## **HB 1399** - S COMM AMD

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By Committee on Business, Financial Services & Trade

## ADOPTED AS AMENDED 04/10/2021

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that 3 "NEW SECTION. individuals with prior criminal convictions, upon completing the 4 terms of one's sentence, have paid their debt to society, and should 5 be given the opportunity to be regular and productive members of 6 7 society by seeking gainful employment. Recognizing the perils recidivism poses to the individual, families, public safety, and 8 general well-being, the legislature should prioritize that removal of 9 these barriers which prevent these individuals from entering the 10 11 workforce.
  - (2) It is the intent of the legislature to provide a reliable process for individuals with past criminal convictions to apply for a professional license, and to not be prevented from obtaining a professional license due to a prior criminal conviction which does not directly relate to the applicable profession, business, or trade.
- 17 Sec. 2. (1) An individual who has a criminal NEW SECTION. 18 conviction may submit to the appropriate licensing authority a preliminary application for a professional license, government 19 20 certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal 21 qualifications for a determination as to whether the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual from obtaining 22 23 the occupational or professional license, government certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal qualifications from 24 25 licensing authority. The preliminary application may submitted at any time, including prior to obtaining required 26 27 education or paying any fee, other than the fee for the preliminary application under subsection (7) of this section. Only licenses, 28 certifications, or recognitions administered by the department of 29 30 licensing or a board or commission with the support of the department 31 of licensing are eligible for a determination under this section.

(2) The preliminary application may include additional information about the individual's current circumstances, including the time since the offense, completion of the criminal sentence, other evidence of rehabilitation, testimonials, employment history, and employment aspirations.

- (3) Upon receipt of a preliminary application under subsection (2) of this section and a fee if required under subsection (7) of this section, the appropriate licensing authority shall make a determination of whether the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual from obtaining a professional license, government certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal qualifications from that licensing authority.
- (4) The licensing authority shall issue its determination in writing within two months after receiving a preliminary application under subsection (2) of this section. If the licensing authority determines that the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual, the licensing authority will provide a determination that includes findings of fact and conclusions of law and may advise the individual of any action the individual may take to remedy the disqualification. If the licensing authority finds that the individual has been convicted of a subsequent criminal conviction, or that the individual has failed to disclose a conviction, the licensing authority may rescind a determination upon finding that the subsequent criminal conviction would be disqualifying under subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) The individual may appeal the determination of the licensing authority. The appeal shall be in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (6) An individual whose preliminary application has been disqualified shall not file another preliminary application under this section with the same licensing authority within two years after the final decision on the previous preliminary application, except that if the individual has taken action to remedy the disqualification as advised by the licensing board. If such action has been taken, the individual may file another preliminary application under this section with the same licensing authority six months after the final decision on the previous preliminary application.
- (7) A licensing authority may charge a fee not to exceed \$100 for each preliminary application filed pursuant to this section. The fee

- 1 is intended to offset the administrative costs incurred under this
- 2 section.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The appropriate licensing authority may
- 4 disqualify an individual from obtaining a professional license,
- 5 government certification, or state recognition if it determines the
- 6 individual's conviction is related to the occupation or profession
- 7 unless the individual has requested and received a certificate of
- 8 restoration of opportunity under RCW 9.97.020.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** This act takes effect January 1, 2022.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** Sections 1 through 4 of this act
- 11 constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW."

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## ADOPTED AS AMENDED 04/10/2021

- 12 On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "convictions;" strike the
- 13 remainder of the title and insert "adding a new chapter to Title 18
- 14 RCW; and providing an effective date."

<u>EFFECT:</u> Reduces the amount of time the licensing authority has to make a determination on a preliminary application from six months to two months.

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