures" means written operating guidelines adopted by the regional emergency medical services and trauma care council, in consultation with the local emergency medical services and trauma care councils, emergency communication centers, and the emergency medical services medical program director, in accordance with statewide minimum standards. The patient care procedures shall identify the level of medical care personnel to be dispatched to an emergency scene, procedures for triage of patients, the level of trauma care facility to first receive the patient, and the name and location of other trauma care facilities to receive the patient should an interfacility transfer be necessary. Procedures on interfacility transfer of patients shall be consistent with the transfer procedures in chapter 70.170 RCW.

 $((\frac{16}{10}))$ "Prehospital patient care protocols" means the written procedure adopted by the emergency medical services medical program director which direct the out-of-hospital emergency care of the emergency patient which includes the trauma care patient. These procedures shall be based upon the assessment of the patient's medical needs and what treatment will be provided for emergency conditions. The protocols shall meet or exceed statewide minimum standards developed by the department in rule as authorized in chapter 70.168 RCW.

31 $((\frac{17}{17}))$ <u>(18)</u> "Secretary" means the secretary of the department 32 of health.

 $((\frac{18}{18}))$ <u>(19)</u> "Stretcher" means a cart designed to serve as a litter for the transportation of a patient in a prone or supine position as is commonly used in the ambulance industry, such as wheeled stretchers, portable stretchers, stair chairs, backboards, scoop stretchers, basket stretchers, or flexible stretchers. The term does not include personal mobility aids that recline at an angle or remain at a flat position, that are owned or leased for a period of at least one week by the individual using the

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- 1 equipment or the individual's guardian or representative, such as
- 2 wheelchairs, personal gurneys, or banana carts.

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