## <u>2SSB 5304</u> - S AMD **392** By Senator Wagoner

## NOT ADOPTED 03/05/2021

Beginning on page 5, line 11, strike all of sections 6 through 11 and insert the following:

- 3 "Sec. 6. RCW 72.09.370 and 2019 c 325 s 5025 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
  - (1) The offender reentry community safety program is established to provide intensive services to offenders identified under this subsection and to thereby promote <u>successful reentry</u>, public safety, and recovery. The secretary shall identify offenders in confinement or partial confinement who: (a) Are reasonably believed to ((be dangerous)) present a danger to themselves or others <u>if released to the community without supportive services</u>; and (b) have a mental disorder. In ((determining an offender's dangerousness)) <u>evaluating these criteria</u>, the secretary shall consider behavior known to the department and factors, based on research, that are linked to ((an increased)) risk ((for)) <u>of</u> dangerousness of offenders with mental illnesses <u>within the criminal justice system</u> and shall include consideration of an offender's <u>history of</u> substance use disorder or abuse.
    - (2) Prior to release of an offender identified under this section, a team consisting of representatives of the department of corrections, the health care authority, and, as necessary, the indeterminate sentence review board, divisions or administrations within the department of social and health services, specifically including the division of developmental disabilities, the appropriate managed care organization ((contracted with the health care authority, the appropriate)) or behavioral health administrative services organization, and the providers, as appropriate, shall develop a plan, as determined necessary by the team, for delivery of treatment and support services to the offender upon release. In developing the plan, the offender shall be offered assistance in executing a mental health advance directive under chapter 71.32 RCW, after being fully informed of the benefits, scope, and purposes of

- 1 such directive. The team may include a school district representative for offenders under the age of ((twenty-one)) 21. The team shall 2 consult with the offender's counsel, if any, and, as appropriate, the 3 offender's family and community. The team shall notify the crime 4 victim/witness program, which shall provide notice to all people 5 6 registered to receive notice under RCW 72.09.712 of the proposed release plan developed by the team. Victims, witnesses, and other 7 interested people notified by the department may provide information 8 and comments to the department on potential safety risk to specific 9 individuals or classes of individuals posed by the specific offender. 10 11 The team may recommend: (a) That the offender be evaluated by ((the)) 12 <u>a</u> designated crisis responder, as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW; (b) department-supervised community treatment; or (c) voluntary community 13 mental health or substance use disorder or abuse treatment. 14
  - (3) Prior to release of an offender identified under this section, the team shall determine whether or not an evaluation by a designated crisis responder is needed. If an evaluation recommended, the supporting documentation shall be immediately forwarded to the appropriate designated crisis responder. The supporting documentation shall include the offender's criminal history, history of judicially required or administratively ordered involuntary antipsychotic medication while in confinement, and any known history of involuntary civil commitment.

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- If an evaluation by a designated crisis responder recommended by the team, such evaluation shall occur not more than ten days, nor less than five days, prior to release.
- (5) A second evaluation by a designated crisis responder shall occur on the day of release if requested by the team, based upon new information or a change in the offender's mental condition, and the initial evaluation did not result in an emergency detention or a summons under chapter 71.05 RCW.
- (6) If the designated crisis responder determines an emergency detention under chapter 71.05 RCW is necessary, the department shall release the offender only to a state hospital or to a consenting evaluation and treatment facility or secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility. The department shall arrange transportation of the offender to the hospital or facility.
- (7) If the designated crisis responder believes that a less 39 restrictive alternative treatment is appropriate, he or she shall seek a summons, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 71.05 RCW, to Code Rev/ES:roy 2 S-1912.1/21

- 1 require the offender to appear at an evaluation and treatment
- 2 facility or secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility.
- 3 If a summons is issued, the offender shall remain within the
- 4 corrections facility until completion of his or her term of
- 5 confinement and be transported, by corrections personnel on the day
- 6 of completion, directly to the identified ((evaluation and
- 7 treatment)) facility.

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- 8 (8) The secretary shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- 9 **Sec. 7.** RCW 71.24.470 and 2019 c 325 s 1030 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
  - (1) The director shall contract, to the extent that funds are appropriated for this purpose, for case management services and such other services as the director deems necessary to assist offenders identified under RCW 72.09.370 for participation in the offender reentry community safety program. The contracts may be with any qualified and appropriate entities. The director shall ensure the authority has coverage in all counties of the state for the purposes of providing offender reentry community safety program services.
  - (2) The case manager has the authority to assist these offenders in obtaining the services, as set forth in the plan created under RCW 72.09.370(2), for up to five years. The services may include coordination of mental health services, assistance with unfunded medical expenses, assistance obtaining substance use disorder treatment, housing, employment services, educational or vocational training, independent living skills, parenting education, anger management services, peer services, and such other services as the case manager deems necessary.
  - (3) The legislature intends that funds appropriated for the purposes of RCW 72.09.370, 71.05.145, and 71.05.212, and this section are to supplement and not to supplant general funding. Funds appropriated to implement RCW 72.09.370, 71.05.145, and 71.05.212, and this section are not to be considered available resources as defined in RCW 71.24.025 and are not subject to the priorities, terms, or conditions in the appropriations act established pursuant to RCW 71.24.035.
- 36 (4) The offender reentry community safety program was formerly 37 known as the community integration assistance program.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 71.24.480 and 2019 c 325 s 1031 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) A licensed or certified behavioral health agency acting in the course of the ((provider's)) agency's duties under this chapter((, is)) and its individual employees are not liable for civil damages resulting from the injury or death of another caused by a participant in the offender reentry community safety program who is a client of the ((provider or organization)) agency, unless the act or omission of the ((provider or organization)) agency or employee constitutes:
- 11 (a) Gross negligence;

- (b) Willful or wanton misconduct; or
- (c) A breach of the duty to warn of and protect from a client's threatened violent behavior if the client has communicated a serious threat of physical violence against a reasonably ascertainable victim or victims.
- (2) In addition to any other requirements to report violations, the licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall report an offender's expressions of intent to harm or other predatory behavior, regardless of whether there is an ascertainable victim, in progress reports and other established processes that enable courts and supervising entities to assess and address the progress and appropriateness of treatment.
- (3) A licensed or certified behavioral health agency's mere act of treating a participant in the offender reentry community safety program is not negligence. Nothing in this subsection alters the licensed or certified behavioral health agency's normal duty of care with regard to the client.
- (4) The limited liability provided by this section applies only to the conduct of licensed or certified behavioral health agencies and their employees and does not apply to conduct of the state.
- 32 (5) For purposes of this section, "participant in the offender reentry community safety program" means a person who has been identified under RCW 72.09.370 as an offender who: (a) Is reasonably believed to ((be dangerous)) present a danger to himself or herself or others if released to the community without supportive services; and (b) has a mental disorder.
- 38 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 71.24
- 39 RCW to read as follows:

- 1 (1) The authority shall convene a reentry services work group to 2 consider ways to improve reentry services for persons with an 3 identified behavioral health services need. The work group shall:
  - (a) Advise the authority on its waiver application under section 6 of this act:
  - (b) Develop a plan to assure notifications of the person's release date, current location, and other appropriate information are provided to the person's managed care organization at least 30 days before the person's scheduled release from confinement, or as soon as practicable thereafter, in accordance with RCW 74.09.555;
- 11 (c) Consider the value of expanding, replicating, or adapting the 12 essential elements of the offender reentry community safety program 13 under RCW 72.09.370 and 71.24.470 to benefit new populations, such 14 as:
- 15 (i) A larger group of incarcerated persons in the department of 16 corrections than those who currently have the opportunity to 17 participate;
- 18 (ii) State hospital patients committed under criminal insanity 19 laws under chapter 10.77 RCW;
- 20 (iii) Involuntary treatment patients committed under chapter 21 71.05 RCW;
  - (iv) Persons committed to juvenile rehabilitation;
  - (v) Persons confined in jail; and

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- (vi) Other populations recommended by the work group;
- (d) Consider whether modifications should be made to the offender reentry community safety program;
- (e) Identify potential costs and savings for the state and local governments which could be realized through the use of telehealth technology to provide mental and behavioral health services, expansion or replication of the offender reentry community safety program, or other reentry programs which are supported by evidence;
- (f) Consider the sustainability of reentry or diversion services provided by pilot programs funded by contempt fines in *Trueblood*, et al., v. Washington State DSHS, No. 15-35462;
  - (g) Recommend a means of funding expanded reentry services; and
- 36 (h) Consider incorporation of peer services into the offender reentry community safety program.
- 38 (2) The authority shall invite participation in the work group by
  39 stakeholders including but not limited to representatives from:
  40 Disability rights Washington; behavioral health advocacy

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1 organizations; behavioral health peers; reentry community services providers; community behavioral health agencies; advocates 2 3 persons with developmental disabilities; the department of corrections; the department of children, youth, and families; the 4 Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs; prosecutors; 5 6 defense attorneys; the Washington state association of counties; King county behavioral health and recovery division; the department of 7 social and health services; state hospital employees who serve 8 patients committed under chapters 10.77 and 71.05 RCW; the public 9 safety review panel under RCW 10.77.270; managed care organizations; 10 11 behavioral health administrative services organizations; 12 Washington statewide reentry council; the Washington state senate; the Washington state house of representatives; and the Washington 13 state institute for public policy. 14

15 (3) The work group must provide a progress report to the governor 16 and appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2021, 17 and a final report by December 1, 2022.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. The Washington state institute for public policy shall update its previous evaluations of the offender reentry community safety program under RCW 72.09.370 and 71.24.470, and broaden its cost-benefit analysis to include impacts on the use of public services, and other factors. The institute shall collaborate with the work group established under section 9 of this act to determine research parameters and help the work group answer additional research questions including, but not limited to, the potential cost, benefit, and risks involved in expanding or replicating the offender reentry community safety program; and what modifications to the program are most likely to prove advantageous based on the current state of knowledge about evidence-based, research-based, and promising programs. The department corrections, health care authority, administrative office of the courts, King county, and department of social and health services must cooperate with the institute to facilitate access to data or other resources necessary to complete this work. The institute must provide a preliminary report by December 1, 2021, and a final report by November 1, 2022, to the governor and relevant committees of the legislature.

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**Sec. 11.** RCW 72.09.270 and 2008 c 231 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The department of corrections shall develop an individual reentry plan as defined in RCW 72.09.015 for every offender who is committed to the jurisdiction of the department except:
- (a) Offenders who are sentenced to life without the possibility of release or sentenced to death under chapter 10.95 RCW; and
- 8 (b) Offenders who are subject to the provisions of 8 U.S.C. Sec. 9 1227.
- 10 (2) The individual reentry plan may be one document, or may be a 11 series of individual plans that combine to meet the requirements of 12 this section.
  - (3) In developing individual reentry plans, the department shall assess all offenders using standardized and comprehensive tools to identify the criminogenic risks, programmatic needs, and educational and vocational skill levels for each offender. The assessment tool should take into account demographic biases, such as culture, age, and gender, as well as the needs of the offender, including any learning disabilities, substance abuse or mental health issues, and social or behavior deficits.
  - (4)(a) The initial assessment shall be conducted as early as sentencing, but, whenever possible, no later than ((forty-five)) 45 days of being sentenced to the jurisdiction of the department of corrections.
  - (b) The offender's individual reentry plan shall be developed as soon as possible after the initial assessment is conducted, but, whenever possible, no later than ((sixty)) 60 days after completion of the assessment, and shall be periodically reviewed and updated as appropriate.
    - (5) The individual reentry plan shall, at a minimum, include:
  - (a) A plan to maintain contact with the inmate's children and family, if appropriate. The plan should determine whether parenting classes, or other services, are appropriate to facilitate successful reunification with the offender's children and family;
  - (b) An individualized portfolio for each offender that includes the offender's education achievements, certifications, employment, work experience, skills, and any training received prior to and during incarceration; and
- 39 (c) A plan for the offender during the period of incarceration 40 through reentry into the community that addresses the needs of the Code Rev/ES:roy 7 S-1912.1/21

- offender including education, employment, substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, family reunification, and other areas which are needed to facilitate a successful reintegration into the community.
  - (6) (a) Prior to discharge of any offender, the department shall:
  - (i) Evaluate the offender's needs and, to the extent possible, connect the offender with existing services and resources that meet those needs; and
  - (ii) Connect the offender with a community justice center and/or community transition coordination network in the area in which the offender will be residing once released from the correctional system if one exists.
  - (b) If the department recommends partial confinement in an offender's individual reentry plan, the department shall maximize the period of partial confinement for the offender as allowed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728 to facilitate the offender's transition to the community.
  - (7) The department shall establish mechanisms for sharing information from individual reentry plans to those persons involved with the offender's treatment, programming, and reentry, when deemed appropriate. When feasible, this information shall be shared electronically.
  - (8) (a) In determining the county of discharge for an offender released to community custody, the department may ((not)) approve a residence location that is not in the offender's county of origin ((unless it is determined by the)) if the department determines that the ((offender's return to his or her county of origin would be inappropriate considering)) residence location would be appropriate based on any court-ordered condition of the offender's sentence, victim safety concerns, ((negative influences on the offender in the community, or the)) and factors that increase opportunities for successful reentry and long-term support including, but not limited to, location of family or other sponsoring persons or organizations that will support the offender, availability of appropriate programming or treatment, and access to housing, employment, and prosocial influences on the offender in the community.
- 37 (b) <u>In implementing the provisions of this subsection</u>, the 38 <u>department shall approve residence locations in a manner that will</u> 39 not cause any one county to be disproportionately impacted.

- 1 (c) If the offender is not returned to his or her county of origin, the department shall provide the law and justice council of the county in which the offender is placed with a written explanation.
  - ((<del>(c)</del>)) <u>(d)(i)</u> For purposes of this section, <u>except as provided</u> in (d)(ii) of this subsection, the offender's county of origin means the county of the offender's <u>residence at the time of the offender's</u> first felony conviction in Washington <u>state</u>.
- 9 <u>(ii) If the offender is a homeless person as defined in RCW</u>
  10 <u>43.185C.010, or the offender's residence is unknown, then the</u>
  11 <u>offender's county of origin means the county of the offender's first</u>
  12 <u>felony conviction in Washington state.</u>
- 13 (9) Nothing in this section creates a vested right in 14 programming, education, or other services."

<u>EFFECT:</u> Restores the name of the Offender Reentry Community Safety Program and restores references to offender throughout the bill. Makes technical changes so that terminology and references are consistent.

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