7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5076

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate State Government, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Kuderer, Palumbo, Wellman, Hunt, Darneille, Hasegawa, Nguyen, Saldaña, and Pedersen)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/19.

- AN ACT Relating to voter eligibility for persons who have been convicted of a felony offense and are not in custody of the department of corrections; and amending RCW 29A.08.520 and 10.64.140.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 29A.08.520 and 2013 c 11 s 19 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - (1) For a felony conviction in a Washington state court, the right to vote is ((provisionally)) restored as long as the person is not under the authority of the department of corrections. For a felony conviction in a federal court or any state court other than a Washington state court, the right to vote is restored as long as the person is no longer incarcerated.
 - (2) (((a) Once the right to vote has been provisionally restored, the sentencing court may revoke the provisional restoration of voting rights if the sentencing court determines that a person has willfully failed to comply with the terms of his or her order to pay legal financial obligations.
- 18 (b) If the person has failed to make three payments in a
 19 twelve-month period and the county clerk or restitution recipient
 20 requests, the prosecutor shall seek revocation of the provisional
 21 restoration of voting rights from the court.

p. 1 SSB 5076

(c) To the extent practicable, the prosecutor and county clerk shall inform a restitution recipient of the recipient's right to ask for the revocation of the provisional restoration of voting rights.

1

2

3

4

5

7

9

1112

13

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

2425

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

- (3) If the court revokes the provisional restoration of voting rights, the revocation shall remain in effect until, upon motion by the person whose provisional voting rights have been revoked, the person shows that he or she has made a good faith effort to pay as defined in RCW 10.82.090.
- (4) The county clerk shall enter into a database maintained by the administrator for the courts the names of all persons whose provisional voting rights have been revoked, and update the database for any person whose voting rights have subsequently been restored pursuant to subsection (6) of this section.
- (5)) At least ((twice a year)) once a month, the secretary of state shall compare the list of registered voters to a list of ((felons)) persons who are not eligible to vote as provided in subsection((s)) (1) ((and (3))) of this section. If a registered voter is not eligible to vote as provided in this section, the secretary of state or county auditor shall confirm the match through a ((date of birth)) comparison of, if available, the name, date of birth, last known address and county of residence, and driver's license number or the last four digits of the social security number, and suspend the voter registration from the official state voter registration list. The secretary of state or county auditor shall send to the person at his or her last known voter registration address and at the department of corrections, if the person is under authority of the department, a notice of the proposed cancellation and an explanation of the requirements ((provisionally and permanently)) restoring the right to vote and reregistering. To the extent possible, the secretary of state shall time the comparison required by this subsection to allow notice and cancellation of voting rights for ineligible voters prior to a primary or general election.
- (((6) The right to vote may be permanently restored by one of the following for each felony conviction:
- 36 (a) A certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, as provided in RCW 9.94A.637;
- 38 (b) A court order restoring the right, as provided in RCW 39 9.92.066;

p. 2 SSB 5076

- 1 (c) A final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate 2 sentence review board, as provided in RCW 9.96.050; or
- 3 (d) A certificate of restoration issued by the governor, as provided in RCW 9.96.020.

5

24

25

26

27

- (7)) (3) For the purposes of this section, a person is under the authority of the department of corrections if the person is ((÷
- 7 $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$) <u>serving</u> a sentence of confinement in the custody of the department of corrections ((; or
- 9 (b) Subject to community custody as defined in RCW 9.94A.030)). A person serving a term of community custody is not considered to be in the custody of the department for purposes of this section unless the person is returned to confinement for a violation of community custody pursuant to RCW 9.94A.633(2).
- 14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 10.64.140 and 2009 c 325 s 5 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- (1) When a person is convicted of a felony <u>and sentenced to a</u>
 term of confinement in the custody of the department of corrections,
 the court shall require the defendant to sign a statement
 acknowledging that:
- 20 (a) The defendant's right to vote has been lost due to the felony conviction and sentence to a term of confinement;
- 22 (b) If the defendant is registered to vote, the voter 23 registration will be canceled;
 - (c) The right to vote is ((provisionally)) restored as long as the defendant is not under the authority of the department of corrections;
 - (d) The defendant must reregister before voting; and
- (e) ((The provisional right to vote may be revoked if the defendant fails to comply with all the terms of his or her legal financial obligations or an agreement for the payment of legal financial obligations;
- 32 (f) The right to vote may be permanently restored by one of the 33 following for each felony conviction:
- 34 (i) A certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, as provided in RCW 9.94A.637;
- 36 (ii) A court order issued by the sentencing court restoring the 37 right, as provided in RCW 9.92.066;
- (iii) A final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate sentence review board, as provided in RCW 9.96.050; or

p. 3 SSB 5076

provided in RCW 9.96.020; and
(g))) Voting before the right is restored is a class C felony
under RCW 29A.84.660.
(2) For the purposes of this section, a person is under the
authority of the department of corrections if the person is((\div
$\frac{(a)}{(a)}$)) <u>s</u> erving a sentence of confinement in the custody of the
department of corrections((; or
(b) Subject to community custody as defined in RCW 9.94A.030)). \underline{A}
person serving a term of community custody is not considered to be in
the custody of the department for purposes of this section unless the
person is returned to confinement for a violation of community
custody pursuant to RCW 9.94A.633(2).

(iv) A certificate of restoration issued by the governor, as

--- END ---

p. 4 SSB 5076