FINAL BILL REPORT SSB 5668

C 357 L 19

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Concerning taxation of abandoned vehicles sold at auctions conducted by registered tow truck operators.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Takko, Warnick and Fortunato).

Senate Committee on Transportation Senate Committee on Ways & Means House Committee on Transportation House Committee on Finance

Background: Abandoned Vehicles Sold at Public Auction. Impounds, or the taking and holding of a vehicle in legal custody without the consent of the owner, may only be performed by registered tow truck operators (RTTOs). When a vehicle is impounded, an RTTO must send an impound notice to the legal owner, based on information received from law enforcement.

After a vehicle is held in impound for more than 120 hours it is considered abandoned, and an RTTO must file an abandoned vehicle report (AVR) with the Department of Licensing (DOL). In response to the AVR, DOL provides information to the RTTO regarding the owner of the vehicle, and the RTTO must send, by certified mail, a notice of custody and sale to the owner.

If the vehicle remains unclaimed, the RTTO must conduct a sale at public auction. Vehicles may be redeemed by their legal owners any time before the start of the auction upon payment of towing and storage charges.

RTTOs collect towing and storage charges on abandoned vehicles via a lien against the sale of the vehicle at auction. If the vehicle sale proceeds are less than the lien, the remaining charges owed to the RTTO are sent to a collection agency for recovery of the deficient claim.

<u>Sales and Use Tax.</u> Retail sales taxes are imposed on retail sales of most articles of tangible personal property, digital products, and some services. A retail sale is a sale to the final consumer or end user of the property, digital product, or service. If retail sales taxes were not collected when the user acquired the property, digital products, or services, then use taxes applies to the value of property, digital product, or service when used in this state. The state,

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most cities, and all counties levy retail sales and use taxes. The state sales and use tax rate is 6.5 percent; local sales and use tax rates vary from 0.5 percent to 3.0 percent, depending on the location.

<u>Tax Preference Performance Review.</u> All new tax preference legislation is required to include a tax preference performance statement, unless the legislation is explicitly exempt from tax preference performance requirements. The performance statement must clearly specify the public policy objectives of the tax preference, and the specific metrics and data that will be used by the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) to evaluate the efficacy of the tax preference. An automatic ten-year expiration date applies to new tax preferences if an alternate expiration date is not provided in the new tax preference legislation.

Summary: The term "sale" does not include:

- an abandoned vehicle sold by an RTTO to a successful bidder at public auction; or,
- if there is no successful bidder, to a licensed vehicle wrecker, hulk hauler, or scrap processor.

The exemption does not apply to use taxes that may be imposed on an abandoned vehicle by any consumer or any other applicable taxes imposed on automobile towing and storage services provided by an RTTO.

The exemption under this act expires January 1, 2030, and is subject to tax preference performance review requirements.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate 47 1 House 95 2

Effective: July 28, 2019