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**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1047**

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**State of Washington****65th Legislature****2017 Regular Session**

**By** House Health Care & Wellness (originally sponsored by Representatives Peterson, Appleton, Stanford, Robinson, Lytton, Ormsby, Senn, Jinkins, Bergquist, Frame, Gregerson, Doglio, Fey, Tharinger, Ryu, Kilduff, Macri, Hudgins, Farrell, Sawyer, and Cody)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/17.

1 AN ACT Relating to protecting the public's health by creating a  
2 system for safe and secure collection and disposal of unwanted  
3 medications; amending RCW 69.41.030; reenacting and amending RCW  
4 42.56.270; adding a new section to chapter 69.50 RCW; adding a new  
5 section to chapter 70.95 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 69 RCW;  
6 creating a new section; providing an expiration date; and prescribing  
7 penalties.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (1) Abuse, fatal  
10 overdoses, and poisonings from prescription and over-the-counter  
11 medicines used in the home have emerged as an epidemic in recent  
12 years. Poisoning is the leading cause of unintentional injury-related  
13 death in Washington, and more than ninety percent of poisoning deaths  
14 are due to drug overdoses. Poisoning by prescription and over-the-  
15 counter medicines is also one of the most common means of suicide and  
16 suicide attempts, with poisonings involved in more than twenty-eight  
17 thousand suicide attempts between 2004 and 2013.

18 (2) Home medicine cabinets are the most common source of  
19 prescription drugs that are diverted and misused. Studies find about  
20 seventy percent of those who abuse prescription medicines obtain the  
21 drugs from family members or friends, usually for free. People who

1 are addicted to heroin often first abused prescription opiate  
2 medicines. Unused, unwanted, and expired medicines that accumulate in  
3 homes increase risks of drug abuse, overdoses, and preventable  
4 poisonings.

5 (3) A safe system for the collection and disposal of unused,  
6 unwanted, and expired medicines is a key element of a comprehensive  
7 strategy to prevent prescription drug abuse, but disposing of  
8 medicines by flushing them down the toilet or placing them in the  
9 garbage can contaminate groundwater and other bodies of water,  
10 contributing to long-term harm to the environment and animal life.

11 (4) The legislature therefore finds that it is in the interest of  
12 public health to establish a safe and secure method for collection  
13 and disposal of medicines through a drug "take-back" program operated  
14 and funded by drug manufacturers.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this  
16 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly  
17 requires otherwise.

18 (1) "Authorized collector" means any of the following persons or  
19 entities that have entered into an agreement with a program operator  
20 to collect covered drugs:

21 (a) A person or entity that is registered with the United States  
22 drug enforcement administration and that qualifies under federal law  
23 to modify its registration to collect controlled substances for the  
24 purpose of destruction;

25 (b) A law enforcement agency; or

26 (c) An entity authorized by the department to provide an  
27 alternative collection mechanism for certain covered drugs that are  
28 not controlled substances, as defined in RCW 69.50.101.

29 (2) "Collection site" means the location where an authorized  
30 collector operates a secure collection receptacle for collecting  
31 covered drugs.

32 (3) "Covered drug" means a drug from a covered entity that the  
33 covered entity no longer wants and that the covered entity has  
34 abandoned or discarded or intends to abandon or discard. "Covered  
35 drug" includes legend drugs and nonlegend drugs, brand name and  
36 generic drugs, drugs for veterinary use, and drugs in medical devices  
37 and combination products, including prefilled injector products with  
38 a retractable or otherwise securely covered needle.

1 (4) "Covered entity" means a state resident or other nonbusiness  
2 entity and includes an ultimate user, as defined by regulations  
3 adopted by the United States drug enforcement administration.  
4 "Covered entity" does not include a business generator of  
5 pharmaceutical waste, such as a hospital, clinic, health care  
6 provider's office, veterinary clinic, pharmacy, or law enforcement  
7 agency.

8 (5) "Covered manufacturer" means a person, corporation, or other  
9 entity engaged in the manufacture of drugs sold in or into Washington  
10 state. "Covered manufacturer" does not include a retail pharmacy that  
11 sells a drug under the retail pharmacy's store label if the  
12 manufacturer of the drug is identified under section 4 of this act.

13 (6) "Department" means the department of health.

14 (7)(a) "Drug" means:

15 (i) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States  
16 pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United  
17 States, or official national formulary, or any supplement to any of  
18 them;

19 (ii) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure,  
20 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or  
21 animals;

22 (iii) Substances other than food, minerals, or vitamins that are  
23 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human  
24 beings or animals; and

25 (iv) Substances intended for use as a component of any article  
26 specified in (a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection.

27 (b) "Drug" does not include:

28 (i) Vitamins or supplements;

29 (ii) Herbal-based remedies and homeopathic drugs, products, or  
30 remedies;

31 (iii) Controlled substances contained in schedule I of the  
32 uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW;

33 (iv) Cosmetics, shampoos, sunscreens, toothpaste,  
34 antiperspirants, or other personal care products that are regulated  
35 as both cosmetics and nonprescription drugs under the federal food,  
36 drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq.;

37 (v) Drugs for which manufacturers provide a drug take-back  
38 program as part of a federal food and drug administration managed  
39 risk evaluation and mitigation strategy under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355-1;

1 (vi) Drugs that are biological products, as defined in RCW  
2 69.41.110, if the producer provides a separate drug take-back  
3 program;

4 (vii) Drugs that are used solely in a clinical setting; or

5 (viii) Pet pesticide products contained in pet collars, powders,  
6 shampoos, topical applications, or other forms.

7 (8) "Drug take-back organization" means an organization  
8 designated by a manufacturer or group of manufacturers to act as an  
9 agent on behalf of each manufacturer to develop and implement a drug  
10 take-back program.

11 (9) "Drug take-back program" or "program" means a program  
12 implemented by a program operator for the collection, transportation,  
13 and disposal of covered drugs.

14 (10) "Drug wholesaler" means an entity licensed as a wholesaler  
15 under chapter 18.64 RCW.

16 (11) "Generic drug" means a drug that is chemically identical or  
17 bioequivalent to a brand name drug in dosage form, safety, strength,  
18 route of administration, quality, performance characteristics, and  
19 intended use. The inactive ingredients in a generic drug need not be  
20 identical to the inactive ingredients in the chemically identical or  
21 bioequivalent brand name drug.

22 (12) "Legend drug" means a drug, including a controlled substance  
23 under chapter 69.50 RCW, that is required by any applicable federal  
24 or state law or regulation to be dispensed by prescription only or  
25 that is restricted to use by practitioners only.

26 (13) "Mail-back program" means a method of collecting covered  
27 drugs from covered entities by using prepaid, preaddressed mailing  
28 envelopes.

29 (14) "Manufacture" has the same meaning as in RCW 18.64.011.

30 (15) "Nonlegend drug" means a drug that may be lawfully sold  
31 without a prescription.

32 (16) "Pharmacy" means a place licensed as a pharmacy under  
33 chapter 18.64 RCW.

34 (17) "Program operator" means a drug take-back organization,  
35 covered manufacturer, or group of covered manufacturers that  
36 implements or intends to implement a drug take-back program approved  
37 by the department.

38 (18) "Retail pharmacy" means a place licensed as a pharmacy under  
39 chapter 18.64 RCW for the retail sale and dispensing of drugs.

40 (19) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

1        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 3.**    REQUIREMENT TO PARTICIPATE IN A DRUG TAKE-  
2 BACK PROGRAM. A covered manufacturer must establish and implement a  
3 drug take-back program that complies with the requirements of this  
4 chapter. A manufacturer that becomes a covered manufacturer after the  
5 effective date of this section must, no later than six months after  
6 the date on which the manufacturer became a covered manufacturer,  
7 participate in an approved drug take-back program or establish and  
8 implement a drug take-back program that complies with the  
9 requirements of this chapter. A covered manufacturer may establish  
10 and implement a drug take-back program independently, as part of a  
11 group of covered manufacturers, or through membership in a drug take-  
12 back organization.

13        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 4.**    IDENTIFICATION OF COVERED MANUFACTURERS.

14        (1) No later than ninety days after the effective date of this  
15 section, a drug wholesaler that sells a drug in or into Washington  
16 must provide a list of drug manufacturers to the department in a form  
17 agreed upon with the department. A drug wholesaler must provide an  
18 updated list to the department on January 15th of each year.

19        (2) No later than ninety days after the effective date of this  
20 section, a retail pharmacy must provide written notification to the  
21 department identifying the drug manufacturer from which the retail  
22 pharmacy obtains a drug that the retail pharmacy sells under its  
23 store label.

24        (3) A person or entity that receives a letter of inquiry from the  
25 department regarding whether or not it is a covered manufacturer  
26 under this chapter shall respond in writing no later than sixty days  
27 after receipt of the letter. If the person or entity does not believe  
28 it is a covered manufacturer for purposes of this chapter, it shall:  
29 (a) State the basis for the belief; (b) provide a list of any drugs  
30 it sells, distributes, repackages, or otherwise offers for sale  
31 within the state; and (c) identify the name and contact information  
32 of the manufacturer of the drugs identified under (b) of this  
33 subsection.

34        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 5.**    DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM APPROVAL. (1) By  
35 October 1, 2018, a program operator must submit a proposal for the  
36 establishment and implementation of a drug take-back program to the  
37 department for approval. The department shall approve a proposed  
38 program if the applicant submits a completed application, the

1 proposed program meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this  
2 section, and the applicant pays the appropriate fee established by  
3 the department under section 12 of this act.

4 (2) To be approved by the department, a proposed drug take-back  
5 program must:

6 (a) Identify and provide contact information for the program  
7 operator and each participating covered manufacturer;

8 (b) Identify and provide contact information for the authorized  
9 collectors for the proposed program, as well as the reasons for  
10 excluding any potential authorized collectors from participation in  
11 the program;

12 (c) Provide for a collection system that complies with section 6  
13 of this act;

14 (d) Provide for a handling and disposal system that complies with  
15 section 8 of this act;

16 (e) Identify any transporters and waste disposal facilities that  
17 the program will use;

18 (f) Adopt policies and procedures to be followed by persons  
19 handling covered drugs collected under the program to ensure safety,  
20 security, and compliance with regulations adopted by the United  
21 States drug enforcement administration, as well as any applicable  
22 laws;

23 (g) Ensure the security of patient information on drug packaging  
24 during collection, transportation, recycling, and disposal;

25 (h) Promote the program by providing consumers, pharmacies, and  
26 other entities with educational and informational materials and  
27 evaluate the effectiveness of promotion, outreach, and public  
28 education activities, as required by section 7 of this act;

29 (i) Demonstrate adequate funding for all administrative and  
30 operational costs of the drug take-back program, with costs  
31 apportioned among participating covered manufacturers according to  
32 sales revenues in Washington state;

33 (j) Set long-term and short-term goals with respect to collection  
34 amounts and public awareness; and

35 (k) Consider: (i) The use of existing providers of pharmaceutical  
36 waste transportation and disposal services; (ii) separation of  
37 covered drugs from packaging to reduce transportation and disposal  
38 costs; and (iii) recycling of drug packaging.

39 (3)(a) No later than one hundred twenty days after receipt of a  
40 drug take-back program proposal, the department shall either approve

1 or reject the proposal in writing to the applicant. The department  
2 may extend the deadline for approval or rejection of a proposal for  
3 good cause. If the department rejects the proposal, it shall provide  
4 the reason for rejection.

5 (b) No later than sixty days after receipt of a notice of  
6 rejection under (a) of this subsection, the applicant shall submit a  
7 revised proposal to the department. The department shall either  
8 approve or reject the revised proposal in writing to the applicant  
9 within ninety days after receipt of the revised proposal, including  
10 the reason for rejection, if applicable.

11 (c) If the department rejects a revised proposal, the department  
12 may:

13 (i) Require the program operator to submit a further revised  
14 proposal;

15 (ii) Develop and impose changes to some or all of the revised  
16 proposal to address deficiencies;

17 (iii) Require the covered manufacturer or covered manufacturers  
18 that proposed the rejected revised proposal to participate in a  
19 previously approved drug take-back program; or

20 (iv) Find the covered manufacturer out of compliance with the  
21 requirements of this chapter and take enforcement action as provided  
22 in section 11 of this act.

23 (4) The program operator must initiate operation of an approved  
24 drug take-back program no later than ninety days after approval of  
25 the proposal by the department.

26 (5)(a) Proposed changes to an approved drug take-back program  
27 that substantively alter program operations must have prior written  
28 approval of the department. A program operator must submit to the  
29 department such a proposed change in writing at least thirty days  
30 before the change is scheduled to occur. Changes requiring prior  
31 approval of the department include changes to participating covered  
32 manufacturers, collection methods, achievement of the service  
33 convenience goal described in section 6 of this act, policies and  
34 procedures for handling covered drugs, education and promotion  
35 methods, and selection of disposal facilities.

36 (b) For changes to a drug take-back program that do not  
37 substantively alter program operations, a program operator must  
38 notify the department at least fifteen days before implementing the  
39 change. Changes that do not substantively alter program operations  
40 include changes to collection site locations, methods for scheduling

1 and locating periodic collection events, and methods for distributing  
2 prepaid, preaddressed mailers.

3 (c) A program operator must notify the department of any changes  
4 to the official point of contact for the program no later than  
5 fifteen days after the change. A program operator must notify the  
6 department of any changes in ownership or contact information for  
7 participating covered manufacturers no later than thirty days after  
8 such change.

9 (6) No later than four years after a drug take-back program  
10 initiates operations, and every four years thereafter, the program  
11 operator must submit an updated proposal to the department describing  
12 any substantive changes to program elements described in subsection  
13 (2) of this section. The department shall approve or reject the  
14 updated proposal using the process described in subsection (3) of  
15 this section.

16 (7) The department shall make all proposals submitted under this  
17 section available to the public and shall provide an opportunity for  
18 written public comment on each proposal.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** COLLECTION SYSTEM. (1)(a) At least one  
20 hundred twenty days prior to submitting a proposal under section 5 of  
21 this act, a program operator must notify potential authorized  
22 collectors of the opportunity to serve as an authorized collector for  
23 the proposed drug take-back program. A program operator must commence  
24 good faith negotiations with a potential authorized collector no  
25 later than thirty days after the potential authorized collector  
26 expresses interest in participating in a proposed program.

27 (b) A person or entity may serve as an authorized collector for a  
28 drug take-back program voluntarily or in exchange for compensation,  
29 but nothing in this chapter requires a person or entity to serve as  
30 an authorized collector.

31 (c) A drug take-back program must include as an authorized  
32 collector any retail pharmacy, hospital or clinic with an on-site  
33 pharmacy, or law enforcement agency that offers to participate in the  
34 program without compensation and meets the requirements of subsection  
35 (2) of this section. Such a pharmacy, hospital, clinic, or law  
36 enforcement agency must be included as an authorized collector in the  
37 program no later than ninety days after receiving the offer to  
38 participate.

39 (d) A drug take-back program may also locate collection sites at:



1 (i) A long-term care facility where a pharmacy, or a hospital or  
2 clinic with an on-site pharmacy, operates a secure collection  
3 receptacle;

4 (ii) A substance use disorder treatment program, as defined in  
5 RCW 71.24.025; or

6 (iii) Any other authorized collector willing to participate as a  
7 collection site and able to meet the requirements of subsection (2)  
8 of this section.

9 (2)(a) A collection site must accept all covered drugs from  
10 covered entities during the hours that the authorized collector is  
11 normally open for business with the public.

12 (b) A collection site located at a long-term care facility may  
13 only accept covered drugs that are in the possession of individuals  
14 who reside or have resided at the facility.

15 (c) A collection site must use secure collection receptacles in  
16 compliance with state and federal law, including any applicable on-  
17 site storage and collection standards adopted by rule pursuant to  
18 chapter 70.95 or 70.105 RCW and United States drug enforcement  
19 administration regulations. The program operator must provide a  
20 service schedule that meets the needs of each collection site to  
21 ensure that each secure collection receptacle is serviced as often as  
22 necessary to avoid reaching capacity and that collected covered drugs  
23 are transported to final disposal in a timely manner, including a  
24 process for additional prompt collection service upon notification  
25 from the collection site. Secure collection receptacle signage must  
26 prominently display a toll-free telephone number and web site for the  
27 program so that members of the public may provide feedback on  
28 collection activities.

29 (d) An authorized collector must comply with applicable  
30 provisions of chapters 70.95 and 70.105 RCW, including rules adopted  
31 pursuant to those chapters that establish collection and  
32 transportation standards, and federal laws and regulations governing  
33 the handling of covered drugs, including United States drug  
34 enforcement administration regulations.

35 (3)(a) A drug take-back program's collection system must be safe,  
36 secure, and convenient on an ongoing, year-round basis and must  
37 provide equitable access for residents across the state.

38 (b) In establishing and operating a collection system, a program  
39 operator must give preference to locating collection sites at retail

1 pharmacies, hospitals or clinics with on-site pharmacies, and law  
2 enforcement agencies.

3 (c)(i) Each population center must have a minimum of one  
4 collection site, plus one additional collection site for every twenty  
5 thousand residents of the city or town located within the population  
6 center. Collection sites must be geographically distributed to  
7 provide reasonably convenient and equitable access to all residents  
8 of the population center.

9 (ii) On islands and in areas outside of population centers, a  
10 collection site must be located at the site of each potential  
11 authorized collector that is regularly open to the public, unless the  
12 program operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department  
13 that a potential authorized collector is unqualified or unwilling to  
14 participate in the drug take-back program, in accordance with the  
15 requirements of subsection (1) of this section.

16 (iii) For purposes of this section, "population center" means a  
17 city or town and the unincorporated area within a ten-mile radius  
18 from the center of the city or town.

19 (d) A program operator must hold periodic collection events to  
20 supplement service to any area of the state that is underserved by  
21 collection sites, as determined by the department, in consultation  
22 with the local health jurisdiction. The program operator, in  
23 consultation with the department, local law enforcement, the local  
24 health jurisdiction, and the local community, must determine the  
25 frequency and location of these collections events, to be held at  
26 least twice a year, unless otherwise determined through consultation  
27 with the local community. The program must arrange periodic  
28 collection events in advance with local law enforcement agencies and  
29 conduct periodic collection events in compliance with United States  
30 drug enforcement administration regulations and protocols and  
31 applicable state laws.

32 (e) Upon request, a drug take-back program must provide a mail-  
33 back program free of charge to covered entities and to retail  
34 pharmacies that offer to distribute prepaid, preaddressed mailing  
35 envelopes for the drug take-back program. A drug take-back program  
36 must permit covered entities to request prepaid, preaddressed mailing  
37 envelopes through the program's web site, the program's toll-free  
38 telephone number, and a request to a pharmacist at a retail pharmacy  
39 distributing the program's mailing envelopes.

1 (f) The program operator must provide alternative collection  
2 methods for any covered drugs, other than controlled substances, that  
3 cannot be accepted or commingled with other covered drugs in secure  
4 collection receptacles, through a mail-back program, or at periodic  
5 collection events. The department shall review and approve of any  
6 alternative collection methods prior to their implementation.

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM PROMOTION. (1) A  
8 drug take-back program must develop and provide a system of  
9 promotion, education, and public outreach about the safe storage and  
10 secure collection of covered drugs. This system may include signage,  
11 written materials to be provided at the time of purchase or delivery  
12 of covered drugs, and advertising or other promotional materials. At  
13 a minimum, each program must:

14 (a) Promote the safe storage of legend drugs and nonlegend drugs  
15 by residents before secure disposal through a drug take-back program;

16 (b) Discourage residents from disposing of covered drugs in solid  
17 waste collection, sewer, or septic systems;

18 (c) Promote the use of the drug take-back program so that where  
19 and how to return covered drugs is widely understood by residents,  
20 pharmacists, retail pharmacies, health care facilities and providers,  
21 veterinarians, and veterinary hospitals;

22 (d) Establish a toll-free telephone number and web site  
23 publicizing collection options and collection sites and discouraging  
24 improper disposal practices for covered drugs, such as flushing them  
25 or placing them in the garbage;

26 (e) Prepare educational and outreach materials that: Promote safe  
27 storage of covered drugs; discourage the disposal of covered drugs in  
28 solid waste collection, sewer, or septic systems; and describe how to  
29 return covered drugs to the drug take-back program. The materials  
30 must use plain language and explanatory images to make collection  
31 services and discouraged disposal practices readily understandable to  
32 all residents, including residents with limited English proficiency;

33 (f) Disseminate the educational and outreach materials described  
34 in (e) of this subsection to pharmacies, health care facilities, and  
35 other interested parties for dissemination to covered entities;

36 (g) Work with authorized collectors to develop a readily  
37 recognizable, consistent design of collection receptacles, as well as  
38 clear, standardized instructions for covered entities on the use of

1 collection receptacles. The department may provide guidance to  
2 program operators on the development of the instructions and design;

3 (h) Conduct a survey of covered entities and a survey of  
4 pharmacists, health care providers, and veterinarians who interact  
5 with covered entities on the use of medicines after the first full  
6 year of operation of the drug take-back program, and again every two  
7 years thereafter. Survey questions must: Measure consumer awareness  
8 of the drug take-back program; assess the extent to which collection  
9 sites and other collection methods are convenient and easy to use;  
10 assess knowledge and attitudes about risks of abuse, poisonings, and  
11 overdoses from drugs used in the home; and assess covered entities'  
12 practices with respect to unused, unwanted, or expired drugs, both  
13 currently and prior to implementation of the drug take-back program.  
14 Draft survey questions must be submitted to the department for review  
15 and comment no later than thirty days prior to initiation of a  
16 survey. The drug take-back program must report all data and the  
17 results of the surveys to the department and make the results  
18 available on the program's web site no later than ninety days after  
19 the end of the survey period; and

20 (i) Annually evaluate the effectiveness of its promotion,  
21 outreach, and public education, and include this evaluation in its  
22 annual report required by section 10 of this act.

23 (2) If more than one drug take-back program is approved by the  
24 department, the programs must coordinate their promotional activities  
25 to ensure that all state residents can easily identify, understand,  
26 and access the collection services provided by any drug take-back  
27 program. Coordination efforts must include providing residents with a  
28 single toll-free telephone number and single web site to access  
29 information about collection services for every approved program.

30 (3) Pharmacies and other entities that sell medication in the  
31 state are encouraged to promote secure disposal of covered drugs  
32 through the use of one or more approved drug take-back programs. Upon  
33 request, a pharmacy must provide materials explaining the use of  
34 approved drug take-back programs to its customers. The program  
35 operator must provide pharmacies with these materials upon request  
36 and at no cost to the pharmacy.

37 (4) The department, the health care authority, the department of  
38 social and health services, the department of ecology, and any other  
39 state agency that is responsible for health, solid waste management,  
40 and wastewater treatment shall, through their standard educational

1 methods, promote safe storage of prescription and nonprescription  
2 drugs by covered entities, secure disposal of covered drugs through a  
3 drug take-back program, and the toll-free telephone number and web  
4 site for approved drug take-back programs. Local health jurisdictions  
5 and local government agencies are encouraged to promote approved drug  
6 take-back programs.

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** DISPOSAL AND HANDLING OF COVERED DRUGS.

8 (1) Covered drugs collected under a drug take-back program must be  
9 disposed of at a permitted hazardous waste disposal facility that  
10 meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. parts 264 and 265, as they exist  
11 on the effective date of this section.

12 (2) If use of a hazardous waste disposal facility described in  
13 subsection (1) of this section is unfeasible based on cost,  
14 logistics, or other considerations, the department, in consultation  
15 with the department of ecology, may grant approval for a program  
16 operator to dispose of some or all collected covered drugs at a  
17 permitted large municipal waste combustor facility that meets the  
18 requirements of 40 C.F.R. parts 60 and 62, as they exist on the  
19 effective date of this section.

20 (3) A program operator may petition the department for approval  
21 to use final disposal technologies or processes that provide superior  
22 environmental and human health protection than that provided by the  
23 technologies described in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, or  
24 equivalent protection at less cost. In reviewing a petition under  
25 this subsection, the department shall take into consideration  
26 regulations or guidance issued by the United States environmental  
27 protection agency on the disposal of pharmaceutical waste. The  
28 department, in consultation with the department of ecology, shall  
29 approve a disposal petition under this section if the disposal  
30 technology or processes described in the petition provides equivalent  
31 or superior protection in each of the following areas:

- 32 (a) Monitoring of any emissions or waste;
- 33 (b) Worker health and safety;
- 34 (c) Air, water, or land emissions contributing to persistent,  
35 bioaccumulative, and toxic pollution; and
- 36 (d) Overall impact to the environment and human health.

37 (4) If a drug take-back program encounters a safety or security  
38 problem during collection, transportation, or disposal of covered

1 drugs, the program operator must notify the department as soon as  
2 practicable after encountering the problem.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** PROGRAM FUNDING. (1) A covered  
4 manufacturer or group of covered manufacturers must pay all  
5 administrative and operational costs associated with establishing and  
6 implementing the drug take-back program in which they participate.  
7 Such administrative and operational costs include, but are not  
8 limited to: Collection and transportation supplies for each  
9 collection site; purchase of secure collection receptacles for each  
10 collection site; ongoing maintenance or replacement of secure  
11 collection receptacles when requested by authorized collectors;  
12 prepaid, preaddressed mailers; compensation of authorized collectors,  
13 if applicable; operation of periodic collection events, including the  
14 cost of law enforcement staff time; transportation of all collected  
15 covered drugs to final disposal; environmentally sound disposal of  
16 all collected covered drugs in compliance with section 8 of this act;  
17 and program promotion and outreach.

18 (2) A program operator, covered manufacturer, authorized  
19 collector, or other person may not charge:

20 (a) A specific point-of-sale fee to consumers to recoup the costs  
21 of a drug take-back program; or

22 (b) A specific point-of-collection fee at the time covered drugs  
23 are collected from covered entities.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** ANNUAL PROGRAM REPORT. (1) By April 30th  
25 after the first full year of implementation, and each April 30th  
26 thereafter, a program operator must submit to the department a report  
27 describing implementation of the drug take-back program during the  
28 previous calendar year. The report must include:

29 (a) A list of covered manufacturers participating in the drug  
30 take-back program;

31 (b) The amount, by weight, of covered drugs collected, including  
32 the amount by weight from each collection method used;

33 (c) The following details regarding the program's collection  
34 system: A list of collection sites with addresses; the number of  
35 mailers provided; locations where mailers were provided, if  
36 applicable; dates and locations of collection events held, if  
37 applicable; and the transporters and disposal facility or facilities  
38 used;

1 (d) Whether any safety or security problems occurred during  
2 collection, transportation, or disposal of covered drugs, and if so,  
3 completed and anticipated changes to policies, procedures, or  
4 tracking mechanisms to address the problem and improve safety and  
5 security;

6 (e) A description of the public education, outreach, and  
7 evaluation activities implemented;

8 (f) The results of the program's surveys of covered entities and  
9 pharmacists, health care providers, and veterinarians;

10 (g) A description of how collected packaging was recycled to the  
11 extent feasible;

12 (h) A summary of the program's goals for collection amounts and  
13 public awareness, the degree of success in meeting those goals, and  
14 if any goals have not been met, what effort will be made to achieve  
15 those goals the following year; and

16 (i) The program's annual expenditures, itemized by program  
17 category.

18 (2) The department shall make reports submitted under this  
19 section available to the public through the internet.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES. (1) The  
21 department may audit or inspect the activities and records of a drug  
22 take-back program to determine compliance with this chapter or  
23 investigate a complaint.

24 (2)(a) The department shall send a written notice to a covered  
25 manufacturer that fails to participate in a drug take-back program as  
26 required by this chapter. The notice must provide a warning regarding  
27 the penalties for violation of this chapter.

28 (b) A covered manufacturer that receives a notice under this  
29 subsection (2) may be assessed a penalty if, sixty days after receipt  
30 of the notice, the covered manufacturer continues to sell a covered  
31 drug in or into the state without participating in a drug take-back  
32 program approved under this chapter.

33 (3)(a) The department may send a program operator a written  
34 notice warning of the penalties for noncompliance with this chapter  
35 if it determines that the program operator's drug take-back program  
36 is in violation of this chapter or does not conform to the proposal  
37 approved by the department. The department may assess a penalty on  
38 the program operator and participating covered manufacturers if the

1 program does not come into compliance by thirty days after receipt of  
2 the notice.

3 (b) The department may immediately suspend operation of a drug  
4 take-back program and assess a penalty if it determines that the  
5 program is in violation of this chapter and the violation creates a  
6 condition that, in the judgment of the department, constitutes an  
7 immediate hazard to the public or the environment.

8 (4)(a) The department shall send a written notice to a drug  
9 wholesaler or a retail pharmacy that fails to provide a list of drug  
10 manufacturers to the department as required by section 4 of this act.  
11 The notice must provide a warning regarding the penalties for  
12 violation of this chapter.

13 (b) A drug wholesaler or retail pharmacy that receives a notice  
14 under this subsection may be assessed a penalty if, sixty days after  
15 receipt of the notice, the drug wholesaler or retail pharmacy fails  
16 to provide a list of drug manufacturers.

17 (5) In enforcing the requirements of this chapter, the  
18 department:

19 (a) May require an informal administrative conference;

20 (b) May require a person or entity to engage in or refrain from  
21 engaging in certain activities;

22 (c) May, in accordance with RCW 43.70.095, assess a civil fine of  
23 up to two thousand dollars. Each day upon which a violation occurs or  
24 is permitted to continue constitutes a separate violation. In  
25 determining the appropriate amount of the fine, the department shall  
26 consider the extent of harm caused by the violation, the nature and  
27 persistence of the violation, the frequency of past violations, any  
28 action taken to mitigate the violation, and the financial burden to  
29 the entity in violation; and

30 (d) May not prohibit a covered manufacturer from selling a drug  
31 in or into the state of Washington.

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** DEPARTMENT FEE. (1)(a) By July 1, 2018,  
33 the department shall: Determine its costs for the administration,  
34 oversight, and enforcement of the requirements of this chapter,  
35 including the survey required under section 20 of this act; pursuant  
36 to RCW 43.70.250, set fees at a level sufficient to recover the costs  
37 associated with administration, oversight, and enforcement; and adopt  
38 rules establishing requirements for program operator proposals.



1 (b) The department shall collect fees from each program operator  
2 by October 1, 2018, and annually thereafter.

3 (2) All fees collected under this section must be deposited in  
4 the secure drug take-back program account established in section 13  
5 of this act.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** SECURE DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM ACCOUNT.

7 The secure drug take-back program account is created in the state  
8 treasury. All receipts received by the department under this chapter  
9 must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may be spent  
10 only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used  
11 by the department only for administering and enforcing this chapter.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** ANTITRUST IMMUNITY. The activities

13 authorized by this chapter require collaboration among covered  
14 manufacturers. These activities will enable safe and secure  
15 collection and disposal of covered drugs in Washington state and are  
16 therefore in the best interest of the public. The benefits of  
17 collaboration, together with active state supervision, outweigh  
18 potential adverse impacts. Therefore, the legislature intends to  
19 exempt from state antitrust laws, and provide immunity through the  
20 state action doctrine from federal antitrust laws, activities that  
21 are undertaken, reviewed, and approved by the department pursuant to  
22 this chapter that might otherwise be constrained by such laws. The  
23 legislature does not intend and does not authorize any person or  
24 entity to engage in activities not provided for by this chapter, and  
25 the legislature neither exempts nor provides immunity for such  
26 activities.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** FEDERAL LAW. This chapter is void if a

28 federal law, or a combination of federal laws, takes effect that  
29 establishes a national program for the collection of covered drugs  
30 that substantially meets the intent of this chapter, including the  
31 creation of a funding mechanism for collection, transportation, and  
32 proper disposal of all covered drugs in the United States.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** LOCAL LAWS. (1)(a) For a period of

34 eighteen months after a drug take-back program approved under section  
35 5 of this act begins operating, a county may enforce a grandfathered  
36 ordinance. During that eighteen-month period, if a county determines

1 that a covered manufacturer is in compliance with its grandfathered  
2 ordinance, the department shall find the covered manufacturer in  
3 compliance with the requirements of this chapter with respect to that  
4 county.

5 (b) In any county enforcing a grandfathered ordinance as  
6 described in (a) of this subsection, the program operator of an  
7 approved drug take-back program must work with the county and the  
8 department to incorporate the local program into the approved drug  
9 take-back program on or before the end of the eighteen-month period.

10 (2) After the effective date of this section, a political  
11 subdivision may not enact or enforce a local ordinance that requires  
12 a retail pharmacy, clinic, hospital, or local law enforcement agency  
13 to provide for collection and disposal of covered drugs from covered  
14 entities.

15 (3) For purposes of this section, "grandfathered ordinance" means  
16 a pharmaceutical product stewardship or drug take-back ordinance  
17 that: (a) Is in effect on the effective date of this section; and (b)  
18 the department determines meets or exceeds the requirements of this  
19 chapter with respect to safe and secure collection and disposal of  
20 unwanted medicines from residents, including the types of drugs  
21 covered by the program, the convenience of the collection system for  
22 residents, and required promotion of the program.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** PUBLIC DISCLOSURE. Proprietary  
24 information submitted to the department under this chapter is exempt  
25 from public disclosure under RCW 42.56.270. The department may use  
26 and disclose such information in summary or aggregated form that does  
27 not directly or indirectly identify financial, production, or sales  
28 data of an individual covered manufacturer or drug take-back  
29 organization.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** RULE MAKING. The department shall adopt  
31 any rules necessary to implement and enforce this chapter.

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** REPORT TO LEGISLATURE. (1) No later than  
33 thirty days after the department first approves a drug take-back  
34 program under section 5 of this act, the department shall submit an  
35 update to the legislature describing rules adopted under this chapter  
36 and the approved drug take-back program.

1 (2) By November 15th after the first full year of operation of an  
2 approved drug take-back program and biennially thereafter, the  
3 department shall submit a report to the legislature. The report must:

4 (a) Describe the status of approved drug take-back programs;

5 (b) Evaluate the secure medicine collection and disposal system  
6 and the program promotion, education, and public outreach  
7 requirements established by this chapter;

8 (c) Evaluate, to the extent feasible, the impact of approved drug  
9 take-back programs on: Awareness and compliance of residents with  
10 safe storage of medicines in the home and secure disposal of covered  
11 drugs; rates of misuse, abuse, overdoses, and poisonings from  
12 prescription and nonprescription drugs; and diversions of covered  
13 drugs from sewer, solid waste, and septic systems. To conduct this  
14 evaluation, the department may rely on available data sources,  
15 including the prescription drug monitoring program and public health  
16 surveys such as the Washington state healthy youth survey. The  
17 department may also consult with other state and local agencies and  
18 interested stakeholders; and

19 (d) Provide any recommendations for legislation.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 20.** (1)(a) The department shall contract with  
21 the statewide program of poison and drug information services  
22 identified in RCW 18.76.030 to conduct a survey of residents to  
23 measure whether the secure medicine collection and disposal system  
24 and the program promotion, education, and public outreach  
25 requirements established in this chapter have led to statistically  
26 significant changes in: (i) Resident attitudes and behavior on safe  
27 storage and secure disposal of prescription and nonprescription  
28 medications used in the home; and (ii) the rates of abuse or misuse  
29 of or accidental exposure to prescription and nonprescription drugs.

30 (b) The survey of residents must include telephone follow-up with  
31 users of the program's emergency telephone service. The survey must  
32 be conducted before the secure medicine collection and disposal  
33 system is implemented and again no earlier than four years after the  
34 system is implemented.

35 (2) The statewide program of poison and drug information services  
36 shall report the survey results to the legislature and the department  
37 of health within six months of completion of the survey.

38 (3) This section expires July 1, 2025.

1       **Sec. 21.** RCW 42.56.270 and 2016 sp.s. c 9 s 3, 2016 sp.s. c 8 s  
2 1, and 2016 c 178 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as  
3 follows:

4       The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information  
5 is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:

6       (1) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or  
7 object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five  
8 years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce  
9 private gain and public loss;

10       (2) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person,  
11 firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or  
12 proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as  
13 required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (b) highway  
14 construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070;

15       (3) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by  
16 private persons pertaining to export services provided under chapters  
17 43.163 and 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects  
18 under RCW 43.23.035;

19       (4) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by  
20 businesses or individuals during application for loans or program  
21 services provided by chapters 43.325, 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and  
22 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or  
23 program services provided by any local agency;

24       (5) Financial information, business plans, examination reports,  
25 and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a  
26 business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking  
27 certification under chapter 31.24 RCW;

28       (6) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state  
29 investment board by any person when the information relates to the  
30 investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure  
31 would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the  
32 providers of this information;

33       (7) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120;

34       (8) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research  
35 information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington  
36 center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under  
37 chapter 70.95H RCW;

38       (9) Financial and commercial information requested by the public  
39 stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses  
40 the stadium and exhibition center as defined in RCW 36.102.010;

1 (10)(a) Financial information, including but not limited to  
2 account numbers and values, and other identification numbers supplied  
3 by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, limited liability  
4 company, partnership, or other entity related to an application for a  
5 horse racing license submitted pursuant to RCW 67.16.260(1)(b),  
6 marijuana producer, processor, or retailer license, liquor license,  
7 gambling license, or lottery retail license;

8 (b) Internal control documents, independent auditors' reports and  
9 financial statements, and supporting documents: (i) Of house-banked  
10 social card game licensees required by the gambling commission  
11 pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 9.46 RCW; or (ii) submitted  
12 by tribes with an approved tribal/state compact for class III gaming;

13 (11) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that  
14 relates to: (a) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (b)  
15 data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (c)  
16 determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by  
17 any vendor to the department of social and health services for  
18 purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state  
19 purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011;

20 (12)(a) When supplied to and in the records of the department of  
21 commerce:

22 (i) Financial and proprietary information collected from any  
23 person and provided to the department of commerce pursuant to RCW  
24 43.330.050(8); and

25 (ii) Financial or proprietary information collected from any  
26 person and provided to the department of commerce or the office of  
27 the governor in connection with the siting, recruitment, expansion,  
28 retention, or relocation of that person's business and until a siting  
29 decision is made, identifying information of any person supplying  
30 information under this subsection and the locations being considered  
31 for siting, relocation, or expansion of a business;

32 (b) When developed by the department of commerce based on  
33 information as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, any work  
34 product is not exempt from disclosure;

35 (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "siting decision" means  
36 the decision to acquire or not to acquire a site;

37 (d) If there is no written contact for a period of sixty days to  
38 the department of commerce from a person connected with siting,  
39 recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's

1 business, information described in (a)(ii) of this subsection will be  
2 available to the public under this chapter;

3 (13) Financial and proprietary information submitted to or  
4 obtained by the department of ecology or the authority created under  
5 chapter 70.95N RCW to implement chapter 70.95N RCW;

6 (14) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and  
7 research information and data submitted to or obtained by the life  
8 sciences discovery fund authority in applications for, or delivery  
9 of, grants under chapter 43.350 RCW, to the extent that such  
10 information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in  
11 private loss to the providers of this information;

12 (15) Financial and commercial information provided as evidence to  
13 the department of licensing as required by RCW 19.112.110 or  
14 19.112.120, except information disclosed in aggregate form that does  
15 not permit the identification of information related to individual  
16 fuel licensees;

17 (16) Any production records, mineral assessments, and trade  
18 secrets submitted by a permit holder, mine operator, or landowner to  
19 the department of natural resources under RCW 78.44.085;

20 (17)(a) Farm plans developed by conservation districts, unless  
21 permission to release the farm plan is granted by the landowner or  
22 operator who requested the plan, or the farm plan is used for the  
23 application or issuance of a permit;

24 (b) Farm plans developed under chapter 90.48 RCW and not under  
25 the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., are subject  
26 to RCW 42.56.610 and 90.64.190;

27 (18) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and  
28 research information and data submitted to or obtained by a health  
29 sciences and services authority in applications for, or delivery of,  
30 grants under RCW 35.104.010 through 35.104.060, to the extent that  
31 such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result  
32 in private loss to providers of this information;

33 (19) Information gathered under chapter 19.85 RCW or RCW  
34 34.05.328 that can be identified to a particular business;

35 (20) Financial and commercial information submitted to or  
36 obtained by the University of Washington, other than information the  
37 university is required to disclose under RCW 28B.20.150, when the  
38 information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent  
39 that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to  
40 result in loss to the University of Washington consolidated endowment

1 fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this  
2 information;

3 (21) Market share data submitted by a manufacturer under RCW  
4 70.95N.190(4);

5 (22) Financial information supplied to the department of  
6 financial institutions or to a portal under RCW 21.20.883, when filed  
7 by or on behalf of an issuer of securities for the purpose of  
8 obtaining the exemption from state securities registration for small  
9 securities offerings provided under RCW 21.20.880 or when filed by or  
10 on behalf of an investor for the purpose of purchasing such  
11 securities;

12 (23) Unaggregated or individual notices of a transfer of crude  
13 oil that is financial, proprietary, or commercial information,  
14 submitted to the department of ecology pursuant to RCW  
15 90.56.565(1)(a), and that is in the possession of the department of  
16 ecology or any entity with which the department of ecology has shared  
17 the notice pursuant to RCW 90.56.565;

18 (24) Financial institution and retirement account information,  
19 and building security plan information, supplied to the liquor and  
20 cannabis board pursuant to RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and  
21 69.50.345, when filed by or on behalf of a licensee or prospective  
22 licensee for the purpose of obtaining, maintaining, or renewing a  
23 license to produce, process, transport, or sell marijuana as allowed  
24 under chapter 69.50 RCW; ((and))

25 (25) Marijuana transport information, vehicle and driver  
26 identification data, and account numbers or unique access identifiers  
27 issued to private entities for traceability system access, submitted  
28 by an individual or business to the liquor and cannabis board under  
29 the requirements of RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and  
30 69.50.345 for the purpose of marijuana product traceability.  
31 Disclosure to local, state, and federal officials is not considered  
32 public disclosure for purposes of this section; ((and))

33 (26) Financial and commercial information submitted to or  
34 obtained by the retirement board of any city that is responsible for  
35 the management of an employees' retirement system pursuant to the  
36 authority of chapter 35.39 RCW, when the information relates to  
37 investments in private funds, to the extent that such information, if  
38 revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the  
39 retirement fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this  
40 information except that (a) the names and commitment amounts of the

1 private funds in which retirement funds are invested and (b) the  
2 aggregate quarterly performance results for a retirement fund's  
3 portfolio of investments in such funds are subject to disclosure;  
4 ((and))

5 (27) Proprietary financial, commercial, operations, and technical  
6 and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the  
7 liquor and cannabis board in applications for marijuana research  
8 licenses under RCW 69.50.372, or in reports submitted by marijuana  
9 research licensees in accordance with rules adopted by the liquor and  
10 cannabis board under RCW 69.50.372; and

11 (28) Proprietary information filed with the department of health  
12 under chapter 69.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of  
13 this act).

14 **Sec. 22.** RCW 69.41.030 and 2016 c 148 s 11 are each amended to  
15 read as follows:

16 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, deliver, or  
17 possess any legend drug except upon the order or prescription of a  
18 physician under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician and  
19 surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW, an optometrist licensed under  
20 chapter 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW  
21 18.53.010, a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW, a podiatric physician  
22 and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW, a veterinarian under chapter  
23 18.92 RCW, a commissioned medical or dental officer in the United  
24 States armed forces or public health service in the discharge of his  
25 or her official duties, a duly licensed physician or dentist employed  
26 by the veterans administration in the discharge of his or her  
27 official duties, a registered nurse or advanced registered nurse  
28 practitioner under chapter 18.79 RCW when authorized by the nursing  
29 care quality assurance commission, a pharmacist licensed under  
30 chapter 18.64 RCW to the extent permitted by drug therapy guidelines  
31 or protocols established under RCW 18.64.011 and authorized by the  
32 commission and approved by a practitioner authorized to prescribe  
33 drugs, an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 18.57A RCW  
34 when authorized by the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, a  
35 physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW when authorized by the  
36 medical quality assurance commission, or any of the following  
37 professionals in any province of Canada that shares a common border  
38 with the state of Washington or in any state of the United States: A  
39 physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a physician



1 licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist  
2 licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon  
3 licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed  
4 advanced registered nurse practitioner, a licensed physician  
5 assistant, a licensed osteopathic physician assistant, or a  
6 veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine: PROVIDED,  
7 HOWEVER, That the above provisions shall not apply to sale, delivery,  
8 or possession by drug wholesalers or drug manufacturers, or their  
9 agents or employees, or to any practitioner acting within the scope  
10 of his or her license, or to a common or contract carrier or  
11 warehouse operator, or any employee thereof, whose possession of any  
12 legend drug is in the usual course of business or employment:  
13 PROVIDED FURTHER, That nothing in this chapter or chapter 18.64 RCW  
14 shall prevent a family planning clinic that is under contract with  
15 the health care authority from selling, delivering, possessing, and  
16 dispensing commercially prepackaged oral contraceptives prescribed by  
17 authorized, licensed health care practitioners: PROVIDED FURTHER,  
18 That nothing in this chapter prohibits possession or delivery of  
19 legend drugs by an authorized collector or other person participating  
20 in the operation of a drug take-back program authorized in chapter  
21 69.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

22 (2)(a) A violation of this section involving the sale, delivery,  
23 or possession with intent to sell or deliver is a class B felony  
24 punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.

25 (b) A violation of this section involving possession is a  
26 misdemeanor.

27 NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 69.50  
28 RCW to read as follows:

29 It is not a violation of this chapter to possess or deliver a  
30 controlled substance in compliance with chapter 69.--- RCW (the new  
31 chapter created in section 25 of this act).

32 NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 70.95  
33 RCW to read as follows:

34 An authorized collector regulated under chapter 69.--- RCW (the  
35 new chapter created in section 25 of this act) is not required to  
36 obtain a permit under RCW 70.95.170 unless the authorized collector  
37 is required to obtain a permit under RCW 70.95.170 as a consequence  
38 of activities that are not directly associated with the collection

1 facility's activities under chapter 69.--- RCW (the new chapter  
2 created in section 25 of this act).

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 25.** Sections 2 through 20 of this act  
4 constitute a new chapter in Title 69 RCW.

--- END ---