## <u>SSB 5046</u> - H COMM AMD By Committee on Public Safety

## NOT ADOPTED 04/11/2017

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that, as a matter of human dignity, all persons are to be informed of emergency notifications in a manner in which they can understand. It is the intent of the legislature that all persons who may be in harm's way in an emergency are informed of their peril, and informed of appropriate actions they should take to protect themselves and their families.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 38.52
  RCW to read as follows:
- 12 (1) When an emergency is proclaimed by the governor, state 13 agencies required by law or rule to provide life safety information 14 shall provide life safety information in a language or manner that 15 can be understood to significant population segments as defined in 16 RCW 38.52.070, unless technologically infeasible.
- 17 (2) When an emergency is proclaimed by a political subdivision, 18 the proclaiming political subdivision shall provide life safety 19 information in a language or manner that can be understood to 20 significant population segments as defined in RCW 38.52.070, unless 21 technologically infeasible.
- 22 **Sec. 3.** RCW 38.52.010 and 2015 c 61 s 1 are each reenacted and 23 amended to read as follows:
- 24 As used in this chapter:
- 25 (1) "Communication plan," as used in RCW 38.52.070, means a
  26 section in a local comprehensive emergency management plan that
  27 addresses emergency notification of life safety information.
- 28 (2) "Continuity of operations planning" means the internal effort 29 of an organization to assure that the capability exists to continue

- essential functions and services in response to a comprehensive array of potential emergencies or disasters.
  - $((\frac{2}{2}))$  (3) "Department" means the state military department.
- 4 (((3))) (4) "Director" means the adjutant general.

3

17

18

19

2021

2223

2425

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

- ((4))) <u>(5)</u> "Emergency management" or "comprehensive emergency 5 6 management" means the preparation for and the carrying out of all emergency functions, other than functions for which the military 7 forces are primarily responsible, to mitigate, prepare for, respond 8 to, and recover from emergencies and disasters, and to aid victims 9 suffering from injury or damage, resulting from disasters caused by 10 all hazards, whether natural, technological, or human caused, and to 11 12 provide support for search and rescue operations for persons and 13 property in distress. However, "emergency management" "comprehensive emergency management" does not mean preparation for 14 emergency evacuation or relocation of residents in anticipation of 15 16 nuclear attack.
  - $((\frac{5}{}))$  (6) (a) "Emergency or disaster" as used in all sections of this chapter except RCW 38.52.430 shall mean an event or set of circumstances which: (i) Demands immediate action to preserve public health, protect life, protect public property, or to provide relief to any stricken community overtaken by such occurrences, or (ii) reaches such a dimension or degree of destructiveness as to warrant the governor declaring a state of emergency pursuant to RCW 43.06.010.
  - (b) "Emergency" as used in RCW 38.52.430 means an incident that requires a normal police, coroner, fire, rescue, emergency medical services, or utility response as a result of a violation of one of the statutes enumerated in RCW 38.52.430.
  - $((\frac{(+6)}{(+6)}))$  "Emergency response" as used in RCW 38.52.430 means a public agency's use of emergency services during an emergency or disaster as defined in subsection  $((\frac{(+5)}{(+5)}))$  (6)(b) of this section.
  - $((\frac{(7)}{)})$  (8) "Emergency worker" means any person who is registered with a local emergency management organization or the department and holds an identification card issued by the local emergency management director or the department for the purpose of engaging in authorized emergency management activities or is an employee of the state of Washington or any political subdivision thereof who is called upon to perform emergency management activities.
- 39  $((\frac{(8)}{)})$   $\underline{(9)}$  "Executive head" and "executive heads" means the 40 county executive in those charter counties with an elective office of Code Rev/KS:amh 2 H-2537.1/17

- 1 county executive, however designated, and, in the case of other counties, the county legislative authority. In the case of cities and 2 towns, it means the mayor in those cities and towns with mayor-3 council or commission forms of government, where the mayor 4 directly elected, and it means the city manager in those cities and 5 6 towns with council manager forms of government. Cities and towns may 7 also designate an executive head for the purposes of this chapter by ordinance. 8
- $((\frac{9}{10}))$  "Expense of an emergency response" as used in RCW 9 38.52.430 means reasonable costs incurred by a public agency in 10 11 reasonably making an appropriate emergency response to the incident, 12 but shall only include those costs directly arising from the response to the particular incident. Reasonable costs shall include the costs 13 14 of providing police, coroner, firefighting, rescue, emergency medical services, or utility response at the scene of the incident, as well 15 16 as the salaries of the personnel responding to the incident.

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

- ((\(\frac{(10)}{10}\))) (11) "Incident command system" means: (a) An all-hazards, on-scene functional management system that establishes common standards in organization, terminology, and procedures; provides a means (unified command) for the establishment of a common set of incident objectives and strategies during multiagency/multijurisdiction operations while maintaining individual agency/jurisdiction authority, responsibility, and accountability; and is a component of the national interagency incident management system; or (b) an equivalent and compatible all-hazards, on-scene functional management system.
- $((\frac{11}{11}))$   $\underline{(12)}$  "Injury" as used in this chapter shall mean and include accidental injuries and/or occupational diseases arising out of emergency management activities.
- ((\(\frac{(12)}{12}\))) (13) "Life safety information" means information or instructions provided to people to reduce their risk of harm and to keep them safe in response to life-threatening events. Such information may include, but is not limited to, information regarding evacuation, sheltering, sheltering-in-place, facility lockdown, and where to obtain food and water.
- 36 <u>(14)</u> "Local director" means the director of a local organization 37 of emergency management or emergency services.
- $((\frac{13}{13}))$  (15) "Local organization for emergency services or management" means an organization created in accordance with the

- 1 provisions of this chapter by state or local authority to perform 2 local emergency management functions.
- 3 (((14))) (16) "Political subdivision" means any county, city or 4 town.
- 5 ((<del>(15)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> "Public agency" means the state, and a city, 6 county, municipal corporation, district, town, or public authority 7 located, in whole or in part, within this state which provides or may 8 provide firefighting, police, ambulance, medical, or other emergency 9 services.
- 10  $((\frac{16}{16}))$  "Radio communications service company" has the 11 meaning ascribed to it in RCW 82.14B.020.
- 12  $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (19) "Search and rescue" means the acts of searching for, rescuing, or recovering by means of ground, marine, or air 13 activity any person who becomes lost, injured, or is killed while 14 outdoors or as a result of a natural, technological, or human caused 15 16 disaster, including instances involving searches for downed aircraft 17 when ground personnel are used. Nothing in this section shall affect 18 appropriate activity by the department of transportation under chapter 47.68 RCW. 19
- 20 **Sec. 4.** RCW 38.52.070 and 1997 c 49 s 4 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

36

37

38

39

(1) Each political subdivision of this state is hereby authorized and directed to establish a local organization or to be a member of a joint local organization for emergency management in accordance with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program: PROVIDED, That a political subdivision proposing such establishment shall submit its plan and program for emergency management to the state director and secure his or her recommendations thereon, and verification of consistency with the state comprehensive emergency management plan, in order that the plan of the local organization for emergency management may be coordinated with the plan and program of the state. Local comprehensive emergency management plans must specify the use of the incident command system for multiagency/ multijurisdiction operations. No political subdivision may be required to include in its plan provisions for the emergency evacuation or relocation of residents in anticipation of nuclear attack. If the director's recommendations are adverse to the plan as submitted, and, if the local organization does not agree to the director's recommendations for modification to the proposal, the

1 matter shall be referred to the council for final action. director may authorize two or more political subdivisions to join in 2 the establishment and operation of a joint local organization for 3 4 emergency management as circumstances may warrant, in which case each political subdivision shall contribute to the cost of emergency 5 6 management upon such fair and equitable basis as may be determined upon by the executive heads of the constituent subdivisions. If in 7 any case the executive heads cannot agree upon the proper division of 8 cost the matter shall be referred to the council for arbitration and 9 its decision shall be final. When two or more political subdivisions 10 11 join in the establishment and operation of a joint local organization 12 for emergency management each shall pay its share of the cost into a special pooled fund to be administered by the treasurer of the most 13 populous subdivision, which fund shall be known as the . . . . . . 14 emergency management fund. Each local organization or joint local 15 organization for emergency management shall have a director who shall 16 17 be appointed by the executive head of the political subdivision, and 18 who have direct responsibility for the organization, shall 19 administration, and operation of such local organization for emergency management, subject to the direction and control of such 20 21 executive officer or officers. In the case of a joint local 22 organization for emergency management, the director shall appointed by the joint action of the executive heads of the 23 constituent political subdivisions. Each local organization or joint 24 25 local organization for emergency management shall perform emergency management functions within the territorial limits of the political 26 subdivision within which it is organized, and, in addition, shall 27 28 conduct such functions outside of such territorial limits as may be 29 required pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

(2) In carrying out the provisions of this chapter each political subdivision, in which any disaster as described in RCW 38.52.020 occurs, shall have the power to enter into contracts and incur obligations necessary to combat such disaster, protecting the health safety of persons and property, and providing emergency assistance to the victims such disaster. Each of political subdivision is authorized to exercise the powers vested under this section in the light of the exigencies of an extreme emergency situation without regard to time-consuming procedures and formalities prescribed by law (excepting mandatory constitutional requirements), including, but not limited to, budget law limitations, requirements

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3839

of competitive bidding and publication of notices, provisions pertaining to the performance of public work, entering into contracts, the incurring of obligations, the employment of temporary workers, the rental of equipment, the purchase of supplies and materials, the levying of taxes, and the appropriation and expenditures of public funds.

- (3)(a) Each local organization or joint local organization for emergency management that produces a local comprehensive emergency management plan must include a communication plan for notifying significant population segments of life safety information during an emergency. Local organizations and joint local organizations are encouraged to consult with affected community organizations in the development of the communication plans.
- (i) In developing communication plans, local organizations and joint organizations should consider, as part of their determination of the extent of the obligation to provide emergency notification to significant population segments, the following factors: The number or proportion of the limited English proficiency persons eligible to be served or likely to be encountered; the frequency with which limited English proficiency individuals come in contact with the emergency notification; the nature and importance of the emergency notification, service, or program to people's lives; and the resources available to the political subdivision to provide emergency notifications.
  - (ii) "Significant population segment" means, for the purposes of this subsection (3), each limited English proficiency language group that constitutes five percent or one thousand residents, whichever is less, of the population of persons eligible to be served or likely to be affected within a city, town, or county. The office of financial management forecasting division's limited English proficiency population estimates are the demographic data set for determining eligible limited English proficiency language groups.
- (b) Local organizations and joint local organizations must submit the plans produced under (a) of this subsection to the Washington military department emergency management division. An initial communication plan must be submitted with the local organization or joint local organization's next local emergency management plan update following the effective date of this section, and subsequent plans must be reviewed in accordance with the director's schedule. For any instance in which a local organization or joint local

- 1 <u>organization has deployed its communication plan since its last</u>
- 2 reporting, the information as described in (c)(ii) of this subsection
- 3 must also be provided.
- 4 (c) Beginning on December 1, 2019, the Washington military
- 5 <u>department emergency management division must submit a report every</u>
- 6 five years to the relevant committees of the legislature with the
- 7 <u>following information with respect to each local organization or</u>
- 8 joint local organization:
- 9 (i) Compliance with the communication plan requirement in (a) of
- 10 this subsection; and
- 11 (ii) Information describing any instance in which a communication
- 12 plan was deployed, including the nature of the emergency and the
- 13 <u>efficacy of the communications.</u>
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** If specific funding for the purposes of
- 15 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not
- 16 provided by June 30, 2017, in the omnibus appropriations act, this
- 17 act is null and void."
- 18 Correct the title.
  - $\underline{\text{EFFECT:}}$  (1) Retains the intent section, but removes all other provisions of the underlying bill, which:
  - (a) Required state agencies and local jurisdictions to provide specified emergency and safety-related notices and services in a manner that has been determined to be most effective in communicating with significant segments of a community that speak a language other than English; and
  - (b) Required each political subdivision to maintain or have access to updated demographic and language information for its jurisdiction.
  - (2) Replaces the removed provisions with provisions that do the following:
  - (a) Provides that, during proclaimed emergencies, state agencies when required by law or rule, and political subdivisions, must provide life safety information in a language or manner that can be understood by significant population segments unless technologically infeasible.
  - (b) Requires local organizations and joint local organizations for emergency management to include communication plans addressing emergency notification of life safety information to significant population segments as part of local comprehensive emergency management plans.
  - (c) Requires local organizations and joint local organizations to submit their communication plans, and information regarding any plan deployment, to the Military Department Emergency Management Division at specified intervals, and requires the Military Department to report to the Legislature every five years, beginning December 1,

- 2019, regarding compliance with planning requirements and any plan deployment by local jurisdictions.
- (d) Defines "significant population segments" as those limited English proficient groups comprising five percent, or 1,000 residents, whichever is less, of the affected population, as determined using the Office of Financial Management's limited English proficiency population estimates.
- (e) Defines "life safety information" as information or instructions provided to people to reduce their risk of harm and to keep them safe in response to life-threatening events, such as information regarding evacuation, sheltering and sheltering in place, facility lockdown, and where to obtain food and water.
  - (f) Adds a null and void clause.

--- END ---