1599-S2 AMH STON H2345.4

2SHB 1599 - H AMD 304

By Representative Stonier

ADOPTED 03/08/2019

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "PART I

DECOUPLING STATEWIDE ASSESSMENTS FROM GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS AND MAKING OTHER MODIFICATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. The legislature intends to continue providing students with the opportunity to access a challenging learning environment and a meaningful diploma that supports every student in achieving his or her individualized career and college goals.

In an ongoing effort to create an educational system focused on individualized student learning that is culturally responsive to the needs of our diverse student population, the legislature must provide a system that allows each student to work with his or her teachers, parents or guardians, and counselors to identify the best ways to demonstrate appropriate readiness in furtherance of the student's career and college goals.

The legislature further recognizes that student-focused graduation pathways must be adaptable and allow students to change pathways as their goals shift. While standardized tests may be a graduation pathway option chosen by some to demonstrate career and college readiness, students should have other rigorous and meaningful pathway options to select from when demonstrating their proficiencies. The legislature, therefore, intends to create a system of multiple graduation pathway options that enable students to support their individual goals for high school and beyond.

- **Sec. 102.** RCW 28A.655.065 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 31 s 2 are each 28 amended to read as follows:
- 29 (1) The legislature has made a commitment to rigorous academic 30 standards for receipt of a high school diploma. The primary way that

students will demonstrate that they meet the standards in reading, writing, mathematics, and science is through the statewide student assessment. Only objective assessments that are comparable in rigor to the state assessment are authorized as an alternative assessment. Before seeking an alternative assessment, the legislature expects students to make a genuine effort to meet state standards, through regular and consistent attendance at school and participation in extended learning and other assistance programs.

- (2) Under RCW 28A.655.061, beginning in the 2006-07 school year, and concluding with the graduating class of 2019, the superintendent of public instruction shall implement objective alternative assessment methods as provided in this section for students to demonstrate achievement of the state standards in content areas in which the student has not yet met the standard on the high school statewide student assessment. A student may access an alternative if the student meets applicable eligibility criteria in RCW 28A.655.061 and this section and other eligibility criteria established by the superintendent of public instruction, including but not limited to attendance criteria and participation in the remediation or supplemental instruction contained in the student learning plan developed under RCW 28A.655.061. A school district may waive attendance and/or remediation criteria for special, unavoidable circumstances.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, "applicant" means a student seeking to use one of the alternative assessment methods in this section.
 - (4) One alternative assessment method shall be a combination of the applicant's grades in applicable courses and the applicant's highest score on the high school statewide student assessment, as provided in this subsection. A student is eligible to apply for the alternative assessment method under this subsection (4) if the student has a cumulative grade point average of at least 3.2 on a four point grading scale. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine which high school courses are applicable to the alternative assessment method and shall issue guidelines to school districts.
 - (a) Using guidelines prepared by the superintendent of public instruction, a school district shall identify the group of students in the same school as the applicant who took the same high school courses as the applicant in the applicable content area. From the Code Rev/PW:eab

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- group of students identified in this manner, the district shall select the comparison cohort that shall be those students who met or slightly exceeded the state standard on the statewide student assessment.
 - (b) The district shall compare the applicant's grades in high school courses in the applicable content area to the grades of students in the comparison cohort for the same high school courses. If the applicant's grades are equal to or above the mean grades of the comparison cohort, the applicant shall be deemed to have met the state standard on the alternative assessment.
 - (c) An applicant may not use the alternative assessment under this subsection (4) if there are fewer than six students in the comparison cohort.
 - (5) The superintendent of public instruction shall implement:
 - (a) By June 1, 2006, a process for students to appeal the score they received on the high school assessments;
 - (b) By January 1, 2007, guidelines and appeal processes for waiving specific requirements in RCW 28A.655.061 pertaining to the certificate of academic achievement and to the certificate of individual achievement for students who: (i) Transfer to a Washington public school in their junior or senior year with the intent of obtaining a public high school diploma, or (ii) have special, unavoidable circumstances;
 - (c)(i) For the graduating classes of 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, ((and)) 2018, and 2019, an expedited appeal process for waiving specific requirements in RCW 28A.655.061 pertaining to the certificate of academic achievement and the certificate of individual achievement for eligible students who have not met the state standard on the English language arts statewide student assessment, the mathematics high school statewide student assessment, or both. The student or the student's parent, quardian, or principal may initiate an appeal with the district and the district has the authority to determine which appeals are submitted to the superintendent of public instruction for review and approval. The superintendent of public instruction may only approve an appeal if it has been demonstrated that the student has the necessary skills and knowledge to meet the high school graduation standard and that the student has the skills necessary to successfully achieve the college or career goals established in his or her high school and beyond plan. Pathways for

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- demonstrating the necessary skills and knowledge may include, but are not limited to:
- 3 (A) Successful completion of a college-level class in the 4 relevant subject area;
- 5 (B) Admission to a higher education institution or career 6 preparation program;
 - (C) Award of a scholarship for higher education; or
 - (D) Enlistment in a branch of the military.
- 9 (ii) A student in the class of 2014, 2015, 2016, or 2017 is 10 eligible for the expedited appeal process in (c)(i) of this 11 subsection if he or she has met all other graduation requirements 12 established by the state and district.
 - (iii) A student in the class of 2018 is eligible for the expedited appeal process in (c)(i) of this subsection if he or she has met all other graduation requirements established by the state and district and has attempted at least one alternative assessment option as established in ((RCW 28A.655.065)) this section.
 - (6) The state board of education shall examine opportunities for additional alternative assessments, including the possible use of one or more standardized norm-referenced student achievement tests and the possible use of the reading, writing, or mathematics portions of the ACT ASSET and ACT COMPASS test instruments as objective alternative assessments for demonstrating that a student has met the state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. The state board shall submit its findings and recommendations to the education committees of the legislature by January 10, 2008.
 - (7) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules to implement this section.
 - (8) This section expires August 31, 2022.
- 30 **Sec. 103.** RCW 28A.230.090 and 2018 c 229 s 1 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
- (1) The state board of education shall establish high school 32 graduation requirements or equivalencies for students, except as 33 provided in RCW 28A.230.122 and except those equivalencies 34 established by local high schools or school districts under RCW 35 28A.230.097. The purpose of a high school diploma is to declare that 36 a student is ready for success in postsecondary education, gainful 37 38 employment, and citizenship, and is equipped with the skills to be a lifelong learner. 39

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(a) Any course in Washington state history and government used to fulfill high school graduation requirements shall consider including information on the culture, history, and government of the American Indian peoples who were the first inhabitants of the state.

- (b) Except as provided otherwise in this subsection, the certificate of academic achievement requirements under RCW 28A.655.061 or the certificate of individual achievement requirements under RCW 28A.155.045 are required for graduation from a public high school but are not the only requirements for graduation. The requirement to earn a certificate of academic achievement to qualify for graduation from a public high school concludes with the graduating class of 2019. The obligation of qualifying students to earn a certificate of individual achievement as a prerequisite for graduation from a public high school concludes with the graduating class of 2021.
- (c)(i) Each student must have a high school and beyond plan to guide the student's high school experience and ((prepare)) inform course taking that is aligned with the student's goals for ((postsecondary)) education or training and career after high school.
- (ii) (A) A high school and beyond plan must be initiated for each student during the seventh or eighth grade. In preparation for initiating that plan, each student must first be administered a career interest and skills inventory.
- (B) For students with an individualized education program, the high school and beyond plan must be developed in alignment with their individualized education program. The high school and beyond plan must be developed in a similar manner and with similar school personnel as for all other students.
- (iii) (A) The high school and beyond plan must be updated to reflect high school assessment results in RCW 28A.655.070(3)(b) and to review transcripts, assess progress toward identified goals, and revised as necessary for changing interests, goals, and needs. The plan must identify available interventions and academic support, courses, or both, that are designed for students who ((have not met the high school graduation standard)) are not on track to graduate, to enable them to ((meet the standard)) fulfill high school graduation requirements. Each student's high school and beyond plan must be updated to inform junior year course taking.
- (B) For students with an individualized education program, the high school and beyond plan must be updated in alignment with their Code Rev/PW:eab

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- school to postschool transition plan. The high school and beyond plan
 must be updated in a similar manner and with similar school personnel
 as for all other students.
- (iv) School districts are encouraged to involve parents and 4 guardians in the process of developing and updating the high school 5 6 and beyond plan, and the plan must be provided to the students' 7 parents or quardians in their native language if that language is one of the two most frequently spoken non-English languages of students 8 in the district. Nothing in this subsection $(1)(c)((\frac{(iii)}{(iv)}))$ 9 prevents districts from providing high school and beyond plans to 10 parents and guardians in additional languages that are not required 11 12 by this subsection.
- 13 $((\frac{(iv)}{(iv)}))$ <u>(v)</u> All high school and beyond plans must, at a minimum, include the following elements:
- 15 (A) Identification of career goals, aided by a skills and 16 interest assessment;
 - (B) Identification of educational goals;
- 18 (C) Identification of dual credit programs and the opportunities 19 they create for students, including but not limited to career and 20 technical education programs, running start programs, and college in 21 the high school programs;
- (D) Information about the college bound scholarship program established in chapter 28B.118 RCW;
 - (E) A four-year plan for course taking that:
 - (I) Includes information about options for satisfying state and local graduation requirements;
 - (II) Satisfies state and local graduation requirements;
- 28 (III) Aligns with the student's secondary and postsecondary 29 goals, which can include education, training, and career;
- (IV) Identifies ((dual credit programs and the opportunities they
 create for students)) course sequences to inform academic
 acceleration, as described in RCW 28A.320.195 that include dual
 credit courses or programs and are aligned with the student's goals;
 and
- 35 (V) Includes information about the college bound scholarship 36 program; ((and))
- 37 (F) Evidence that the student has received the following
 38 information on federal and state financial aid programs that help pay
 39 for the costs of a postsecondary program:

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- (I) Information about the documentation necessary for completing the applications; application timeliness and submission deadlines; the importance of submitting applications early; information specific to students who are or have been in foster care; information specific to students who are, or are at risk of being, homeless; information specific to students whose family member or guardians will be required to provide financial and tax information necessary to complete applications; and
 - (II) Opportunities to participate in sessions that assist students and, when necessary, their family members or guardians, fill out financial aid applications; and
 - (G) By the end of the twelfth grade, a current resume or activity log that provides a written compilation of the student's education, any work experience, and any community service and how the school district has recognized the community service pursuant to RCW 28A.320.193.
 - (d) Any decision on whether a student has met the state board's high school graduation requirements for a high school and beyond plan shall remain at the local level. Effective with the graduating class of 2015, the state board of education may not establish a requirement for students to complete a culminating project for graduation. A district may establish additional, local requirements for a high school and beyond plan to serve the needs and interests of its students and the purposes of this section.
 - (e) (i) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement the career and college ready graduation requirement proposal adopted under board resolution on November 10, 2010, and revised on January 9, 2014, to take effect beginning with the graduating class of 2019 or as otherwise provided in this subsection (1) (e). The rules must include authorization for a school district to waive up to two credits for individual students based on ((unusual)) a student's circumstances ((and in accordance with)), provided that none of the waived credits are identified as mandatory core credits by the state board of education. School districts must adhere to written policies authorizing the waivers that must be adopted by each board of directors of a school district that grants diplomas. The rules must also provide that the content of the third credit of mathematics and the content of the third credit of science may be chosen by the student based on the student's interests and high

school and beyond plan with agreement of the student's parent or guardian or agreement of the school counselor or principal.

- (ii) School districts may apply to the state board of education for a waiver to implement the career and college ready graduation requirement proposal beginning with the graduating class of 2020 or 2021 instead of the graduating class of 2019. In the application, a school district must describe why the waiver is being requested, the specific impediments preventing timely implementation, and efforts that will be taken to achieve implementation with the graduating class proposed under the waiver. The state board of education shall grant a waiver under this subsection (1)(e) to an applying school district at the next subsequent meeting of the board after receiving an application.
- (iii) A school district must update the high school and beyond plans for each student who has not earned a score of level 3 or level 4 on the middle school mathematics assessment identified in RCW 28A.655.070 by ninth grade, to ensure that the student takes a mathematics course in both ninth and tenth grades. This course may include career and technical education equivalencies in mathematics adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.230.097.
- (2)(a) In recognition of the statutory authority of the state board of education to establish and enforce minimum high school graduation requirements, the state board shall periodically reevaluate the graduation requirements and shall report such findings to the legislature in a timely manner as determined by the state board.
- (b) The state board shall reevaluate the graduation requirements for students enrolled in vocationally intensive and rigorous career and technical education programs, particularly those programs that lead to a certificate or credential that is state or nationally recognized. The purpose of the evaluation is to ensure that students enrolled in these programs have sufficient opportunity to earn a certificate of academic achievement, complete the program and earn the program's certificate or credential, and complete other state and local graduation requirements.
- (c) The state board shall forward any proposed changes to the high school graduation requirements to the education committees of the legislature for review. The legislature shall have the opportunity to act during a regular legislative session before the changes are adopted through administrative rule by the state board.

1 Changes that have a fiscal impact on school districts, as identified 2 by a fiscal analysis prepared by the office of the superintendent of 3 public instruction, shall take effect only if formally authorized and 4 funded by the legislature through the omnibus appropriations act or 5 other enacted legislation.

- (3) Pursuant to any requirement for instruction in languages other than English established by the state board of education or a local school district, or both, for purposes of high school graduation, students who receive instruction in American sign language or one or more American Indian languages shall be considered to have satisfied the state or local school district graduation requirement for instruction in one or more languages other than English.
- (4) ((\(\frac{\text{If}}{\text{}}\)) Unless requested otherwise by the student and ((\(\frac{\text{his or}}{\text{her}}\))) the student's family, a student who has completed high school courses before attending high school shall be given high school credit which shall be applied to fulfilling high school graduation requirements if:
- (a) The course was taken with high school students, if the academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth grade classes, and the student has successfully passed by completing the same course requirements and examinations as the high school students enrolled in the class; or
 - (b) The academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth grade classes and the course would qualify for high school credit, because the course is similar or equivalent to a course offered at a high school in the district as determined by the school district board of directors.
 - (5) Students who have taken and successfully completed high school courses under the circumstances in subsection (4) of this section shall not be required to take an additional competency examination or perform any other additional assignment to receive credit.
- 34 (6) At the college or university level, five quarter or three 35 semester hours equals one high school credit.
- **Sec. 104.** RCW 28A.155.045 and 2007 c 354 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, and concluding with the graduating class of 2021, students served under this chapter, who Code Rev/PW:eab

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1 are not appropriately ((assessed)) served by the ((high school Washington assessment system as defined in RCW 28A.655.061)) 2 graduation pathway options established in section 201 of this act, 3 even with accommodations, may earn a certificate of individual 4 achievement. The certificate may be earned using multiple ((ways)) 5 6 measures to demonstrate skills and abilities commensurate with their ((individual)) individualized education programs. The determination 7 of whether the ((high school assessment system is)) graduation 8 pathway options established in section 201 of this act or the 9 10 multiple measures authorized in this section are appropriate shall be made by the student's ((individual)) individualized education program 11 team. ((Except as provided in RCW 28A.655.0611,)) For ((these)) the 12 students who use the multiple measures authorized by this section, 13 the certificate of individual achievement is required for graduation 14 15 from a public high school((, but need not be the only requirement for 16 graduation. When measures other than the high school assessment 17 system as defined in RCW 28A.655.061 are used,)). The multiple measures ((shall)) that may be used to demonstrate skills and 18 abilities of students under this section must be in agreement with 19 the appropriate educational opportunity provided for the student as 20 required by this chapter. The superintendent of public instruction 21 shall develop the guidelines for determining ((which students should 22 23 not be required to participate in the high school assessment system 24 and)) which types of ((assessments)) multiple measures to demonstrate 25 skills and abilities under this section are appropriate to use.

((When measures other than the high school assessment system as defined in RCW 28A.655.061 are used for high school graduation purposes, the student's high school transcript shall note whether that student has earned a certificate of individual achievement.))

Nothing in this section shall be construed to deny a student the right to participation in the ((high school assessment system as defined in RCW 28A.655.061, and, upon successfully meeting the high school standard, receipt of the certificate of academic achievement)) graduation pathway options established in section 201 of this act.

This section expires August 31, 2024.

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36 **Sec. 105.** RCW 28A.655.061 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 31 s 1 are each 37 amended to read as follows:

(1) The high school assessment system shall include but need not be limited to the statewide student assessment, opportunities for a Code Rev/PW:eab

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- student to retake the content areas of the assessment in which the student was not successful, and, if approved by the legislature pursuant to subsection (((10))) (9) of this section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to demonstrate achievement of state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments for each content area shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment for each content area.
 - (2) Subject to the conditions in this section, and concluding with the graduating class of 2019, a certificate of academic achievement shall be obtained and is evidence that the students have successfully met the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045 ((or 28A.655.0611)), acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation from a public high school but is not the only requirement for graduation.
- (3) (a) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008 through the graduating class of 2015, with the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, a student who meets the state standards on the English language arts and mathematics high school statewide student assessment shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. The mathematics assessment shall be the end-of-course assessment for the first year of high school mathematics that assesses the standards common to algebra I and integrated mathematics I or the end-of-course assessment for the second year of high school mathematics that assesses standards common to geometry and integrated mathematics II.
- (b) As the state transitions from reading and writing assessments to an English language arts assessment and from end-of-course assessments to a comprehensive assessment for high school mathematics, a student in a graduating class of 2016 through 2018 shall earn a certificate of academic achievement if the student meets the high school graduation standard as follows:
- 34 (i) Students in the graduating class of 2016 may use the results 35 from:
- 36 (A) The reading and writing assessment or the English language 37 arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium; and
 - (B) The end-of-course assessment for the first year of high school mathematics, the end-of-course assessment for the second year

- of high school mathematics, or the comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium.
- 3 (ii) Students in the graduating classes of 2017 and 2018 may use 4 the results from:

- (A) The tenth grade English language arts assessment developed by the superintendent of public instruction using resources from the multistate consortium or the English language arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium; and
- (B) The end-of-course assessment for the first year of high school mathematics, the end-of-course assessment for the second year of high school mathematics, or the comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium.
- (c) Beginning with the graduating class of 2019, a student who meets the high school graduation standard on the high school English language arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium and the comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (d) ((Beginning with the graduating class of 2020, a student who meets the high school graduation standard on the high school English language arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium and the comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium to be administered in tenth grade shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (e))) If a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, then the student may retake the assessment in the content area at least twice a year at no cost to the student. If the student successfully meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection (((10))) (9) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the state standards for that content area if the student has taken the statewide student assessment at least once. If the student successfully meets the state standards on the objective alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (4) ((Beginning with the graduating class of 2021, a student must meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content Code Rev/PW:eab

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- areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the statewide student assessment, a retake, or the objective alternative assessments in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement. The assessment under this subsection must be a comprehensive assessment of the science essential academic learning requirements adopted by the superintendent of public instruction in 2013.
 - (5))) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.
 - ((+6))) (5) A student may retain and use the highest result from each successfully completed content area of the high school assessment.
- $((\frac{(7)}{)})$ <u>(6)</u> School districts must make available to students the following options:
 - (a) To retake the statewide student assessment at least twice a year in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or
 - (b) To retake the statewide student assessment at least twice a year in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these programs can be assessed.
 - ((+8)) (7) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (((+9))) (8) Opportunities to retake the assessment at least twice 32 a year shall be available to each school district.
 - (((10))) <u>(9)</u>(a) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop options for implementing objective alternative assessments, which may include an appeals process for students' scores, for students to demonstrate achievement of the state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment and be objective in its determination of student achievement of the state standards.

Before any objective alternative assessments in addition to those authorized in RCW 28A.655.065 or (b) of this subsection are used by a student to demonstrate that the student has met the state standards in a content area required to obtain a certificate, the legislature shall formally approve the use of any objective alternative assessments through the omnibus appropriations act or by statute or concurrent resolution.

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(b)(i) A student's score on the mathematics, reading or English, or writing portion of the SAT or the ACT may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded the state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education shall identify the scores students must achieve on the relevant portion of the SAT or ACT to meet or exceed the state standard in the relevant content area on the statewide student assessment. A student's score on the science portion of the ACT or the science subject area tests of the SAT may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section as soon as the state board of education determines that sufficient data is available to identify reliable equivalent scores for the science content area of the statewide student assessment. After the first scores are established, the state board may increase but not decrease the scores required for students to meet or exceed the state standards.

(ii) A student who scores at least a three on the grading scale of one to five for selected AP examinations may use the score as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. A score of three on the AP examinations in calculus or statistics may be used as an alternative assessment for the mathematics portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of three on the AP examinations in English language and composition may be used as an alternative assessment for the writing portion of the statewide student assessment; and for the English language arts portion of the assessment developed with the multistate consortium, once established in the 2014-15 school year. A score of three on the AP examinations in English literature and composition, macroeconomics, microeconomics, psychology, States history, world history, United States government and politics, or comparative government and politics may be used as an alternative assessment for the reading portion of the statewide student Code Rev/PW:eab 14

assessment; and for the English language arts portion of the assessment developed with the multistate consortium, once established in the 2014-15 school year. A score of three on the AP examination in biology, physics, chemistry, or environmental science may be used as an alternative assessment for the science portion of the statewide student assessment.

(iii) A student who scores at least a four on selected externally administered international baccalaureate (IB) examinations may use the score as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that the student has met or exceeded state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. A score of four on the higher level IB examinations for any of the IB English language and literature courses or for any of the IB individuals and societies courses may be used as an alternative assessment for the reading, writing, or English language arts portions of the statewide student assessment. A score of four on the higher examinations for any of the IB mathematics courses may be used as an alternative assessment for the mathematics portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of four on the higher level TB examinations for IB biology, chemistry, or physics may be used as an alternative assessment for the science portion of the statewide student assessment.

(iv)(A) (($\frac{Beginning}{I}$)) <u>I</u>n the 2018-19 school year, high school students who have not earned a certificate of academic achievement due to not meeting the high school graduation standard on the mathematics or English language arts assessment may take and pass a locally determined course in the content area in which the student was not successful, and may use the passing score on a locally administered assessment tied to that course and approved under the provisions of this subsection $((\frac{10}{10}))$ $\underline{(9)}$ (b) (iv), as an objective alternative assessment for demonstrating that the student has met or exceeded the high school graduation standard. High school transition courses and the assessments offered in association with high school transition courses shall be considered an approved locally determined course and assessment for demonstrating that the student met or exceeded the high school graduation standard. The course must be rigorous and consistent with the student's educational and career goals identified in his or her high school and beyond plan, and may include career and technical education equivalencies in English language arts or mathematics adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.230.097.

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- School districts shall record students' participation in locally determined courses under this section in the statewide individual data system.
- (B) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop a process by which local school districts can submit assessments for review and approval for use as objective alternative assessments for graduation as allowed by (b) (iv) of this subsection. This process shall establish means to determine whether a local school district-administered assessment is comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment and is objective in its determination of student achievement of the state standards. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall post on its agency web compiled list of local school district-administered assessments approved as objective alternative assessments, including the comparable scores on these assessments necessary to meet the standard.
 - (C) For the purpose of this section, "high school transition course" means an English language arts or mathematics course offered in high school where successful completion by a high school student ensures the student college-level placement at participating institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016. High school transition courses must, in accordance with this section, satisfy core or elective credit graduation requirements established by the state board of education. A student's successful completion of a high school transition course does not entitle the student to be admitted to any institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016.

- (v) A student who completes a dual credit course in English language arts or mathematics in which the student earns college credit may use passage of the course as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that the student has met or exceeded the high school graduation standard for the certificate of academic achievement.
- (((11))) (10) To help assure continued progress in academic achievement as a foundation for high school graduation and to assure that students are on track for high school graduation, each school district shall:
- 39 (a) Provide students who have not earned a certificate of 40 academic achievement before the beginning of grade eleven with the Code Rev/PW:eab 16 H-2345.4/19 4th draft

- 1 opportunity to access interventions and academic supports, courses,
- or both, designed to enable students to meet the high school 2
- graduation standard. These interventions, supports, or courses must 3
- be rigorous and consistent with the student's educational and career 4
- goals identified in his or her high school and beyond plan, and may 5
- 6 include career and technical education equivalencies in English
- language arts or mathematics adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.230.097; and 7
- (b) Prepare student learning plans and notify students and their 8 parents or legal guardians as provided in this subsection. Student 9
- learning plans are required for eighth grade students who were not 10
- 11 successful on any or all of the content areas of the state assessment
- 12 during the previous school year or who may not be on track to
- graduate due to credit deficiencies or absences. The parent or legal 13
- guardian shall be notified about the information in the student 14
- learning plan, preferably through a parent conference and at least 15
- 16 annually. To the extent feasible, schools serving English language
- 17 learner students and their parents shall translate the plan into the
- 18 primary language of the family. The plan shall include the following
- 19 information as applicable:

- (i) The student's results on the state assessment; 20
- 21 (ii) If the student is in the transitional bilingual program, the 22 score on his or her Washington language proficiency test II;
- 23 (iii) Any credit deficiencies;
 - (iv) The student's attendance rates over the previous two years;
- 25 The student's progress toward meeting state and local 26 graduation requirements;
- 27 (vi) The courses, competencies, and other steps needed to be taken by the student to meet state academic standards and stay on 28 29 track for graduation;
- (vii) Remediation strategies and alternative education options 30 31 available to students, including informing students of the option to 32 continue to receive instructional services after grade twelve or until the age of twenty-one; 33
- (viii) The alternative assessment options available to students 34 under this section and RCW 28A.655.065; 35
- 36 (ix) School district programs, high school courses, and career 37 and technical education options available for students to meet graduation requirements; and 38

- 1 (x) Available programs offered through skill centers or community 2 and technical colleges, including the college high school diploma 3 options under RCW 28B.50.535.
 - (11) This section expires August 31, 2022.

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- 5 **Sec. 106.** RCW 28A.155.170 and 2007 c 318 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Beginning July 1, 2007, each school district that operates a high school shall establish a policy and procedures that permit any student who is receiving special education or related services under an individualized education program pursuant to state and federal law and who will continue to receive such services between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one to participate in the graduation ceremony and activities after four years of high school attendance with his or her age-appropriate peers and receive a certificate of attendance.
 - (2) Participation in a graduation ceremony and receipt of a certificate of attendance under this section does not preclude a student from continuing to receive special education and related services under an individualized education program beyond the graduation ceremony.
- 20 (3) A student's participation in a graduation ceremony and 21 receipt of a certificate of attendance under this section shall not 22 be construed as the student's receipt of ((either:
 - $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$)) <u>a</u> high school diploma pursuant to RCW 28A.230.120((; or
- 24 (b) A certificate of individual achievement pursuant to RCW 25 28A.155.045)).
- 26 **Sec. 107.** RCW 28A.180.100 and 2004 c 19 s 105 are each amended 27 to read as follows:

The office of the superintendent of public instruction and the 28 29 state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly 30 develop a program plan to provide a continuing education option for students who are eligible for the state transitional bilingual 31 instruction program and who need more time to develop language 32 proficiency but who are more age-appropriately suited for a 33 postsecondary learning environment than for a high school. ((In 34 developing the plan, the superintendent of public instruction shall 35 consider options to formally recognize the accomplishments of 36 37 students in the state transitional bilingual instruction program who 38 have completed the twelfth grade but have not earned a certificate of

- 1 academic achievement.)) By December 1, 2004, the agencies shall
- 2 report to the legislative education and fiscal committees with any
- 3 recommendations for legislative action and any resources necessary to
- 4 implement the plan.

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5 **Sec. 108.** RCW 28A.195.010 and 2018 c 177 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature hereby recognizes that private schools should be subject only to those minimum state controls necessary to insure the health and safety of all the students in the state and to insure a sufficient basic education to meet usual graduation requirements. The state, any agency or official thereof, shall not restrict or dictate any specific educational or other programs for private schools except as hereinafter in this section provided.

The administrative or executive authority of private schools or private school districts shall file each year with the state board of education a statement certifying that the minimum requirements hereinafter set forth are being met, noting any deviations. The state board of education may request clarification or additional information. After review of the statement, the state board of education will notify schools or school districts of any concerns, deficiencies, and deviations which must be corrected. If there are any unresolved concerns, deficiencies, or deviations, the school or school district may request or the state board of education on its own initiative may grant provisional status for one year in order that the school or school district may take action to meet the requirements. The state board of education shall not require private school students to meet the student learning goals, ((obtain a certificate of academic achievement, or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from high school,)) to ((master)) <u>learn</u> the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards, or to be assessed pursuant to RCW ((28A.655.061)) 28A.655.070. However, private schools may choose, on a voluntary basis, to have their students ((master)) <u>learn</u> these ((essential academic)) <u>state</u> learning ((requirements,)) standards or take the assessments((, and obtain a certificate of academic achievement or a certificate of individual achievement)). Minimum requirements shall be as follows:

(1) The minimum school year for instructional purposes shall consist of no less than one hundred eighty school days or the equivalent in annual minimum instructional hour offerings, with a Code Rev/PW:eab

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- 1 school-wide annual average total instructional hour offering of one
- 2 thousand hours for students enrolled in grades one through twelve,
- and at least four hundred fifty hours for students enrolled in 3 4 kindergarten.
- The school day shall be the same as defined in RCW 5 6 28A.150.203.
- 7 (3) All classroom teachers shall hold appropriate Washington state certification except as follows: 8
- (a) Teachers for religious courses or courses for which no 9 counterpart exists in public schools shall not be required to obtain 10 11 a state certificate to teach those courses.

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- In exceptional cases, people of unusual competence but without certification may teach students so long as a certified person exercises general supervision. Annual written statements shall be submitted to the state board of education reporting and explaining such circumstances.
- (4) An approved private school may operate an extension program for parents, guardians, or persons having legal custody of a child to teach children in their custody. The extension program shall require at a minimum that:
- (a) The parent, guardian, or custodian be under the supervision 21 of an employee of the approved private school who is certificated 22 under chapter 28A.410 RCW; 23
 - (b) The planning by the certificated person and the parent, guardian, or person having legal custody include objectives consistent with this subsection and subsections (1), (2), (5), (6), and (7) of this section;
 - (c) The certificated person spend a minimum average each month of one contact hour per week with each student under his or her supervision who is enrolled in the approved private school extension program;
- (d) Each student's progress be evaluated by the certificated person; and 33
- (e) The certificated employee shall not supervise more than 34 35 thirty students enrolled in the approved private school's extension 36 program.
- 37 (5) Appropriate measures shall be taken to safeguard all permanent records against loss or damage. 38
- (6) The physical facilities of the school or district shall be 39 adequate to meet the program offered by the school or district: 40 Code Rev/PW:eab 20 H-2345.4/19 4th draft

- 1 PROVIDED, That each school building shall meet reasonable health and 2 fire safety requirements. A residential dwelling of the parent,
- 3 quardian, or custodian shall be deemed to be an adequate physical
- 4 facility when a parent, quardian, or person having legal custody is
- 5 instructing his or her child under subsection (4) of this section.
- 6 (7) Private school curriculum shall include instruction of the 7 basic skills of occupational education, science, mathematics,
- 8 language, social studies, history, health, reading, writing,
- 9 spelling, and the development of appreciation of art and music, all
- 10 in sufficient units for meeting state board of education graduation
- 11 requirements.
- 12 (8) Each school or school district shall be required to maintain 13 up-to-date policy statements related to the administration and
- 14 operation of the school or school district.
- 15 All decisions of policy, philosophy, selection of books, teaching
- 16 material, curriculum, except as in subsection (7) of this section
- 17 provided, school rules and administration, or other matters not
- 18 specifically referred to in this section, shall be the responsibility
- 19 of the administration and administrators of the particular private
- 20 school involved.
- 21 Sec. 109. RCW 28A.200.010 and 2004 c 19 s 107 are each amended
- 22 to read as follows:
- 23 (1) Each parent whose child is receiving home-based instruction 24 under RCW 28A.225.010(4) shall have the duty to:
- 25 (a) File annually a signed declaration of intent that he or she
- 26 is planning to cause his or her child to receive home-based
- 27 instruction. The statement shall include the name and age of the
- 28 child, shall specify whether a certificated person will be
- 29 supervising the instruction, and shall be written in a format
- 30 prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. Each parent
- 31 shall file the statement by September 15th of the school year or
- 32 within two weeks of the beginning of any public school quarter,
- 33 trimester, or semester with the superintendent of the public school
- 34 district within which the parent resides or the district that accepts
- 35 the transfer, and the student shall be deemed a transfer student of
- 36 the nonresident district. Parents may apply for transfer under RCW
- 37 28A.225.220;
- 38 (b) Ensure that test scores or annual academic progress
- 39 assessments and immunization records, together with any other records

- that are kept relating to the instructional and educational 1 activities provided, are forwarded to any other public or private 2 school to which the child transfers. At the time of a transfer to a 3 public school, the superintendent of the local school district in 4 which the child enrolls may require a standardized achievement test 5 6 to be administered and shall have the authority to determine the appropriate grade and course level placement of the child after 7 consultation with parents and review of the child's records; and 8
- (c) Ensure that a standardized achievement test approved by the 9 state board of education is administered annually to the child by a 10 11 qualified individual or that an annual assessment of the student's 12 academic progress is written by a certificated person who is currently working in the field of education. The state board of 13 education shall not require these children to meet the student 14 learning goals, ((master)) <u>learn</u> the ((essential academic)) <u>state</u> 15 16 learning ((requirements)) <u>standards</u>, ((to)) or 17 assessments((, or to obtain a certificate of academic achievement or 18 a certificate of individual achievement pursuant to RCW 28A.655.061 and 28A.155.045)) under RCW 28A.655.070. The standardized test 19 administered or the annual academic progress assessment written shall 20 21 be made a part of the child's permanent records. If, as a result of 22 the annual test or assessment, it is determined that the child is not 23 making reasonable progress consistent with his or her age or stage of 24 development, the parent shall make a good faith effort to remedy any 25 deficiency.
 - (2) Failure of a parent to comply with the duties in this section shall be deemed a failure of such parent's child to attend school without valid justification under RCW 28A.225.020. Parents who do comply with the duties set forth in this section shall be presumed to be providing home-based instruction as set forth in RCW 28A.225.010(4).
 - Sec. 110. RCW 28A.230.122 and 2011 c 203 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A student who fulfills the requirements specified in subsection (3) of this section toward completion of an international baccalaureate diploma programme is considered to have met the requirements of the graduation pathway option established in section 201(1)(b)(iv) of this act and to have satisfied state minimum requirements for graduation from a public high school, except that((÷

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- (a) The provisions of RCW 28A.655.061 regarding the certificate of academic achievement or RCW 28A.155.045 regarding the certificate of individual achievement apply to students under this section; and
- $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(b)}}$) the provisions of RCW 28A.230.170 regarding study of the United States Constitution and the Washington state Constitution apply to students under this section.
- (2) School districts may require students under this section to complete local graduation requirements that are in addition to state minimum requirements before issuing a high school diploma under RCW 28A.230.120. However, school districts are encouraged to waive local requirements as necessary to encourage students to pursue an international baccalaureate diploma.
- (3) To receive a high school diploma under this section, a student must complete and pass all required international baccalaureate diploma programme courses as scored at the local level; pass all internal assessments as scored at the local level; successfully complete all required projects and products as scored at the local level; and complete the final examinations administered by the international baccalaureate organization in each of the required subjects under the diploma programme.
- **Sec. 111.** RCW 28A.230.125 and 2014 c 102 s 3 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
 - (1) The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the four-year institutions as defined in RCW 28B.76.020, the state board for community and technical colleges, and the workforce training and education coordinating board, shall develop for use by all public school districts a standardized high school transcript. The superintendent shall establish clear definitions for the terms "credits" and "hours" so that school programs operating on the quarter, semester, or trimester system can be compared.
- 31 (2) ((The standardized high school transcript shall include a 32 notation of whether the student has earned a certificate of 33 individual achievement or a certificate of academic achievement.
- 34 (3)) The standardized high school transcript may include a notation of whether the student has earned the Washington state seal of biliteracy established under RCW 28A.300.575.
- **Sec. 112.** RCW 28A.305.130 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 31 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of the state board of education is to provide advocacy and strategic oversight of public education; implement a standards-based accountability framework that creates a unified system of increasing levels of support for schools in order to improve student academic achievement; provide leadership in the creation of a system that personalizes education for each student and respects diverse cultures, abilities, and learning styles; and promote achievement of the goals of RCW 28A.150.210. In addition to any other powers and duties as provided by law, the state board of education shall:

- (1) Hold regularly scheduled meetings at such time and place within the state as the board shall determine and may hold such special meetings as may be deemed necessary for the transaction of public business;
- 15 (2) Form committees as necessary to effectively and efficiently conduct the work of the board;
 - (3) Seek advice from the public and interested parties regarding the work of the board;
 - (4) For purposes of statewide accountability:

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(a) Adopt and revise performance improvement goals in reading, 20 21 writing, science, and mathematics, by subject and grade level, once 22 assessments in these subjects are required statewide; academic and 23 technical skills, as appropriate, in secondary career and technical education programs; and student attendance, as the board deems 24 25 appropriate to improve student learning. The goals shall be consistent with student privacy protection provisions of RCW 26 28A.655.090(7) and shall not conflict with requirements contained in 27 28 Title I of the federal elementary and secondary education act of 1965, or the requirements of the Carl D. Perkins vocational education 29 act of 1998, each as amended. The goals may be established for all 30 31 students, economically disadvantaged students, limited English 32 proficient students, students with disabilities, and students from disproportionately academically underachieving racial and ethnic 33 backgrounds. The board may establish school and school district goals 34 addressing high school graduation rates and dropout reduction goals 35 36 for students in grades seven through twelve. The board shall adopt the goals by rule. However, before each goal is implemented, the 37 board shall present the goal to the education committees of the house 38 39 of representatives and the senate for the committees' review and 40 comment in a time frame that will permit the legislature to take

statutory action on the goal if such action is deemed warranted by the legislature;

- (b) (i) (A) Identify the scores students must achieve in order to meet the standard on the statewide student assessment, and the SAT or the ACT if used to demonstrate career and college readiness under section 201 of this act. The board shall also determine student scores that identify levels of student performance below and beyond the standard. The board shall set such performance standards and levels in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction and after consideration of any recommendations that may be developed by any advisory committees that may be established for this purpose;
- (B) To permit the legislature to take any statutory action it deems warranted before modified or newly established scores are implemented, the board shall notify the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate of any scores that are modified or established under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection on or after July 28, 2019. The notifications required by this subsection (4)(b)(i)(B) must be provided by November 30th of the year proceeding the beginning of the school year in which the modified or established scores will take effect;
- $(ii)((\frac{A}{A}))$ The legislature intends to implementation of chapter 22, Laws of 2013((τ)) 2nd sp. sess. when the legislature expressed the intent for the state board of education to identify the student performance standard that demonstrates a student's career and college readiness for the eleventh grade consortium-developed assessments. Therefore, by December 1, 2018, the state board of education, in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction, must identify and report to the governor and the education policy and fiscal committees of the legislature on the equivalent student performance standard that a tenth grade student would need to achieve on the state assessments to be on track to be career and college ready at the end of the student's high school experience;
- (((B) Nothing in this section prohibits the state board of education from identifying a college and career readiness score that is different from the score required for high school graduation purposes;))
- (iii) The legislature shall be advised of the initial performance standards and any changes made to the elementary, middle, and high school level performance standards. The board must provide an Code Rev/PW:eab

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- explanation of and rationale for all initial performance standards and any changes, for all grade levels of the statewide student assessment. If the board changes the performance standards for any grade level or subject, the superintendent of public instruction must recalculate the results from the previous ten years of administering that assessment regarding students below, meeting, and beyond the state standard, to the extent that this data is available, and post a comparison of the original and recalculated results on the superintendent's web site;
 - (c) Annually review the assessment reporting system to ensure fairness, accuracy, timeliness, and equity of opportunity, especially with regard to schools with special circumstances and unique populations of students, and a recommendation to the superintendent of public instruction of any improvements needed to the system; and
 - (d) Include in the biennial report required under RCW 28A.305.035, information on the progress that has been made in achieving goals adopted by the board;
 - (5) Accredit, subject to such accreditation standards and procedures as may be established by the state board of education, all private schools that apply for accreditation, and approve, subject to the provisions of RCW 28A.195.010, private schools carrying out a program for any or all of the grades kindergarten through twelve. However, no private school may be approved that operates a kindergarten program only and no private school shall be placed upon the list of accredited schools so long as secret societies are knowingly allowed to exist among its students by school officials;
 - (6) Articulate with the institutions of higher education, workforce representatives, and early learning policymakers and providers to coordinate and unify the work of the public school system;
- (7) Hire an executive director and an administrative assistant to reside in the office of the superintendent of public instruction for administrative purposes. Any other personnel of the board shall be appointed as provided by RCW 28A.300.020. The board may delegate to the executive director by resolution such duties as deemed necessary to efficiently carry on the business of the board including, but not limited to, the authority to employ necessary personnel and the authority to enter into, amend, and terminate contracts on behalf of the board. The executive director, administrative assistant, and all but one of the other personnel of the board are exempt from civil

- service, together with other staff as now or hereafter designated as exempt in accordance with chapter 41.06 RCW; and
- 3 (8) Adopt a seal that shall be kept in the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
- **Sec. 113.** RCW 28A.320.190 and 2009 c 578 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The extended learning opportunities program is created for eligible eleventh and twelfth grade students who are not on track to meet local or state graduation requirements as well as eighth grade students who need additional assistance in order to have the opportunity for a successful entry into high school. The program shall provide early notification of graduation status and information on education opportunities including preapprenticeship programs that are available.
 - (2) Under the extended learning opportunities program and to the extent funds are available for that purpose, districts shall make available to students in grade twelve who have failed to meet one or more local or state graduation requirements the option of continuing enrollment in the school district in accordance with RCW 28A.225.160. Districts are authorized to use basic education program funding to provide instruction to eligible students under RCW 28A.150.220(((3))) (5).
 - (3) Under the extended learning opportunities program, instructional services for eligible students can occur during the regular school day, evenings, on weekends, or at a time and location deemed appropriate by the school district, including the educational service district, in order to meet the needs of these students. Instructional services provided under this section do not include services offered at private schools. Instructional services can include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Individual or small group instruction;
- 32 (b) ((Instruction in English language arts and/or mathematics 33 that eligible students need to pass all or part of the Washington 34 assessment of student learning;
- 35 (c))) Attendance in a public high school or public alternative school classes or at a skill center;
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (c) Inclusion in remediation programs, including summer school;

- 1 (((e))) <u>(d)</u> Language development instruction for English language
 2 learners;
 - (((f))) <u>(e)</u> Online curriculum and instructional support, including programs for credit retrieval and ((Washington)) statewide student assessment ((of student learning)) preparatory classes; and
 - (((g))) <u>(f)</u> Reading improvement specialists available at the educational service districts to serve eighth, eleventh, and twelfth grade educators through professional development in accordance with RCW 28A.415.350. The reading improvement specialist may also provide direct services to eligible students and those students electing to continue a fifth year in a high school program who are still struggling with basic reading skills.
- 13 **Sec. 114.** RCW 28A.320.208 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 22 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) At the beginning of each school year, school districts must notify parents and guardians of enrolled students from eighth through twelfth grade about each student assessment required by the state, the minimum state-level graduation requirements, and any additional school district graduation requirements. The information may be provided when the student is enrolled, contained in the student or parent handbook, or posted on the school district's web site. The notification must include the following:
 - (a) When each assessment will be administered;
 - (b) ((Which assessments will be required for graduation and what options students have to meet graduation requirements if they do not pass a given assessment;
 - (c))) Whether the results of the assessment will be used for program placement or grade-level advancement;
- 29 (((d))) <u>(c)</u> When the assessment results will be released to 30 parents or guardians and whether there will be an opportunity for 31 parents and teachers to discuss strategic adjustments; and
- $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$ <u>(d)</u> Whether the assessment is required by the school district, state, federal government, or more than one of these entities.
- 35 (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 36 provide information to the school districts to enable the districts 37 to provide the information to the parents and guardians in accordance 38 with subsection (1) of this section.

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- 1 **Sec. 115.** RCW 28A.600.310 and 2015 c 202 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) (a) Eleventh and twelfth grade students or students who have not yet received the credits required for the award of a high school diploma and are eligible to be in the eleventh or twelfth grades may apply to a participating institution of higher education to enroll in courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education.
 - (b) The course sections and programs offered as running start courses must also be open for registration to matriculated students at the participating institution of higher education and may not be a course consisting solely of high school students offered at a high school campus.
- (c) A student receiving home-based instruction enrolling in a 13 14 public high school for the sole purpose of participating in courses or programs offered by institutions of higher education shall not be 15 16 counted by the school district in any required state or federal 17 accountability reporting if the student's parents or guardians filed a declaration of intent to provide home-based instruction and the 18 student received home-based instruction during the school year before 19 the school year in which the student intends to participate in 20 21 courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education. 22 Students receiving home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW and students attending private schools approved under chapter 28A.195 23 24 RCW shall not be required to meet the student learning goals(($_{T}$ 25 obtain a certificate of academic achievement or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from high school,)) or to 26 the ((essential academic)) state learning 27 ((master)) learn ((requirements)) standards. However, students are eligible to enroll 28 29 in courses or programs in participating universities only if the board of directors of the student's school district has decided to 30 31 participate in the program. Participating institutions of higher 32 education, in consultation with school districts, may establish admission standards for these students. If the institution of higher 33 education accepts a secondary school pupil for enrollment under this 34 section, the institution of higher education shall send written 35 notice to the pupil and the pupil's school district within ten days 36 of acceptance. The notice shall indicate the course and hours of 37 38 enrollment for that pupil.
- 39 (2)(a) In lieu of tuition and fees, as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 40 and 28B.15.041:

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- (i) Running start students shall pay to the community or technical college all other mandatory fees as established by each community or technical college and, in addition, the state board for community and technical colleges may authorize a fee of up to ten percent of tuition and fees as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 and 28B.15.041; and
- (ii) All other institutions of higher education operating a running start program may charge running start students a fee of up to ten percent of tuition and fees as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 and 28B.15.041 in addition to technology fees.
- (b) The fees charged under this subsection (2) shall be prorated based on credit load.
- (c) Students may pay fees under this subsection with advanced college tuition payment program tuition units at a rate set by the advanced college tuition payment program governing body under chapter 28B.95 RCW.
- (3) (a) The institutions of higher education must make available fee waivers for low-income running start students. Each institution must establish a written policy for the determination of low-income students before offering the fee waiver. A student shall be considered low income and eligible for a fee waiver upon proof that the student is currently qualified to receive free or reduced-price lunch. Acceptable documentation of low-income status may also include, but is not limited to, documentation that a student has been deemed eligible for free or reduced-price lunches in the last five years, or other criteria established in the institution's policy.
- (b) Institutions of higher education, in collaboration with relevant student associations, shall aim to have students who can benefit from fee waivers take advantage of these waivers. Institutions shall make every effort to communicate to students and their families the benefits of the waivers and provide assistance to students and their families on how to apply. Information about waivers shall, to the greatest extent possible, be incorporated into financial aid counseling, admission information, and individual billing statements. Institutions also shall, to the greatest extent possible, use all means of communication, including but not limited to web sites, online catalogues, admission and registration forms, mass email messaging, social media, and outside marketing to ensure that information about waivers is visible, compelling, and reaches the maximum number of students and families that can benefit.

- 1 (4) The pupil's school district shall transmit to the institution of higher education an amount per each full-time equivalent college 2 student at statewide uniform rates for vocational and nonvocational 3 students. The superintendent of public instruction shall separately 4 calculate and allocate moneys appropriated for basic education under 5 6 RCW 28A.150.260 to school districts for purposes of making such payments and for granting school districts seven percent thereof to 7 offset program related costs. The calculations and allocations shall 8 be based upon the estimated statewide annual average per full-time 9 equivalent high school student allocations under RCW 28A.150.260, 10 11 excluding small high school enhancements, and applicable rules 12 adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW. The superintendent of public instruction, participating institutions of higher education, and the 13 state board for community and technical colleges shall consult on the 14 calculation and distribution of the funds. The funds received by the 15 16 institution of higher education from the school district shall not be 17 deemed tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the 18 institution of higher education. A student enrolled under this 19 subsection shall be counted for the purpose of meeting enrollment targets in accordance with terms and conditions specified in the 20 21 omnibus appropriations act.
- 22 **Sec. 116.** RCW 28A.700.080 and 2008 c 170 s 301 are each amended 23 to read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop and conduct an ongoing campaign for career and technical education to increase awareness among teachers, counselors, students, parents, principals, school administrators, and the general public about the opportunities offered by rigorous career and technical education programs. Messages in the campaign shall emphasize career and technical education as a high quality educational pathway for students, including for students who seek advanced education that includes a bachelor's degree or beyond. In particular, the office shall provide information about the following:
- 35 (a) The model career and technical education programs of study 36 developed under RCW 28A.700.060;
- 37 (b) Career and technical education course equivalencies and dual 38 credit for high school and college;

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- 1 (c) ((The career and technical education alternative assessment 2 quidelines under RCW 28A.655.065;
 - (d))) The availability of scholarships for postsecondary workforce education, including the Washington award for vocational excellence, and apprenticeships through the opportunity grant program under RCW 28B.50.271, grants under RCW 28A.700.090, and other programs; and
- 8 (((e))) <u>(d)</u> Education, apprenticeship, and career opportunities 9 in emerging and high-demand programs.
 - (2) The office shall use multiple strategies in the campaign depending on available funds, including developing an interactive web site to encourage and facilitate career exploration; conducting training and orientation for guidance counselors and teachers; and developing and disseminating printed materials.
- 15 (3) The office shall seek advice, participation, and financial assistance from the workforce training and education coordinating board, higher education institutions, foundations, employers, apprenticeship and training councils, workforce development councils, and business and labor organizations for the campaign.
- 20 **Sec. 117.** RCW 28A.415.360 and 2009 c 548 s 403 are each amended 21 to read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, targeted professional development programs, to be known as learning improvement days, are authorized to further the development of outstanding mathematics, science, and reading teaching and learning opportunities in the state of Washington. The intent of this section is to provide guidance for the learning improvement days in the omnibus appropriations act. The learning improvement days authorized in this section shall not be considered part of the definition of basic education.
- 31 (2) A school district is eligible to receive funding for learning 32 improvement days that are limited to specific activities related to 33 student learning that contribute to the following outcomes:
- 34 (a) Provision of meaningful, targeted professional development 35 for all teachers in mathematics, science, or reading;
- 36 (b) Increased knowledge and instructional skill for mathematics, 37 science, or reading teachers;

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- 1 (c) Increased use of curriculum materials with supporting 2 diagnostic and supplemental materials that align with state 3 standards;
 - (d) ((Skillful guidance for students participating in alternative assessment activities;
- 6 (e))) Increased rigor of course offerings especially in mathematics, science, and reading;
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(e)</u> Increased student opportunities for focused, applied mathematics and science classes;
- $((\frac{g}{g}))$ Increased student success on state achievement 11 measures; and
- $((\frac{h}{h}))$ (g) Increased student appreciation of the value and uses of mathematics, science, and reading knowledge and exploration of related careers.
 - (3) School districts receiving resources under this section shall submit reports to the superintendent of public instruction documenting how the use of the funds contributes to measurable improvement in the outcomes described under subsection (2) of this section; and how other professional development resources and programs authorized in statute or in the omnibus appropriations act contribute to the expected outcomes. The superintendent of public instruction and the office of financial management shall collaborate on required report content and format.
 - Sec. 118. RCW 28A.655.068 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 31 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) ((Beginning in the 2011-12 school year,)) The statewide high school assessment in science shall be ((an end-of-course)) a comprehensive assessment ((for biology)) that measures the state standards for the application of science and engineering practices, disciplinary core ideas, and crosscutting concepts in the domains of physical sciences, life sciences, ((in addition to systems, inquiry, and application as they pertain to life sciences)) Earth and space sciences, and engineering design.
 - (2) (((a) The superintendent of public instruction may develop or adopt science end-of-course assessments or a comprehensive science assessment that includes subjects in addition to biology for purposes of RCW 28A.655.061, when so directed by the legislature. The legislature intends to transition from a biology end-of-course assessment to a more comprehensive science assessment in a manner

- consistent with the way in which the state transitioned to an English language arts assessment and a comprehensive mathematics assessment. The legislature further intends that the transition will include at least two years of using the student assessment results from either the biology end-of-course assessment or the more comprehensive assessment in order to provide students with reasonable opportunities to demonstrate high school competencies while being mindful of the increasing rigor of the new assessment.
 - (b))) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop or adopt a science assessment in accordance with RCW 28A.655.070(10) that is not biased toward persons with different learning styles, racial or ethnic backgrounds, or on the basis of gender.

- (((c) Before the next subsequent school year after the legislature directs the superintendent to develop or adopt a new science assessment, the superintendent of public instruction shall review the objective alternative assessments for the science assessment and make recommendations to the legislature regarding additional objective alternatives, if any.))
- (3) The superintendent of public instruction may participate with consortia of multiple states as common student learning standards and assessments in science are developed. The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the state board of education, may modify the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and statewide student assessments in science, including the high school assessment, according to the multistate common student learning standards and assessments as long as the education committees of the legislature have opportunities for review before the modifications are adopted, as provided under RCW 28A.655.070.
- (4) The statewide high school assessment under this section shall be used to demonstrate that a student meets the state standards in the science content area of the statewide student assessment until a comprehensive science assessment is required under RCW 28A.655.061.
- **Sec. 119.** RCW 28A.655.070 and 2018 c 177 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards that identify the knowledge and skills all public school students need to know and be able to do based on the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210, develop student assessments, and implement the Code Rev/PW:eab 34 H-2345.4/19 4th draft

accountability recommendations and requests regarding assistance, rewards, and recognition of the state board of education.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall:

- (a) Periodically revise the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards, as needed, based on the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210. Goals one and two shall be considered primary. To the maximum extent possible, the superintendent shall integrate goal four and the knowledge and skill areas in the other goals in the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards; and
- (b) Review and prioritize the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and identify, with clear and concise descriptions, the grade level content expectations to be assessed on the statewide student assessment and used for state or federal accountability purposes. The review, prioritization, and identification shall result in more focus and targeting with an emphasis on depth over breadth in the number of grade level content expectations assessed at each grade level. Grade level content expectations shall be articulated over the grades as a sequence of expectations and performances that are logical, build with increasing depth after foundational knowledge and skills are acquired, and reflect, where appropriate, the sequential nature of the discipline. The office of the superintendent of public instruction, within seven working days, shall post on its web site any grade level content expectations provided to an assessment vendor for use in constructing the statewide student assessment.
- (3) (a) In consultation with the state board of education, the superintendent of public instruction shall maintain and continue to develop and revise a statewide academic assessment system in the content areas of reading, writing, mathematics, and science for use in the elementary, middle, and high school years designed to determine if each student has mastered the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards identified in subsection (1) of this section. School districts shall administer the assessments under guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. The academic assessment system may include a variety of assessment methods, including criterion-referenced and performance-based measures.
- (b) Effective with the 2009 administration of the Washington assessment of student learning and continuing with the statewide Code Rev/PW:eab 35 H-2345.4/19 4th draft

- student assessment, the superintendent shall redesign the assessment in the content areas of reading, mathematics, and science in all grades except high school by shortening test administration and reducing the number of short answer and extended response questions.
 - (c) By the 2014-15 school year, the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the state board of education, shall modify the statewide student assessment system to transition to assessments developed with a multistate consortium, as provided in this subsection:
 - (i) The assessments developed with a multistate consortium to assess student proficiency in English language arts and mathematics shall be administered beginning in the 2014-15 school year, and beginning with the graduating class of 2020, the assessments must be administered to students in the tenth grade. The reading and writing assessments shall not be administered by the superintendent of public instruction or schools after the 2013-14 school year.
 - (ii) The high school assessments in English language arts and mathematics in (c)(i) of this subsection shall be used for the purposes of ((earning a certificate of academic achievement for high school graduation under the timeline established in RCW 28A.655.061)) federal and state accountability and for assessing student career and college readiness.
 - (((iii) During the transition period specified in RCW 28A.655.061, the superintendent of public instruction shall use test items and other resources from the consortium assessment to develop and administer a tenth grade high school English language arts assessment, an end-of-course mathematics assessment to assess the standards common to algebra I and integrated mathematics I, and an end-of-course mathematics assessment to assess the standards common to geometry and integrated mathematics II.))
 - (d) The statewide academic assessment system must also include the Washington access to instruction and measurement assessment for students with significant cognitive challenges.
 - (4) If the superintendent proposes any modification to the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards or the statewide assessments, then the superintendent shall, upon request, provide opportunities for the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate to review the assessments and proposed modifications to the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards before the modifications are adopted.

- (5) The assessment system shall be designed so that the results under the assessment system are used by educators as tools to evaluate instructional practices, and to initiate appropriate educational support for students who have not mastered the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards at the appropriate periods in the student's educational development.
- (6) By September 2007, the results for reading and mathematics shall be reported in a format that will allow parents and teachers to determine the academic gain a student has acquired in those content areas from one school year to the next.
- (7) To assist parents and teachers in their efforts to provide educational support to individual students, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide as much individual student performance information as possible within the constraints of the assessment system's item bank. The superintendent shall also provide to school districts:
- (a) Information on classroom-based and other assessments that may provide additional achievement information for individual students; and
- (b) A collection of diagnostic tools that educators may use to evaluate the academic status of individual students. The tools shall be designed to be inexpensive, easily administered, and quickly and easily scored, with results provided in a format that may be easily shared with parents and students.
- (8) To the maximum extent possible, the superintendent shall integrate knowledge and skill areas in development of the assessments.
- (9) Assessments for goals three and four of RCW 28A.150.210 shall be integrated in the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and assessments for goals one and two.
- (10) The superintendent shall develop assessments that are directly related to the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards, and are not biased toward persons with different learning styles, racial or ethnic backgrounds, or on the basis of gender.
- 36 (11) The superintendent shall review available and appropriate 37 options for competency-based assessments that meet the ((essential 38 academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards. In accordance 39 with the review required by this subsection, the superintendent shall

provide a report and recommendations to the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate by November 1, 2019.

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- (12) The superintendent shall consider methods to address the unique needs of special education students when developing the assessments under this section.
- 6 (13) The superintendent shall consider methods to address the 7 unique needs of highly capable students when developing the 8 assessments under this section.
- 9 (14) The superintendent shall post on the superintendent's web 10 site lists of resources and model assessments in social studies, the 11 arts, and health and fitness.
 - (15) The superintendent shall integrate financial education skills and content knowledge into the state learning standards pursuant to RCW 28A.300.460(2)(d).
 - (16)(a) The superintendent shall notify the state board of education in writing before initiating the development or revision of the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards under subsections (1) and (2) of this section. The notification must be provided to the state board of education in advance for review at a regularly scheduled or special board meeting and must include the following information:
- 22 (i) The subject matter of the ((essential academic)) state 23 learning ((requirements)) standards;
 - (ii) The reason or reasons the superintendent is initiating the development or revision; and
 - (iii) The process and timeline that the superintendent intends to follow for the development or revision.
 - (b) The state board of education may provide a response to the superintendent's notification for consideration in the development or revision process in (a) of this subsection.
 - (c) Prior to adoption by the superintendent of any new or revised ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards, the superintendent shall submit the proposed new or revised ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards to the state board of education in advance in writing for review at a regularly scheduled or special board meeting. The state board of education may provide a response to the superintendent's proposal for consideration prior to final adoption.
- 39 (17) The state board of education may propose new or revised ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards to Code Rev/PW:eab 38 H-2345.4/19 4th draft

- the superintendent. The superintendent must respond to the state board of education's proposal in writing.
- **Sec. 120.** RCW 28A.655.090 and 2008 c 165 s 3 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
 - (1) By September 10, 1998, and by September 10th each year thereafter, the superintendent of public instruction shall report to schools, school districts, and the legislature on the results of the ((Washington assessment of student learning and state-mandated norm-referenced standardized tests)) statewide student assessment.
 - (2) The reports shall include the assessment results by school and school district, and include changes over time. For the ((Washington assessment of student learning)) statewide student assessment, results shall be reported as follows:
 - (a) The percentage of students meeting the standards;
 - (b) The percentage of students performing at each level of the assessment;
 - (c) Disaggregation of results by at least the following subgroups of students: White, Black, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, Pacific Islander/Hawaiian Native, low income, transitional bilingual, migrant, special education, and, beginning with the 2009-10 school year, students covered by section 504 of the federal rehabilitation act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794); and
 - (d) A learning improvement index that shows changes in student performance within the different levels of student learning reported on the ((Washington assessment of student learning)) statewide student assessment.
 - (3) The reports shall contain data regarding the different characteristics of schools, such as poverty levels, percent of English as a second language students, dropout rates, attendance, percent of students in special education, and student mobility so that districts and schools can learn from the improvement efforts of other schools and districts with similar characteristics.
 - (4) The reports shall contain student scores on mandated tests by comparable Washington schools of similar characteristics.
- 35 (5) The reports shall contain information on public school choice options available to students, including vocational education.
- 37 (6) The reports shall be posted on the superintendent of public 38 instruction's internet web site.

- (7) To protect the privacy of students, the results of schools and districts that test fewer than ten students in a grade level shall not be reported. In addition, in order to ensure that results are reported accurately, the superintendent of public instruction shall maintain the confidentiality of statewide data files until the superintendent determines that the data are complete and accurate.
- (8) The superintendent of public instruction shall monitor the percentage and number of special education and limited English-proficient students exempted from taking the assessments by schools and school districts to ensure the exemptions are in compliance with exemption guidelines.
- **Sec. 121.** RCW 28A.655.200 and 2009 c 539 s 1 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
 - (1) The legislature intends to permit school districts to offer norm-referenced assessments, make diagnostic tools available to school districts, and provide funding for diagnostic assessments to enhance student learning at all grade levels and provide early intervention before the high school ((Washington assessment of student learning)) statewide student assessment.
 - (2) In addition to the diagnostic assessments provided under this section, school districts may, at their own expense, administer norm-referenced assessments to students.
 - (3) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall post on its web site for voluntary use by school districts, a guide of diagnostic assessments. The assessments in the guide, to the extent possible, shall include the characteristics listed in subsection (4) of this section.
 - (4) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this purpose, beginning September 1, 2007, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall make diagnostic assessments in reading, writing, mathematics, and science in elementary, middle, and high school grades available to school districts. Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall also provide funding to school districts for administration of diagnostic assessments to help improve student learning, identify academic weaknesses, enhance student planning and guidance, and develop targeted instructional strategies to assist students before the high

- 1 school ((Washington assessment of student learning)) statewide
- 2 <u>student assessment</u>. To the greatest extent possible, the assessments
- 3 shall be:

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- (a) Aligned to the state's grade level expectations;
- (b) Individualized to each student's performance level;
- 6 (c) Administered efficiently to provide results either 7 immediately or within two weeks;
- 8 (d) Capable of measuring individual student growth over time and 9 allowing student progress to be compared to other students across the 10 country;
- 11 (e) Readily available to parents; and
- 12 (f) Cost-effective.
- 13 (5) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 14 offer training at statewide and regional staff development activities 15 in:
- 16 (a) The interpretation of diagnostic assessments; and
- 17 (b) Application of instructional strategies that will increase 18 student learning based on diagnostic assessment data.
- 19 PART II

20 GRADUATION PATHWAY OPTIONS FOR THE GRADUATING CLASS OF 2020 AND SUBSEQUENT CLASSES

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 23 28A.655 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) (a) Beginning with the class of 2020, graduation from a public high school and the earning of a high school diploma must include the following:
 - (i) Satisfying the graduation requirements established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.230.090 and any graduation requirements established by the applicable public high school or school district;
 - (ii) Satisfying credit requirements for graduation;
- 32 (iii) Demonstrating career and college readiness through 33 completion of the high school and beyond plan as required by RCW 34 28A.230.090; and
- 35 (iv) Meeting the requirements of at least one graduation pathway 36 option established in this section. The pathway options established 37 in this section are intended to provide a student with multiple 38 pathways to graduating with a meaningful high school diploma that are Code Rev/PW:eab

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- 1 tailored to the goals of the student. A student may choose to pursue one or more of the pathway options under (b) of this subsection, but any pathway option used by a student to demonstrate career and college readiness must be in alignment with the student's high school and beyond plan.
 - (b) The following graduation pathway options may be used to demonstrate career and college readiness in accordance with (a) (iv) of this subsection:
 - (i) Meet or exceed the graduation standard established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.305.130 on the statewide high school assessments in English language arts and mathematics as provided for under RCW 28A.655.070;
 - (ii) Complete and qualify for college credit in dual credit courses in English language arts and mathematics. For the purposes of this subsection, "dual credit course" means a course in which a student qualifies for college and high school credit in English language arts or mathematics upon successfully completing the course;
 - (iii) Earn high school credit in a high school transition course in English language arts and mathematics, an example of which includes a bridge to college course. For the purposes of this subsection (1)(b)(iii), "high school transition course" means an English language arts or mathematics course offered in high school where successful completion by a high school student ensures the student college-level placement at participating institutions higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016. High school transition courses must satisfy core or elective credit graduation requirements established by the state board of education. A student's successful completion of a high school transition course does not entitle the student to be admitted to an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016;
 - (iv) Earn high school credit, with a C+ grade or equivalent, in AP, international baccalaureate, or Cambridge international courses in English language arts and mathematics. For English language arts, successfully completing any of the following courses meets the standard: AP English language and composition; macroeconomics; microeconomics; psychology; United States history; world history; United States government and politics; comparative government and politics; and any of the international baccalaureate individuals and societies courses. For mathematics, successfully completing any of

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- the following courses meets the standard: AP statistics or calculus; and any of the international baccalaureate mathematics courses;
 - (v) Meet or exceed the scores established by the state board of education for the mathematics portion and the reading, English, or writing portion of the SAT or ACT;
- (vi) Meet any combination of at least one English language arts option and at least one mathematics option established in (b)(i) through (v) of this subsection (1);
- 9 (vii) Meet standard in the armed services vocational aptitude 10 battery; and
 - (viii) Complete a sequence of career and technical education courses, including those leading to workforce entry, state or nationally approved apprenticeships, or postsecondary education, that meet the minimum criteria identified in RCW 28A.700.030. Nothing in this subsection (1)(b)(viii) requires a student to enroll in a preparatory course that is approved under RCW 28A.700.030 for the purposes of demonstrating career and college readiness under this section.
 - (2) While the legislature encourages school districts to make all pathway options established in this section available to their high school students, and to expand their pathway options until that goal is met, school districts have discretion in determining which pathway options under this section they will offer to students.
- 24 (3) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement 25 the graduation pathway options established in this section.

26 PART III

ESTABLISHING A MASTERY-BASED LEARNING WORK GROUP

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. (1) By June 1, 2019, the state board of education shall convene a work group to inform the governor, the legislature, and the public about barriers to mastery-based learning in Washington state whereby:
 - (a) Students advance upon demonstrated mastery of content;
- 33 (b) Competencies include explicit, measurable, transferable 34 learning objectives that empower students;
- 35 (c) Assessments are meaningful and a positive learning experience 36 for students;
- 37 (d) Students receive rapid, differentiated support based on their 38 individual learning needs; and

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- 1 (e) Learning outcomes emphasize competencies that include 2 application and creation of knowledge along with the development of 3 important skills and dispositions.
 - (2) The work group shall examine opportunities to increase student access to relevant and robust mastery-based academic pathways aligned to personal career goals and postsecondary education. The work group shall also review the role of the high school and beyond plan in supporting mastery-based learning. The work group shall consider:
- 10 (a) Improvements in the high school and beyond plan as an 11 essential tool for mastery-based learning;
- 12 (b) Development of mastery-based pathways to the earning of a 13 high school diploma; and
- 14 (c) Expansion of mastery-based credits to meet graduation 15 requirements.
 - (3) The work group must include the following members:
 - (a) Four legislators: One from each of the two largest caucuses in the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house; and one from each of the two largest caucuses in the senate, appointed by the president of the senate;
- 21 (b) Two students as selected by the association of Washington 22 student leaders;
 - (c) One representative from the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee as selected by the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee;
 - (d) One high school principal as selected by the association of Washington school principals;
 - (e) One high school certificated teacher as selected by the Washington education association;
- 30 (f) One high school counselor as selected by the Washington 31 education association;
 - (g) One school district board member or superintendent as selected jointly by the Washington state school directors' association and the Washington association of school administrators;
- 35 (h) One representative from the office of the superintendent of 36 public instruction as selected by the superintendent of public 37 instruction; and
- 38 (i) One representative from the state board of education as 39 selected by the chair of the state board of education.
- 40 (4) The state board of education shall:

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- 1 (a) Provide staff support to the work group;
- 2 (b) Coordinate work group membership to ensure member diversity, 3 including racial, ethnic, gender, geographic, community size, and 4 expertise diversity; and
- 5 (c) Submit an interim report outlining preliminary findings and 6 potential recommendations to the governor and the education 7 committees of the house of representatives and the senate by December 8 1, 2019, and a final report, provided to the same recipients, 9 detailing all findings and recommendations related to the work 10 group's purpose and tasks by December 1, 2020.
 - (5) This section expires March 1, 2021.

12 PART IV

13 CONTINUED APPLICABILITY OF GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS FOR STUDENTS IN 14 THE GRADUATING CLASS OF 2018 AND PRIOR GRADUATING CLASSES

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. A new section is added to chapter 28A.655 RCW to read as follows:
- 17 RCW 28A.155.045, 28A.655.061, and 28A.655.065, as they existed on 18 January 1, 2019, apply to students in the graduating class of 2018
- 19 and prior graduating classes.

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20 PART V

21 ADDITIONAL AND REPEALED PROVISIONS

- 22 **Sec. 501.** RCW 28A.655.063 and 2007 c 354 s 7 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall provide funds to school districts to reimburse students for the cost of taking the tests in RCW 28A.655.061(((10))) (9)(b) when the students take the tests for the purpose of using the results as an objective alternative assessment. The office of the superintendent of public instruction may, as an alternative to providing funds to school districts, arrange for students to receive a testing fee waiver or make other arrangements to compensate the students.
 - (2) This section expires August 31, 2021.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. RCW 28A.655.066 (Statewide end-of-course assessments for high school mathematics) and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 22 s 3, 2011 c 25 s 2, 2009 c 310 s 3, & 2008 c 163 s 3 are each repealed.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 503.** A new section is added to chapter 5 28A.230 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The legislature finds that fully realizing the potential of high school and beyond plans as meaningful tools for articulating and revising pathways for graduation will require additional school counselors and family coordinators. The legislature further finds that the development and implementation of an online electronic platform for high school and beyond plans will be an appropriate and supportive action that will assist students, parents and guardians, educators, and counselors as the legislature explores options for funding additional school counselors.
 - (2) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall select and contract with a vendor to develop and implement a statewide online electronic platform for high school and beyond plans required by RCW 28A.230.090. Beginning in the 2020-21 school year, the platform must be available to all students who are required to have a high school and beyond plan.
 - (3) At a minimum, the platform must:
- 23 (a) Enable students to create, personalize, review, and revise 24 their high school and beyond plans;
 - (b) Grant parents or guardians, educators, and counselors appropriate access to students' high school and beyond plans;
 - (c) Employ a sufficiently flexible technology that allows for subsequent modifications necessitated by statutory changes, administrative changes, or both, as well as enhancements to improve the features and functionality of the platform;
- 31 (d) Be capable of being maintained by the office of the 32 superintendent of public instruction within two years after its 33 initial implementation; and
- 34 (e) Comply with state and federal requirements for student 35 privacy.
- 36 (4) The office of the superintendent of public instruction may 37 adopt and revise rules as necessary to implement this section.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. Sections 102 and 301 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2019, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."
- 9 Correct the title.
 - ${\tt EFFECT:}$ (1) Removes a requirement that obligates students in the graduating class of 2019 to attempt at least one alternative assessment before being eligible for an expedited waiver process of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.
 - (2) Extends the certificate of individual achievement as a graduation requirement for qualifying students in the graduating classes of 2020 and 2021, and makes related changes to statutory expiration dates established in the underlying bill.
 - (3) Establishes that students who meet specified requirements toward the completion of an international baccalaureate diploma programme have satisfied a specific graduation pathway option for demonstrating career and college readiness.
 - (4) Makes numerous changes to the graduation pathway options established in the underlying bill, including:
 - (a) Requiring students who use certain pathway options to meet standard in English language arts and mathematics, rather than one or the other;
 - (b) Removing certain pathway options as stand-alone options for demonstrating career and college readiness, including being accepted into an institution of higher education, being employed in an occupation identified in the student's high school and beyond plan, earning high school credit through an apprenticeship preparation program, and passing an industry-based credential exam;
 - (c) Modifying provisions related to career and technical education (CTE) course sequences by specifying that completing a sequence of CTE courses, including those leading to workforce entry, state or nationally approved apprenticeships, or postsecondary education, that meet specified requirements also satisfies the obligation to demonstrate career and college readiness through a graduation pathway option; and
 - (d) Requiring the state board of education to adopt rules to implement the graduation pathway options.
 - (5) Requires the statewide academic assessment system to include the Washington Access to Instruction and Measurement (WA-AIM) Assessment for students with significant cognitive challenges.
 - (6) Removes provisions establishing and related to optional assessments for demonstrating career and college readiness that would be available beginning with the class of 2022.
 - (7)(a) Directs the State Board of Education to convene a work group on barriers to mastery-based learning, rather than competency-based learning.
 - (b) Modifies duties of the work group.

- (c) Changes the membership of the work group by adding four legislators and removing three representatives from business or industry.
- (8) Changes the effective date of a section relating to high school and beyond plans, rules of the State Board of Education pertaining to individual student credit waivers, and provisions governing the earning of credit before high school by removing the section from being subject to an emergency clause.
 - (9) Adds intent language.
- (10) Makes technical changes, including correcting references to "individualized education programs" and references to "spaces" sciences, and changing a continued applicability clause for students in previous graduating classes from "2019 and prior graduating classes" to "2018 and prior graduating classes."

--- END ---