SHB 2140 - H AMD TO H AMD (H3105.1) 842 By Representative Caldier

WITHDRAWN 04/26/2019

On page 8, after line 33 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

3

- 4 "Sec. 5. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2018 c 266 s 101 are each amended
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of
- 7 state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school
- 8 districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic
- 9 education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined
- 10 as follows:
- 11 (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public
- 12 instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the
- 13 distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each
- 14 common school district.
- 15 (2)(a) The distribution formula under this section shall be for
- 16 allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under
- 17 subsections (4)(b) and (c) and (9) of this section, chapter 28A.155,
- 18 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations,
- 19 nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic
- 20 education instructional funds to implement a particular
- 21 instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires
- 22 school districts to maintain a particular classroom
- 23 teacher-to-student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use
- 24 allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of
- 25 staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a
- 26 particular teacher planning period.

27

- 1 (b) To promote transparency in state funding allocations, the
- 2 superintendent of public instruction must report state per-pupil
- 3 allocations for each school district for the general apportionment,
- 4 special education, learning assistance, transitional bilingual,
- 5 highly capable, and career and technical education programs. The
- 6 superintendent must also report state general apportionment
- 7 per-pupil allocations by grade for each school district. The
- 8 superintendent must report this information in a user-friendly
- 9 format on the main page of the office's web site and on school
- 10 district apportionment reports. School districts must include a link
- 11 to the superintendent's per-pupil allocations report on the main
- 12 page of the school district's web site. In addition, the budget
- 13 documents published by the legislature for the enacted omnibus
- 14 operating appropriations act must report statewide average per-pupil
- 15 allocations for general apportionment and the categorical programs
- 16 listed in this subsection.
- 17 (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have
- 18 been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically
- 19 provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula
- 20 for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on
- 21 minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary
- 22 to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools
- 23 serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in
- 24 this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution
- 25 formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should
- 26 be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes.
- 27 Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to
- 28 operate a school of a particular size with particular types and
- 29 grade levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs,
- 30 such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of
- 31 school staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to
- 32 school districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the
- 33 actual number of annual average full-time equivalent students in
- 34 each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the

- 1 grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is
- 2 available. The allocations shall be further adjusted from the school
- 3 prototypes with minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect
- 4 other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act.
- 5 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are
- 6 defined as follows:
- (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual
- 8 full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;
- 9 (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two
- 10 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and
- 11 eight; and
- 12 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average
- 13 annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through
- 14 six.

29

- 15 (4)(a)(i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical
- 16 school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent
- 17 classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum
- 18 required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and
- 19 provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and
- 20 based on the following general education average class size of
- 21 full-time equivalent students per teacher:

22 General education

23 average class size

24

25

26

27 Grades 7-8......28.53

28

Grades 9-12......28.74

- (ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical 30
- high school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size 31
- reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine 32
- through twelve per full-time equivalent high school student 33
- multiplied by a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on 34

	the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to
2	provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional
3	hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher
4	planning period per school day:
5	Laboratory science
6	average class size
7	Grades 9-12
8	
9	(b)(i) Beginning September 1, 2019, funding for average K-3
10	class sizes in this subsection (4) may be provided only to the
11	extent of, and proportionate to, the school district's demonstrated
12	actual class size in grades K-3, up to the funded class sizes.
13	(ii) The office of the superintendent of public instruction
14	shall develop rules to implement this subsection (4)(b).
15	(c)(i) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and
16	high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom
17	teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent
18	students per teacher in career and technical education:
19	Career and technical
20	education average
21	class size
22	Approved career and technical education offered at
23	the middle school and high school level
24	Skill center programs meeting the standards established
25	by the office of the superintendent of public
26	instruction 20.00
27	(ii) Funding allocated under this subsection (4)(c) is subject
28	to RCW 28A.150.265.
29	(d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a
30	minimum specify:
31	(i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than
32	fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and
33	reduced-price meals; and
34	

1 (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and 2 international baccalaureate courses. 3 (5) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in addition to classroom teachers: 6 Elementary Middle School High School 7 School Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated buildinglevel 9 1.353 administrators 1.253 1.880 10 Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, 11 technology, and media to support school library media programs ((0.663))1.00((0.519))1.00((0.523))1.0012 Health and social services: 13 14 School nurses ((0.076))0.585((0.060))0.8880.096 15 Social workers 0.042 0.006 0.015 16 0.002 0.007 Psychologists 0.017 17 Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and 18 graduation advising ((0.493))0.500((1.216))2.002.539 19 Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional 20 services provided by classified employees..... 0.936 0.700 0.652 21 Office support and other noninstructional aides. 22 2.012 2.325 3.269 23 Custodians 1.657 1.942 2.965 24 Classified staff providing student and staff safety 0.141 0.079 0.092 25 0.00 0.00 Parent involvement coordinators 0.0825 26 (6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district 27 to provide districtwide support services shall be allocated per one thousand annual average fulltime equivalent students in grades K12 as follows: 31 Staff per 1,000 32 K-12 students Technology 0.628

5 - Official Print

2140-S AMH MACK 132

1	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics0.332
2	(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school
3	district to support certificated and classified staffing of central
4	administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated
5	under subsections (4)(a) and (5) of this section and (a) of this
6	subsection.
7	(7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations
8	to school districts for career and technical education and skill
9	center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as
10	specified in the omnibus appropriations act.
11	(8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum
12	allocation for each school district shall include allocations per
13	annual average full-time equivalent student for the following
14	materials, supplies, and operating costs as provided in the 2017-18
15	school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually
16	for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:
17	
18	Per annual average
19	full-time equivalent student
20	in grades K-12
21	Technology \$130.76
22	Utilities and insurance
23	Curriculum and textbooks \$140.39
24	Other supplies \$278.05
25	Library materials \$20.00
26	Instructional professional development for certificated and
27	classified staff \$21.71
28	Facilities maintenance \$176.01
29	Security and central office administration
30	(b) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of this
31	subsection, beginning in the 2014-15 school year, the omnibus
32	appropriations act shall provide the following minimum allocation
33	for each annual average full-time equivalent student in grades nine
34	

1 through twelve for the following materials, supplies, and operating
2 costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:

- (9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section and subject to RCW 28A.150.265, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student enrollment in each of the following:
 - (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for students in grades seven through twelve;
 - (b) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and
 - (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.
- (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs and services:
- (a)(i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for 26 students who are not meeting academic standards through the learning 27 assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, 28 allocations shall be based on the district percentage of students in 29 grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the 30 prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall 31 provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, 32 on a statewide average, 2.3975 hours per week in extra instruction 33

12

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students 2 per teacher.
- 3 (ii) In addition to funding allocated under (a)(i) of this
- 4 subsection, to provide supplemental instruction and services for
- 5 students who are not meeting academic standards in qualifying
- 6 schools. A qualifying school means a school in which the three-year
- 7 rolling average of the prior year total annual average enrollment
- 8 that qualifies for free or reduced-price meals equals or exceeds
- 9 fifty percent or more of its total annual average enrollment. The
- 10 minimum allocation for this additional high poverty-based allocation
- 11 must provide for each level of prototypical school resources to
- 12 provide, on a statewide average, 1.1 hours per week in extra
- 13 instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program
- 14 students per teacher, under RCW 28A.165.055, school districts must
- 15 distribute the high poverty-based allocation to the schools that
- 16 generated the funding allocation.
- 17 (b)(i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for
- 18 students whose primary language is other than English, allocations
- 19 shall be based on the head count number of students in each school
- 20 who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual
- 21 instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The
- 22 minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall
- 23 provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours
- 24 per week in extra instruction for students in grades kindergarten
- 25 through six and 6.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for
- 26 students in grades seven through twelve, with fifteen transitional
- 27 bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding
- 28 other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student
- 29 allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students
- 30 needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced
- 31 allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as
- 32 detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.
- 33 (ii) To provide supplemental instruction and services for
- 34 students who have exited the transitional bilingual program,

- 1 allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in
- 2 each school who have exited the transitional bilingual program
- 3 within the previous two years based on their performance on the
- 4 English proficiency assessment and are eligible for and enrolled in
- 5 the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.
- 6 180.040(1)(g). The minimum allocation for each prototypical school
- 7 shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 3.0
- 8 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen exited students per
- 9 teacher.
- 10 (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for
- 11 highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030,
- 12 allocations shall be based on 5.0 percent of each school district's
- 13 full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum
- 14 allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a
- 15 statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with
- 16 fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.
- 17 (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a), (5), (6), and (8)
- 18 of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390
- 19 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional
- 20 resources for students with disabilities.
- 21 (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high
- 22 schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this
- 23 section that are based on the percent of students in the school who
- 24 are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of
- 25 such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified
- 26 in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free
- 27 and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school
- 28 students.
- (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4),
- 30 (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career
- 31 and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses
- 32 approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction
- 33 under chapter 28A.700 RCW.

- 1 (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds
- 2 shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The
- 3 recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or
- 4 rejection by the legislature.
- 5 (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution
- 6 formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new
- 7 distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous
- 8 school year shall remain in effect.
- 9 (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average
- 10 number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as
- 11 provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of
- 12 each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW
- 13 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing
- 14 school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student
- 15 shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public
- 16 instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's
- 17 biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the
- 18 minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220.
- 19 Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until
- 20 approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways
- 21 and means committee.
- 22 (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly
- 23 review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent
- 24 students in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050."

25

- Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any
- 27 internal references accordingly.

28

29 Correct the title.

 $3 \, \Omega$

EFFECT:

Increases the prototypical school allocation for guidance counselors to 0.5 per elementary school and 2 per middle school.

- Increases prototypical school allocations for librarians to one per elementary, middle, and high schools.
- Increases the prototypical school allocations for nurses to 0.585 for elementary schools and 0.888 for middle schools.

--- END ---