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<u>SSB 5289</u> - H COMM AMD By Committee on Transportation

ADOPTED AND ENGROSSED 4/12/17

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 4 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) A person who uses a personal electronic device while driving a motor vehicle on a public highway is guilty of a traffic infraction and must pay a fine as provided in RCW 46.63.110(3).
 - (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:
- 9 (a) A driver who is using a personal electronic device to contact 10 emergency services;
- 11 (b) The use of a system by a transit system employee for time-12 sensitive relay communication between the transit system employee and 13 the transit system's dispatch services;
 - (c) An individual employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver who uses a personal electronic device within the scope of such individual's employment if such use is permitted under 49 U.S.C. Sec. 31136 as it existed on the effective date of this section; and
- 18 (d) A person operating an authorized emergency vehicle.
 - (3) The state preempts the field of regulating the use of personal electronic devices in motor vehicles while driving, and this section supersedes any local laws, ordinances, orders, rules, or regulations enacted by any political subdivision or municipality to regulate the use of a personal electronic device by the operator of a motor vehicle.
- 25 (4) A second or subsequent offense under this section is subject 26 to two times the penalty amount under RCW 46.63.110.
 - (5) A finding that a person has committed an offense under this section, if that offense is the first such offense committed within five years, must not be made available to insurance companies.
 - (6) For purposes of this section:
- 31 (a) "Driving" means to operate a motor vehicle on a public 32 highway, including while temporarily stationary because of traffic, a

- traffic control device, or other momentary delays. "Driving" does not include when the vehicle has pulled over to the side of, or off of, an active roadway and has stopped in a location where it can safely remain stationary.
- 5 (b) "Personal electronic device" means any portable electronic device that is capable of wireless communication or electronic data 7 retrieval and is not manufactured primarily for hands-free use in a 8 motor vehicle. "Personal electronic device" includes, but is not 9 limited to, a cell phone, tablet, laptop, two-way messaging device, or electronic game. "Personal electronic device" does not include 11 two-way radio, citizens band radio, or amateur radio equipment.
- 12 (c) "Use" or "uses" means:
- 13 (i) Holding a personal electronic device in either hand or both 14 hands;
- (ii) Using your hand or finger to compose, send, read, view, access, browse, transmit, save, or retrieve email, text messages, instant messages, photographs, or other electronic data; however, this does not preclude the minimal use of a finger to activate, deactivate, or initiate a function of the device;
- 20 (iii) Watching video on a personal electronic device.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- (1) RCW 46.61.667 (Using a wireless communications device or handheld mobile telephone while driving) and 2013 c 224 s 15, 2010 c 22 s 3, & 2007 c 417 s 2; and
- 26 (2) RCW 46.61.668 (Sending, reading, or writing a text message 27 while driving) and 2013 c 224 s 16, 2010 c 223 s 4, & 2007 c 416 s 1.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
- 30 (1)(a) It is a traffic infraction to drive dangerously 31 distracted. Any driver who commits this infraction must be assessed a 32 base penalty of thirty dollars.
- 33 (b) Enforcement of the infraction of driving dangerously 34 distracted may be accomplished only as a secondary action when a 35 driver of a motor vehicle has been detained for a suspected violation 36 of a separate traffic infraction or an equivalent local ordinance.
- 37 (c) For the purposes of this section, "dangerously distracted" 38 means a person who engages in any activity not related to the actual

- operation of a motor vehicle in a manner that interferes with the safe operation of such motor vehicle on any highway.
- 3 (2) The additional monetary penalty imposed under this section 4 must be deposited into the distracted driving prevention account 5 created in subsection (3) of this section.
- 6 (3) The distracted driving prevention account is created in the
 7 state treasury. All receipts from the base penalty in subsection (1)
 8 of this section must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the
 9 account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the
 10 account may be used only to support programs dedicated to reducing
 11 distracted driving and improving driver education on distracted
 12 driving.
- 13 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.25.010 and 2013 c 224 s 3 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 17 (1) "Alcohol" means any substance containing any form of alcohol, 18 including but not limited to ethanol, methanol, propanol, and 19 isopropanol.
- 20 (2) "Alcohol concentration" means:

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- 21 (a) The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of 22 blood; or
- 23 (b) The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of 24 breath.
 - (3) "Commercial driver's license" (CDL) means a license issued to an individual under chapter 46.20 RCW that has been endorsed in accordance with the requirements of this chapter to authorize the individual to drive a class of commercial motor vehicle.
- 29 (4) The "commercial driver's license information system" (CDLIS) 30 is the information system established pursuant to 49 U.S.C. Sec. 31 31309 to serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to 32 the licensing and identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers.
- 33 (5) "Commercial learner's permit" (CLP) means a permit issued 34 under RCW 46.25.052 for the purposes of behind-the-wheel training.
- 35 (6) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or 36 combination of motor vehicles used in commerce to transport 37 passengers or property if the motor vehicle:
- 38 (a) Has a gross combination weight rating or gross combination 39 weight of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001 pounds or more), whichever

- is greater, inclusive of a [any] towed unit [or units] with a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of more than 4,536 kilograms (10,000 pounds or more), whichever is greater; or
- 4 (b) Has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of 5 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001 pounds or more), whichever is 6 greater; or
- 7 (c) Is designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, 8 including the driver; or
- 9 (d) Is of any size and is used in the transportation of hazardous 10 materials as defined in this section; or
 - (e) Is a school bus regardless of weight or size.

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- (7) "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt, or a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative tribunal, an unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court, the payment of a fine or court cost, entry into a deferred prosecution program under chapter 10.05 RCW, or violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended, or probated.
- 22 (8) "Disqualification" means a prohibition against driving a 23 commercial motor vehicle.
 - (9) "Drive" means to drive, operate, or be in physical control of a motor vehicle in any place open to the general public for purposes of vehicular traffic. For purposes of RCW 46.25.100, 46.25.110, and 46.25.120, "drive" includes operation or physical control of a motor vehicle anywhere in the state.
- 29 (10) "Drugs" are those substances as defined by RCW 69.04.009, 30 including, but not limited to, those substances defined by 49 C.F.R. 31 Sec. 40.3.
- 32 (11) "Employer" means any person, including the United States, a 33 state, or a political subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a 34 commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a person to drive a commercial 35 motor vehicle.
 - (12) "Gross vehicle weight rating" (GVWR) means the value specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a single vehicle. The GVWR of a combination or articulated vehicle, commonly referred to as the "gross combined weight rating" or GCWR, is the GVWR of the power unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit or

- 1 units. If the GVWR of any unit cannot be determined, the actual gross
- 2 weight will be used. If a vehicle with a GVWR of less than 11,794
- 3 kilograms (26,001 pounds or less) has been structurally modified to
- 4 carry a heavier load, then the actual gross weight capacity of the
- 5 modified vehicle, as determined by RCW 46.44.041 and 46.44.042, will
- 6 be used as the GVWR.
- 7 (13) "Hazardous materials" means any material that has been 8 designated as hazardous under 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5103 and is required to
- 9 be placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. Part 172 or any quantity of
- 10 a material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 C.F.R. Part 73.
- 11 (14) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer,
- 12 or semitrailer propelled or drawn by mechanical power used on
- 13 highways, or any other vehicle required to be registered under the
- 14 laws of this state, but does not include a vehicle, machine, tractor,
- 15 trailer, or semitrailer operated exclusively on a rail.
- 16 (15) "Out-of-service order" means a declaration by an authorized
- 17 enforcement officer of a federal, state, Canadian, Mexican, or local
- 18 jurisdiction that a driver, a commercial motor vehicle, or a motor
- 19 carrier operation is out-of-service pursuant to 49 C.F.R. Secs.
- 20 386.72, 392.5, 395.13, 396.9, or compatible laws, or the North
- 21 American uniform out-of-service criteria.
- 22 (16) "Positive alcohol confirmation test" means an alcohol
- 23 confirmation test that:
- 24 (a) Has been conducted by a breath alcohol technician under 49
- 25 C.F.R. Part 40; and
- 26 (b) Indicates an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.
- 27 A report that a person has refused an alcohol test, under
- 28 circumstances that constitute the refusal of an alcohol test under 49
- 29 C.F.R. Part 40, will be considered equivalent to a report of a
- 30 positive alcohol confirmation test for the purposes of this chapter.
- 31 (17) "School bus" means a commercial motor vehicle used to
- 32 transport preprimary, primary, or secondary school students from home
- 33 to school, from school to home, or to and from school-sponsored
- 34 events. School bus does not include a bus used as a common carrier.
- 35 (18) "Serious traffic violation" means:
- 36 (a) Excessive speeding, defined as fifteen miles per hour or more
- 37 in excess of the posted limit;
- 38 (b) Reckless driving, as defined under state or local law;
- 39 (c) Driving while using a ((handheld wireless communications
- 40 device [handheld mobile telephone], defined as a violation of RCW

- 1 46.61.667(1)(b))) personal electronic device, defined as a violation
- 2 of section 1 of this act, which includes in the activities it
- 3 prohibits driving while holding a personal electronic device in
- 4 either or both hands and using a hand or finger for texting, or an
- 5 equivalent administrative rule or local law, ordinance, rule, or
- 6 resolution;
- 7 (d) ((Texting, defined as a violation of RCW 46.61.668(1)(b) or 8 an equivalent administrative rule or local law, ordinance, rule, or
- 9 resolution;
- 10 $\frac{\text{(e)}}{\text{)}}$) A violation of a state or local law relating to motor
- 11 vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in
- 12 connection with an accident or collision resulting in death to any
- 13 person;
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(e)</u> Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining
- 15 a commercial driver's license;
- 16 $((\frac{g}{g}))$ <u>(f)</u> Driving a commercial motor vehicle without
- 17 commercial driver's license in the driver's possession; however, any
- 18 individual who provides proof to the court by the date the individual
- 19 must appear in court or pay any fine for such a violation, that the
- 20 individual held a valid CDL on the date the citation was issued, is
- 21 not guilty of a "serious traffic violation";
- 22 $((\frac{h}{h}))$ (g) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper
- 23 class of commercial driver's license endorsement or endorsements for
- 24 the specific vehicle group being operated or for the passenger or
- 25 type of cargo being transported; and
- 26 $((\frac{1}{(1)}))$ (h) Any other violation of a state or local law relating
- 27 to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation,
- 28 that the department determines by rule to be serious.
- 29 (19) "State" means a state of the United States and the District
- 30 of Columbia.
- 31 (20) "Substance abuse professional" means an alcohol and drug
- 32 specialist meeting the credentials, knowledge, training, and
- 33 continuing education requirements of 49 C.F.R. Sec. 40.281.
- 34 (21) "Tank vehicle" means any commercial motor vehicle that is
- 35 designed to transport any liquid or gaseous materials within a tank
- 36 or tanks having an individual rated capacity of more than one hundred
- 37 nineteen gallons and an aggregate rated capacity of one thousand
- 37 IIII eee II garrond and an aggregate racea capacity of one choadane
- 38 gallons or more that is either permanently or temporarily attached to
- 39 the vehicle or the chassis. A commercial motor vehicle transporting
- 40 an empty storage container tank, not designed for transportation,

- with a rated capacity of one thousand gallons or more that is temporarily attached to a flatbed trailer is not considered a tank vehicle.
 - (22) "Type of driving" means one of the following:

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- (a) "Nonexcepted interstate," which means the CDL or CLP holder 5 6 or applicant operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce, is both subject to and meets the qualification requirements under 49 7 C.F.R. Part 391 as it existed on July 8, 2014, or such subsequent 8 date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with 9 the purposes of this section, and is required to obtain a medical 10 11 examiner's certificate under 49 C.F.R. Sec. 391.45 as it existed on 12 July 8, 2014, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this section; 13
 - (b) "Excepted interstate," which means the CDL or CLP holder or applicant operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce, but engages exclusively in transportation or operations excepted under 49 C.F.R. Secs. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3, as they existed on July 8, 2014, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this section, from all or parts of the qualification requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 391 as it existed on July 8, 2014, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this section, and is therefore not required to obtain a medical examiner's certificate under 49 C.F.R. Sec. 391.45 as it existed on July 8, 2014, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this section;
 - (c) "Nonexcepted intrastate," which means the CDL or CLP holder or applicant operates only in intrastate commerce and is therefore subject to state driver qualification requirements; or
 - (d) "Excepted intrastate," which means the CDL or CLP holder or applicant operates in intrastate commerce, but engages exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all or parts of the state driver qualification requirements.
- 34 (23) "United States" means the fifty states and the District of Columbia.
- 36 (24) "Verified positive drug test" means a drug test result or 37 validity testing result from a laboratory certified under the 38 authority of the federal department of health and human services 39 that:

- 1 (a) Indicates a drug concentration at or above the cutoff 2 concentration established under 49 C.F.R. Sec. 40.87; and
- 3 (b) Has undergone review and final determination by a medical 4 review officer.
- A report that a person has refused a drug test, under circumstances that constitute the refusal of a federal department of transportation drug test under 49 C.F.R. Part 40, will be considered equivalent to a report of a verified positive drug test for the purposes of this chapter.
- 10 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.52.130 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 3 s 12 are each 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 Upon a proper request, the department may furnish an abstract of 13 a person's driving record as permitted under this section.
- 14 (1) Contents of abstract of driving record. An abstract of a person's driving record, whenever possible, must include:
- 16 (a) An enumeration of motor vehicle accidents in which the person 17 was driving, including:
 - (i) The total number of vehicles involved;

- 19 (ii) Whether the vehicles were legally parked or moving;
- 20 (iii) Whether the vehicles were occupied at the time of the 21 accident; and
- 22 (iv) Whether the accident resulted in a fatality;
- (b) Any reported convictions, forfeitures of bail, or findings that an infraction was committed based upon a violation of any motor vehicle law;
- 26 (c) The status of the person's driving privilege in this state; 27 and
- (d) Any reports of failure to appear in response to a traffic citation or failure to respond to a notice of infraction served upon the named individual by an arresting officer.
- 31 (2) Release of abstract of driving record. An abstract of a 32 person's driving record may be furnished to the following persons or 33 entities:
- 34 (a) **Named individuals.** (i) An abstract of the full driving record 35 maintained by the department may be furnished to the individual named 36 in the abstract.
- (ii) Nothing in this section prevents a court from providing a copy of the driver's abstract to the individual named in the abstract or that named individual's attorney, provided that the named

individual has a pending or open infraction or criminal case in that court. A pending case includes criminal cases that have not reached a disposition by plea, stipulation, trial, or amended charge. An open infraction or criminal case includes cases on probation, payment agreement or subject to, or in collections. Courts may charge a reasonable fee for the production and copying of the abstract for the individual.

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- (b) Employers or prospective employers. (i)(A) An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to an employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer of the named individual for purposes related to driving by the individual as a condition of employment or otherwise at the direction of the employer.
- (B) Release of an abstract of the driving record of an employee or prospective employee requires a statement signed by: (I) employee or prospective employee that authorizes the release of the record; and (II) the employer attesting that the information is necessary for employment purposes related to driving by the individual as a condition of employment or otherwise at the direction of the employer. If the employer or prospective employer authorizes an agent to obtain this information on their behalf, this must be noted in the statement. The statement must also note that any information contained in the abstract related to an adjudication that subject to a court order sealing the juvenile record of employee or prospective employee may not be used by the employer or prospective employer, or an agent authorized to obtain this information on their behalf, unless required by federal regulation or law. The employer or prospective employer must afford the employee or employee an opportunity to prospective demonstrate adjudication contained in the abstract is subject to a court order sealing the juvenile record.
- (C) Upon request of the person named in the abstract provided under this subsection, and upon that same person furnishing copies of court records ruling that the person was not at fault in a motor vehicle accident, the department must indicate on any abstract provided under this subsection that the person was not at fault in the motor vehicle accident.
- (D) No employer or prospective employer, nor any agent of an employer or prospective employer, may use information contained in the abstract related to an adjudication that is subject to a court

order sealing the juvenile record of an employee or prospective employee for any purpose unless required by federal regulation or law. The employee or prospective employee must furnish a copy of the court order sealing the juvenile record to the employer or prospective employer, or the agent of the employer or prospective employer, as may be required to ensure the application of this subsection.

- (ii) In addition to the methods described in (b)(i) of this subsection, the director may enter into a contractual agreement with an employer or its agent for the purpose of reviewing the driving records of existing employees for changes to the record during specified periods of time. The department shall establish a fee for this service, which must be deposited in the highway safety fund. The fee for this service must be set at a level that will not result in a net revenue loss to the state. Any information provided under this subsection must be treated in the same manner and is subject to the same restrictions as driving record abstracts.
- (c) Volunteer organizations. (i) An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to a volunteer organization or an agent for a volunteer organization for which the named individual has submitted an application for a position that would require driving by the individual at the direction of the volunteer organization.
- (ii) Release of an abstract of the driving record of a prospective volunteer requires a statement signed by: (A) The prospective volunteer that authorizes the release of the record; and (B) the volunteer organization attesting that the information is necessary for purposes related to driving by the individual at the direction of the volunteer organization. If the volunteer organization authorizes an agent to obtain this information on their behalf, this must be noted in the statement.
- (d) **Transit authorities.** An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to an employee or agent of a transit authority checking prospective volunteer vanpool drivers for insurance and risk management needs.
- (e) **Insurance carriers.** (i) An abstract of the driving record maintained by the department covering the period of not more than the last three years may be furnished to an insurance company or its agent:

- 1 (A) That has motor vehicle or life insurance in effect covering 2 the named individual;
 - (B) To which the named individual has applied; or

- (C) That has insurance in effect covering the employer or a prospective employer of the named individual.
 - (ii) The abstract provided to the insurance company must:
 - (A) Not contain any information related to actions committed by law enforcement officers or firefighters, as both terms are defined in RCW 41.26.030, or by Washington state patrol officers, while driving official vehicles in the performance of their occupational duty. This does not apply to any situation where the vehicle was used in the commission of a misdemeanor or felony;
 - (B) Not include any information related to a finding that a person has committed an offense for using a personal electronic device while driving a motor vehicle on a public highway under section 1 of this act if that offense is the first such offense committed within five years;
 - (C) Include convictions under RCW 46.61.5249 and 46.61.525, except that the abstract must report the convictions only as negligent driving without reference to whether they are for first or second degree negligent driving; and
 - $((\frac{C}{C}))$ (D) Exclude any deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.060, except that if a person is removed from a deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.090, the abstract must show the deferred prosecution as well as the removal.
 - (iii) Any policy of insurance may not be canceled, nonrenewed, denied, or have the rate increased on the basis of information regarding an accident included in the abstract of a driving record, unless the policyholder was determined to be at fault.
 - (iv) Any insurance company or its agent, for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of commercial motor vehicles, may not use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of motor vehicles while not engaged in such employment. Any insurance company or its agent, for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of noncommercial motor vehicles, may not use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of commercial motor vehicles.
- (v) The director may enter into a contractual agreement with an insurance company or its agent for the limited purpose of reviewing the driving records of existing policyholders for changes to the

record during specified periods of time. The department shall establish a fee for this service, which must be deposited in the highway safety fund. The fee for this service must be set at a level that will not result in a net revenue loss to the state. Any information provided under this subsection must be treated in the same manner and is subject to the same restrictions as driving record abstracts.

- (f) Alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies. An abstract of the driving record maintained by the department covering the period of not more than the last five years may be furnished to an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment, for purposes of assisting employees in making a determination as to what level of treatment, if any, is appropriate, except that the abstract must:
- (i) Also include records of alcohol-related offenses, as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2), covering a period of not more than the last ten years; and
 - (ii) Indicate whether an alcohol-related offense was originally charged as a violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504.
 - named individual's attorney of record. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department, including whether a recorded violation is an alcohol-related offense, as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2), that was originally charged as a violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, may be furnished to city attorneys, county prosecuting attorneys, or the named individual's attorney of record. City attorneys, county prosecuting attorneys attorneys, or the named individual's attorney of record may provide the driving record to alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies approved by the department of social and health services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment.
 - (h) State colleges, universities, or agencies, or units of local government. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to (i) state colleges, universities, or agencies for employment and risk management purposes or (ii) units of local government authorized to self-insure under RCW 48.62.031 for employment and risk management purposes.
- (i) Superintendent of public instruction. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to the

- superintendent of public instruction for review of public school bus driver records. The superintendent or superintendent's designee may discuss information on the driving record with an authorized representative of the employing school district for employment and risk management purposes.
 - (3) Release to third parties prohibited. Any person or entity receiving an abstract of a person's driving record under subsection (2)(b) through (i) of this section shall use the abstract exclusively for his, her, or its own purposes or as otherwise expressly permitted under this section, and shall not divulge any information contained in the abstract to a third party.
 - (4) **Fee.** The director shall collect a thirteen dollar fee for each abstract of a person's driving record furnished by the department. Fifty percent of the fee must be deposited in the highway safety fund, and fifty percent of the fee must be deposited according to RCW 46.68.038.
- 17 (5) **Violation.** (a) Any negligent violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.
- 19 (b) Any intentional violation of this section is a class C 20 felony.
- 21 (6) Effective July 1, 2019, the contents of a driving abstract 22 pursuant to this section shall not include any information related to 23 sealed juvenile records unless that information is required by 24 federal law or regulation.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act takes effect January 1, 2019."
- 26 Correct the title.

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