## SENATE BILL REPORT SHB 1445

## As of March 18, 2021

**Title:** An act relating to the definition of compounding for purposes of the practice of pharmacy.

**Brief Description:** Concerning the definition of compounding for purposes of the practice of pharmacy.

**Sponsors:** House Committee on Health Care & Wellness (originally sponsored by Representatives Thai, Cody, Ormsby, Pollet and Harris-Talley).

**Brief History:** Passed House: 3/6/21, 98-0.

**Committee Activity:** Health & Long Term Care: 3/19/21.

## **Brief Summary of Bill**

• Clarifies the meaning of drug compounding by a licensed pharmacist.

## SENATE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & LONG TERM CARE

Staff: Ricci Crinzi (786-7253)

**Background:** Compounding is the practice of combining two or more ingredients in the preparation of a prescription. A pharmacist may compound drug products for an individual patient based on the existence of a pharmacist-patient-prescriber relationship pursuant to a prescription or in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns. Both the patient and the prescriber must authorize the use of a compounded product before it can be substituted for a commercially available product. Medicinal products that are compounded for patient use or administration must meet the standards of the official United States Pharmacopeia as it applies to sterile and non-sterile administered products. The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act provides that compounding does not include mixing, reconstituting, or other such acts performed in accordance with directions contained in United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved labeling provided by the product's manufacturer and other manufacturer

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directions consistent with that labeling. A product's FDA approved labeling is a compilation of information about the product based on FDA's analysis of a new drug application or biologics license application submitted by the product's manufacturer.

Reconstitution is the process of a pharmacist adding a diluent to a dry ingredient to make it a liquid. Medications that need to be reconstituted include manufacturer provided directions that instruct the pharmacist how to reconstitute the medication.

**Summary of Bill:** The reconstitution and mixing of sterile products according to FDA approved labeling does not constitute compounding if prepared pursuant to a prescription and administered immediately, or in accordance with package labeling.

The reconstitution and mixing of non-sterile products according to FDA approved labeling does not constitute compounding if prepared pursuant to a prescription.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

**Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members:** No.

**Effective Date:** Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

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