

# SENATE BILL REPORT

## HB 1247

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As Passed Senate, March 29, 2019

**Title:** An act relating to the Washington state credit union act.

**Brief Description:** Concerning the Washington state credit union act.

**Sponsors:** Representatives Reeves and Hoff.

**Brief History:** Passed House: 3/01/19, 95-0.

**Committee Activity:** Financial Institutions, Economic Development & Trade: 3/14/19 [DP].

**Floor Activity:**

Passed Senate: 3/29/19, 46-0.

### Brief Summary of Bill

- Eliminates the requirement for annual and special meetings of a state-chartered credit union to be held at a designated place.
- Requires verification of member accounts at least every two years.
- Allows membership to include groups situated fully or partially outside of the state.
- Provides state-chartered credit unions with all powers and authorities of out-of-state credit unions, except membership.
- Allows state-chartered credit unions to invest in additional types of funds.

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### SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TRADE

**Majority Report:** Do pass.

Signed by Senators Mullet, Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Wilson, L., Ranking Member; Das, Ericksen and Hobbs.

**Staff:** Clint McCarthy (786-7319)

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*This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.*

**Background:** Governance. A credit union under the laws of Washington State, including out-of-state credit unions with a branch in Washington State, has the powers and authorities that federal credit unions had on December 31, 1993 or a subsequent date no later than July 23, 2017. A credit union's bylaws prescribe the time and place of an annual membership meeting, as well as how much notice is provided in advance of the meetings. Special membership meetings must be held at a reasonable location within the county in which the principal place of business of the credit union is located.

Supervisory committees have at least three members that are elected at the credit union annual membership meeting. The supervisory committee:

- keeps informed as to the financial condition of the credit union and the decisions of the credit union's board;
- performs or arranges an annual audit;
- provides an annual report to members at each annual membership meeting;
- performs or arranges additional audits as requested by the board;
- monitors the implementation of management responses to audits and regulatory examinations;
- implements a process for the supervisory committee to receive and respond to whistleblower complaints; and
- performs any additional duties as specified by the board or credit union bylaws.

Membership. A credit union may admit individuals that qualify for membership as set forth in the credit union's bylaws. Membership is limited to groups having a common bond of occupation or association, or to groups within a well-defined neighborhood, community, or rural district. The director of a credit union may approve the inclusion within the field of membership of a credit union, a group having a separate common bond if the director determines the group is not of sufficient size or resources to support a viable credit union of its own.

Investment of Credit Union Funds. Credit unions may invest funds in a number of different investment types so long as the investments are deemed prudent by the board. Examples include:

- loans held by other types of credit unions;
- fixed income securities such as bonds;
- mutual funds with a portfolio of securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government;
- shares of stocks whose primary purpose is to strengthen, advance, or provide services in the credit union industry or for credit union's membership; and
- insurance policies and investment products related to employee benefits.

**Summary of Bill:** Governance. References for an annual or special membership meeting to be held at a designated place are removed. The supervisory committee must verify member accounts at least every two years and report any related findings and recommendations to the board.

Membership. With approval from the Department of Financial Institutions (DFI), a credit union's membership may include groups situated fully or partially outside the state if:

- the groups have a common bond of occupation or association; or

- the groups are within a well defined neighborhood, community, or rural district.

Credit Union Authority. State-chartered credit unions are provided all powers and authorities of out-of-state credit unions, except membership, so long as insurance and other requirements are met. A state-chartered credit union exercising any authority of an out-of-state credit union must notify DFI.

Investments. A state-chartered credit union may invest in funds authorized for state deposits. A state-chartered credit union approved as a public depository may also invest in securities authorized as eligible collateral for public deposits.

**Appropriation:** None.

**Fiscal Note:** Available.

**Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members:** No.

**Effective Date:** Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

**Staff Summary of Public Testimony:** PRO: This bill helps us serve our members better. It helps add clarity to how the Department of Financial Institutions regulate us.

**Persons Testifying:** PRO: Joe Adamack, Northwest Credit Union Association.

**Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying:** No one.