## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2231

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By House Public Safety (originally sponsored by Representatives Pellicciotti, Hudgins, Appleton, Davis, Gregerson, Santos, Frame, Pollet, Fitzgibbon, Thai, Bergquist, Ormsby, Wylie, Pettigrew, Peterson, and Riccelli)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/20.

- AN ACT Relating to bail jumping; amending RCW 9A.76.170; adding a
- 2 new section to chapter 9A.76 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9A.76.170 and 2001 c 264 s 3 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 (1) ((Any person having been)) A person is guilty of bail jumping 7 if he or she:
- 8 (a) Is held for, charged with, or convicted of a violent offense, 9 as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
- 10 <u>(b) Is</u> released by court order or admitted to bail ((with 11 knowledge));
- 12 <u>(c) Has received written notice</u> of the requirement of a 13 subsequent personal appearance before any court of this state, or of 14 the requirement to report to a correctional facility for service of 15 sentence((, and who fails));
- (d) Fails to appear or ((\forall \text{who})) fails to surrender for service of
  sentence as required ((is guilty of bail jumping)); and
- 18 <u>(e)(i) Within thirty days of the issuance of a warrant for</u>
  19 <u>failure to appear or surrender, does not make a motion with the court</u>
- 20 to quash the warrant, and if a motion is made under this subsection,

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- 1 <u>he or she does not appear before the court with respect to the</u> 2 <u>motion; or</u>
  - (ii) Has had a prior warrant issued based on a prior incident of failure to appear or surrender for the present cause for which he or she is being held or charged or has been convicted.
  - (2) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that uncontrollable circumstances prevented the person from appearing or surrendering, and that the person did not contribute to the creation of such circumstances ((in reckless disregard of)) by negligently disregarding the requirement to appear or surrender, and that the person appeared or surrendered as soon as such circumstances ceased to exist.
    - (3) Bail jumping is:

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- 14 (a) A class A felony if the person was held for, charged with, or 15 convicted of murder in the first degree;
- 16 (b) A class B felony if the person was held for, charged with, or 17 convicted of a class A felony other than murder in the first degree; 18 or
- 19 (c) A class C felony if the person was held for, charged with, or convicted of a class B or class C felony(( $\div$
- 21 (d) A misdemeanor if the person was held for, charged with, or 22 convicted of a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor)).
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 9A.76 RCW to read as follows:
- 25 (1) A person is guilty of failure to appear or surrender if he or 26 she:
  - (a) Is released by court order or admitted to bail;
- 28 (b) Has received written notice of the requirement of a 29 subsequent personal appearance before any court of this state, or of 30 the requirement to report to a correctional facility for service of 31 sentence; and
- 32 (c) Fails to appear or fails to surrender for service of sentence 33 as required.
  - (2) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that uncontrollable circumstances prevented the person from appearing or surrendering, that the person did not contribute to the creation of such circumstances by negligently disregarding the requirement to appear or surrender, and that the person appeared or surrendered as soon as such circumstances ceased to exist.

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1 (3) Failure to appear or surrender is	:
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- 2 (a) A gross misdemeanor if the person was held for, charged with, 3 or convicted of a felony; or
- 4 (b) A misdemeanor if the person was held for, charged with, or convicted of a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor.

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