

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 5309

As Reported by Senate Committee On:
Ways & Means, February 28, 2022

Title: An act relating to providing a sales and use tax exemption for adult and baby diapers.

Brief Description: Providing a sales and use tax exemption for adult and baby diapers.

Sponsors: Senators Rivers, Brown, Das, Fortunato, Hasegawa, Keiser, Lovelett, Mullet, Robinson, Wilson, C. and Wilson, L..

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Ways & Means: 3/11/21; 2/28/22 [DP, w/oRec].

<p style="text-align: center;">Brief Summary of Bill</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Exempts diapers from sales and use tax.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS & MEANS

Majority Report: Do pass.

Signed by Senators Rolfes, Chair; Frockt, Vice Chair, Capital; Robinson, Vice Chair, Operating & Revenue; Wilson, L., Ranking Member; Brown, Assistant Ranking Member, Operating; Schoesler, Assistant Ranking Member, Capital; Honeyford, Ranking Minority Member, Capital; Billig, Braun, Carlyle, Conway, Dhingra, Gildon, Hasegawa, Hunt, Keiser, Mullet, Muzzall, Pedersen, Rivers, Wagoner, Warnick and Wellman.

Minority Report: That it be referred without recommendation.

Signed by Senator Van De Wege.

Staff: Alia Kennedy (786-7405)

Background: Retail Sales and Use Tax. Retail sales taxes are imposed on retail sales of most articles of tangible personal property, digital products, and some services. A retail

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

sale is a sale to the final consumer or end user of the property, digital product, or service. If retail sales taxes were not collected when the user acquired the property, digital products, or services, then use taxes apply to the value when used in this state. The state, most cities, and all counties levy retail sales and use taxes. The state sales and use tax rate is 6.5 percent. Local sales and use tax rates vary depending on the location.

Tax Preferences. State law provides for a range of tax preferences that confer reduced tax liability upon a designated class of taxpayer. Tax preferences include tax exclusions, deductions, exemptions, preferential tax rates, deferrals, and credits. Washington has over 650 tax preferences, including a variety of sales and use tax exemptions. Legislation that establishes or expands a tax preference must include a tax preference performance statement that identifies the public policy objective of the preference, as well as specific metrics the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) can use to evaluate the effectiveness of the preference. All new tax preferences automatically expire after ten years unless an alternative expiration date is provided.

Summary of Bill: The retail sales and use taxes do not apply to sales of diapers.

"Diaper" is defined as an absorbent incontinence product that is washable or disposable and is worn by a person, regardless of age or sex, who cannot control bladder or bowel movements.

The tax preference is permanent and not subject to automatic expiration or review by JLARC.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect on October 1, 2021.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony (Regular Session 2021): PRO: A diaper tax is not an option because people have to have this product. A tax exemption on diapers is one way to address this tax regressivity. Diapers are so expensive for some families that parents have to make the choice of letting their child wear a diaper longer than they should. This bill is one way to address diaper need, which is the lack of sufficient supply to keep children dry and healthy. Last year was incredibly tough on families due to the pandemic which severely increased the need to help people with access to diapers. A diaper tax exemption could save families \$10 each month which could be put toward other finances. There are other options for helping with access to diapers, such as a diaper subsidy program.

Persons Testifying: PRO: Senator Ann Rivers, Prime Sponsor; Toni Sarge, WestSide

Baby.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: No one.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony (Regular Session 2022): No public hearing was held.

Persons Testifying: PRO: Senator Ann Rivers, Prime Sponsor; Toni Sarge, WestSide Baby.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: N/A