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SENATE BILL 5639

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Senators Conway and Zeiger

Read first time 02/01/17. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to alternative student assessments; amending RCW
- 2 28A.655.061; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.655 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.655.061 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 42 s 2 are each 5 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The high school assessment system shall include but need not be limited to the statewide student assessment, opportunities for a student to retake the content areas of the assessment in which the student was not successful, and, if approved by the legislature pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to demonstrate achievement of state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments for each content area shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment for each content area.
 - (2) Subject to the conditions in this section, a certificate of academic achievement shall be obtained and is evidence that the students have successfully met the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045 or 28A.655.0611,

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acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation from a public high school but is not the only requirement for graduation.

- (3)(a) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008 through the graduating class of 2015, with the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, a student who meets the state standards on the reading, writing, and mathematics high school statewide student assessment shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. The mathematics assessment shall be the end-of-course assessment for the first year of high school mathematics that assesses the standards common to algebra I and integrated mathematics I or the end-of-course assessment for the second year of high school mathematics that assesses standards common to geometry and integrated mathematics II.
- (b) As the state transitions from reading and writing assessments to an English language arts assessment and from end-of-course assessments to a comprehensive assessment for high school mathematics, a student in a graduating class of 2016 through 2018 shall earn a certificate of academic achievement if the student meets the state standard as follows:
- 20 (i) Students in the graduating class of 2016 may use the results 21 from:
 - (A) The reading and writing assessment or the English language arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium; and
 - (B) The end-of-course assessment for the first year of high school mathematics, the end-of-course assessment for the second year of high school mathematics, or the comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium.
- 28 (ii) Students in the graduating classes of 2017 and 2018 may use 29 the results from:
 - (A) The tenth grade English language arts assessment developed by the superintendent of public instruction using resources from the multistate consortium or the English language arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium; and
 - (B) The end-of-course assessment for the first year of high school mathematics, the end-of-course assessment for the second year of high school mathematics, or the comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium.
 - (c) Beginning with the graduating class of 2019, a student who meets the state standards on the high school English language arts assessment developed with the multistate consortium and the

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comprehensive mathematics assessment developed with the multistate consortium shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.

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- (d) If a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, then the student may retake the assessment in the content area at least twice a year at no cost to the student. If the student successfully meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment, then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the state standards for that content area if the student has taken the statewide student assessment at least once; except students who meet the requirements under section 2 of this act may use <u>an objective alternative assessment without taking the</u> statewide student assessment at least once. If the successfully meets the state standards on the objective alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (4) Beginning with the graduating class of 2017, a student must meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the statewide student assessment, a retake, or the objective alternative assessments in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (5) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.
- (6) A student may retain and use the highest result from each successfully completed content area of the high school assessment.
- (7) School districts must make available to students the following options:
- (a) To retake the statewide student assessment at least twice a year in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or
- (b) To retake the statewide student assessment at least twice a year in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of

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public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these programs can be assessed.

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- (8) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (9) Opportunities to retake the assessment at least twice a year shall be available to each school district.
- (10)(a) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop options for implementing objective alternative assessments, which may include an appeals process for students' scores, for students to demonstrate achievement of the state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment and be objective in its determination of student achievement of the state standards. Before any objective alternative assessments in addition to those authorized in RCW 28A.655.065 or (b) of this subsection are used by a student to demonstrate that the student has met the state standards in a content area required to obtain a certificate, the legislature shall formally approve the use of any objective alternative assessments through the omnibus appropriations act or by statute or concurrent resolution.
- (b)(i) A student's score on the mathematics, reading or English, or writing portion of the SAT or the ACT may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded the state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education shall identify the scores students must achieve on the relevant portion of the SAT or ACT to meet or exceed the state standard in the relevant content area on the statewide student assessment. A student's score on the science portion of the ACT or the science subject area tests of the SAT may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section as soon as the state board of education determines that sufficient data is available to identify reliable equivalent scores for the science content area of the statewide student assessment. After the first scores are established, the state board may increase but not decrease the scores required for students to meet or exceed the state standards.

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(ii) A student who scores at least a three on the grading scale of one to five for selected AP examinations may use the score as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. A score of three on the AP examinations in calculus or statistics may be used as an alternative assessment for the mathematics portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of three on the AP examinations in English language and composition may be used as an alternative assessment for the writing portion of the statewide student assessment; and for the English language arts portion of the assessment developed with the multistate consortium, once established in the 2014-15 school year. A score of three on the AP examinations in English literature and composition, macroeconomics, microeconomics, psychology, States history, world history, United States government and politics, or comparative government and politics may be used as an alternative the reading portion of the statewide assessment for assessment; and for the English language arts portion of the assessment developed with the multistate consortium, once established in the 2014-15 school year. A score of three on the AP examination in biology, physics, chemistry, or environmental science may be used as an alternative assessment for the science portion of the statewide student assessment.

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(iii) A student who scores at least a four on selected externally administered international baccalaureate (IB) examinations may use the score as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that the student has met or exceeded state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. A score of four on the higher level IB examinations for any of the IB English language and literature courses or for any of the IB individuals and societies courses may be used as an alternative assessment for the reading, writing, or English language arts portions of the statewide student assessment. A score of four on the higher examinations for any of the IB mathematics courses may be used as an alternative assessment for the mathematics portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of four on the higher examinations for IB biology, chemistry, or physics may be used as an alternative assessment for the science portion of the statewide student assessment.

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- 1 (11) To help assure continued progress in academic achievement as a foundation for high school graduation and to assure that students 2 are on track for high school graduation, each school district shall 3 prepare plans for and notify students and their parents or legal 4 guardians as provided in this subsection. Student learning plans are 5 6 required for eighth grade students who were not successful on any or 7 all of the content areas of the state assessment during the previous school year or who may not be on track to graduate due to credit 8 9 deficiencies or absences. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified about the information in the student learning plan, 10 11 preferably through a parent conference and at least annually. To the extent feasible, schools serving English language learner students 12 and their parents shall translate the plan into the primary language 13 14 of the family. The plan shall include the following information as 15 applicable:
 - (a) The student's results on the state assessment;
- 17 (b) If the student is in the transitional bilingual program, the 18 score on his or her Washington language proficiency test II;
 - (c) Any credit deficiencies;

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- (d) The student's attendance rates over the previous two years;
- 21 (e) The student's progress toward meeting state and local 22 graduation requirements;
- 23 (f) The courses, competencies, and other steps needed to be taken 24 by the student to meet state academic standards and stay on track for 25 graduation;
 - (g) Remediation strategies and alternative education options available to students, including informing students of the option to continue to receive instructional services after grade twelve or until the age of twenty-one;
- 30 (h) The alternative assessment options available to students 31 under this section and RCW 28A.655.065;
- (i) School district programs, high school courses, and career and technical education options available for students to meet graduation requirements; and
- (j) Available programs offered through skill centers or community and technical colleges, including the college high school diploma options under RCW 28B.50.535.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.655 RCW to read as follows:

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Students who meet the following requirements may use an alternative assessment without taking the statewide student assessment at least once:

- (1) Students who are enrolled in a school district with which a technical college has a signed interlocal agreement on file with the superintendent of public instruction;
- 7 (2) Students who were under twenty-one years of age at the 8 beginning of the school year;
 - (3) Students who are enrolled tuition-free;

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- 10 (4) Students who are enrolled in the school district for the 11 purpose of earning a high school diploma or certificate; and
- 12 (5) Students who have actually participated in instructional activity at the technical college during the current school year.

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