HOUSE BILL REPORT HB 2292

As Reported by House Committee On:

Local Government

Title: An act relating to providing greater certainty in association with selling city-owned property used for off-street parking.

Brief Description: Providing greater certainty in association with selling city-owned property used for off-street parking.

Sponsors: Representatives Stonier, Harris, Kraft and Frame.

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Local Government: 1/16/18, 1/18/18 [DPS].

Brief Summary of Substitute Bill

• Allows a city legislative authority to sell, transfer, exchange, lease, or dispose of real property obtained for off-street parking when, in addition to a determination by the legislative authority that the property is no longer necessary for off-street parking purposes, either of the following conditions is met: (1) all bonds issued for acquisition or construction of the property have been paid in full; or (2) property within a local improvement district created for acquisition or construction of off-street parking is no longer subject to assessment.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Majority Report: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by 6 members: Representatives Appleton, Chair; McBride, Vice Chair; Griffey, Ranking Minority Member; Pike, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gregerson and Peterson.

Minority Report: Do not pass. Signed by 1 member: Representative Taylor.

Staff: Cassie Jones (786-7303).

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

House Bill Report - 1 - HB 2292

Background:

City Off-Street Parking Facilities.

First and second class cities may provide off-street parking space and facilities located on land dedicated for park or civic center purposes or on other municipally-owned land where the primary purpose of an off-street parking facility is to provide parking for persons who use such park or civic center facilities. Cities may finance the acquisition and construction of off-street parking through the issuance and sale of revenue bonds or general obligation bonds, or both. Cities may also create local improvement districts (LID) and utilize available LID financing procedures for off-street parking projects.

Cities may obtain by lease, purchase, donation, or by eminent domain real property for offstreet parking as the cities' legislative bodies determine to be necessary by ordinance. Such property may be sold, transferred, exchanged, leased, or otherwise disposed of by the city when its legislative body has determined by ordinance that such property is no longer necessary for off-street parking purposes.

General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, and Local Improvement District Financing. General obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit of the local government issuing the debt. The local government pledges its tax revenues unconditionally to pay the interest and principal on the debt as it matures. General obligation bonds issued by the local government are secured by a pledge of the taxing district's property tax authority; bond holders have a legal claim on all the general income of the jurisdiction if a default occurs. Revenue debt is guaranteed by the specific revenues generated by the issuer. Revenue bonds may be issued to finance projects for an enterprise that is self-supporting.

Local improvement districts are special assessment districts that finance improvements to benefit property owners within the district. LIDS are generally paid for by assessments on the benefitting properties. Subject to certain exceptions, both the city and affected property owners must approve the creation of a LID. Local improvement district financing involves the sale of bonds to investors and the retirement of those bonds via annual payments by the property owners within a district.

Summary of Substitute Bill:

A city legislative authority may sell, transfer, exchange, lease or otherwise dispose of real property obtained for off-street parking if the legislative authority determines that it is no longer necessary for off-street parking purposes and either:

- 1. all bonds issued for acquisition and construction have been paid in full; or
- 2. the properties within any local improvement district created for the acquisition or construction of off-street parking facilities are no longer subject to any assessment for such purpose.

Substitute Bill Compared to Original Bill:

House Bill Report - 2 - HB 2292

The substitute bill clarifies that a city's off-street parking property may only be disposed of after a determination is made by the city legislative authority that the property is no longer necessary for off-street parking purposes and either of the following conditions is also met:

1. all bonds issued for acquisition and construction have been paid in full; or

2. the properties within any local improvement district created for the acquisition or construction of off-street parking facilities are no longer subject to any assessment for such purpose.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date of Substitute Bill: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony:

(In support) There is language in the law that gets in the way of development of downtown areas. This bill is limited in application and increases the authority of a city to sell or lease off-street parking areas if a number of criteria are met. The bill would facilitate the private redevelopment of a downtown area.

(Opposed) None.

Persons Testifying: Representative Stonier, prime sponsor; and Brian Enslow and Bronson Potter, City of Vancouver.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: None.