SENATE BILL 5581

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Senators Angel and Mullet

Read first time 01/30/17. Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

- AN ACT Relating to authorizing public hospital districts to participate in self-insurance risk pools with nonprofit hospitals; adding a new chapter to Title 48 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. 5 NEW SECTION. This chapter is intended to provide 6 authority for two or more public benefit hospital entities 7 participate in a joint self-insurance program covering property or 8 liability risks. This chapter provides public benefit hospital entities with the exclusive source of authority to jointly self-9 10 insure property and liability risks, jointly purchase insurance or 11 reinsurance, and to contract for risk management, claims, administrative services with other public benefit hospital entities. 12 This chapter must be liberally construed to grant public benefit 13 14 hospital entities maximum flexibility in jointly self-insuring to the extent the self-insurance programs are operated in a safe and sound 15 16 manner. This chapter is intended to require prior approval for the 17 establishment of every joint self-insurance program. In addition, this chapter is intended to require every joint self-insurance 18 program for public benefit hospital entities established under this 19 chapter to notify the state of the existence of the program and to 20 21 comply with the regulatory and statutory standards governing the

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- 1 management and operation of the programs as provided in this chapter.
- 2 This chapter is not intended to authorize or regulate self-insurance
- 3 of unemployment compensation under chapter 50.44 RCW or industrial
- 4 insurance under chapter 51.14 RCW.

- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The definitions in this section apply 6 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 7 otherwise.
- 8 (1) "Hospital services" means clinically related (i.e., 9 preventive, diagnostic, curative, rehabilitative, or palliative) 10 services provided in a hospital setting.
 - (2) "Property and liability risks" include the risk of property damage or loss sustained by a public benefit hospital entity and the risk of claims arising from the tortious or negligent conduct or any error or omission of the entity, its officers, employees, agents, or volunteers as a result of which a claim may be made against the entity.
 - (3) "Public benefit hospital entity" means any of the following:
 - (a) A public hospital district organized under the laws of this state or another state and any agency or instrumentality of a public hospital district including, but not limited to, a legal entity created to conduct a joint self-insurance program for public hospital districts that is operating in accordance with chapter 48.62 RCW;
 - (b) A nonprofit corporation, whether organized under the laws of this state or another state, that operates a hospital and is engaged in providing hospital services; or
 - (c) A general or limited partnership or limited liability company, whether organized under the laws of this state or another state, that is engaged in providing hospital services as defined in this section. A partnership or limited liability company may only be considered a public benefit hospital entity if a public hospital district or nonprofit corporation, as described in this subsection, satisfies any of the following conditions: (i) It has, or has the right to acquire, a financial or ownership interest in the partnership or limited liability company; (ii) it possesses the power to direct management or policies of the partnership or limited liability company; or (iii) it has entered into a contract to lease, manage, or operate the hospital owned by the partnership or limited liability company.

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- 1 (4) "Self-insurance" means a formal program of advance funding 2 and management of entity financial exposure to a risk of loss that is 3 not transferred through the purchase of an insurance policy or 4 contract.
- 5 (5) "State risk manager" means the risk manager of the office of risk management within the department of enterprise services.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The governing body of a public benefit hospital entity may join or form a self-insurance program together 8 with one or more other public benefit hospital entities, and may 9 10 jointly purchase insurance or reinsurance with one or more other public benefit hospital entities for property and liability risks 11 only as permitted under this chapter. Public benefit hospital 12 entities may contract for or hire personnel to provide 13 management, claims, and administrative services in accordance with 14 15 this chapter.
 - (2) The agreement to form a joint self-insurance program may include the organization of a separate legal or administrative entity with powers delegated to the entity. The entity may be a nonprofit corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, or other form of entity, whether organized under the laws of this state or another state.

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- 22 (3) If provided for in the organizational documents, a joint 23 self-insurance program may, in conformance with this chapter:
 - (a) Contract or otherwise provide for risk management and loss control services;
 - (b) Contract or otherwise provide legal counsel for the defense of claims and other legal services;
- 28 (c) Consult with the state insurance commissioner and the state 29 risk manager;
- (d) Jointly purchase insurance and reinsurance coverage in a formand amount as provided for in the organizational documents;
- (e) Obligate the program's participants to pledge revenues or contribute money to secure the obligations or pay the expenses of the program, including the establishment of a reserve or fund for coverage; and
- 36 (f) Possess any other powers and perform all other functions 37 reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 38 (4) Every joint self-insurance program governed by this chapter 39 must appoint the state risk manager as its attorney to receive

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service of, and upon whom must be served, all legal process issued against the program in this state upon causes of action arising in this state.

- (a) Service upon the state risk manager as attorney constitutes service upon the program. Service upon joint self-insurance programs subject to this chapter may only occur by service upon the state risk manager. At the time of service, the plaintiff shall pay to the state risk manager a fee to be set by the state risk manager, taxable as costs in the action.
- (b) With the initial filing for approval with the state risk manager, each joint self-insurance program must designate by name and address the person to whom the state risk manager must forward legal process that is served upon him or her. The joint self-insurance program may change this person by filing a new designation.
- (c) The appointment of the state risk manager as attorney is irrevocable, binds any successor in interest or to the assets or liabilities of the joint self-insurance program, and remains in effect as long as there is in force in this state any contract made by the joint self-insurance program or liabilities or duties arising from the contract.
- (d) The state risk manager shall keep a record of the day and hour of service upon him or her of all legal process. A copy of the process, by registered mail with return receipt requested, must be sent by the state risk manager to the person designated to receive legal process by the joint self-insurance program in its most recent designation filed with the state risk manager. Proceedings must not commence against the joint self-insurance program, and the program must not be required to appear, plead, or answer, until the expiration of forty days after the date of service upon the state risk manager.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This chapter does not apply to a public benefit hospital entity that:
- 33 (1) Individually self-insures for property and liability risks; 34 or
- 35 (2) Participates in a risk pooling arrangement, including a risk 36 retention group or a risk purchasing group, regulated under chapter 37 48.92 RCW, is a captive insurer authorized in its state of domicile, 38 or participates in a local government risk pool formed under chapter 39 48.62 RCW.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The state risk manager shall adopt rules governing the management and operation of joint self-insurance programs for public benefit hospital entities that cover property or liability risks. All rules must be appropriate for the type of program and class of risk covered. The state risk manager's rules must include:
- (1) Standards for the management, operation, and solvency of joint self-insurance programs, including the necessity and frequency of actuarial analyses and claims audits;
 - (2) Standards for claims management procedures;

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- (3) Standards for contracts between joint self-insurance programs and private businesses, including standards for contracts between third-party administrators and programs; and
- (4) Standards that preclude public hospital districts or other public entities participating in the joint self-insurance program from subsidizing, regardless of the form of subsidy, public benefit hospital entities that are not public hospital districts or public entities. These standards do not apply to the consideration attributable to the ownership interest of a public hospital district or other public entity in a separate legal or administrative entity organized with respect to the program.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Before the establishment of a joint selfinsurance program covering property or liability risks by public
 benefit hospital entities, the entities must obtain the approval of
 the state risk manager. The entities proposing the creation of a
 joint self-insurance program requiring prior approval shall submit a
 plan of management and operation to the state risk manager that
 provides at least the following information:
- 29 (1) The risk or risks to be covered, including any coverage 30 definitions, terms, conditions, and limitations;
- 31 (2) The amount and method of funding the covered risks, including 32 the initial capital and proposed rates and projected premiums;
 - (3) The proposed claim reserving practices;
- 34 (4) The proposed purchase and maintenance of insurance or 35 reinsurance in excess of the amounts retained by the joint self-36 insurance program;
- 37 (5) The legal form of the program including, but not limited to, 38 any articles of incorporation, bylaws, charter, or trust agreement or 39 other agreement among the participating entities;

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1 (6) The agreements with participants in the program defining the responsibilities and benefits of each participant and management;

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- (7) The proposed accounting, depositing, and investment practices of the program;
 - (8) The proposed time when actuarial analysis will be first conducted and the frequency of future actuarial analysis;
- (9) A designation of the individual to whom service of process must be forwarded by the state risk manager on behalf of the program;
- 9 (10) All contracts between the program and private persons 10 providing risk management, claims, or other administrative services;
- 11 (11) A professional analysis of the feasibility of the creation 12 and maintenance of the program;
- 13 (12) A legal determination of the potential federal and state tax 14 liabilities of the program; and
- 15 (13) Any other information required by rule of the state risk 16 manager that is necessary to determine the probable financial and 17 management success of the program or that is necessary to determine 18 compliance with this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A public benefit hospital entity may participate in a joint self-insurance program covering property or liability risks with similar public benefit hospital entities from other states if the program satisfies the following requirements:
 - (1) An ownership interest in the program is limited to some or all of the public benefit hospital entities of this state and public benefit hospital entities of other states that are provided insurance by the program;
 - (2) The participating public benefit hospital entities of this state and other states shall elect a board of directors to manage the program, a majority of whom must be affiliated with one or more of the participating public benefit hospital entities;
 - (3) The program must provide coverage through the delivery to each participating public benefit hospital entity of one or more written policies affecting insurance of covered risks;
 - (4) The program must be financed, including the payment of premiums and the contribution of initial capital, in accordance with the plan of management and operation submitted to the state risk manager in accordance with this chapter;
 - (5) The financial statements of the program must be audited annually by the certified public accountants for the program, and

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these audited financial statements must be delivered to the state risk manager not more than one hundred twenty days after the end of each fiscal year of the program;

- (6) The investments of the program must be initiated only with financial institutions or broker-dealers, or both, doing business in those states in which participating public benefit hospital entities are located, and these investments must be audited annually by the certified public accountants for the program;
- 9 (7) The treasurer of a multistate joint self-insurance program 10 must be designated by resolution of the program and the treasurer 11 must be located in the state of one of the participating entities;
 - (8) The participating entities may have no contingent liabilities for covered claims, other than liabilities for unpaid premiums, retrospective premiums, or assessments, if assets of the program are insufficient to cover the program's liabilities; and
- 16 (9) The program must obtain approval from the state risk manager 17 in accordance with this chapter and must remain in compliance with 18 this chapter, except if provided otherwise under this section.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) Within one hundred twenty days of receipt of a plan of management and operation, the state risk manager shall either approve or disapprove of the formation of the joint self-insurance program after reviewing the plan to determine whether the proposed program complies with this chapter and all rules adopted in accordance with this chapter.
 - (2) If the state risk manager denies a request for approval, the state risk manager shall specify in detail the reasons for denial and the manner in which the program fails to meet the requirements of this chapter or any rules adopted in accordance with this chapter.
 - (3) If the state risk manager determines that a joint self-insurance program covering property or liability risks is in violation of this chapter or is operating in an unsafe financial condition, the state risk manager may issue and serve upon the program an order to cease and desist from the violation or practice.
 - (a) The state risk manager shall deliver the order to the appropriate entity or entities directly or mail it to the appropriate entity or entities by certified mail with return receipt requested.
 - (b) If the program violates the order or has not taken steps to comply with the order after the expiration of twenty days after the cease and desist order has been received by the program, the program

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is deemed to be operating in violation of this chapter, and the state risk manager shall notify the attorney general of the violation.

- (c) After hearing or with the consent of a program governed under this chapter and in addition to or in lieu of a continuation of the cease and desist order, the state risk manager may levy a fine upon the program in an amount not less than three hundred dollars and not more than ten thousand dollars. The order levying the fine must specify the period within which the fine must be fully paid. The period within which the fine must be paid must not be less than fifteen and no more than thirty days from the date of the order. Upon failure to pay the fine when due, the state risk manager shall request the attorney general to bring a civil action on the state risk manager's behalf to collect the fine. The state risk manager shall pay any fine collected to the state treasurer for the account of the general fund.
- 16 (4) Each joint self-insurance program approved by the state risk 17 manager shall annually file a report with the state risk manager 18 providing:
 - (a) Details of any changes in the articles of incorporation, bylaws, charter, or trust agreement or other agreement among the participating public benefit hospital entities;
 - (b) Copies of all the insurance coverage documents;
 - (c) A description of the program structure, including participants' retention, program retention, and excess insurance limits and attachment point;
 - (d) An actuarial analysis;

- (e) A list of contractors and service providers;
- (f) The financial and loss experience of the program; and
- 29 (g) Other information as required by rule of the state risk 30 manager.
 - (5) A joint self-insurance program requiring the state risk manager's approval may not engage in an act or practice that in any respect significantly differs from the management and operation plan that formed the basis for the state risk manager's approval of the program unless the program first notifies the state risk manager in writing and obtains the state risk manager's approval. The state risk manager shall approve or disapprove the proposed change within sixty days of receipt of the notice. If the state risk manager denies a requested change, the state risk manager shall specify in detail the reasons for the denial and the manner in which the program would fail

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to meet the requirements of this chapter or any rules adopted in accordance with this chapter.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) A joint self-insurance program may by resolution of the program designate a person having experience with investments or financial matters as treasurer of the program. The program must require a bond obtained from a surety company in an amount and under the terms and conditions that the program finds will protect against loss arising from mismanagement or malfeasance in investing and managing program funds. The program may pay the premium on the bond.
- 11 (2) All interest and earnings collected on joint self-insurance 12 program funds belong to the program and must be deposited to the 13 program's credit in the proper program account.
- Sec. 10. (1) An employee or official of a 14 NEW SECTION. 15 participating public benefit hospital entity in a joint selfinsurance program may not directly or indirectly receive anything of 16 17 value for services rendered in connection with the operation and management of a self-insurance program other than the salary and 18 19 benefits provided by his or her employer or the reimbursement of expenses reasonably incurred in furtherance of the operation or 20 management of the program. An employee or official of a participating 21 public benefit hospital entity in a joint self-insurance program may 22 23 not accept or solicit anything of value for personal benefit or for the benefit of others under circumstances in which it can be 24 reasonably inferred that the employee's or official's independence of 25 26 judgment is impaired with respect to the management and operation of 27 the program.
- 28 (2) RCW 48.30.140, 48.30.150, and 48.30.157 apply to the use of insurance producers by a joint self-insurance program.
- 30 Sec. 11. A joint self-insurance program approved NEW SECTION. in accordance with this chapter is exempt from insurance premium 31 taxes, fees assessed under chapter 48.02 RCW, chapters 48.32 and 32 33 48.32A RCW, business and occupation taxes imposed under chapter 82.04 RCW, and any assigned risk plan or joint underwriting association 34 otherwise required by law. This section does not apply to, and no 35 36 exemption is provided for, insurance companies issuing policies to 37 cover program risks, and does not apply to or provide an exemption

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- 1 for third-party administrators or insurance producers serving the
- 2 joint self-insurance program.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) The state risk manager shall establish and charge an investigation fee in an amount necessary to cover the costs for the initial review and approval of a joint self-insurance program. The fee must accompany the initial submission of the plan of operation and management.
- 8 (2) The costs of subsequent reviews and investigations must be 9 charged to the joint self-insurance program being reviewed or 10 investigated in accordance with the actual time and expenses incurred 11 in the review or investigation.
- 12 (3) Any program failing to remit its assessment when due is 13 subject to denial of permission to operate or to a cease and desist 14 order until the assessment is paid.
- 15 Sec. 13. (1) Any person who files reports or NEW SECTION. furnishes other information required under this title, required by 16 the state risk manager under the authority granted under this title, 17 or which is useful to the state risk manager in the administration of 18 19 this title, is immune from liability in any civil action or suit arising from the filing of any such report or furnishing such 20 information to the state risk manager, unless actual malice, fraud, 21 22 or bad faith is shown.
- (2) The state risk manager and his or her agents and employees are immune from liability in any civil action or suit arising from the publication of any report or bulletins or arising from dissemination of information related to the official activities of the state risk manager unless actual malice, fraud, or bad faith is shown.
- 29 (3) The immunity granted under this section is in addition to any 30 common law or statutory privilege or immunity enjoyed by such person. 31 This section is not intended to abrogate or modify in any way such 32 common law or statutory privilege or immunity.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 13 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 48 RCW.

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