SHB 2588 - H AMD **1370**

By Representatives Hudgins, Pollet, Gregerson

WITHDRAWN 02/19/2020

1 On page 9, after line 7, insert the following:

2 "Sec. 12. RCW 42.17A.005 and 2019 c 428 s 3 are each amended to 3 read as follows:

4 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 5 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

6 (1) "Actual malice" means to act with knowledge of falsity or 7 with reckless disregard as to truth or falsity.

8 (2) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies. 9 "State agency" includes every state office, department, division, 10 bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" 11 includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-12 municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office, 13 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, 14 or other local public agency.

15 (3) "Authorized committee" means the political committee 16 authorized by a candidate, or by the public official against whom 17 recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make 18 expenditures on behalf of the candidate or public official.

(4) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29A.04.091, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency before its circulation for signatures.

(5) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial,
 economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial,
 proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.

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(6) "Bona fide political party" means:

30 (a) An organization that has been recognized as a minor political31 party by the secretary of state;

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1 (b) The governing body of the state organization of a major 2 political party, as defined in RCW 29A.04.086, that is the body 3 authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise 4 authority on behalf of the state party; or

5 (c) The county central committee or legislative district 6 committee of a major political party. There may be only one 7 legislative district committee for each party in each legislative 8 district.

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(7) "Books of account" means:

10 (a) In the case of a campaign or political committee, a ledger or 11 similar listing of contributions, expenditures, and debts, such as a 12 campaign or committee is required to file regularly with the 13 commission, current as of the most recent business day; or

(b) In the case of a commercial advertiser, details of political advertising or electioneering communications provided by the advertiser, including the names and addresses of persons from whom it accepted political advertising or electioneering communications, the exact nature and extent of the services rendered and the total cost and the manner of payment for the services.

(8) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination for
 election or election to public office. An individual seeks nomination
 or election when the individual first:

(a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves
 space or facilities with intent to promote the individual's candidacy
 for office;

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(b) Announces publicly or files for office;

(c) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time topromote the individual's candidacy; or

(d) Gives consent to another person to take on behalf of theindividual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.

31 (9) "Caucus political committee" means a political committee 32 organized and maintained by the members of a major political party in 33 the state senate or state house of representatives.

(10) "Commercial advertiser" means any person that sells the 34 service of communicating messages or producing material for broadcast 35 36 or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through brochures, fliers, newspapers, magazines, 37 television, radio, billboards, direct mail advertising, printing, 38 paid internet or digital communications, or any other means of mass 39 40 communications used for the purpose of appealing, directly or Code Rev/RB:lel H-4896.2/20 2nd draft 2

1 indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support in any 2 election campaign.

3 (11) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 4 42.17A.100.

5 (12) "Committee" unless the context indicates otherwise, includes 6 a political committee such as a candidate, ballot proposition, 7 recall, political, or continuing political committee.

8 (13) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower 9 meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property 10 or services of any kind. For the purpose of compliance with RCW 11 42.17A.710, "compensation" does not include per diem allowances or 12 other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public 13 official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged in the 14 official business of the governmental entity.

(14) "Continuing political committee" means a political committee that is an organization of continuing existence not limited to participation in any particular election campaign or election cycle.

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(15) (a) "Contribution" includes:

(i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds, or anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration;

(ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a political or incidental committee, the person or persons named on the candidate's or committee's registration form who direct expenditures on behalf of the candidate or committee, or their agents;

(iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, digital, or other form of political advertising or electioneering communication prepared by a candidate, a political or incidental committee, or its authorized agent;

34 (iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners 35 and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished 36 at the event.

37 (b) "Contribution" does not include:

38 (i) Accrued interest on money deposited in a political or 39 incidental committee's account;

40 (ii) Ordinary home hospitality;

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1 (iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political or 2 incidental committee that is returned to the contributor within ten 3 business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or 4 political or incidental committee;

5 (iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a 6 regularly scheduled news medium that is of interest to the public, 7 that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is 8 that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a 9 political or incidental committee;

10 (v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the 11 members of or contributors to a political party organization or 12 political or incidental committee, or to the officers, management 13 staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to 14 the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;

(vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this subsection, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person;

(vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or window signs displayed on a person's own property or property occupied by a person. However, a facility used for such political advertising for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an in-kind contribution and counts toward any applicable contribution limit of the person providing the facility;

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(viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:

(A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person
 paying for the services is the regular employer of the person
 rendering such services; or

31 (B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying 32 for the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering 33 the services and if the services are solely for the purpose of 34 ensuring compliance with state election or public disclosure laws; or

35 (ix) The performance of ministerial functions by a person on 36 behalf of two or more candidates or political or incidental 37 committees either as volunteer services defined in (b)(vi) of this 38 subsection or for payment by the candidate or political or incidental 39 committee for whom the services are performed as long as:

(A) The person performs solely ministerial functions;

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1 (B) A person who is paid by two or more candidates or political 2 or incidental committees is identified by the candidates and 3 political committees on whose behalf services are performed as part 4 of their respective statements of organization under RCW 42.17A.205; 5 and

6 (C) The person does not disclose, except as required by law, any 7 information regarding a candidate's or committee's plans, projects, 8 activities, or needs, or regarding a candidate's or committee's 9 contributions or expenditures that is not already publicly available 10 from campaign reports filed with the commission, or otherwise engage 11 in activity that constitutes a contribution under (a)(ii) of this 12 subsection.

A person who performs ministerial functions under this subsection (15)(b)(ix) is not considered an agent of the candidate or committee as long as the person has no authority to authorize expenditures or make decisions on behalf of the candidate or committee.

17 (c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed 18 to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the 19 contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than 20 their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or 21 political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution 22 must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value 23 and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.

(16) "Depository" means a bank, mutual savings bank, savings and
 loan association, or credit union doing business in this state.

(17) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or
 special election to any public office, and any person appointed to
 fill a vacancy in any such office.

29 (18)"Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot 30 31 proposition is submitted to the voters. ((An)) "Election" does not 32 include an election in which the qualifications for voting include other <u>requirements</u> than those ((requirements)) set forth in Article 33 VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of 34 35 Washington ((shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter)), except that "election" includes an election for diking and 36 drainage and related districts governed by Title 85 RCW, flood 37 control and related districts governed by Title 86 RCW, irrigation 38 39 and related districts governed by Title 87 RCW, and conservation 40 districts governed by chapter 89.08 RCW.

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1 (19) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in 2 opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any 3 campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

4 (20) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day 5 of January after the date of the last previous general election for 6 the office that the candidate seeks and ending on December 31st after 7 the next election for the office. In the case of a special election 8 to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period 9 beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on December 31st 10 after the special election.

11 (21)(a) "Electioneering communication" means any broadcast, 12 cable, or satellite television, radio transmission, digital 13 communication, United States postal service mailing, billboard, 14 newspaper, or periodical that:

(i) Clearly identifies a candidate for a state, local, or judicial office either by specifically naming the candidate, or identifying the candidate without using the candidate's name;

(ii) Is broadcast, transmitted electronically or by other means, mailed, erected, distributed, or otherwise published within sixty days before any election for that office in the jurisdiction in which the candidate is seeking election; and

(iii) Either alone, or in combination with one or more communications identifying the candidate by the same sponsor during the sixty days before an election, has a fair market value or cost of one thousand dollars or more.

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(b) "Electioneering communication" does not include:

(i) Usual and customary advertising of a business owned by a candidate, even if the candidate is mentioned in the advertising when the candidate has been regularly mentioned in that advertising appearing at least twelve months preceding the candidate becoming a candidate;

32 (ii) Advertising for candidate debates or forums when the 33 advertising is paid for by or on behalf of the debate or forum 34 sponsor, so long as two or more candidates for the same position have 35 been invited to participate in the debate or forum;

36 (iii) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a 37 regularly scheduled news medium that is:

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(A) Of interest to the public;

(B) In a news medium controlled by a person whose business isthat news medium; and

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1 (C) Not a medium controlled by a candidate or a political or 2 incidental committee;

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(iv) Slate cards and sample ballots;

4 (v) Advertising for books, films, dissertations, or similar works
5 (A) written by a candidate when the candidate entered into a contract
6 for such publications or media at least twelve months before becoming
7 a candidate, or (B) written about a candidate;

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(vi) Public service announcements;

9 (vii) An internal political communication primarily limited to 10 the members of or contributors to a political party organization or 11 political or incidental committee, or to the officers, management 12 staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to 13 the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;

14 (viii) An expenditure by or contribution to the authorized 15 committee of a candidate for state, local, or judicial office; or

16 (ix) Any other communication exempted by the commission through 17 rule consistent with the intent of this chapter.

"Expenditure" includes a 18 (22) payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money 19 or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, 20 21 whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. "Expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a 22 23 transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of value for the purpose of 24 25 assisting, benefiting, or honoring any public official or candidate, 26 or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, 27 and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until 28 actual payment is made. "Expenditure" shall not include the partial 29 or complete repayment by a candidate or political or incidental 30 31 committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has 32 been properly reported.

33 (23) "Final report" means the report described as a final report 34 in RCW 42.17A.235 (11)(a).

35 (24) "General election" for the purposes of RCW 42.17A.405 means 36 the election that results in the election of a person to a state or 37 local office. It does not include a primary.

(25) "Gift" has the definition in RCW 42.52.010.

39 (26) "Immediate family" includes the spouse or domestic partner, 40 dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the Code Rev/RB:lel 7 H-4896.2/20 2nd draft

household. For the purposes of the definition of "intermediary" in 1 this section, "immediate family" means an individual's spouse or 2 domestic partner, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, 3 stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half 4 sister of the individual and the spouse or the domestic partner of 5 6 any such person and a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, 7 stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual's spouse or domestic partner and the spouse 8 or the domestic partner of any such person. 9

(27) "Incidental committee" means any nonprofit organization not 10 11 otherwise defined as a political committee but that may incidentally make a contribution or an expenditure in excess of the reporting 12 thresholds in RCW 42.17A.235, directly or through a political 13 committee. Any nonprofit organization is not an incidental committee 14 if it is only remitting payments through the nonprofit organization 15 in an aggregated form and the nonprofit organization is not required 16 to report those payments in accordance with this chapter. 17

18 (28) "Incumbent" means a person who is in present possession of 19 an elected office.

20 (29)(a) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has 21 each of the following elements:

(i) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not:

24 (A) A candidate for that office;

25 (B) An authorized committee of that candidate for that office; 26 and

(C) A person who has received the candidate's encouragement or approval to make the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;

(ii) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person with whom the candidate has not collaborated for the purpose of making the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;

38 (iii) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political 39 advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or

1 opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate 2 without using the candidate's name; and

3 (iv) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another 4 expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or 5 opposition to that candidate, has a value of one thousand dollars or 6 more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under one thousand 7 dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative 8 value is one thousand dollars or more.

(b) "Independent expenditure" does not include: Ordinary home 9 hospitality; communications with journalists or editorial staff 10 designed to elicit a news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in 11 12 a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, controlled by a person whose business is that news 13 medium, and not controlled by a candidate or a political committee; 14 participation in the creation of a publicly funded voters pamphlet 15 in written or video form; an internal political 16 statement 17 communication primarily limited to contributors to a political party organization or political action committee, the officers, management 18 staff, and stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or 19 the members of a labor organization or other membership organization; 20 21 or the rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed 22 by volunteer campaign workers or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of two hundred 23 fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. 24

(30) (a) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family, or an association to which the individual belongs.

(b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary forpurposes of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.

31 (c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the 32 fund-raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and 33 customary rate.

34 (d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's 35 home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.

36 (31) "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, 37 nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of 38 the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the 39 subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature

1 and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are 2 pending approval by the governor.

3 (32) "Legislative office" means the office of a member of the 4 state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state 5 senate.

6 (33) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the 7 passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, 8 rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the 9 state administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither 10 11 "lobby" nor "lobbying" includes an association's or other organization's act of communicating with the members of that 12 13 association or organization.

14 (34) "Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either on the 15 person's own or another's behalf.

16 (35) "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a 17 lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom the lobbyist is 18 compensated for acting as a lobbyist.

19 (36) "Ministerial functions" means an act or duty carried out as 20 part of the duties of an administrative office without exercise of 21 personal judgment or discretion.

22 (37) "Participate" means that, with respect to a particular 23 election, an entity:

24 (a) Makes either a monetary or in-kind contribution to a 25 candidate;

26 (b) Makes an independent expenditure or electioneering 27 communication in support of or opposition to a candidate;

(c) Endorses a candidate before contributions are made by a subsidiary corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that candidate's opponent;

31 (d) Makes a recommendation regarding whether a candidate should 32 be supported or opposed before a contribution is made by a subsidiary 33 corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that 34 candidate's opponent; or

35 (e) Directly or indirectly collaborates or consults with a 36 subsidiary corporation or local unit on matters relating to the 37 support of or opposition to a candidate, including, but not limited 38 to, the amount of a contribution, when a contribution should be 39 given, and what assistance, services or independent expenditures, or

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1 electioneering communications, if any, will be made or should be made
2 in support of or opposition to a candidate.

3 (38) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, 4 public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local 5 governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, 6 committee, political committee, political party, executive committee 7 thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however 8 organized.

9 (39) "Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, 10 newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, 11 flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, digital 12 communication, or other means of mass communication, used for the 13 purpose of appealing, directly or indirectly, for votes or for 14 financial or other support or opposition in any election campaign.

15 (40) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate 16 or an individual dealing with the candidate's or individual's own 17 funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions 18 or making expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate 19 or any ballot proposition.

(41) "Primary" for the purposes of RCW 42.17A.405 means the procedure for nominating a candidate to state or local office under chapter 29A.52 RCW or any other primary for an election that uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29A.52 RCW.

(42) "Public office" means any federal, state, judicial, county,
 city, town, school district, port district, special district, or
 other state political subdivision elective office.

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(43) "Public record" has the definition in RCW 42.56.010.

(44) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29A.56.120 and ending thirty days after the recall election.

31 (45) "Remediable violation" means any violation of this chapter 32 that:

(a) Involved expenditures or contributions totaling no more than
 the contribution limits set out under RCW 42.17A.405(2) per election,
 or one thousand dollars if there is no statutory limit;

36 (b) Occurred:

37 (i) More than thirty days before an election, where the38 commission entered into an agreement to resolve the matter; or

39 (ii) At any time where the violation did not constitute a 40 material violation because it was inadvertent and minor or otherwise Code Rev/RB:lel 11 H-4896.2/20 2nd draft has been cured and, after consideration of all the circumstances,
 further proceedings would not serve the purposes of this chapter;

3 (c) Does not materially harm the public interest, beyond the harm 4 to the policy of this chapter inherent in any violation; and

5 (d) Involved:

6 (i) A person who:

7 (A) Took corrective action within five business days after the 8 commission first notified the person of noncompliance, or where the 9 commission did not provide notice and filed a required report within 10 twenty-one days after the report was due to be filed; and

(B) Substantially met the filing deadline for all other required reports within the immediately preceding twelve-month period; or

13 (ii) A candidate who:

14 (A) Lost the election in question; and

(B) Did not receive contributions over one hundred times the contribution limit in aggregate per election during the campaign in question.

18 (46)(a) "Sponsor" for purposes of an electioneering 19 communications, independent expenditures, or political advertising 20 means the person paying for the electioneering communication, 21 independent expenditure, or political advertising. If a person acts 22 as an agent for another or is reimbursed by another for the payment, 23 the original source of the payment is the sponsor.

(b) "Sponsor," for purposes of a political or incidental committee, means any person, except an authorized committee, to whom any of the following applies:

(i) The committee receives eighty percent or more of its
contributions either from the person or from the person's members,
officers, employees, or shareholders;

30 (ii) The person collects contributions for the committee by use 31 of payroll deductions or dues from its members, officers, or 32 employees.

33 (47) "Sponsored committee" means a committee, other than an 34 authorized committee, that has one or more sponsors.

35 (48) "State office" means state legislative office or the office 36 of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney 37 general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, 38 superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state 39 treasurer.

40 (49) "State official" means a person who holds a state office.

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1 (50) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the 2 possession or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to 3 the election for which the contributions were received, and that are 4 in excess of the amount necessary to pay remaining debts or expenses 5 6 incurred by the committee or candidate with respect to that election. In the case of a continuing political committee, "surplus funds" mean 7 those contributions remaining in the possession or control of the 8 committee that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay all 9 remaining debts or expenses when it makes its final report under RCW 10 42.17A.255. 11

12 (51) "Technical correction" means the correction of a minor or 13 ministerial error in a required report that does not materially harm 14 the public interest and needs to be corrected for the report to be in 15 full compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

16 (52) "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals 17 appointed by a candidate or political or incidental committee, 18 pursuant to RCW 42.17A.210, to perform the duties specified in that 19 section.

20 (53) "Violation" means a violation of this chapter that is not a 21 remediable violation, minor violation, or an error classified by the 22 commission as appropriate to address by a technical correction.

23 Sec. 13. RCW 42.17A.135 and 2019 c 428 s 12 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsections (2), (3), ((and)) (7), and
 (8) of this section, the reporting provisions of this chapter do not
 apply to:

(a) Candidates, elected officials, and agencies in political
 subdivisions with fewer than two thousand registered voters as of the
 date of the most recent general election in the jurisdiction;

31 (b) Political committees formed to support or oppose candidates32 or ballot propositions in such political subdivisions; or

33 (c) Persons making independent expenditures in support of or 34 opposition to such ballot propositions.

35 (2) The reporting provisions of this chapter apply in any exempt 36 political subdivision from which a "petition for disclosure" 37 containing the valid signatures of fifteen percent of the number of 38 registered voters, as of the date of the most recent general election 39 in the political subdivision, is filed with the commission. The Code Rev/RB:lel 13 H-4896.2/20 2nd draft

commission shall by rule prescribe the form of the petition. After 1 the signatures are gathered, the petition shall be presented to the 2 auditor or elections officer of the county, or counties, in which the 3 political subdivision is located. The auditor or elections officer 4 shall verify the signatures and certify to the commission that the 5 6 petition contains no less than the required number of valid signatures. The commission, upon receipt of a valid petition, shall 7 order every known affected person in the political subdivision to 8 file the initially required statement and reports within fourteen 9 days of the date of the order. 10

(3) The reporting provisions of this chapter apply in any exempt 11 political subdivision that by ordinance, resolution, or other 12 official action has petitioned the commission to make the provisions 13 applicable to elected officials and candidates of the exempt 14 political subdivision. A copy of the action shall be sent to the 15 16 commission. If the commission finds the petition to be a valid action 17 of the appropriate governing body or authority, the commission shall order every known affected person in the political subdivision to 18 file the initially required statement and reports within fourteen 19 days of the date of the order. 20

(4) The commission shall void any order issued by it pursuant to subsection (2) or (3) of this section when, at least four years after issuing the order, the commission is presented a petition or official action so requesting from the affected political subdivision. Such petition or official action shall meet the respective requirements of subsection (2) or (3) of this section.

(5) Any petition for disclosure, ordinance, resolution, or official action of an agency petitioning the commission to void the exemption in RCW 42.17A.200(3) shall not be considered unless it has been filed with the commission:

31 (a) In the case of a ballot proposition, at least sixty days 32 before the date of any election in which campaign finance reporting 33 is to be required;

34 (b) In the case of a candidate, at least sixty days before the 35 first day on which a person may file a declaration of candidacy for 36 any election in which campaign finance reporting is to be required.

37 (6) Any person exempted from reporting under this chapter may at38 the person's option file the statement and reports.

1 (7) The reporting provisions of this chapter apply to a candidate 2 in any political subdivision if the candidate receives or expects to 3 receive five thousand dollars or more in contributions.

(8) The reporting provisions of this chapter apply to a candidate 4 in a diking and drainage or related district governed by Title 85 5 6 RCW, flood control or related district governed by Title 86 RCW, irrigation or related district governed by Title 87 RCW, or 7 conservation district governed by chapter 89.08 RCW that provides 8 services for at least five thousand natural persons who reside in the 9 state. "Services" includes water storage, delivery, or management, 10 power generation or delivery, or flood control. 11

12 Sec. 14. RCW 42.17A.200 and 2010 c 204 s 401 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter relating to the financing of 14 15 election campaigns shall apply in all election campaigns other than (1) for precinct committee officer; (2) for a federal elective 16 office; and (3) for an office of a political subdivision of the state 17 that does not encompass a whole county and that contains fewer than 18 five thousand registered voters as of the date of the most recent 19 general election in the subdivision, unless required by RCW 20 21 42.17A.135 (2) through (5) ((and)), (7), or (8)."

22 Renumber the remaining section consecutively, correct any 23 internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

<u>EFFECT:</u> Removes the campaign finance disclosure exemptions for diking, drainage, flood control, irrigation, conservation, and related special purpose districts that either do not encompass a whole county and have five thousand or more registered voters in the district as of the last general election, or that serve more than five thousand natural persons. Removes the personal financial disclosure (F-1) and reporting exemptions for diking, drainage, flood control, irrigation, conservation, and related special purpose districts that either have two thousand or more registered voters in the district as of the last general election or that serve more than five thousand natural persons.

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