SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1745

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By House Housing, Community Development & Veterans (originally sponsored by Representatives Ryu, Appleton, Doglio, Dolan, Pollet, Kloba, and Tharinger)

READ FIRST TIME 02/15/19.

- AN ACT Relating to providing local governments with options to
- 2 preserve affordable housing in their communities; adding a new
- 3 chapter to Title 84 RCW; and creating new sections.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:
- 6 (1) Families, senior citizens, and workers with limited financial 7 resources are likely to experience fewer housing choices;
- 8 (2) Affordable housing is a necessary component of strong, 9 thriving neighborhoods;
- 10 (3) Limited income household renters should have the opportunity 11 to live in homes in neighborhoods close to major infrastructure 12 investments like transit, quality schools, and vital services like 13 health care, grocery shopping, and employment;
- 14 (4) Community members with critical occupations, senior citizens, 15 and families are struggling to afford rent around the state;
- 16 (5) Rising rents are causing the displacement of low and very low-income households and long-time community members; and
- 18 (6) Communities need a wide range of local tools to create 19 healthy, affordable homes and address affordable housing needs.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The purpose of this chapter is to give communities a local option to preserve and increase healthy, high quality, affordable rental housing opportunities for low and very low-income households when the governing authority has found that there are insufficient affordable housing opportunities available. It is also the purpose of this chapter to encourage affordable housing opportunities that are affordable to renters at below market rent levels, as determined by the governing authority, with consideration of community needs, market rental costs, and income levels of renters.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 14 (1) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority 15 of a city or county having jurisdiction over the property for which 16 an exemption may be applied under this chapter.
 - (2) "Health and quality standards" means standards substantially equivalent to uniform physical condition standards, as established by the United States department of housing and urban development, or the national healthy housing standard, as established by the national center for healthy housing and the American public health association.
- 23 (3) "Household" means a single person, family, or unrelated 24 persons living together.
 - (4) "Low-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is at or below eighty percent of the median family income adjusted for family size, for the county in which the project is located, as reported by the United States department of housing and urban development.
 - (5) "Owner" means the property owner of record.
- 31 (6) "Permanent residential occupancy" means housing that provides 32 rental occupancy on a nontransient basis that is leased for a period 33 of at least one year. "Permanent residential occupancy" excludes 34 hotels and motels that predominately offer rental accommodation on a 35 daily or weekly basis.
- 36 (7) "Single-family dwelling" means an individual detached 37 dwelling.
- 38 (8) "Very low-income household" means a single person, family, or 39 unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is at or

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- 1 below fifty percent of the median family income adjusted for family
- 2 size, for the county in which the project is located, as reported by
- 3 the United States department of housing and urban development.
- Sec. 4. A city governing authority may by NEW SECTION. 4 5 ordinance or resolution adopt a property tax exemption program to preserve affordable housing within the city that meets health and 6 quality standards for low and very low-income households at risk of 7 displacement or that cannot afford market rate housing. A county 8 governing authority may by ordinance or resolution adopt a property 9 10 tax exemption program for unincorporated areas to preserve affordable housing that meets health and quality standards for low and very low-11 income households at risk of displacement or that cannot afford 12 13 market rate housing.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A property tax exemption program adopted by the governing authority under this chapter must establish qualifying standards for low and very low-income household rental housing. Such standards must include rent limits and income guidelines consistent with local housing needs, to assist households that cannot afford market rate housing.
- 20 (2) In order to qualify for a property tax exemption under this chapter, housing units must be:
- 22 (a) Rented at below market rent levels, as determined by the 23 governing authority's appraisal or market study;

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- (b) For multifamily dwellings, affordable to very low-income households and part of a building that is at least twenty-five years old; and
- (c) For a single-family dwelling or an attached or detached accessory dwelling unit that is accessory to a single-family dwelling, affordable to low-income households.
- (3) The governing authority may establish income or rent thresholds below those indicated in subsection (1) of this section where it determines that such an adjustment is warranted to serve particular needs of very low-income household renters in the community.
- 35 (4) Rent levels for qualifying affordable housing units, 36 including any mandatory fees for tenant paid utilities that are 37 required as a condition of tenancy, may not exceed thirty percent of 38 the income limit for the very low-income housing unit.

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(5) Residential units for which a city or county's property tax exemption is approved must meet the affordability standards under this chapter for a period of twenty-five years from the date the certificate of acceptance of tax exemption is issued, regardless of any subsequent transfer of ownership.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) The value of residential housing improvements and land qualifying under this chapter is exempt from ad valorem property taxation for six successive years beginning January 1st of the year immediately following the calendar year that the certificate of tax exemption is filed with the county assessor in accordance with section 12 of this act. Subject to application to and approval by the governing authority, the exemption may be extended one time for an additional six years.
- 14 (2) The exemption provided under this chapter may be applied in 15 addition to any tax credits, grants, or other incentives provided by 16 law when required to increase the rental affordability already 17 secured by such incentives.
 - (3) The exemption in this chapter does not apply to any nonqualifying portions of a building or land.
- 20 (4) The governing authority must provide local taxing districts 21 in the designated exemption area notice and an opportunity to be 22 heard prior to establishing a tax exemption program under this 23 chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. To be eligible for the property tax exemption under this chapter, in addition to any other requirements in this chapter, the property must be in compliance with the following for the entire exemption period:
 - (1) A minimum of fifty percent of residential units in a multiple-unit property subject to tax exemption must be affordable as described in section 5 of this act. A governing authority may require that more than fifty percent of the units in multiple-unit housing buildings are affordable to address local market conditions;
 - (2) Qualified affordable units must be comparable in terms of quality, living conditions, and mix of unit types to market rate units in the building;
- 36 (3) At least ninety percent of the residential units of multiple-37 unit property must be occupied by tenants at the time of application;

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- 1 (4) The property must be part of a residential or mixed use 2 (residential and nonresidential) project, dwelling, or an attached or 3 detached accessory dwelling unit that is accessory to a single-family 4 dwelling;
- 5 (5) With respect to an attached or detached accessory dwelling 6 unit accessory to single-family dwelling, only the designated 7 improvement area and its underlying land may qualify for the 8 exemption;
- 9 (6) The multiple-unit, mixed-use property must provide for a 10 minimum of fifty percent of the space in each building for permanent 11 residential occupancy;
- 12 (7) If a multiple-unit or mixed-use property has dedicated less 13 than one hundred percent of its total square footage to qualifying 14 units, only that dedicated percent portion of the land beneath the 15 building footprint is subject to the exemption under this chapter; 16 and
- 17 (8) The property owner must enter into a contract with the city 18 or county agreeing to terms and conditions required satisfactory to 19 the governing authority.
- 20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) To be eligible for the exemption under 21 this chapter, the property must also comply with all applicable land use regulations, zoning requirements, and building and housing code 22 requirements, including space and occupancy, structural, mechanical, 23 24 fire, safety, and security standards, and health and quality standards. At a minimum, the standard for housing quality must be 25 substantially equivalent to uniform physical condition standards. The 26 27 governing authority may establish additional standards to meet local 28 needs.
- (2) The property must be inspected for compliance with subsection (1) of this section prior to awarding the tax exemption under this chapter and thereafter, as established by the governing authority. The governing authority may deny an application for tax exemption for failure to comply with health and quality standards.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) The governing authority may establish additional requirements for tax exemption eligibility or program rules under this chapter including, but not limited to:
- 37 (a) The designation of particular targeted residential eligible 38 areas based on community needs to prevent displacement, provide

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- affordable housing options near community infrastructure such as transportation or public schools, or other local factors;
- (b) Standards for property size, unit size, unit type, mix of unit types, or mix of unit sizes; and
- (c) Any additional requirements to reduce displacement of very low-income household tenants.
 - (2) The governing authority must adopt and implement standards and guidelines to be utilized in considering applications and making the determinations required under this chapter. The standards and guidelines must include:
 - (a) An application process and procedures;

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- (b) Guidelines and requirements that may include height, density, public benefit features, number and size of proposed development, parking, income limits for occupancy, health and quality standards, and other adopted requirements indicated as necessary by the governing authority. The required amenities should be commensurate with the size of the project and tax benefit to be obtained;
- (c) An inspection policy and procedures to ensure the property complies with housing and health and quality standards;
- 20 (d) Income and rent limits as required under section 5 of this 21 act;
 - (e) Documentation necessary to establish income eligibility of households in affordable housing units; and
 - (f) Fees required of the applicant in order to process the application and monitor compliance with eligibility criteria. Such fees must be commensurate with the cost anticipated by the governing authority to administer this chapter.
 - (3) Standards may apply to part or all of a jurisdiction and different standards may be applied to different areas within a jurisdiction or to different types of development. Programs authorized under this section may include provisions not expressly provided in this section in order to meet local needs.
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** An owner of property making application 34 under this chapter must meet the following requirements:
- 35 (1) The applicant must apply to the city or county on forms 36 adopted by the governing authority. The application must contain the 37 following:
- 38 (a) Information setting forth the grounds supporting the 39 requested exemption, including information indicated on the

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- application form and other requirements specified in the governing authority's adopted exemption program;
- 3 (b) A description of the project, including the floor plan of 4 units and other information requested;

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- (c) A statement that the applicant is aware of the potential tax liability involved when the property ceases to be eligible for the incentive provided under this chapter; and
- 8 (d) A certification of family size and annual income in a form 9 acceptable to the governing authority for designated affordable 10 housing units.
- 11 (2) The applicant must verify the information provided in the application by oath or affirmation.
- 13 (3) The applicant must submit a fee, if any, with the application 14 as required under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Upon receipt of an application meeting the requirements of section 10 of this act, the city or county must inspect the property to certify compliance with health and quality standards.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) The governing authority or its designated administrative official or agent may approve the application if it finds that:
- 22 (a) The property meets affordable housing requirements as 23 described in section 5 of this act;
 - (b) The property meets health and quality standards; and
- 25 (c) The owner has complied with all standards and guidelines 26 adopted by the governing authority under this chapter.
 - (2) If the application is approved, the governing authority must issue the owner a certificate of acceptance of tax exemption. The certificate must contain a statement specifying that the property has complied with the required findings indicated in this chapter. The governing authority must submit a copy of the certificate with the assessor no later than October 1st of the year before the exemption is to be applied.
- 34 (3) If the application is denied, the governing authority must 35 state in writing the reasons for denial and issue notice to the 36 applicant by regular or certified mail to the applicant's last known 37 address, or by other means reasonably calculated to provide notice, 38 within ten days of the denial.

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(4) An applicant may appeal the governing authority decision to the governing authority or its designated agent within thirty days after receipt. The appeal must be based upon the record made before the administrative official or commission, and the burden is on the applicant to show that the governing authority's decision is not supported by substantial evidence.

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- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** The governing authority may establish an application fee or other fees to not exceed an amount determined to 8 be required to cover the anticipated cost to be incurred by the city 9 10 and county in administering this chapter. The application fee, if established, must be paid at the time the application is submitted. 11 If the application is denied, the governing authority may retain that 12 13 portion of the application fee attributable their to own administrative costs and refund the balance to the applicant. 14
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. (1) The owner receiving a tax exemption under this chapter must obtain from each tenant living in designated affordable housing units, no less than annually, a certification of family size and annual income in a form acceptable to the governing authority.
- 20 (2) The owner must file a report with the governing authority's designated official at least annually indicating the following:
 - (a) Family size and annual income for each tenant living in designated affordable housing rental units and a statement that the property is in compliance with affordable housing requirements described in section 5 of this act;
 - (b) A statement of occupancy and vacancy;
 - (c) A schedule of rents charged in market rate units;
 - (d) A description of any changes or improvements; and
- 29 (e) Any other information required to determine compliance with 30 program requirements.
 - (3) A governing authority that issues certificates of tax exemption under this chapter must report annually to the department of commerce the following information:
 - (a) The number of tax exemption certificates granted;
- 35 (b) The number and type of units in building properties receiving 36 a tax exemption;
- 37 (c) The number and type of units meeting affordable housing 38 requirements;

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1 (d) The total monthly rent amount for each affordable and market 2 rate unit; and

- (e) The dollar amount of the tax exemption issued for each project and the total dollar amount of tax exemptions granted within the city or county.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. (1) Improvements exempted under this chapter continue to be exempted for the applicable period under section 6 of this act, if the improvements continue to satisfy all applicable conditions. If the owner intends to discontinue compliance with the affordable housing requirements as described in section 6 of this act or any other condition to the exemption, the owner must notify the jurisdiction within sixty days of the owner's intended discontinuance. If the city or county is notified by the owner, or if the city or town discovers that a portion of the property no longer meets the qualifications of the city or county's exemption program, the tax exemption is canceled, and the following must occur:
- (a) Additional real property tax must be imposed on the property. This additional tax is the difference between the property tax paid and the property tax that would have been paid if the property had included the value of the nonqualifying improvements, for each of the prior six years during which the exemption was claimed;
- (b) Additional interest is owed upon the amounts of the additional property tax at the same statutory rate charged on delinquent property taxes, calculated from the dates on which the additional tax would have been payable without the tax exemption;
- (c) A penalty must be imposed in the amount equal to twenty percent of the additional property tax imposed under this section; and
- (d) The additional tax, interest, and penalty are declared to be a lien on the real property and attach at the time the property or portion of the property is removed from the tax exemption program. The lien has priority to and must be fully paid and satisfied before a recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable, except that the lien is of equal rank with liens for amounts deferred under chapter 84.37 or 84.38 RCW. The lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes. An additional tax unpaid on its due date is

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delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest must be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

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- (2) Upon a determination that a tax exemption is to be canceled 4 for a reason stated in this section, the governing authority or 5 6 authorized representative of the governing authority must notify the taxpayer shown by the tax rolls by certified mail of the 7 determination to cancel the tax exemption. The owner may appeal the 8 determination within thirty days of the date of the notice by filing 9 a notice of appeal with the clerk of the governing authority, 10 11 specifying the factual and legal basis upon which the determination 12 of cancellation is alleged to be erroneous. The governing authority or its authorized agent may hear the appeal. At the hearing, all 13 affected parties may be heard and all competent evidence received. 14 The burden is on the taxpayer to show that the governing authority's 15 16 decision is not supported by substantial evidence. After the hearing, 17 the decision maker must affirm, modify, or overturn the decision to 18 cancel the tax exemption based on the evidence received. An aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the deciding body or officer to the 19 20 superior court.
- 21 (3) The assessor must annually value the exempt and nonexempt 22 portions of the property and improvements as necessary to permit the 23 correction of the rolls in accordance with this section.
- 24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. This section is the tax preference 25 performance statement for the tax preferences contained in chapter . . ., Laws of 2019 (this act). This performance statement is 26 27 only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax 28 preference. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax 29 30 treatment.
- 31 (1) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one 32 intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers, as 33 indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(a).
 - (2) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to preserve quality and healthy affordable housing where housing options, including quality and healthy affordable housing options, are severely limited. It is the legislature's intent to provide the value of residential improvements and land qualifying under chapter . . ., Laws of 2019 (this act) an exemption from ad valorem

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- 1 property taxation for six years, as provided for in chapter . . .,
- 2 Laws of 2019 (this act), to provide incentives to property owners to
- 3 preserve affordable housing units for low-income households.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** Sections 1 through 15 of this act
- 5 constitute a new chapter in Title 84 RCW.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** This act is exempt from the provisions of
- 7 RCW 82.32.805(1)(a).

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