HOUSE BILL 2662

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

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Read first time 01/16/20. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to reducing the total cost of insulin; amending
- 2 RCW 70.14.060, 48.20.391, 48.21.143, 48.44.315, and 48.46.272; adding
- 3 a new section to chapter 70.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter
- 4 48.43 RCW; creating a new section; and providing expiration dates.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature recognizes that:
- 7 (a) Insulin is a life-saving drug and is critical to the
- 8 management of diabetes as it helps patients control their blood sugar
- 9 levels;
- 10 (b) According to Yale researchers, one-quarter of patients with
- 11 Type 1 or 2 diabetes have reported using less insulin than prescribed
- 12 due to the high cost of insulin;
- 13 (c) The first insulin patent in the United States was awarded in
- 14 1923 and the first synthetic insulin arrived on the market in 1978;
- 15 and
- 16 (d) The price and utilization of insulin has steadily increased,
- 17 making it one of the costliest prescription drugs in the state.
- 18 According to the Washington all-payer claims database, the allowable
- 19 costs before rebates for health carriers in the state have increased
- 20 eighty-seven percent since 2014, and per member out-of-pocket costs

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- 1 have increased an average of eighteen percent over the same time 2 period.
- 3 (2) Therefore, the legislature intends to review, consider, and 4 pursue several strategies with the goal of reducing the cost of 5 insulin in Washington.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 70.14 7 RCW to read as follows:
- 8 (1) The total cost of insulin work group is established. The work 9 group membership must consist of the following members appointed by 10 the governor:
- 11 (a) A representative from the prescription drug purchasing 12 consortium described in RCW 70.14.060;
- 13 (b) A representative from the pharmacy quality assurance 14 commission;
- 15 (c) A representative from an association representing independent 16 pharmacies;
- 17 (d) A representative from an association representing chain 18 pharmacies;
- 19 (e) A representative from each health carrier offering at least 20 one health plan in a commercial market in the state;
- 21 (f) A representative from each health carrier offering at least 22 one health plan to state or public school employees in the state;
- 23 (g) A representative from an association representing health 24 carriers;
- 25 (h) A representative from the public employees' benefits board or 26 the school employees' benefits board;
 - (i) A representative from the health care authority;

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- 28 (j) A representative from a pharmacy benefit manager that 29 contracts with state purchasers;
- 30 (k) A representative from a drug distributor or wholesaler that 31 distributes or sells insulin in the state;
- 32 (1) A representative from a state agency that purchases health 33 care services and drugs for a selected population; and
- 34 (m) A representative from the attorney general's office with 35 expertise in prescription drug purchasing.
- 36 (2) The work group shall review and design strategies to reduce 37 the cost of and total expenditures on insulin in this state.
- 38 (3) Staff support for the work group shall be provided by the 39 health care authority.

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- (4) By December 1, 2020, the work group shall submit a report to the governor and the legislature detailing strategies to reduce the cost of and total expenditures on insulin for patients, health carriers, payers, and the state. The report must include any statutory changes necessary to implement the strategies.
- (5) If the work group determines that all or a portion of the strategies can be implemented without statutory changes, the health care authority and the prescription drug purchasing consortium described in RCW 70.14.060 may begin implementation without further legislative direction.
 - (6) This section expires December 1, 2022.

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- 12 **Sec. 3.** RCW 70.14.060 and 2009 c 560 s 13 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
 - (1) The administrator of the state health care authority shall, directly or by contract, adopt policies necessary for establishment a prescription drug purchasing consortium. The consortium's purchasing activities shall be based upon the evidence-based prescription drug program established under RCW 70.14.050. State purchased health care programs as defined in RCW 41.05.011 shall purchase prescription drugs through the consortium for those prescription drugs that are purchased directly by the state and those that are purchased through reimbursement of pharmacies, unless exempted under this section. The administrator shall not require any supplemental rebate offered to the department of social and health services by a pharmaceutical manufacturer for prescription drugs purchased for medical assistance program clients under chapter 74.09 RCW be extended to any other state purchased health care program, or to any other individuals or entities participating in the consortium. The administrator shall explore joint purchasing opportunities with other states.
 - (2) Participation in the purchasing consortium shall be offered as an option beginning January 1, 2006. Participation in the consortium is purely voluntary for units of local government, private entities, labor organizations, health carriers as provided in RCW 48.43.005, state purchased health care services from or through health carriers, group model health maintenance organizations that are accredited by the national committee for quality assurance, and for individuals who lack or are underinsured for prescription drug coverage. The administrator may set reasonable fees, including

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enrollment fees, to cover administrative costs attributable to participation in the prescription drug consortium.

- (3) ((This section does not apply to state purchased health care services that are purchased from or through health carriers as defined in RCW 48.43.005, or group model health maintenance organizations that are accredited by the national committee for quality assurance.
- $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$) The state health care authority is authorized to adopt 9 rules implementing chapter 129, Laws of 2005.
- $((\frac{5}{}))$ (4) State purchased health care programs are exempt from the requirements of this section if they can demonstrate to the administrator that, as a result of the availability of federal programs or other purchasing arrangements, their other purchasing mechanisms will result in greater discounts and aggregate cost savings than would be realized through participation in the consortium.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 48.43
 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) A health plan issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, that provides coverage for prescription insulin drugs must cap copayments, deductibles, or other forms of cost sharing for the drug at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per thirty-day supply of the drug.
 - (2) The health care authority must monitor the wholesale acquisition cost of all insulin products sold in the state.
- 26 (3) This section expires January 1, 2023.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 48.20.391 and 1997 c 276 s 2 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
 - The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.
- 36 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and

- (b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.
- (2) All disability insurance contracts providing health care services, delivered or issued for delivery in this state and issued or renewed after January 1, 1998, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes:
- (a) For disability insurance contracts that include pharmacy services, appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and
- (b) For all disability insurance contracts providing health care services, outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by health care providers with expertise in diabetes. Nothing in this section prevents the insurer from restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with the insurer or an insuring entity under contract with the insurer.
- (3) ((Coverage)) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, coverage required under this section may be subject to customary cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.
- (4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.
- (5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.
- (6) The insurer need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not

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subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.

(7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plan that provides benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by the basic health plan, as required by RCW 48.20.028.

Sec. 6. RCW 48.21.143 and 2004 c 244 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

- (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and
- (b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.
- (2) All group disability insurance contracts and blanket disability insurance contracts providing health care services, issued or renewed after January 1, 1998, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes:
- (a) For group disability insurance contracts and blanket disability insurance contracts that include coverage for pharmacy services, appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and
- (b) For all group disability insurance contracts and blanket disability insurance contracts providing health care services, outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes

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outpatient self-management training and education may be provided 1 2 only by health care providers with expertise in diabetes. Nothing in this section prevents the insurer from restricting patients to seeing 3 only health care providers who have signed participating provider 4 agreements with the insurer or an insuring entity under contract with 5 6 the insurer.

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- (3) ((Coverage)) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, coverage required under this section may be subject to customary cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.
- (4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.
 - (5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.
 - (6) The insurer need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.
- 21 (7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plan that provides benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by 22 the basic health plan. 23
 - Sec. 7. RCW 48.44.315 and 2004 c 244 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and selfmanagement training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

- (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and
- (b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005. 39

p. 7 HB 2662 (2) All health benefit plans offered by health care service contractors, issued or renewed after January 1, 1998, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes:

- (a) For health benefit plans that include coverage for pharmacy services, appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and
- (b) For all health benefit plans, outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by health care providers with expertise in diabetes. Nothing in this section prevents the health care services contractor from restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with the health care services contractor or an insuring entity under contract with the health care services contractor.
- (3) ((Coverage)) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, coverage required under this section may be subject to customary cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.
- (4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.
- (5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.
- (6) The health care service contractor need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.

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1 (7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plans that 2 provide benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by the 3 basic health plan.

Sec. 8. RCW 48.46.272 and 2004 c 244 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

- (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and
- (b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.
- (2) All health benefit plans offered by health maintenance organizations, issued or renewed after January 1, 1998, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes:
- (a) For health benefit plans that include coverage for pharmacy services, appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and
- (b) For all health benefit plans, outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by health care providers with expertise in diabetes. Nothing in this section prevents the health maintenance organization from restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed

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participating provider agreements with the health maintenance organization or an insuring entity under contract with the health maintenance organization.

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- (3) ((Coverage)) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, coverage required under this section may be subject to customary cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.
- (4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.
- (5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.
- (6) The health maintenance organization need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.
- 19 (7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plans that 20 provide benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by the 21 basic health plan.

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