HOUSE BILL 2792

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By Representatives Chapman and Blake

Read first time 01/16/18. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Gaming.

- AN ACT Relating to spirits retailers; and amending RCW 66.24.620
- 2 and 66.24.630.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 66.24.620 and 2012 c 2 s 102 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
 - (1) The holder of a spirits distributor license or spirits retail license issued under this title may commence sale of spirits upon issuance thereof, but in no event earlier than March 1, 2012, for distributors, or June 1, 2012, for retailers. The board must complete application processing by those dates of all complete applications for spirits licenses on file with the board on or before sixty days from December 8, 2011.
 - (2) The board must effect orderly closure of all state liquor stores no later than June 1, 2012, and must thereafter refrain from purchase, sale, or distribution of liquor, except for asset sales authorized by chapter 2, Laws of 2012.
 - (3) The board must devote sufficient resources to planning and preparation for sale of all assets of state liquor stores and distribution centers, and all other assets of the state over which the board has power of disposition, including without limitation goodwill and location value associated with state liquor stores, with

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- 1 the objective of depleting all inventory of liquor by May 31, 2012,
- 2 and closing all other asset sales no later than June 1, 2013. The
- 3 board, in furtherance of this subsection, may sell liquor to spirits 4 licensees.
- (4)(a) Disposition of any state liquor store or distribution center assets remaining after June 1, 2013, must be managed by the

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department of revenue.

- 8 (b) The board must obtain the maximum reasonable value for all 9 asset sales made under this section.
 - (c) The board must sell by auction open to the public the right at each state-owned store location of a spirits retail licensee to operate a liquor store upon the premises. Such right must be freely alienable and subject to all state and local zoning and land use requirements applicable to the property. Acquisition of the operating rights must be a precondition to, but does not establish eligibility for, a spirits retail license at the location of a state store and does not confer any privilege conferred by a spirits retail license. Holding the rights does not require the holder of the right to operate a liquor-licensed business or apply for a liquor license.
- 20 (5) All sales proceeds under this section, net of direct sales 21 expenses and other transition costs authorized by this section, must 22 be deposited into the liquor revolving fund.
 - (6)(a) The board must complete the orderly transition from the current state-controlled system to the private licensee system of spirits retailing and distribution as required under this chapter by June 1, 2012.
 - (b) The transition must include, without limitation, a provision for applying operating and asset sale revenues of the board to just and reasonable measures to avert harm to interests of tribes, military buyers, and nonemployee liquor store operators under then existing contracts for supply by the board of distilled spirits, taking into account present value of issuance of a spirits retail license to the holder of such interest. The provision may extend beyond the time for completion of transition to a spirits licensee system.
- 36 (c) Purchases by the federal government from any licensee of the 37 board of spirits for resale through commissaries at military 38 installations are exempt from sales tax based on selling price levied 39 by RCW 82.08.150.

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- 1 (7) A former contract liquor store or a holder of former state
 2 liquor store operating rights sold at auction and licensed under RCW
 3 66.24.630 or 66.24.035 may operate its business in accordance with
 4 its license from premises other than the premises licensed at the
 5 time of the original auction under this section. This subsection also
 6 applies to subsequent purchasers following the original auction
 7 conducted under this section.
- 8 **Sec. 2.** RCW 66.24.630 and 2017 c 96 s 4 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

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- (1) There is a spirits retail license to: Sell spirits in original containers to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises and to permit holders; sell spirits in original containers to retailers licensed to sell spirits for consumption on the premises, for resale at their licensed premises according to the terms of their licenses, although no single sale may exceed twenty-four liters, unless the sale is by a licensee that was a contract liquor store manager of a contract liquor store at the location of its spirits retail licensed premises from which it makes such sales; and export spirits.
 - (2) For the purposes of this title, a spirits retail license is a retail license, and a sale by a spirits retailer is a retail sale only if not for resale. Nothing in this title authorizes sales by onsale licensees to other retail licensees. The board must establish by rule an obligation of on-sale spirits retailers to:
 - (a) Maintain a schedule by stock-keeping unit of all their purchases of spirits from spirits retail licensees, including combination spirits, beer, and wine licensees holding a license issued pursuant to RCW 66.24.035, indicating the identity of the seller and the quantities purchased; and
- 30 (b) Provide, not more frequently than quarterly, a report for 31 each scheduled item containing the identity of the purchasing on-32 premises licensee and the quantities of that scheduled item purchased 33 since any preceding report to:
- 34 (i) A distributor authorized by the distiller to distribute a 35 scheduled item in the on-sale licensee's geographic area; or
- 36 (ii) A distiller acting as distributor of the scheduled item in 37 the area.
- 38 (3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, 39 the board may issue spirits retail licenses only for premises

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comprising at least ten thousand square feet of fully enclosed retail space within a single structure, including storerooms and other interior auxiliary areas but excluding covered or fenced exterior areas, whether or not attached to the structure, and only to applicants that the board determines will maintain systems for inventory management, employee training, employee supervision, and physical security of the product substantially as effective as those of stores currently operated by the board with respect to preventing sales to or pilferage by underage or inebriated persons.

- (b) License issuances and renewals are subject to RCW 66.24.010 and the regulations adopted thereunder, including without limitation rights of cities, towns, county legislative authorities, the public, churches, schools, and public institutions to object to or prevent issuance of local liquor licenses. However, existing grocery premises licensed to sell beer and/or wine are deemed to be premises "now licensed" under RCW 66.24.010(9)(a) for the purpose of processing applications for spirits retail licenses.
- (c) The board may not deny a spirits retail license to an otherwise qualified contract liquor store ((at its contract location)) or to the holder of former state liquor store operating rights sold at auction under RCW 66.24.620 on the grounds of location, nature, or size of the premises to be licensed, or on grounds of the presence of another spirits retailer within the trade area of the premises to be licensed. The board may not deny a spirits retail license to applicants that are not contract liquor stores or operating rights holders on the grounds of the size of the premises to be licensed, if such applicant is otherwise qualified and the board determines that:
- (i) There is no spirits retail license holder in the trade area that the applicant proposes to serve;
- (ii) The applicant meets, or upon licensure will meet, the operational requirements established by the board by rule; and
 - (iii) The licensee has not committed more than one public safety violation within the three years preceding application.
- (d) A retailer authorized to sell spirits for consumption on or off the licensed premises may accept delivery of spirits at its licensed premises, at another licensed premises as designated by the retailer, or at one or more warehouse facilities registered with the board, which facilities may also warehouse and distribute nonliquor items, and from which the retailer may deliver to its own licensed

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- 1 premises and, pursuant to sales permitted under subsection (1) of this section: 2
- (i) To other retailer premises licensed to sell spirits for 3 consumption on the licensed premises;
 - (ii) To other registered facilities; or

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- (iii) To lawful purchasers outside the state. The facilities may б 7 be registered and utilized by associations, cooperatives, comparable groups of retailers, including at least one retailer 8 licensed to sell spirits. 9
 - (e) For purposes of negotiating volume discounts, a group of individual retailers authorized to sell spirits for consumption off the licensed premises may accept delivery of spirits at their individual licensed premises or at any one of the individual licensee's premises, or at a warehouse facility registered with the board.
 - (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 66.24.632, or in (b) of this subsection, each spirits retail licensee must pay to the board, for deposit into the liquor revolving fund, a license issuance fee equivalent to seventeen percent of all spirits sales revenues under the license, exclusive of taxes collected by the licensee and of sales of items on which a license fee payable under this section has otherwise been incurred. The board must establish rules setting forth the timing of such payments and reporting of sales dollar volume by the licensee, with payments required quarterly in arrears. The first payment is due October 1, 2012.
 - (b) This subsection (4) does not apply to craft distilleries.
 - (5) In addition to the payment required under subsection (4) of this section, each licensee must pay an annual license renewal fee of one hundred sixty-six dollars. The board must periodically review and adjust the renewal fee as may be required to maintain it as comparable to annual license renewal fees for licenses to sell beer and wine not for consumption on the licensed premises. If required by law at the time, any increase of the annual renewal fee becomes effective only upon ratification by the legislature.
 - (6) As a condition to receiving and renewing a spirits retail license the licensee must provide training as prescribed by the board by rule for individuals who sell spirits or who manage others who sell spirits regarding compliance with laws and regulations regarding sale of spirits, including without limitation the prohibitions against sale of spirits to individuals who are underage or visibly

p. 5 HB 2792 intoxicated. The training must be provided before the individual first engages in the sale of spirits and must be renewed at least every five years. The licensee must maintain records documenting the nature and frequency of the training provided. An employee training program is presumptively sufficient if it incorporates a "responsible vendor program" adopted by the board.

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- (7) The maximum penalties prescribed by the board in WAC 314-29-020 through 314-29-040 relating to fines and suspensions are doubled for violations relating to the sale of spirits by spirits retail licensees.
- (8)(a) The board must adopt regulations concerning the adoption and administration of a compliance training program for spirits retail licensees, to be known as a "responsible vendor program," to reduce underage drinking, encourage licensees to adopt specific best practices to prevent sales to minors, and provide licensees with an incentive to give their employees ongoing training in responsible alcohol sales and service.
- (b) Licensees who join the responsible vendor program under this section and maintain all of the program's requirements are not subject to the doubling of penalties provided in this section for a single violation in any period of twelve calendar months.
- 22 (c) The responsible vendor program must be free, voluntary, and self-monitoring.
 - (d) To participate in the responsible vendor program, licensees must submit an application form to the board. If the application establishes that the licensee meets the qualifications to join the program, the board must send the licensee a membership certificate.
- 28 (e) A licensee participating in the responsible vendor program 29 must at a minimum:
 - (i) Provide ongoing training to employees;
- 31 (ii) Accept only certain forms of identification for alcohol 32 sales;
- 33 (iii) Adopt policies on alcohol sales and checking 34 identification;
 - (iv) Post specific signs in the business; and
- 36 (v) Keep records verifying compliance with the program's requirements.
- (f)(i) A spirits retail licensee that also holds a grocery store license under RCW 66.24.360 or a beer and/or wine specialty shop license under RCW 66.24.371 may, upon board approval and pursuant to

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1 board rules, transition to a combination spirits, beer, and wine 2 license pursuant to RCW 66.24.035.

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(ii) An applicant that would qualify for a spirits retail license under this section and that qualifies for a combination spirits, beer, and wine license pursuant to RCW 66.24.035 may apply for a license pursuant to RCW 66.24.035 instead of applying for a spirits retail license under this section.

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