SENATE BILL REPORT SB 5410

As of February 4, 2019

Title: An act relating to a systemwide credit policy regarding advanced placement, international baccalaureate, and Cambridge international exams.

Brief Description: Establishing a systemwide credit policy regarding advanced placement, international baccalaureate, and Cambridge international exams.

Sponsors: Senators Mullet, Rivers, Palumbo, Liias and Wilson, C..

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Higher Education & Workforce Development: 1/29/19.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires the Washington Student Achievement Council to adopt a systemwide policy for awarding credit for passing scores on Advanced Placement (AP), Cambridge International (CI), and International Baccalaureate (IB) exams.
- Repeals portions of the 2017 and 2018 session laws regarding institutional AP, CI, and IB policies.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Staff: Alicia Kinne-Clawson (786-7407)

Background: There are several dual credit opportunities for students in high school to earn college credits. National examination based options include the AP, IB, and CI.

In 2017, legislation was enacted requiring higher education institutions to establish a coordinated, evidence-based policy for granting undergraduate college credits to students who earn minimum scores of three on AP examinations. Institutions must post the policy on campus websites effective for the 2017 fall academic term, and conduct reviews of the policy and report noncompliance in annual reports to the Legislature beginning November 1, 2019.

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This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

In 2018, ESB 5917 was enacted requiring higher education institutions to establish a coordinated, evidence-based policy for granting as much undergraduate credit as practicable for students who earn passing scores on IB and CI examinations. The institutions must post the policy on campus websites effective for the 2018 fall academic term, and conduct reviews of the policy and report noncompliance in annual reports to the Legislature beginning November 1, 2020.

Summary of Bill: The Washington Student Achievement Council (WSAC) must establish an evidence-based systemwide policy for awarding undergraduate course credits to students who earn a minimum score of:

- three on an AP exam:
- four on a standard-level or higher-level IB exam; or
- E on a CI exam.

By November 1, 2020, and each November 1st thereafter, WSAC must conduct a biannual review of the systemwide credit policies and report noncompliance to the appropriate committees of the Legislature.

Laws requiring the higher education institutions to establish evidence-based policies for the awarding of AP, IB, and CI credits are repealed.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony: PRO: A few years ago the Legislature passed a bill requiring institutions to give credit for passing scores on AP exams. We then heard from IB students that wanted access to the same opportunity. We ended with a lot of students who thought the IB problem had been solved after last session when if fact it had not. My goal is to guarantee that next fall we are not in this same position and that all students get credit for earning a passing score on AP or IB exams. The AP and IB curriculums are rigorous. Participating in these courses have numerous benefits to students. The curriculum is research based and many states requires that institutions award credits for passing these exams. AP has research showing students who perform well on exams perform well in college. Successfully passing these exams and earning college credit saves students money and helps them graduate sooner. If you do not give credit for a three you disproportionately impact students of color.

OTHER: We are strong supporters of dual credit programs and we know that students who come to our institutions with these programs are well prepared and do well in our institutions. We support a number of the elements in this bill and are actively working to develop a policy that awards credit for these programs. We believe that our faculty must have a say in determining our own institutional credit policies and ensuring that our students are prepared to be successful in our courses. Last year you assigned us work in articulating credit for IB

and Cambridge exams. We are in the process of a rigorous, evidence-based review of all policies and anticipate having new policies to you in the next couple months. We would like to see the current process through in evaluating existing policies. We believe establishing credit policy is outside the charge of the WSAC and should remain with our institutions. Taking credit awarding policy away from the institutions could jeopardize accreditation.

Persons Testifying: PRO: Senator Mark Mullet, Prime Sponsor; Heidi Bennett, Washington State PTA; Jason Langdon, College Board; Terry Whitney, Senior Director, College Board.

OTHER: Joe Dacca, University of Washington; Chris Mulick, Washington State University; Steve Bollens, WSU Faculty/Council of Faculty Representatives; Bill Lyne, United Faculty of Washington State.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: No one.

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