
HOUSE BILL 1693

State of Washington

67th Legislature

2022 Regular Session

By Representatives Chase, McCaslin, Klippert, Eslick, Chambers, Jacobsen, Griffey, and Young

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1 AN ACT Relating to recognizing the first day of May as home
2 school day; amending RCW 1.16.050; and creating a new section.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that home schooling
5 serves as an excellent option for both parents and students allowing
6 for uniquely tailored education, superior educational outcomes, and a
7 pathway to opportunity for our future generations especially for
8 Washingtonians from historically marginalized communities.

9 The legislature intends to establish home school day to celebrate
10 and raise awareness around the educational, social, and family
11 benefits that home schooling has provided for hundreds of thousands
12 of Washingtonians.

13 Amid the COVID-19 pandemic and much educational uncertainty for
14 Washington students, tens of thousands of Washington families chose
15 to temporarily or permanently use home schooling in order to ensure
16 their children's safety and provide them with high quality education.

17 Washingtonians from all backgrounds have been well-served through
18 home schooling options. It is therefore the intent of the legislature
19 to recognize and celebrate home schooling by designating the first
20 day of May as home school day.

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 1.16.050 and 2021 c 295 s 2 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) The following are state legal holidays:

4 (a) Sunday;

5 (b) The first day of January, commonly called New Year's Day;

6 (c) The third Monday of January, celebrated as the anniversary of
7 the birth of Martin Luther King, Jr.;

8 (d) The third Monday of February, to be known as Presidents' Day
9 and celebrated as the anniversary of the births of Abraham Lincoln
10 and George Washington;

11 (e) The last Monday of May, commonly known as Memorial Day;

12 (f) The nineteenth day of June, recognized as Juneteenth, a day
13 of remembrance for the day the African slaves learned of their
14 freedom;

15 (g) The fourth day of July, the anniversary of the Declaration of
16 Independence;

17 (h) The first Monday in September, to be known as Labor Day;

18 (i) The eleventh day of November, to be known as Veterans' Day;

19 (j) The fourth Thursday in November, to be known as Thanksgiving
20 Day;

21 (k) The Friday immediately following the fourth Thursday in
22 November, to be known as Native American Heritage Day; and

23 (1) The twenty-fifth day of December, commonly called Christmas
24 Day.

25 (2) Employees of the state and its political subdivisions, except
26 employees of school districts and except those nonclassified
27 employees of institutions of higher education who hold appointments
28 or are employed under contracts to perform services for periods of
29 less than twelve consecutive months, are entitled to one paid holiday
30 per calendar year in addition to those specified in this section.
31 Each employee of the state or its political subdivisions may select
32 the day on which the employee desires to take the additional holiday
33 provided for in this section after consultation with the employer
34 pursuant to guidelines to be promulgated by rule of the appropriate
35 personnel authority, or in the case of local government by ordinance
36 or resolution of the legislative authority.

37 (3) Employees of the state and its political subdivisions,
38 including employees of school districts and those nonclassified
39 employees of institutions of higher education who hold appointments
40 or are employed under contracts to perform services for periods of

1 less than twelve consecutive months, are entitled to two unpaid
2 holidays per calendar year for a reason of faith or conscience or an
3 organized activity conducted under the auspices of a religious
4 denomination, church, or religious organization. This includes
5 employees of public institutions of higher education, including
6 community colleges, technical colleges, and workforce training
7 programs. The employee may select the days on which the employee
8 desires to take the two unpaid holidays after consultation with the
9 employer pursuant to guidelines to be promulgated by rule of the
10 appropriate personnel authority, or in the case of local government
11 by ordinance or resolution of the legislative authority. If an
12 employee prefers to take the two unpaid holidays on specific days for
13 a reason of faith or conscience, or an organized activity conducted
14 under the auspices of a religious denomination, church, or religious
15 organization, the employer must allow the employee to do so unless
16 the employee's absence would impose an undue hardship on the employer
17 or the employee is necessary to maintain public safety. Undue
18 hardship shall have the meaning established in rule by the office of
19 financial management under RCW 43.41.109.

20 (4) If any of the state legal holidays specified in this section
21 are also federal legal holidays but observed on different dates, only
22 the state legal holidays are recognized as a paid legal holiday for
23 employees of the state and its political subdivisions. However, for
24 port districts and the law enforcement and public transit employees
25 of municipal corporations, either the federal or the state legal
26 holiday is recognized as a paid legal holiday, but in no case may
27 both holidays be recognized as a paid legal holiday for employees.

28 (5) Whenever any state legal holiday:

29 (a) Other than Sunday, falls upon a Sunday, the following Monday
30 is the legal holiday; or

31 (b) Falls upon a Saturday, the preceding Friday is the legal
32 holiday.

33 (6) Nothing in this section may be construed to have the effect
34 of adding or deleting the number of paid holidays provided for in an
35 agreement between employees and employers of political subdivisions
36 of the state or as established by ordinance or resolution of the
37 local government legislative authority.

38 (7) The legislature declares that the following days are
39 recognized as provided in this subsection, but may not be considered
40 legal holidays for any purpose:

- 1 (a) The thirteenth day of January, recognized as Korean-American
2 day;
- 3 (b) The twelfth day of October, recognized as Columbus day;
- 4 (c) The ninth day of April, recognized as former prisoner of war
5 recognition day;
- 6 (d) The twenty-sixth day of January, recognized as Washington
7 army and air national guard day;
- 8 (e) The seventh day of August, recognized as purple heart
9 recipient recognition day;
- 10 (f) The second Sunday in October, recognized as Washington state
11 children's day;
- 12 (g) The sixteenth day of April, recognized as Mother Joseph day;
- 13 (h) The fourth day of September, recognized as Marcus Whitman
14 day;
- 15 (i) The seventh day of December, recognized as Pearl Harbor
16 remembrance day;
- 17 (j) The twenty-seventh day of July, recognized as national Korean
18 war veterans armistice day;
- 19 (k) The nineteenth day of February, recognized as civil liberties
20 day of remembrance;
- 21 (l) The thirtieth day of March, recognized as welcome home
22 Vietnam veterans day;
- 23 (m) The eleventh day of January, recognized as human trafficking
24 awareness day;
- 25 (n) The thirty-first day of March, recognized as Cesar Chavez
26 day;
- 27 (o) The tenth day of April, recognized as Dolores Huerta day;
- 28 (p) The fourth Saturday of September, recognized as public lands
29 day; (~~and~~)
- 30 (q) The eighteenth day of December, recognized as blood donor
31 day; and
- 32 (r) The first day of May, recognized as home school day.

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