SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1019

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By House Public Safety (originally sponsored by Representatives Dent, Goodman, Griffey, Blake, Dye, Short, Haler, Tharinger, Shea, and Chandler)

READ FIRST TIME 01/30/17.

- AN ACT Relating to state fire services mobilization; amending RCW 1
- 2 43.43.960 and 43.43.965; reenacting and amending RCW 43.43.960;
- providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; 3
- 4 declaring an emergency.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 5
- 6 Sec. 1. RCW 43.43.960 and 2015 c 181 s 2 are each reenacted and 7 amended to read as follows:
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this subchapter. 9
- (1) "All risk resources" means those resources regularly provided 10 11 by fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities required to respond to natural or man-made 12
- 13 incidents, including but not limited to:
- (a) Wild land fires; 14
- (b) Landslides; 15
- 16 (c) Earthquakes;
- 17 (d) Floods; and
- (e) Contagious diseases. 18
- (2) "Chief" means the chief of the Washington state patrol. 19
- (3) "Fire chief" includes the chief officer of a statutorily 20 21 authorized fire agency, or the fire chief's authorized

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representative. Also included are the department of natural resources fire control chief, and the department of natural resources regional managers.

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- (4) "Jurisdiction" means state, county, city, fire district, regional fire protection service authority, or port district units, or other units covered by this chapter.
- "Mobilization" means that all risk resources regularly (5) provided by fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities beyond those available through existing agreements will be requested and, when available, sent in preparation of or in response to an emergency or disaster situation that has exceeded or is predicted to exceed the capabilities of local During a available resources. large scale emergency, mobilization includes the redistribution of regional or statewide risk resources to either direct emergency incident assignments or to assignment in communities where resources are needed. Fire department resources may not be mobilized to assist law enforcement with police activities during a civil protest or demonstration, however, fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities are not restricted from providing medical care or aid and firefighting when mobilized for any purpose.

When mobilization is declared and authorized as provided in this chapter, all risk resources regularly provided by fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities including those of the host fire protection authorities, i.e. incident jurisdiction, shall be deemed as mobilized under this chapter, including those that responded earlier under existing mutual aid or other agreement. All nonhost fire protection authorities providing resources in response to a mobilization declaration shall be eligible for expense reimbursement as provided by this chapter from the time of the mobilization declaration.

This chapter shall not reduce or suspend the authority or responsibility of the department of natural resources under chapter 76.04 RCW.

- (6) "Mutual aid" means emergency interagency assistance provided without compensation under an agreement between jurisdictions under chapter 39.34 RCW.
- 38 (7) "State fire marshal" means the director of fire protection in 39 the Washington state patrol.

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Sec. 2. RCW 43.43.960 and 2003 c 405 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this subchapter.

- (1) "Chief" means the chief of the Washington state patrol.
- 6 (2) "State fire marshal" means the director of fire protection in 7 the Washington state patrol.
 - (3) "Fire chief" includes the chief officer of a statutorily authorized fire agency, or the fire chief's authorized representative. Also included are the department of natural resources fire control chief, and the department of natural resources regional managers.
- 13 (4) "Jurisdiction" means state, county, city, fire district, or 14 port district firefighting units, or other units covered by this 15 chapter.
 - (5) "Mobilization" means that firefighting resources beyond those available through existing agreements will be requested and, when available, sent in preparation of or in response to an emergency or disaster situation that has exceeded or is predicted to exceed the capabilities of available local resources. During a large scale emergency, mobilization includes the redistribution of regional or statewide firefighting resources to either direct emergency incident assignments or to assignment in communities where firefighting resources are needed.

When mobilization is declared and authorized as provided in this chapter, all firefighting resources including those of the host fire protection authorities, i.e. incident jurisdiction, shall be deemed as mobilized under this chapter, including those that responded earlier under existing mutual aid or other agreement. All nonhost fire protection authorities providing firefighting resources in response to a mobilization declaration shall be eligible for expense reimbursement as provided by this chapter from the time of the mobilization declaration.

This chapter shall not reduce or suspend the authority or responsibility of the department of natural resources under chapter 76.04 RCW.

37 (6) "Mutual aid" means emergency interagency assistance provided 38 without compensation under an agreement between jurisdictions under 39 chapter 39.34 RCW.

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- 1 **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.43.965 and 2015 c 181 s 4 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
 - (1) The chief of the Washington state patrol must report on an annual basis the following information for each emergency or disaster in which the Washington state fire service mobilization plan was used for purposes other than fire suppression, or for which resources were prepositioned in anticipation of a disaster or emergency predicted to exceed local capabilities, and reimbursement was made under RCW
- 10 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) The type and nature of the disaster or emergency;
- 11 (((2))) <u>(b)</u> The reasons why the host jurisdiction and mutual aid 12 resources were exhausted, or in the case of prepositioning, were 13 predicted to be exhausted;
- 14 $((\frac{3}{)})$ <u>(c)</u> The additional risk resources <u>and prepositioned</u> 15 <u>resources</u> provided under the mobilization plan;
- 16 $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (d) The cost incurred by the state patrol;

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43.43.961:

- $((\frac{(5)}{)})$ (e) The amount of reimbursement made under RCW 43.43.961 to the host jurisdiction and to each nonhost jurisdiction providing all risk resources or prepositioned resources; and
- $((\frac{(+6)}{(+6)}))$ (f) An assessment and any recommendations of actions that can be taken by the host jurisdiction and its mutual aid network to prevent future use of the fire mobilization plan for similar disasters or emergencies.
- (2) The chief of the Washington state patrol must update the state mobilization plan to account for the authorization to send resources in preparation of emergencies or disasters that are predicted to exceed local resources.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Sections 1 and 3 of this act expire July 1, 2019.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 2 of this act takes effect July 1, 2019.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Section 1 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

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