<u>SSB 5848</u> - S AMD 10000 By Senator Darneille

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PULLED 09/17/2019

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- "Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.589 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 3 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Except as provided in (b), (c), or (d) of this subsection, whenever a person is to be sentenced for two or more current offenses, the sentence range for each current offense shall be determined by using all other current and prior convictions as if they were prior convictions for the purpose of the offender score: PROVIDED, That if the court enters a finding that some or all of the current offenses encompass the same criminal conduct then those current offenses shall be counted as one crime. Sentences imposed under this subsection shall be served concurrently. Consecutive sentences may only be imposed under the exceptional sentence provisions of RCW 9.94A.535. "Same criminal conduct," as used in this subsection, means two or more crimes that require the same criminal intent, are committed at the same time and place, and involve the same victim. This definition applies in cases involving vehicular assault or vehicular homicide even if the victims occupied the same vehicle.
- (b) Whenever a person is convicted of two or more serious violent offenses arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct, the standard sentence range for the offense with the highest seriousness level under RCW 9.94A.515 shall be determined using the offender's prior convictions and other current convictions that are not serious violent offenses in the offender score and the standard sentence range for other serious violent offenses shall be determined by using an offender score of zero. The standard sentence range for any offenses that are not serious violent offenses shall be determined according to (a) of this subsection. All sentences imposed under this subsection (1) (b) shall be served consecutively to each other and concurrently with sentences imposed under (a) of this subsection. However, unless the court expressly orders that the community custody

terms run consecutively to each other, the terms of community custody

shall run concurrently to each other even if the court orders the

confinement terms to run consecutively to each other.

- (c) If an offender is convicted under RCW 9.41.040 for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree and for the felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, the standard sentence range for each of these current offenses shall be determined by using all other current and prior convictions, except other current convictions for the felony crimes listed in this subsection (1)(c), as if they were prior convictions. The offender shall serve consecutive sentences for each conviction of the felony crimes listed in this subsection (1)(c), and for each firearm unlawfully possessed.
- (d) All sentences imposed under RCW 46.61.502(6), 46.61.504(6), or 46.61.5055(4) shall be served consecutively to any sentences imposed under RCW 46.20.740 and 46.20.750.
- (2) (a) ((Except as provided in (b) of this subsection,)) Whenever a person while under sentence for conviction of a felony commits another felony and is sentenced to another term of confinement, the latter term of confinement shall not begin until expiration of all prior terms of confinement. However, any terms of community custody shall run concurrently to each other, unless the court pronouncing the current sentence expressly orders that they be served consecutively.
- (b) Whenever a second or later felony conviction results in consecutive community ((supervision)) custody with conditions not currently in effect, under the prior sentence or sentences of community ((supervision)) custody the court may require that the conditions of community ((supervision)) custody contained in the second or later sentence begin during the immediate term of community ((supervision)) custody and continue throughout the duration of the consecutive term of community ((supervision)) custody.
- (3) Subject to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, whenever a person is sentenced for a felony that was committed while the person was not under sentence for conviction of a felony, the sentence shall run concurrently with any felony sentence which has been imposed by any court in this or another state or by a federal court subsequent to the commission of the crime being sentenced unless the court pronouncing the current sentence expressly orders that ((they)) the confinement terms be served consecutively to each

- 1 other. Unless the court expressly orders that the community custody
- 2 terms run consecutively, such terms of community custody run
 3 concurrently to each other even if the court orders the confinement
- 4 terms to run consecutively to each other.
- (4) Whenever any person granted probation under RCW 9.95.210 or 9.92.060, or both, has the probationary sentence revoked and a prison sentence imposed, that sentence shall run consecutively to any sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter, unless the court pronouncing the subsequent sentence expressly orders that they be
- 10 served concurrently.

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- (5) In the case of consecutive sentences, all periods of total 11 12 confinement shall be served before any partial confinement, community restitution, community supervision, or any other requirement or 13 14 conditions of any of the sentences. Except for exceptional sentences as authorized under RCW 9.94A.535, if two or more sentences that run 15 16 consecutively include periods of community supervision, the aggregate 17 of the community supervision period shall not exceed twenty-four 18 months.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.94B.050 and 2003 c 379 s 4 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - When a court sentences an offender to a term of total confinement in the custody of the department for any of the offenses specified in this section, the court shall also sentence the offender to a term of community placement as provided in this section. Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, the department shall supervise any sentence of community placement imposed under this section.
- 27 (1) The court shall order a one-year term of community placement 28 for the following:
- 29 (a) A sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after 30 July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990; or
- 31 (b) An offense committed on or after July 1, 1988, but before 32 July 25, 1999, that is:
 - (i) Assault in the second degree;
- 34 (ii) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 35 (iii) A crime against persons where it is determined in accordance with RCW ((9.94A.602)) 9.94A.825 that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission; 38 or

1 (iv) A felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not 2 sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660.

- (2) The court shall sentence the offender to a term of community placement of two years or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728, whichever is longer, for:
- (a) An offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, including those sex offenses also included in other offense categories;
- (b) A serious violent offense other than a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before July 1, 2000; or
- (c) A vehicular homicide or vehicular assault committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before July 1, 2000.
- (3) The community placement ordered under this section shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. When the court sentences an offender to the statutory maximum sentence then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible. Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. The community placement shall run concurrently to any period of probation, parole, community supervision, community placement, or community custody previously imposed by any court in any jurisdiction, unless the court pronouncing the current sentence expressly orders that they be served consecutively to each other.
- (4) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of any community placement imposed under this section shall include the following conditions:
- (a) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (b) The offender shall work at department-approved education, employment, or community restitution, or any combination thereof;
 - (c) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- 35 (d) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the 36 department; and
- 37 (e) The residence location and living arrangements shall be 38 subject to the prior approval of the department during the period of 39 community placement.

- 1 (5) As a part of any terms of community placement imposed under this section, the court may also order one or more of the following 2 special conditions: 3
 - (a) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;
 - (b) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- (c) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 8 counseling services; 9
 - (d) The offender shall not consume alcohol; or

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- 11 The offender shall comply with any crime-related 12 prohibitions.
 - (6) An offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.
- (7) Prior to or during community placement, upon recommendation 18 of the department, the sentencing court may remove or modify any 19 conditions of community placement so as not to be more restrictive. 20
- 21 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.729 and 2015 c 134 s 4 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
 - (1)(a) The term of the sentence of an offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be developed and adopted by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits.
 - (b) Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow offender to earn early release credits for presentence an incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the number of days of early release credits lost or not earned. The department may approve a jail certification from a correctional agency that calculates early release time based on the

- actual amount of confinement time served by the offender before 1 sentencing when an erroneous calculation of confinement time served 2 by the offender before sentencing appears on the judgment and 3 sentence. The department must adjust an offender's rate of early 4 release listed on the jail certification to be consistent with the 5 6 rate applicable to offenders in the department's facilities. However, the department is not authorized to adjust the number of presentence 7 early release days that the jail has certified as lost or not earned. 8
 - (2) An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.
 - (3) An offender may earn early release time as follows:
 - (a) In the case of an offender sentenced pursuant to RCW 10.95.030(3) or 10.95.035, the offender may not receive any earned early release time during the minimum term of confinement imposed by the court; for any remaining portion of the sentence served by the offender, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.
 - (b) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence.
 - (c) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.
- 30 (d) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of 31 aggregate earned release time if he or she:
- 32 (i) Is not classified as an offender who is at a high risk to 33 reoffend as provided in subsection (4) of this section;
 - (ii) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
- 35 (A) A sex offense;

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- (B) A violent offense;
- (C) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
- 38 (D) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 39 10.99.020;
- 40 (E) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

1 (F) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 2 violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with 3 intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

- (G) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- 7 (iii) Has no prior conviction for the offenses listed in (d)(ii) 8 of this subsection;
 - (iv) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to the extent that such programming or activities are made available by the department; and
- 13 (v) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while 14 under community custody.
- 15 (e) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time 16 exceed one-third of the total sentence.
 - (4) The department shall perform a risk assessment of each offender who may qualify for earned early release under subsection (3)(d) of this section utilizing the risk assessment tool recommended by the Washington state institute for public policy. Subsection (3)(d) of this section does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.
 - (5)(a) A person who is eligible for earned early release as provided in this section and who will be supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 or 9.94A.5011, shall be transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release time;
 - (b) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;
 - (c) The department may deny transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The Code Rev/CL:akl

department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody;

- (d) If the department is unable to approve the offender's release plan, the department may do one or more of the following:
- (i) Transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of earned early release for a period not to exceed three months. The three months in partial confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in RCW 9.94A.728(((5))) (1)(e);
- (ii) Provide rental vouchers to the offender for a period not to exceed three months if rental assistance will result in an approved release plan;
- (iii) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, and if rental assistance will result in an approved release plan for the offender, the department may extend the rental voucher period to a length not to exceed six months in total.
- A voucher must be provided in conjunction with additional transition support programming or services that enable an offender to participate in services including, but not limited to, substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, sex offender treatment, educational programming, or employment programming;
- (e) The department shall maintain a list of housing providers that meets the requirements of RCW 72.09.285. If more than two voucher recipients will be residing per dwelling unit, as defined in RCW 59.18.030, rental vouchers for those recipients may only be paid to a housing provider on the department's list;
- (f) For each offender who is the recipient of a rental voucher, the department shall gather data as recommended by the Washington state institute for public policy in order to best demonstrate whether rental vouchers are effective in reducing recidivism.
- 32 (6) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 33 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this section.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2018 c 166 s 3 are each amended to 36 read as follows:
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

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1 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 2 under chapter 9.95 RCW.

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- (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, means that the department, either directly or through a collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
- 12 (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
 - (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.
 - (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department.
- 22 (6) "Community protection zone" means the area within eight 23 hundred eighty feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or 24 private school.
- 25 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 26 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 27 offender.
 - (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 30 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, 31 and acceptance of a plea of guilty.
 - (10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.

- 1 (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior 2 convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in 3 federal court, or elsewhere, and any issued certificates of 4 restoration of opportunity pursuant to RCW 9.97.020.
- 5 (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction 6 (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length 7 and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been 8 incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

- (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.
- (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.
 - (12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their members or agents.
 - (13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the criminal street gang.
 - (14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:
 - (a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;
- 39 (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, 40 prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;

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1 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of the gang;

- (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness against the gang or any member of the gang;
- (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement, gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation, influence, or membership; or
- (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 9.68 RCW).
- (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
- (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.
 - (17) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- (19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other

- 1 process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation,
- 2 specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or
- 3 retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not
- 4 include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW
- 5 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.
- 6 (20) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 10.99.020 and 26.50.010.
- 8 (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing 9 option available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than 10 a violent offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the 11 option under RCW 9.94A.660.
 - (22) "Drug offense" means:

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- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 16 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that 17 relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or 18 transportation of a controlled substance; or
- 19 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the 20 laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense 21 under (a) of this subsection.
- 22 (23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 23 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
 - (24) "Electronic monitoring" means tracking the location of an individual, whether pretrial or posttrial, through the use of technology that is capable of determining or identifying the monitored individual's presence or absence at a particular location including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or removes the monitoring device; or
 - (b) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location.
 - (25) "Escape" means:
- (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060),

- willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
 - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.
 - (26) "Felony traffic offense" means:

- (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or
- (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- (27) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of time.
- (28) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
- (29) "Home detention" is a subset of electronic monitoring and means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence twenty-four hours a day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising agency that ordered home detention, and the offender is subject to electronic monitoring.
- (30) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:
- (a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living accommodations;
- (b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or
- 37 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 38 invitee.
- 39 (31) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is 40 ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal Code Rev/CL:akl 13 S-4455.1/19

- 1 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim,
- 2 statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed
- 3 pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug
- 4 funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines,
- 5 and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender
- 6 as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular
- 7 assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug,
- 8 RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence
- 9 of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal
- 10 financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of
- 11 the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the
- 12 conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.
- 13 (32) "Minor child" means a biological or adopted child of the 14 offender who is under age eighteen at the time of the offender's
- 15 current offense.

- 16 (33) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies 17 or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:
- 18 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 19 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 20 felony;
 - (b) Assault in the second degree;
- (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 23 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 24 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 25 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 26 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 27 (h) Indecent liberties;
- 28 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 29 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 30 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
 - (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 32 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 33 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 34 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 35 (p) Sexual exploitation;
- 36 (q) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of
- 37 a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating
- 38 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a
- 39 reckless manner;

- (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 5 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 6 motivation;
- 7 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.825;
- 9 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 10 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;
- (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 20 21 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 22 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator 23 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 24 25 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 26 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997; 27

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- (w) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was ten years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.
- (34) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.
- 36 (35) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony
 37 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is
 38 less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior
 39 court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the
 40 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW
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- 1 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 and supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.
 - (36) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention, electronic monitoring, or work crew has been ordered by the court or home detention has been ordered by the department as part of the parenting program or the graduated reentry program, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, electronic monitoring, and a combination of work crew, electronic monitoring, and home detention.
 - (37) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:
 - (a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:
- (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);
 - (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);
- 27 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled 28 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);
- (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act (chapter 9.41 RCW);
 - (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);
- 32 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);
- 33 (vii) Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);

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- (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));
- 36 (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);
- 37 (x) Any felony conviction by a person eighteen years of age or 38 older with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony 39 offense under RCW 9.94A.833;
- 40 (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);

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        (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);
        (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);
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        (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);
        (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);
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        (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);
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        (xvii)
                Taking a Motor Vehicle
                                            Without
                                                      Permission 1
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    9A.56.070);
        (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2
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                                                                      (RCW
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    9A.56.075);
        (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
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         (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
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        (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);
        (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);
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        (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
        (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
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        (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
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        (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);
         (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this
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    subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;
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         (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this
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    subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in
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    (a) of this subsection; and
        (d) Of the offenses that were committed in
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                                                            (a)
                                                                 of
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    subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were
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    committed by two or more persons.
        (38) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
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        (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered
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    a most serious offense; and
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        (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this
    subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate
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    occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under
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    the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and
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    would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided
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    that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction
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    must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most
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(b) (i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the Code Rev/CL:akl

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serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

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following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, assault of a child in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (38)(b)(i); and

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- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b) (i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b) (i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b) (i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b) (i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction under (b) (i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.
- (39) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" does not include home-based instruction as defined 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in authority in any recreational activity and the victim participant in the activity under his or her authority supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was a member or participant of the organization under his or her authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Homebased instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW

- 1 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person
- 2 in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the
- 3 victim.

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- 4 (40) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 5 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.
 - (41) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.
- 7 (42) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:
- 8 (a)(i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense 9 under RCW 9A.36.041;
- 10 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 11 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;
- (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW that is not a felony offense;
- 15 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 16 that is not a felony offense; or
- 17 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 18 is not a felony offense; or
- 19 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or 20 municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state 21 would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under 22 (a) of this subsection.
 - (43) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
 - (44) "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state institute for public policy as having the highest degree of predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.
 - (45) "Serious traffic offense" means:
- 32 (a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating 33 liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control 34 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 35 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an 36 attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 37 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction 38 for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified 39 as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

- 1 (46) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 2 offense and means:
- 3 (a) (i) Murder in the first degree;
- 4 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- 5 (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 6 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 7 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 8 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 9 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 10 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 11 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 12 commit one of these felonies; or
- 13 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 14 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 15 serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
 - (47) "Sex offense" means:

- 17 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 18 than RCW 9A.44.132;
- 19 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 20 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 21 than RCW 9.68A.080;
- (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes; or
- (v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) or 9A.44.130 prior to June 10, 2010, on at least one prior occasion;
- 29 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 30 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 31 sex offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 32 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 33 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
- 34 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 35 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 36 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 37 (48) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 38 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 39 sexual gratification.

- 1 (49) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
 - (50) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.
- 8 (51) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 9 twenty-four hours before the offense.
- 10 (52) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 11 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 12 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 13 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
 - (53) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.
- 20 (54) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 21 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 22 a direct result of the crime charged.
 - (55) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies:
- (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 27 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 28 class A felony;
 - (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
 - (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 31 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 32 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 33 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 34 (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 35 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 36 (x) Extortion in the first degree;
- 37 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;
- 38 (xii) Drive-by shooting;
- 39 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving
- 40 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating

liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner; and

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- (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
- (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- (56) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
- (57) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
- 23 (58) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 24 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 25 regular course of study at school.
- 26 (59) "Expectant parent" means a pregnant or other parent awaiting
 27 the birth of his or her child, or an adoptive parent or person in
 28 process of a final adoption.
- 29 **Sec. 5.** RCW 9.94A.655 and 2018 c 58 s 45 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- 31 (1) An offender is eligible for the parenting sentencing 32 alternative if:
- 33 (a) The high end of the standard sentence range for the current 34 offense is greater than one year;
- 35 (b) The offender has no prior or current conviction for a felony 36 ((that is a)) sex offense or a serious violent offense;
- 37 (c) The offender has ((not been found by the United States
 38 attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order and
 39 does not become subject to a deportation order during the period of
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- the sentence)) a current or prior conviction for a nonviolent offense, or the offender has a current or prior conviction for a violent offense and has been determined to be a low risk to reoffend;
 - (d) The offender signs any release of information waivers required to allow information regarding current or prior child welfare cases to be shared with the department and the court; and
 - (e) The offender ((has physical custody of his or her minor child or is a legal guardian or custodian with physical custody of a child under the age of eighteen at the time of the current offense)) is:
 - (i) A parent with physical custody of a minor child;
 - (ii) An expectant parent;

- (iii) A legal quardian of a minor child; or
- (iv) A biological parent, adoptive parent, custodian, or stepparent with a proven, established, ongoing, and substantial relationship with a minor child that existed at the time of the offense.
 - (2) Prior juvenile adjudications are not considered offenses when considering eligibility for the parenting sentencing alternative.
 - (3) To assist the court in making its determination, the court may order the department to complete ((either)) a risk assessment report, including a family impact statement or a chemical dependency screening report as provided in RCW 9.94A.500, ((or both reports)) prior to sentencing.
 - ((+3)) (4) If the court is considering this alternative, the court shall request that the department contact the department of children, youth, and families to determine if the agency has an open child welfare case or prior substantiated referral of abuse or neglect involving the offender or if the agency is aware of any substantiated case of abuse or neglect with a tribal child welfare agency involving the offender.
 - (a) If the offender has an open child welfare case, the department will provide the release of information waiver and request that the department of children, youth, and families or the tribal child welfare agency provide a report to the court. The department of children, youth, and families shall provide a copy of the most recent court order, if any, or if there is no court involvement or no court order, the agency shall report within seven business days of the request that includes, at the minimum, the following:
 - (i) Legal status of the child welfare case;

- 1 (ii) Length of time the department of children, youth, and 2 families has ((been involved with)) had an open child welfare case 3 involving the offender;
 - (iii) Legal status of the case ((and permanent plan)); and
 - (iv) Any special needs of the child((\div

- 6 (v) Whether or not the offender has been cooperative with
 7 services ordered by a juvenile court under a child welfare case;
 8 and)).
- 9 (((vi))) (b) The department of corrections shall report if the 10 ((offender)) individual has been convicted of a crime against a 11 child.
 - (((b))) <u>(c)</u> If a report is required from a tribal child welfare agency, the department shall attempt to obtain information that is similar to what is required for the report provided by the department of children, youth, and families in a timely manner.
 - (((c))) <u>(d)</u> If the offender does not have an open child welfare case with the department of children, youth, and families or with a tribal child welfare agency but has prior involvement, the department will obtain information from the department of children, youth, and families on the number and type of past substantiated referrals of abuse or neglect and report that information to the court. If the department of children, youth, and families has never had any substantiated referrals or an open case with the offender, the department will inform the court.
 - (((4))) (5) The existence of a prior substantiated referral of child abuse or neglect or of an open child welfare case shall not, alone, disqualify the parent from applying or participating in this alternative. The court shall consider whether the child-parent relationship can be readily maintained during parental incarceration; and whether due to the existence of an open child welfare case, parental incarceration exacerbates the likelihood of termination of the child-parent relationship.
 - (6) If the sentencing court determines that the offender is eligible for a sentencing alternative under this section and that the sentencing alternative is appropriate and should be imposed, the court shall waive imposition of a sentence within the standard sentence range and impose a sentence consisting of twelve months of community custody. The court shall consider the offender's criminal history when determining if the alternative is appropriate.

- 1 (((5))) (7) When a court imposes a sentence of community custody 2 under this section:
- 3 (a) The court may impose conditions as provided in RCW 9.94A.703 4 and may impose other affirmative conditions as the court considers 5 appropriate.
- 6 (b) The department may impose conditions as authorized in RCW 9.94A.704 that may include, but are not limited to:
 - (i) Parenting classes;
- 9 (ii) Chemical dependency treatment;
- 10 (iii) Mental health treatment;
- 11 (iv) Vocational training;

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- (v) ((Offender)) <u>C</u>hange programs;
- 13 (vi) Life skills classes.
- 14 (c) The department shall report to the court if the offender 15 commits any violations of his or her sentence conditions.
 - ((+6)) (8) The department shall provide the court with quarterly progress reports regarding the offender's progress in required programming, treatment, and other supervision conditions. When an offender has an open child welfare case, the department will seek to coordinate services with the department of children, youth, and families.
 - ((+7)) (9)(a) The court may bring any offender sentenced under this section back into court at any time during the period of community custody on its own initiative to evaluate the offender's progress in treatment, or to determine if any violations of the conditions of the sentence have occurred.
 - (b) At the commencement of such a hearing, the court shall advise the person sentenced under this section of the person's right to assistance of counsel and appoint counsel if the person is indigent.
 - (c) If the offender is brought back to court, the court may modify the conditions of community custody or impose sanctions under (((c))) (d) of this subsection, including extending the length of participation in the alternative program, by no more than six months. The court shall also consider modification to the participant's support and rehabilitation plan as needed.
- (((c))) <u>(d)</u> The court may order the offender to serve a term of total confinement within the standard range of the offender's current offense at any time during the period of community custody, if the offender violates the conditions or requirements of the sentence or

- 1 if the offender is failing to make satisfactory progress in 2 treatment.
- 3 $((\frac{d}{d}))$ <u>(e)</u> An offender ordered to serve a term of total 4 confinement under $((\frac{d}{d}))$ <u>(d)</u> of this subsection shall receive credit 5 for any time previously served in confinement under this section.
- 6 (f) An offender sentenced under this section is subject to all 7 rules relating to earned release time with respect to any period 8 served in total confinement.
- 9 (10) For the purposes of this section and RCW 9.94A.6551, "minor child" means a child under the age of eighteen at the time of the current offense.
- 12 **Sec. 6.** RCW 9.94A.6551 and 2018 c 58 s 47 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

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- For <u>an</u> offender((s)) not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.655, but otherwise eligible under this section, no more than the final twelve months of the offender's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement as home detention as part of the parenting program developed by the department.
- 19 (1) The secretary may transfer an offender from a correctional 20 facility to home detention in the community if it is determined that 21 the parenting program is an appropriate placement and when all of the 22 following conditions exist:
- 23 (a) The offender is serving a sentence in which the high end of the range is greater than one year;
- 25 (b) The offender has no current conviction for a felony ((that is 26 a)) sex offense or a serious violent offense;
- 27 (c) The offender has a current conviction for a nonviolent 28 offense, or has a current conviction for a violent offense and has 29 been determined to be low risk to reoffend;
- 30 <u>(d)</u> The offender ((has not been found by the United States 31 attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order and 32 does not become subject to a deportation order during the period of 33 the sentence)):
- 34 (i) Is a parent with physical or legal custody of a minor child;
- (ii) Is a biological parent, adoptive parent, custodian, or stepparent with a proven, established, ongoing, and substantial relationship with a minor child that existed at the time of the offense;
- 39 <u>(iii)</u> Is the legal guardian of a minor child; or

- 1 (iv) Is an expectant parent;
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (e) The offender signs any release of information waivers 2 required to allow information regarding current or prior child 3 welfare cases to be shared with the department and the court; 4
 - (((e) The offender:

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- 6 (i) Has physical or legal custody of a minor child;
- 7 (ii) Has a proven, established, ongoing, and substantial relationship with his or her minor child that existed prior to the 8 commission of the current offense; or 9
- 10 (iii) Is a legal quardian of a child that was under the age of 11 eighteen at the time of the current offense;)) and
 - (f) The department determines that such a placement is in the best interests of the child.
 - (2) Prior juvenile adjudications are not considered offenses when considering eligibility for the parenting program developed by the department.
 - (3) When the department is considering partial confinement as part of the parenting program for an offender, the department shall inquire of the individual and the department of children, youth, and families whether the agency has an open child welfare case or prior substantiated referral for abuse or neglect involving the ((offender)) individual.
 - (a) The fact that the child-parent relationship has been terminated by a court does not preclude an application for consideration <u>under this sentencing alternative</u>, where:
 - (i) The child and parent have been permitted ongoing contact;
- 27 (ii) The child is legally free and the child's permanent plan has 28 not been achieved; or
 - (iii) The parent's participation in the program may assist the child in achieving reinstatement of parental rights or achieving long-term permanency.
- (b) If the department of children, youth, and families or a tribal jurisdiction has an open child welfare case, the department 33 will seek input from the department of children, youth, and families 34 or the involved tribal jurisdiction as to: $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) The status of 35 the child welfare case; and $((\frac{b}{b}))$ <u>(ii)</u> recommendations regarding 36 placement of the offender ((and services required of the department 37 and the court governing)), services agreed to by the individual 38 39 working voluntarily with the department, or services ordered by the court within the individual's child welfare case. The department and

- its officers, agents, and employees are not liable for the acts of offenders participating in the parenting program unless the department or its officers, agents, and employees acted with willful and wanton disregard.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) All offenders placed on home detention as part of the parenting program shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to transfer to home detention.
- 8 (((4))) (5) While in the community on home detention as part of the parenting program, the department shall:
- 10 (a) Require the offender to be placed on electronic home 11 monitoring;
- 12 (b) Require the offender to participate in programming and 13 treatment that the department <u>and offender collectively</u> 14 determine((s)) is needed;
- 15 (c) Assign a community corrections officer who will monitor the 16 offender's compliance with conditions of partial confinement and 17 programming requirements; and
- (d) If the offender has an open child welfare case with the department of children, youth, and families, collaborate and communicate with the identified social worker in the provision of services.
- $((\frac{(5)}{(5)}))$ <u>(6)</u> The department has the authority to return any offender serving partial confinement in the parenting program to total confinement if the offender is not complying with sentence requirements.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** The legislature declares that the 27 department of corrections' recalculations of community custody terms pursuant to sections 1 and 2 of this act do not create any 28 expectations that a particular community custody term will end before 29 30 July 1, 2019, and offenders have no reason to conclude that the 31 recalculation of their community custody terms before July 1, 2019, 32 is an entitlement or creates any liberty interest in their community custody term ending before July 1, 2019. The department of 33 corrections is authorized to take the time reasonably necessary to 34 complete the recalculations of community custody terms after the 35 effective date of this section. 36

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- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** The department of corrections has the
- 2 authority to begin implementing this act upon the effective date of
- 3 this section.

- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 1 and 2 of this act apply
- 5 retroactively and prospectively regardless of the date of an
- 6 offender's underlying offense.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act is necessary for the immediate
- 8 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of
 - the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes
- 10 effect July 1, 2019."

SSB 5848 - S AMD **10000**

By Senator Darneille

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- On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "jurisdiction;" strike the
- 12 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 9.94A.589, 9.94B.050,
- 13 9.94A.729, 9.94A.030, 9.94A.655, and 9.94A.6551; creating new
- 14 sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."
 - <u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Removes all language regarding the review of sentencing documents, and making motions for relief from sentencing, for individuals who committed a drug offense prior to July 1, 2004.
 - (2) Removes all language that increased the percentage of earned release time that incarcerated individuals could earn.
 - (3) Removes all changes to the department's swift and certain policy.
 - (4) Adds language that, subject to appropriated funds, the department may extend the voucher period to a maximum of six months when deemed necessary.
 - (5) Updates eligibility criteria for participation in both the parenting sentencing alternative, and community parenting alternative to include those with:
 - (a) A current or prior conviction for a nonviolent offense; or
 - (b) A current or prior conviction for a violent offense and who has been determined to be at low risk to reoffend.
 - (6) Adds language that excludes prior juvenile adjudications when considering eligibility for a parenting alternative.
 - (7) Expands the types of parental relationships that qualify for participation in a family sentencing alternative program to include informal parenting relationships.

(8) Defines the term "expectant parent" and amends the term "minor child" in statute.

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