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HOUSE BILL 2272

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By Representatives Cody, Harris, Kilduff, Peterson, Macri, Ryu, Tarleton, McBride, Slatter, Sawyer, Tharinger, Kagi, Valdez, Senn, Chapman, Frame, Reeves, Clibborn, Appleton, Jinkins, Ormsby, Pollet, Doglio, and Stonier; by request of Attorney General

Prefiled 12/12/17. Read first time 01/08/18. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

- AN ACT Relating to restrictions on prescriptions for opiates; and 1 adding a new section to chapter 69.50 RCW.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 3
- Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 4 NEW SECTION. 5 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, when issuing a prescription for an opiate to a patient for the first time for outpatient use:
- 9 (a) A practitioner may not issue a prescription for more than a seven-day supply for a patient twenty-one years of age or older. 10
- 11 (b) A practitioner may not issue a prescription for more than a 12 three-day supply for a patient under the age of twenty-one years.
 - (2) The limits in subsection (1) of this section do not apply:
- 14 (a) To the treatment of pain associated with cancer, or for other end-of-life care. 15 palliative, hospice, or The condition 16 triggering the prescription of an opiate in a quantity greater than 17 provided in subsection (1) of this section must be documented in the patient's medical record. 18
- (b) If, in the professional medical judgment of a practitioner, 19 20 an opiate in a quantity greater than provided in subsection (1) of 21 this section is required to treat a patient's medical condition, then

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- the practitioner may issue a prescription for no greater quantity than is needed for the expected duration of pain severe enough to require opiates. The condition triggering such a prescription must be documented in the patient's medical record, and the practitioner must indicate that an alternative to the opiate was not appropriate to address the medical condition.
 - (3) When issuing a prescription for more than a three-day supply of an opiate to a patient for the first time for outpatient use:

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- 9 (a) A practitioner must discuss with the patient, or the person 10 authorized to consent to health care for the patient, all of the 11 following:
 - (i) The risks of addiction and overdose associated with opiates;
- 13 (ii) The increased risk of addiction and overdose associated with 14 opiates for those with mental illness or a history of alcohol or 15 other substance abuse; and
- 16 (iii) The dangers of taking opiates with benzodiazepines, 17 alcohol, or other central nervous system depressants.
 - (b) The practitioner must obtain written consent, recorded on a form, for the prescription from the patient, or the person authorized to consent to health care for the patient. The form must contain all of the following:
 - (i) The name and quantity of the opiate being prescribed and the amount of the initial dose;
 - (ii) A statement indicating that a controlled substance is a drug or other substance that the United States drug enforcement administration has identified as having a potential for abuse;
 - (iii) A statement that the practitioner discussed with the patient, or the person authorized to consent to health care for the patient, the items described in (a) of this subsection; and
- 30 (iv) The signature of the patient, or the person authorized to 31 consent to health care for the patient, and the date of signing.
 - (c) The form described in (b) of this subsection must be maintained in the patient's record with the practitioner.
 - (4) For purposes of this section, "opiate" does not include opioid overdose medications or medications approved by the federal food and drug administration for the treatment of opioid use disorder.
- 38 (5) This section does not preempt, limit, diminish, or otherwise 39 affect the authority of the boards and commissions that regulate

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- 1 practitioners from adopting restrictions more stringent than those
- 2 set forth in this section.

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