HOUSE BILL 1188

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Representatives Dent, Blake, and Schmick

Read first time 01/16/19. Referred to Committee on Rural Development, Agriculture, & Natural Resources.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to rangeland fire protection associations;
- 2 amending RCW 43.30.111 and 52.12.160; adding a new section to chapter
- 3 43.30 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 24 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- The legislature finds that ranchers, 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. 6 farmers, rural property owners, and others who live and work in the 7 rural areas of our state that are most susceptible to the threat of wildfire are uniquely situated, by virtue of their knowledge of the 8 land and proximity to wildfires, to provide critical initial attack 9 10 firefighting capabilities. Rangeland fire protection associations 11 offer a coordinated approach to wildland fire suppression, by taking advantage of the quick initial attack capabilities of those already 12 out on the land, addressing the desire of those living and working in 13 14 wildland areas to be active participants in protecting the places where they live and work, ensuring that all those engaged in the 15 16 wildland firefighting effort have the necessary training, equipment, 17 and communications capabilities, and supporting the state's efforts provide a complete, coordinated approach to wildland 18 prevention, detection, and suppression. The purpose of rangeland fire 19 protection associations is to augment, not supplant or displace, 20 21 existing wildland firefighting operational structures

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- jurisdictions. In circumstances where the geographic range of a rangeland fire protection association overlaps with the jurisdiction of a fire protection service agency, or of a fire protection jurisdiction, with responsibility for fire suppression on the land, the fire protection service agency, or fire protection jurisdiction, as appropriate, remains the lead fire protection entity for that land.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The definitions in this section apply 9 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 10 otherwise.

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- (1) "Member" means an individual who has been appointed by a rangeland fire protection association to perform fire detection, prevention, and suppression services.
- (2) "Rangeland fire protection association" means a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit unincorporated association that has entered into an agreement for the detection, prevention, or suppression of wildfires with the state of Washington or any agency of the state of Washington.
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) Persons engaged in the detection, prevention, and suppression of wildfires outside of the boundaries of 20 a local, regional, or state fire protection agency may act together 21 for mutual benefit of the members and their communities in nonprofit 22 23 associations or unincorporated associations. Such an association 24 shall include in its name "rangeland fire protection association." Such an association is authorized to enter into agreements with fire 25 protection service agencies, as defined in RCW 52.12.160, for the 26 27 detection, prevention, or suppression of wildfires.
 - (2) The rangeland fire protection association shall identify the physical boundaries within which it will provide detection, prevention, and suppression of wildfire services and resources.
 - (3) The rangeland fire protection association must have liability insurance.
 - (4) The provisions of this chapter do not require a person or a person's agent to be a member of a rangeland fire protection association in order to suppress a fire occurring on the person's property or fires that pose a threat to the person's property.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Rangeland fire protection association members must:
 - (a) Be at least eighteen years of age;

- (b) During all fire suppression activities, use and maintain personal protective equipment that meets published standards of the Washington state department of natural resources or United States bureau of land management as appropriate during wildfire suppression activities; and
- (c) Have achieved a basic level of wildland fire training. The recommended training for a rangeland fire protection association member is training that achieves the level of wildland firefighter 2, as specified in the published standards of the national wildfire coordinating group.
- 14 (2) The provisions of RCW 76.04.770 apply to members of a rangeland fire protection association.
 - Sec. 5. RCW 43.30.111 and 2017 c 104 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The commissioner must appoint a local wildland fire liaison that reports directly to the commissioner or the supervisor and generally represents the interests and concerns of landowners and the general public during any fire suppression activities of the department.
 - (2) The role of the local wildland fire liaison is to:
 - (a) Provide advice to the commissioner on issues such as access to land during fire suppression activities, the availability of local fire suppression assets, environmental concerns, and landowner interests; ((and))
 - (b) Provide information to a rangeland fire protection association concerning the department's wildfire detection, prevention, and suppression activities taking place within the boundaries of the rangeland fire protection association; and
 - (c) Fulfill other duties as assigned by the commissioner or the legislature, including the recruitment of local wildland fire suppression contractors as provided in RCW 76.04.181.
 - (3) In appointing the local wildland fire liaison, the commissioner must consult with county legislative authorities either directly or through an organization that represents the interests of county legislative authorities.

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- 1 (4) All requirements in this section are subject to the 2 availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purposes 3 described.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 43.30 5 RCW to read as follows:

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- (1) (a) The department may enter into agreements for the detection, prevention, or suppression of fires with a rangeland fire protection association established under Title 24 RCW.
- 9 (b) The department may negotiate the form and content of the 10 agreement, and may determine the safety, administrative, and training 11 requirements that must be met in order for the rangeland fire 12 protection association to enter into an agreement.
 - (2) The department shall assist, to the extent practicable, any rangeland fire protection association with which it has signed an agreement in procuring: Funding or equipment for the association to carry out the duties of the association; training for the members of the association; and personal protective equipment for the members of the association.
- 19 (3) The department may develop and publish recommendations 20 concerning the formation, management, operation, and training of 21 members of a rangeland fire protection association established under 22 Title 24 RCW.
- 23 (4) Prior to entering into an agreement with a rangeland fire 24 protection association, and annually thereafter, the department shall 25 review and inspect the rangeland fire protection association for the 26 following:
- 27 (a) The governance and management structure of the rangeland fire 28 protection association;
 - (b) The adequacy of liability insurance; and
- 30 (c) The training of all rangeland fire protection association 31 personnel.
- 32 **Sec. 7.** RCW 52.12.160 and 2012 c 14 s 1 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 (1) The definitions in this section apply throughout this section 35 and RCW 4.24.780 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 36 (a) "Fire protection service agency" or "agency" means any local, 37 state, or federal governmental entity responsible for the provision 38 of firefighting services, including fire protection districts,

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regional fire protection service authorities, cities, towns, port districts, the department of natural resources, and federal reservations.

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- (b) "Fire protection jurisdiction" means an area or property located within a fire protection district, a regional fire protection service authority, a city, a town, a port district, lands protected by the department of natural resources under chapter 76.04 RCW, or on federal lands.
- 9 (c) "Firefighting services" means the provision of fire 10 prevention services, fire suppression services, emergency medical 11 services, and other services related to the protection of life and 12 property.
- 13 (d) "Improved property" means property upon which a structure is 14 located, including bridges and agricultural structures as defined in 15 RCW 19.27.015.
 - (e) "Property" means land, structures, or land and structures.
- 17 (f) "Unimproved property" has the same meaning as "unimproved lands" in RCW 76.04.005.
- 19 (g) "Unprotected land" means improved property located outside a 20 fire protection jurisdiction.
 - (2) (a) In order to facilitate the provision of firefighting services to unprotected lands, property owners of unprotected lands are encouraged, to the extent practicable, to form or annex into a fire protection jurisdiction or to enter into a written contractual agreement with a fire protection service agency or agencies for the provision of firefighting services. Any written contractual agreement between a property owner and a fire protection service agency must include, at minimum, a risk assessment of the property as well as a capabilities assessment for the district.
 - (b) Property owners of unprotected land who choose not to form or annex into a fire protection jurisdiction or to enter into a written contractual agreement with a fire protection agency or agencies for the provision of firefighting services, do so willingly and with full knowledge that a fire protection service agency is not obligated to provide firefighting services to unprotected land.
 - (3) In the absence of a written contractual agreement, a fire protection service agency may initiate firefighting services on unprotected land outside its fire protection jurisdiction in the following instances: (a) Service was specifically requested by a landowner or other fire service protection agency; (b) service could

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reasonably be believed to prevent the spread of a fire onto lands protected by the agency; or (c) service could reasonably be believed to substantially mitigate the risk of harm to life or property by preventing the spread of a fire onto other unprotected lands.

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- (4) (a) The property owner or owners shall reimburse an agency initiating firefighting services on unprotected land outside its fire protection jurisdiction for actual costs that are incurred that are proportionate to the fire itself. Cost recovery is based upon the Washington fire chiefs standardized fire service fee schedule.
- (b) If a property owner fails to pay or defaults in payment to an agency for services rendered, the agency is entitled to pursue payment through the collections process outlined in RCW 19.16.500 or through initiation of court action.
- (5) A fire protection service agency may enter into agreements 14 for the detection, prevention, or suppression of fires with a 15 rangeland fire protection association established under Title 24 RCW. 16 17 The fire protection service agency may negotiate the form and content of the agreement, and may determine the safety, administrative, and 18 19 training requirements that must be met in order for the rangeland fire protection association to enter into an agreement. Agreements 20 21 may also include assistance with procuring equipment and training.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 24 RCW.

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