HOUSE BILL 1024

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Representatives Springer, Cody, Ortiz-Self, and Gregerson

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AN ACT Relating to sunshine committee recommendations regarding juveniles; amending RCW 7.69A.020, 7.69A.030, 10.97.130, 13.50.050, and 42.56.240; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.56.230.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 7.69A.020 and 1993 c 350 s 7 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this chapter.

9 (1) "Crime" means an act punishable as a felony, gross 10 misdemeanor, or misdemeanor under the laws of this state or 11 equivalent federal or local law.

12 (2) "Child" means any ((living)) child under the age of eighteen 13 years.

(3) "Victim" means a ((living)) person against whom a crime has
 been committed.

16 (4) "Witness" means a person who has been or is expected to be 17 summoned to testify for the prosecution in a criminal action, or who 18 by reason of having relevant information is subject to call or likely 19 to be called as a witness for the prosecution, whether or not an 20 action or proceeding has been commenced.

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(5) "Family member" means child, parent, or legal guardian.

1 (6) "Advocate" means any person, including a family member not 2 accused of a crime, who provides support to a child victim or child 3 witness during any legal proceeding.

4 (7) "Court proceedings" means any court proceeding conducted
5 during the course of the prosecution of a crime committed against a
6 child victim, including pretrial hearings, trial, sentencing, or
7 appellate proceedings.

(8) "Identifying information" means the child's name, address, 8 telephone number, email address, social media identifier, image, 9 voice, location((, and photograph, and in cases in which the child is 10 a relative or stepchild of the alleged perpetrator, identification 11 12 of the child (except the location of the assault when it is not the child's address), and the surname of the child's parent if it is 13 the same as the child's and the parent is not the alleged 14 perpetrator. In cases where the child victim is a victim of sexual 15 assault, "identifying information" also includes the relationship 16 between the child and the alleged perpetrator when the alleged 17 perpetrator is a relative or step relative of the child victim. 18

(9) "Crime victim/witness program" means any crime victim and 19 witness program of a county or local law enforcement agency or 20 21 prosecutor's office, any rape crisis center's sexual assault victim 22 advocacy program as provided in chapter 70.125 RCW, any domestic 23 violence program's legal and community advocate program for domestic violence victims as provided in chapter 70.123 RCW, or any other 24 25 crime victim advocacy program which provides trained advocates to 26 assist crime victims during the investigation and prosecution of the crime. 27

28 Sec. 2. RCW 7.69A.030 and 2004 c 120 s 9 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 In addition to the rights of victims and witnesses provided for 31 in RCW 7.69.030, there shall be every reasonable effort made by law enforcement agencies, prosecutors, and judges to assure that child 32 victims and witnesses are afforded the rights enumerated in this 33 section. Except as provided in RCW 7.69A.050 regarding child victims 34 or child witnesses of violent crimes, sex crimes, or child abuse, the 35 enumeration of rights shall not be construed to create substantive 36 rights and duties, and the application of an enumerated right in an 37 38 individual case is subject to the discretion of the law enforcement agency, prosecutor, or judge. Child victims and witnesses have the 39

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1 following rights, which apply to any criminal court and/or juvenile 2 court proceeding:

3 (1) To have explained in language easily understood by the child,
4 all legal proceedings and/or police investigations in which the child
5 may be involved.

(2) With respect to child victims of sex or violent crimes or 6 child abuse, to have a crime victim advocate from a crime victim/ 7 witness program, or any other support person of the victim's 8 choosing, present at any prosecutorial or defense interviews with the 9 child victim. This subsection applies if practical and if the 10 11 presence of the crime victim advocate or support person does not 12 cause any unnecessary delay in the investigation or prosecution of the case. The role of the crime victim advocate is to provide 13 emotional support to the child victim and to promote the child's 14 feelings of security and safety. 15

16 (3) To be provided, whenever possible, a secure waiting area 17 during court proceedings and to have an advocate or support person 18 remain with the child prior to and during any court proceedings.

19 (4) To ((not have the names, addresses, nor photographs of the living)) exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW, 20 identifying information as defined in RCW 7.69A.020, of a child 21 victim or witness, and to not have identifying information disclosed 22 by any law enforcement agency, prosecutor's office, or state agency 23 without the permission of the child victim, child witness, parents, 24 25 or legal guardians to anyone except another law enforcement agency, 26 prosecutor, defense counsel, or private or governmental agency that provides services to the child victim or witness. 27

(5) To allow an advocate to make recommendations to the prosecuting attorney about the ability of the child to cooperate with prosecution and the potential effect of the proceedings on the child.

31 (6) To allow an advocate to provide information to the court 32 concerning the child's ability to understand the nature of the 33 proceedings.

34 (7) To be provided information or appropriate referrals to social 35 service agencies to assist the child and/or the child's family with 36 the emotional impact of the crime, the subsequent investigation, and 37 judicial proceedings in which the child is involved.

(8) To allow an advocate to be present in court while the childtestifies in order to provide emotional support to the child.

1 (9) To provide information to the court as to the need for the 2 presence of other supportive persons at the court proceedings while 3 the child testifies in order to promote the child's feelings of 4 security and safety.

5 (10) To allow law enforcement agencies the opportunity to enlist 6 the assistance of other professional personnel such as child 7 protection services, victim advocates or prosecutorial staff trained 8 in the interviewing of the child victim.

(11) With respect to child victims of violent or sex crimes or 9 child abuse, to receive either directly or through the child's parent 10 11 or guardian if appropriate, at the time of reporting the crime to law 12 enforcement officials, a written statement of the rights of child victims as provided in this chapter. The written statement shall 13 14 include the name, address, and telephone number of a county or local crime victim/witness program, if such a crime victim/witness program 15 exists in the county. 16

17 Sec. 3. RCW 10.97.130 and 2019 c 300 s 2 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) Information revealing the specific details that describe the 19 20 alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault under age eighteen, 21 or the identity or contact information of an alleged or proven child 22 victim under age eighteen is confidential and not subject to release to the press or public without the permission of the child victim and 23 24 the child's legal guardian. Identifying information ((includes the child victim's name, addresses, location, photographs, and in cases 25 in which the child victim is a relative, stepchild, or stepsibling of 26 27 the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between 28 the child and the alleged perpetrator)) is defined in RCW 7.69A.020. Contact information includes phone numbers, email addresses, social 29 30 media profiles, and user names and passwords. Contact information or 31 information identifying the child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement, prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, 32 or private or governmental agencies that provide services to the 33 child victim of sexual assault. Prior to release of any criminal 34 history record information, the releasing agency shall delete any 35 contact information or information identifying a child victim of 36 sexual assault from the information except as provided in this 37 38 section.

1 (2) This section does not apply to court documents or other 2 materials admitted in open judicial proceedings.

3 Sec. 4. RCW 13.50.050 and 2014 c 175 s 3 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) This section and RCW 13.50.260 and 13.50.270 govern records 6 relating to the commission of juvenile offenses, including records 7 relating to diversions.

8 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven 9 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed 10 pursuant to RCW 13.50.260.

11 (3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are 12 confidential and may be released only as provided in this 13 chapter((τ)) and RCW 13.40.215 and 4.24.550.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the juvenile.

(5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's family.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, ((the 26 release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of)) law enforcement 27 28 and prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses ((shall be governed 29 30 by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult 31 criminal investigations and prosecutions)) must be released to the juvenile offender or his or her attorney, parent, or legal guardian 32 33 upon request.

(7) ((Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may cooperate with schools in releasing information to a school pertaining to the investigation, diversion, and prosecution of a juvenile attending the school.)) Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, <u>unredacted</u> incident reports may be released <u>to a school</u>, unless ((releasing the records would) jeopardize)) redaction is necessary to avoid jeopardizing the investigation or prosecution or ((endanger)) endangering witnesses((. If release of incident reports would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may release information to the maximum extent possible to assist schools in protecting)), other students, staff, ((and)) or school property.

(8) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain 8 a central recordkeeping system which may receive information on all 9 alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed 10 pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently 11 12 pending before the court. The central recordkeeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, 13 the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the 14 prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An 15 16 offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central 17 recordkeeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion. 18

(9) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate family, ((the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime)) incident reports shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.

(10) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult 26 27 criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall 28 29 be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any 30 31 adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the 32 adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult 33 corrections system.

(11) Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section or RCW 13.50.260 or 13.50.270 may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion process.

38 (12) Nothing in this section or RCW 13.50.260 or 13.50.270 may be 39 construed to prevent a crime victim or a member of the victim's

1 family from divulging the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile 2 offender or his or her family when necessary in a civil proceeding.

3 (13) Except as provided in RCW 13.50.270(2), no identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with 4 chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or sealing under this 5 6 section. For the purposes of this subsection, identifying information 7 includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints any other data that identifies a person by physical 8 and characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include 9 information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, diversion, 10 conviction or other information about a person's treatment by the 11 12 criminal justice system or about the person's behavior.

(14) Information identifying child victims under age eighteen who 13 are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is confidential 14 15 and not subject to release to the press or public without the 16 permission of the child victim or the child's legal guardian. 17 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a 18 19 relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. 20 21 Information identifying a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement, prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, 22 23 or private or governmental agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault. 24

25 Sec. 5. RCW 42.56.230 and 2019 c 470 s 8, 2019 c 239 s 2, and 26 2019 c 213 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The following personal information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter, unless the agency has received consent for disclosure from the subject of the information or, in the case of a child, from the child's parent or guardian:

31 (1) Personal information in any files maintained for students in 32 public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public 33 health agencies, or welfare recipients;

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(2)(a) Personal information:

35 (i) For a child enrolled in licensed child care in any files 36 maintained by the department of children, youth, and families;

37 (ii) For a child enrolled in a public or nonprofit program 38 serving or pertaining to children, adolescents, or students, 39 including but not limited to early learning or child care services,

1 parks and recreation programs, youth development programs, and after-2 school programs;

3 (iii) For the family members or guardians of a child who is 4 subject to the exemption under this subsection (2) if the family 5 member or guardian has the same last name as the child or if the 6 family member or guardian resides at the same address as the child 7 and disclosure of the family member's or guardian's information would 8 result in disclosure of the personal information exempted under 9 (a) (i) and (ii) of this subsection; or

10 (iv) For substitute caregivers who are licensed or approved to 11 provide overnight care of children by the department of children, 12 youth, and families.

(b) Emergency contact information under this subsection (2) may be provided to appropriate authorities and medical personnel for the purpose of treating the individual during an emergency situation;

16 (3) Personal information in files maintained for employees, 17 appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent 18 that disclosure would violate their right to privacy;

(4) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would: (a) Be prohibited to such persons by RCW 84.08.210, 82.32.330, 84.40.020, 84.40.340, or any ordinance authorized under RCW 35.102.145; or (b) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer;

(5) Credit card numbers, debit card numbers, electronic check numbers, card expiration dates, or bank or other financial information as defined in RCW 9.35.005 including social security numbers, except when disclosure is expressly required by or governed by other law;

(6) Personal and financial information related to a small loan or
 any system of authorizing a small loan in RCW 31.45.093;

33 (7) (a) Any record used to prove identity, age, residential 34 address, social security number, or other personal information 35 required to apply for a driver's license or identicard.

36 (b) Information provided under RCW 46.20.111 that indicates that37 an applicant declined to register with the selective service system.

38 (c) Any record pertaining to a vehicle license plate, driver's 39 license, or identicard issued under RCW 46.08.066 that, alone or in 40 combination with any other records, may reveal the identity of an

1 individual, or reveal that an individual is or was, performing an undercover or covert law enforcement, confidential public health 2 work, public assistance fraud, or child support investigative 3 activity. This exemption does not prevent the release of the total 4 number of vehicle license plates, drivers' licenses, or identicards 5 6 that, under RCW 46.08.066, an agency or department has applied for, 7 been issued, denied, returned, destroyed, lost, and reported for 8 misuse.

(d) Any record pertaining to a vessel registration issued under 9 RCW 88.02.330 that, alone or in combination with any other records, 10 11 may reveal the identity of an individual, or reveal that an 12 individual is or was, performing an undercover or covert law enforcement activity. This exemption does not prevent the release of 13 the total number of vessel registrations that, under RCW 88.02.330, 14 an agency or department has applied for, been issued, denied, 15 16 returned, destroyed, lost, and reported for misuse;

17 (8) All information related to individual claims resolution 18 structured settlement agreements submitted to the board of industrial 19 insurance appeals under RCW 51.04.063, other than final orders from 20 the board of industrial insurance appeals.

21 Upon request by the legislature, the department of licensing 22 shall provide a report to the legislature containing all of the 23 information in subsection (7)(c) and (d) of this section that is 24 subject to public disclosure;

(9) Voluntarily submitted information contained in a database that is part of or associated with enhanced 911 emergency communications systems, or information contained or used in emergency notification systems as provided under RCW 38.52.575 and 38.52.577;

(10) Until the person reaches eighteen years of age, information, otherwise disclosable under chapter 29A.08 RCW, that relates to a future voter, except for the purpose of processing and delivering ballots;

(11) All information submitted by a person to the state, either directly or through a state-licensed gambling establishment, or Indian tribes, or tribal enterprises that own gambling operations or facilities with class III gaming compacts, as part of the selfexclusion program established in RCW 9.46.071 or 67.70.040 for people with a gambling problem or gambling disorder; and

1 (12) Names, addresses, or other personal information of 2 individuals who participated in the bump-fire stock buy-back program 3 under RCW 43.43.920.

4 Sec. 6. RCW 42.56.240 and 2019 c 300 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 The following investigative, law enforcement, and crime victim 7 information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this 8 chapter:

9 (1) ((Specific)) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this sub<u>section, specific</u> 10 intelligence information and specific 11 investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility 12 to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which 13 is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of 14 15 any person's right to privacy;

16 (b) For the department of children, youth, and families, records 17 regarding an on-going child protective services investigation in 18 conjunction with an early learning licensing complaint inspection, 19 the records must remain exempt during the course of the child 20 protective services investigation. At the conclusion of the child 21 protective services investigation, all responsive records must be 22 made available to the public when requested;

(2) Information revealing the identity of persons who are 23 24 witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the 25 commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical 26 27 safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim, or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or 28 nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints 29 30 filed with the commission about any elected official or candidate for 31 public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath; 32

(3) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b);

(4) License applications under RCW 9.41.070; copies of license
 applications or information on the applications may be released to
 law enforcement or corrections agencies;

(5) <u>Identifying information</u> ((revealing the specific details that 4 describe an alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault under 5 6 age eighteen, or the identity or contact information of an alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault who is under age eighteen. 7 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, 8 location, photograph, and in cases in which the child victim is a 9 relative, stepchild, or stepsibling of the alleged perpetrator, 10 identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged 11 perpetrator. Contact information includes phone numbers, email 12 addresses, social media profiles, and usernames and passwords)), as 13 defined in RCW 7.69A.020, of child victims and witnesses; 14

15 (6) Information contained in a local or regionally maintained 16 gang database as well as the statewide gang database referenced in 17 RCW 43.43.762;

18 (7) Data from the electronic sales tracking system established in 19 RCW 69.43.165;

(8) Information submitted to the statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040(6) by a person for the purpose of receiving notification regarding a registered sex offender, including the person's name, residential address, and email address;

(9) Personally identifying information collected by law enforcement agencies pursuant to local security alarm system programs and vacation crime watch programs. Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted so as to prohibit the legal owner of a residence or business from accessing information regarding his or her residence or business;

31 (10) The felony firearm offense conviction database of felony 32 firearm offenders established in RCW 43.43.822;

(11) The identity of a state employee or officer who has in good faith filed a complaint with an ethics board, as provided in RCW 42.52.410, or who has in good faith reported improper governmental action, as defined in RCW 42.40.020, to the auditor or other public official, as defined in RCW 42.40.020;

38 (12) The following security threat group information collected 39 and maintained by the department of corrections pursuant to RCW 40 72.09.745: (a) Information that could lead to the identification of a person's security threat group status, affiliation, or activities;
(b) information that reveals specific security threats associated
with the operation and activities of security threat groups; and (c)
information that identifies the number of security threat group
members, affiliates, or associates;

6 (13) The global positioning system data that would indicate the 7 location of the residence of an employee or worker of a criminal 8 justice agency as defined in RCW 10.97.030;

9 (14) Body worn camera recordings to the extent nondisclosure is 10 essential for the protection of any person's right to privacy as 11 described in RCW 42.56.050, including, but not limited to, the 12 circumstances enumerated in (a) of this subsection. A law enforcement 13 or corrections agency shall not disclose a body worn camera recording 14 to the extent the recording is exempt under this subsection.

(a) Disclosure of a body worn camera recording is presumed to be highly offensive to a reasonable person under RCW 42.56.050 to the extent it depicts:

18 (i) (A) Any areas of a medical facility, counseling, or 19 therapeutic program office where:

(I) A patient is registered to receive treatment, receiving treatment, waiting for treatment, or being transported in the course of treatment; or

23 (II) Health care information is shared with patients, their 24 families, or among the care team; or

(B) Information that meets the definition of protected health information for purposes of the health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 or health care information for purposes of chapter 70.02 RCW;

(ii) The interior of a place of residence where a person has a reasonable expectation of privacy;

31 (iii) An intimate image;

32 (iv) A minor;

33 (v) The body of a deceased person;

(vi) The identity of or communications from a victim or witness 34 of an incident involving domestic violence as defined in RCW 35 10.99.020 or sexual assault as defined in RCW 70.125.030, or 36 disclosure of intimate images as defined in RCW 9A.86.010. If at the 37 time of recording the victim or witness indicates a desire for 38 39 disclosure or nondisclosure of the identity or recorded communications, such desire shall govern; or 40

(vii) The identifiable location information of a community-based
 domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020, or emergency
 shelter as defined in RCW 70.123.020.

4 (b) The presumptions set out in (a) of this subsection may be 5 rebutted by specific evidence in individual cases.

6 (c) In a court action seeking the right to inspect or copy a body 7 worn camera recording, a person who prevails against a law 8 enforcement or corrections agency that withholds or discloses all or 9 part of a body worn camera recording pursuant to (a) of this 10 subsection is not entitled to fees, costs, or awards pursuant to RCW 11 42.56.550 unless it is shown that the law enforcement or corrections 12 agency acted in bad faith or with gross negligence.

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(d) A request for body worn camera recordings must:

14 (i) Specifically identify a name of a person or persons involved 15 in the incident;

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(ii) Provide the incident or case number;

17 (iii) Provide the date, time, and location of the incident or 18 incidents; or

19 (iv) Identify a law enforcement or corrections officer involved 20 in the incident or incidents.

21 (e) (i) A person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, an attorney representing a 22 person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested 23 body worn camera recording, a person or his or her attorney who 24 25 requests a body worn camera recording relevant to a criminal case involving that person, or the executive director from either the 26 Washington state commission on African American affairs, Asian 27 28 Pacific American affairs, or Hispanic affairs, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording, subject to any exemption under 29 this chapter or any applicable law. In addition, an attorney who 30 31 represents a person regarding a potential or existing civil cause of 32 action involving the denial of civil rights under the federal or state Constitution, or a violation of a United States department of 33 justice settlement agreement, has the right to obtain the body worn 34 camera recording if relevant to the cause of action, subject to any 35 36 exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. The attorney must explain the relevancy of the requested body worn camera recording to 37 the cause of action and specify that he or she is seeking relief from 38 39 redaction costs under this subsection (14)(e).

1 (ii) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to 2 requests under this subsection (14)(e) may not require the requesting 3 individual to pay costs of any redacting, altering, distorting, 4 pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of a body 5 worn camera recording.

6 (iii) A law enforcement or corrections agency may require any 7 person requesting a body worn camera recording pursuant to this 8 subsection (14)(e) to identify himself or herself to ensure he or she 9 is a person entitled to obtain the body worn camera recording under 10 this subsection (14)(e).

(f)(i) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to a request to disclose body worn camera recordings may require any requester not listed in (e) of this subsection to pay the reasonable costs of redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of the body worn camera recording prior to disclosure only to the extent necessary to comply with the exemptions in this chapter or any applicable law.

18 (ii) An agency that charges redaction costs under this subsection 19 (14)(f) must use redaction technology that provides the least costly 20 commercially available method of redacting body worn camera 21 recordings, to the extent possible and reasonable.

(iii) In any case where an agency charges a requestor for the costs of redacting a body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(f), the time spent on redaction of the recording shall not count towards the agency's allocation of, or limitation on, time or costs spent responding to public records requests under this chapter, as established pursuant to local ordinance, policy, procedure, or state law.

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(g) For purposes of this subsection (14):

30 (i) "Body worn camera recording" means a video and/or sound 31 recording that is made by a body worn camera attached to the uniform 32 or eyewear of a law enforcement or corrections officer while in the 33 course of his or her official duties; and

(ii) "Intimate image" means an individual or individuals engaged
in sexual activity, including sexual intercourse as defined in RCW
9A.44.010 and masturbation, or an individual's intimate body parts,
whether nude or visible through less than opaque clothing, including
the genitals, pubic area, anus, or postpubescent female nipple.

39 (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict40 access to body worn camera recordings as otherwise permitted by law

1 for official or recognized civilian and accountability bodies or 2 pursuant to any court order.

(i) Nothing in this section is intended to modify the obligations
of prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement under *Brady v. Maryland*,
373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194, 10 L. Ed. 2d 215 (1963), *Kyles v. Whitley*, 541 U.S. 419, 115 S. Ct. 1555, 131 L. Ed.2d 490 (1995), and
the relevant Washington court criminal rules and statutes.

8 (j) A law enforcement or corrections agency must retain body worn 9 camera recordings for at least sixty days and thereafter may destroy 10 the records in accordance with the applicable records retention 11 schedule;

(15) Any records and information contained within the statewide
 sexual assault kit tracking system established in RCW 43.43.545;

14 (16)(a) Survivor communications with, and survivor records 15 maintained by, campus-affiliated advocates.

(b) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict access to records maintained by a campus-affiliated advocate in the event that:

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(i) The survivor consents to inspection or copying;

20 (ii) There is a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury 21 or death of the survivor or another person;

22 (iii) Inspection or copying is required by federal law; or

(iv) A court of competent jurisdiction mandates that the recordbe available for inspection or copying.

25 (c) "Campus-affiliated advocate" and "survivor" have the 26 definitions in RCW 28B.112.030;

(17) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington state patrol pursuant to chapter 261, Laws of 2017; and

31 (18) Any and all audio or video recordings of child forensic 32 interviews as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW. Such recordings are confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to a court order 33 entered upon a showing of good cause and with advance notice to the 34 child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. However, if the child 35 36 is an emancipated minor or has attained the age of majority as defined in RCW 26.28.010, advance notice must be to the child. 37 Failure to disclose an audio or video recording of a child forensic 38

- 1 interview as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW is not grounds for
- 2 penalties or other sanctions available under this chapter.

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