
**Agriculture & Natural Resources
Committee**

SB 6319

Brief Description: Implementing the federal produce safety rule.

Sponsors: Senators Honeyford and Van De Wege; by request of Department of Agriculture.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Authorizes the Washington State Department of Agriculture (WSDA) to take actions necessary to cooperate in the implementation of the Produce Safety Rule.
- Authorizes the WSDA to take certain actions in order to verify farm compliance with the Produce Safety Rule.
- Exempts certain records received by the WSDA in connection with the Produce Safety Rule from disclosure under the Public Records Act if the record is exempt from disclosure under federal law, including the Freedom of Information Act.

Hearing Date: 2/20/18

Staff: Robert Hatfield (786-7117).

Background:

Produce Safety Rule.

Pursuant to the Food Safety Modernization Act, the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has adopted a regulation entitled Standards for the Growing, Harvesting, Packing, and Holding of Produce for Human Consumption, more commonly known as the Produce Safety Rule. The Produce Safety Rule establishes minimum standards for the safe growing, harvesting, packing, and holding of fruits and vegetables grown for human consumption in the United States.

The Produce Safety Rule establishes six categories of requirements that must be met by farms subject to the rule: water quality; biological soil amendments; sprouts; domesticated and wild animals; worker training, health, and hygiene; and equipment, tools, and buildings.

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Farms must document required food safety practices and make those records available to the FDA. In addition, the FDA claims the authority to inspect any farm for compliance with the new requirements.

The Produce Safety Rule does not apply to all farms. Exemptions to the Produce Safety Rule include, among others: farms that handle only produce that the FDA has identified as being rarely consumed raw; farms with an average of \$25,000 or less in annual produce sales; and farms that handle only produce for personal or on-farm consumption.

Public Records Act.

The Public Records Act (PRA) requires state and local agencies to make all public records available for public inspection and copying, unless a record falls within an exemption in the PRA or another statute that exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records.

Freedom of Information Act.

The Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) is a federal law that provides for the disclosure of information and documents controlled by the United States government. There are multiple exemptions to FOIA, including for trade secrets, certain commercial and financial information obtained from a person, and geological information and data concerning wells.

Summary of Bill:

The "Produce Safety Rule" is defined as the standards for the growing, harvesting, packing, and holding of produce for human consumption, adopted by the United States Food and Drug Administration as a final rule on November 15, 2015, and codified at 21 C.F.R. Parts 11, 16, and 112.

The Washington State Department of Agriculture (WSDA) is authorized to take actions necessary to cooperate in the implementation of the Produce Safety Rule. The WSDA may cooperate in the implementation of the Produce Safety Rule only to the extent that the WSDA receives federal funding for such cooperation.

The WSDA is authorized to establish a voluntary compliance program for farms exempt or partially exempt from the Produce Safety Rule.

The WSDA is authorized to take certain actions in order to verify produce farm compliance with the Produce Safety Rule, including, among others: sampling water for microbial water quality criteria; inspecting for the presence and management of wild and domesticated animals; inspecting equipment, tools, and buildings for adequate sanitation; and requiring and receiving records submitted by produce farms in order to verify compliance with the Produce Safety Rule.

The WSDA is required to adopt rules as necessary to implement the Produce Safety Rule.

A produce safety account is created within the agricultural local fund for the purpose of receiving funds in connection with the implementation of the Produce Safety Rule.

Information and records received by the WSDA from the federal government or from others under a contract with the federal government are exempt from disclosure under the Public Records Act if the information or record is exempt from disclosure under federal law, including the Freedom of Information Act.

A new chapter in the Revised Code of Washington, titled the Produce Safety Rule Implementation Act, is created.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.