

SHB 1047 - H AMD 817

By Representatives Peterson, Schmick

ADOPTED 02/09/2018

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (1) Abuse, fatal
4 overdoses, and poisonings from prescription and over-the-counter
5 medicines used in the home have emerged as an epidemic in recent
6 years. Poisoning is the leading cause of unintentional injury-related
7 death in Washington, and more than ninety percent of poisoning deaths
8 are due to drug overdoses. Poisoning by prescription and over-the-
9 counter medicines is also one of the most common means of suicide and
10 suicide attempts, with poisonings involved in more than twenty-eight
11 thousand suicide attempts between 2004 and 2013.

12 (2) Home medicine cabinets are the most common source of
13 prescription drugs that are diverted and misused. Studies find about
14 seventy percent of those who abuse prescription medicines obtain the
15 drugs from family members or friends, usually for free. People who
16 are addicted to heroin often first abused prescription opiate
17 medicines. Unused, unwanted, and expired medicines that accumulate in
18 homes increase risks of drug abuse, overdoses, and preventable
19 poisonings.

20 (3) A safe system for the collection and disposal of unused,
21 unwanted, and expired medicines is a key element of a comprehensive
22 strategy to prevent prescription drug abuse, but disposing of
23 medicines by flushing them down the toilet or placing them in the
24 garbage can contaminate groundwater and other bodies of water,
25 contributing to long-term harm to the environment and animal life.

26 (4) The legislature therefore finds that it is in the interest of
27 public health to establish a single, uniform, statewide system of
28 regulation for safe and secure collection and disposal of medicines
29 through a uniform drug "take-back" program operated and funded by
30 drug manufacturers.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this
2 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly
3 requires otherwise.

4 (1) "Administer" means the direct application of a legend drug
5 whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to
6 the body of the patient or research subject by:

7 (a) A practitioner; or

8 (b) The patient or research subject at the direction of the
9 practitioner.

10 (2) "Authorized collector" means any of the following persons or
11 entities that have entered into an agreement with a program operator
12 to collect covered drugs:

13 (a) A person or entity that is registered with the United States
14 drug enforcement administration and that qualifies under federal law
15 to modify its registration to collect controlled substances for the
16 purpose of destruction;

17 (b) A law enforcement agency; or

18 (c) An entity authorized by the department to provide an
19 alternative collection mechanism for certain covered drugs that are
20 not controlled substances, as defined in RCW 69.50.101.

21 (3) "Collection site" means the location where an authorized
22 collector operates a secure collection receptacle for collecting
23 covered drugs.

24 (4)(a) "Covered drug" means a drug from a covered entity that the
25 covered entity no longer wants and that the covered entity has
26 abandoned or discarded or intends to abandon or discard. "Covered
27 drug" includes legend drugs and nonlegend drugs, brand name and
28 generic drugs, drugs for veterinary use for household pets, and drugs
29 in medical devices and combination products.

30 (b) "Covered drug" does not include:

31 (i) Vitamins, minerals, or supplements;

32 (ii) Herbal-based remedies and homeopathic drugs, products, or
33 remedies;

34 (iii) Controlled substances contained in schedule I of the
35 uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW;

36 (iv) Cosmetics, shampoos, sunscreens, lip balm, toothpaste,
37 antiperspirants, or other personal care products that are regulated
38 as both cosmetics and nonprescription drugs under the federal food,
39 drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq.;

1 (v) Drugs for which manufacturers provide a pharmaceutical
2 product stewardship or drug take-back program as part of a federal
3 food and drug administration managed risk evaluation and mitigation
4 strategy under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355-1;

5 (vi) Biological drug products, as defined by 21 C.F.R. 600.3 (h)
6 as it exists on the effective date of this section, for which
7 manufacturers provide a pharmaceutical product stewardship or drug
8 take-back program and who provide the department with a report
9 describing the program, including how the drug product is collected
10 and safely disposed and how patients are made aware of the drug take-
11 back program, and who updates the department on changes that
12 substantially alter their drug take-back program;

13 (vii) Drugs that are administered in a clinical setting;

14 (viii) Emptied injector products or emptied medical devices and
15 their component parts or accessories;

16 (ix) Exposed needles or sharps, or used drug products that are
17 medical wastes; or

18 (x) Pet pesticide products contained in pet collars, powders,
19 shampoos, topical applications, or other forms.

20 (5) "Covered entity" means a state resident or other nonbusiness
21 entity and includes an ultimate user, as defined by regulations
22 adopted by the United States drug enforcement administration.
23 "Covered entity" does not include a business generator of
24 pharmaceutical waste, such as a hospital, clinic, health care
25 provider's office, veterinary clinic, pharmacy, or law enforcement
26 agency.

27 (6) "Covered manufacturer" means a person, corporation, or other
28 entity engaged in the manufacture of covered drugs sold in or into
29 Washington state. "Covered manufacturer" does not include a retail
30 pharmacy that sells a drug under the retail pharmacy's store label if
31 the manufacturer of the drug is identified under section 4 of this
32 act.

33 (7) "Department" means the department of health.

34 (8)(a) "Drug" means:

35 (a) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States
36 pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United
37 States, or official national formulary, or any supplement to any of
38 them;

1 (b) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure,
2 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or
3 animals;

4 (c) Substances other than food, minerals, or vitamins that are
5 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human
6 beings or animals; and

7 (d) Substances intended for use as a component of any article
8 specified in (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection.

9 (9) "Drug take-back organization" means an organization
10 designated by a manufacturer or group of manufacturers to act as an
11 agent on behalf of each manufacturer to develop and implement a drug
12 take-back program.

13 (10) "Drug take-back program" or "program" means a program
14 implemented by a program operator for the collection, transportation,
15 and disposal of covered drugs.

16 (11) "Drug wholesaler" means an entity licensed as a wholesaler
17 under chapter 18.64 RCW.

18 (12) "Generic drug" means a drug that is chemically identical or
19 bioequivalent to a brand name drug in dosage form, safety, strength,
20 route of administration, quality, performance characteristics, and
21 intended use. The inactive ingredients in a generic drug need not be
22 identical to the inactive ingredients in the chemically identical or
23 bioequivalent brand name drug.

24 (13) "Legend drug" means a drug, including a controlled substance
25 under chapter 69.50 RCW, that is required by any applicable federal
26 or state law or regulation to be dispensed by prescription only or
27 that is restricted to use by practitioners only.

28 (14) "Mail-back distribution location" means a facility, such as
29 a town hall or library, that offers prepaid, preaddressed mailing
30 envelopes to covered entities.

31 (15) "Mail-back program" means a method of collecting covered
32 drugs from covered entities by using prepaid, preaddressed mailing
33 envelopes.

34 (16) "Manufacture" has the same meaning as in RCW 18.64.011.

35 (17) "Nonlegend drug" means a drug that may be lawfully sold
36 without a prescription.

37 (18) "Pharmacy" means a place licensed as a pharmacy under
38 chapter 18.64 RCW.

39 (19) "Program operator" means a drug take-back organization,
40 covered manufacturer, or group of covered manufacturers that

1 implements or intends to implement a drug take-back program approved
2 by the department.

3 (20) "Retail pharmacy" means a place licensed as a pharmacy under
4 chapter 18.64 RCW for the retail sale and dispensing of drugs.

5 (21) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** REQUIREMENT TO PARTICIPATE IN A DRUG TAKE-
7 BACK PROGRAM. A covered manufacturer must establish and implement a
8 drug take-back program that complies with the requirements of this
9 chapter. A manufacturer that becomes a covered manufacturer after the
10 effective date of this section must, no later than six months after
11 the date on which the manufacturer became a covered manufacturer,
12 participate in an approved drug take-back program or establish and
13 implement a drug take-back program that complies with the
14 requirements of this chapter. A covered manufacturer may establish
15 and implement a drug take-back program independently, as part of a
16 group of covered manufacturers, or through membership in a drug take-
17 back organization.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** IDENTIFICATION OF COVERED MANUFACTURERS.

19 (1) No later than ninety days after the effective date of this
20 section, a drug wholesaler that sells a drug in or into Washington
21 must provide a list of drug manufacturers to the department in a form
22 agreed upon with the department. A drug wholesaler must provide an
23 updated list to the department on January 15th of each year.

24 (2) No later than ninety days after the effective date of this
25 section, a retail pharmacy must provide written notification to the
26 department identifying the drug manufacturer from which the retail
27 pharmacy obtains a drug that the retail pharmacy sells under its
28 store label.

29 (3) A person or entity that receives a letter of inquiry from the
30 department regarding whether or not it is a covered manufacturer
31 under this chapter shall respond in writing no later than sixty days
32 after receipt of the letter. If the person or entity does not believe
33 it is a covered manufacturer for purposes of this chapter, it shall:
34 (a) State the basis for the belief; (b) provide a list of any drugs
35 it sells, distributes, repackages, or otherwise offers for sale
36 within the state; and (c) identify the name and contact information
37 of the manufacturer of the drugs identified under (b) of this
38 subsection.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM APPROVAL. (1) By
2 July 1, 2019, a program operator must submit a proposal for the
3 establishment and implementation of a drug take-back program to the
4 department for approval. The department shall approve a proposed
5 program if the applicant submits a completed application, the
6 proposed program meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this
7 section, and the applicant pays the appropriate fee established by
8 the department under section 12 of this act.

9 (2) To be approved by the department, a proposed drug take-back
10 program must:

11 (a) Identify and provide contact information for the program
12 operator and each participating covered manufacturer;

13 (b) Identify and provide contact information for the authorized
14 collectors for the proposed program, as well as the reasons for
15 excluding any potential authorized collectors from participation in
16 the program;

17 (c) Provide for a collection system that complies with section 6
18 of this act;

19 (d) Provide for a handling and disposal system that complies with
20 section 8 of this act;

21 (e) Identify any transporters and waste disposal facilities that
22 the program will use;

23 (f) Adopt policies and procedures to be followed by persons
24 handling covered drugs collected under the program to ensure safety,
25 security, and compliance with regulations adopted by the United
26 States drug enforcement administration, as well as any applicable
27 laws;

28 (g) Ensure the security of patient information on drug packaging
29 during collection, transportation, recycling, and disposal;

30 (h) Promote the program by providing consumers, pharmacies, and
31 other entities with educational and informational materials as
32 required by section 7 of this act;

33 (i) Demonstrate adequate funding for all administrative and
34 operational costs of the drug take-back program, with costs
35 apportioned among participating covered manufacturers;

36 (j) Set long-term and short-term goals with respect to collection
37 amounts and public awareness; and

38 (k) Consider: (i) The use of existing providers of pharmaceutical
39 waste transportation and disposal services; (ii) separation of

1 covered drugs from packaging to reduce transportation and disposal
2 costs; and (iii) recycling of drug packaging.

3 (3)(a) No later than one hundred twenty days after receipt of a
4 drug take-back program proposal, the department shall either approve
5 or reject the proposal in writing to the applicant. The department
6 may extend the deadline for approval or rejection of a proposal for
7 good cause. If the department rejects the proposal, it shall provide
8 the reason for rejection.

9 (b) No later than ninety days after receipt of a notice of
10 rejection under (a) of this subsection, the applicant shall submit a
11 revised proposal to the department. The department shall either
12 approve or reject the revised proposal in writing to the applicant
13 within ninety days after receipt of the revised proposal, including
14 the reason for rejection, if applicable.

15 (c) If the department rejects a revised proposal, the department
16 may:

17 (i) Require the program operator to submit a further revised
18 proposal;

19 (ii) Develop and impose changes to some or all of the revised
20 proposal to address deficiencies;

21 (iii) Require the covered manufacturer or covered manufacturers
22 that proposed the rejected revised proposal to participate in a
23 previously approved drug take-back program; or

24 (iv) Find the covered manufacturer out of compliance with the
25 requirements of this chapter and take enforcement action as provided
26 in section 11 of this act.

27 (4) The program operator must initiate operation of an approved
28 drug take-back program no later than one hundred eighty days after
29 approval of the proposal by the department.

30 (5)(a) Proposed changes to an approved drug take-back program
31 that substantially alter program operations must have prior written
32 approval of the department. A program operator must submit to the
33 department such a proposed change in writing at least fifteen days
34 before the change is scheduled to occur. Changes requiring prior
35 approval of the department include changes to participating covered
36 manufacturers, collection methods, achievement of the service
37 convenience goal described in section 6 of this act, policies and
38 procedures for handling covered drugs, education and promotion
39 methods, and selection of disposal facilities.

1 (b) For changes to a drug take-back program that do not
2 substantially alter program operations, a program operator must
3 notify the department at least seven days before implementing the
4 change. Changes that do not substantially alter program operations
5 include changes to collection site locations, methods for scheduling
6 and locating periodic collection events, and methods for distributing
7 prepaid, preaddressed mailers.

8 (c) A program operator must notify the department of any changes
9 to the official point of contact for the program no later than
10 fifteen days after the change. A program operator must notify the
11 department of any changes in ownership or contact information for
12 participating covered manufacturers no later than ninety days after
13 such change.

14 (6) No later than four years after a drug take-back program
15 initiates operations, and every four years thereafter, the program
16 operator must submit an updated proposal to the department describing
17 any substantive changes to program elements described in subsection
18 (2) of this section. The department shall approve or reject the
19 updated proposal using the process described in subsection (3) of
20 this section.

21 (7) The department shall make all proposals submitted under this
22 section available to the public and shall provide an opportunity for
23 written public comment on each proposal.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** COLLECTION SYSTEM. (1)(a) At least one
25 hundred twenty days prior to submitting a proposal under section 5 of
26 this act, a program operator must notify potential authorized
27 collectors of the opportunity to serve as an authorized collector for
28 the proposed drug take-back program. A program operator must commence
29 good faith negotiations with a potential authorized collector no
30 later than thirty days after the potential authorized collector
31 expresses interest in participating in a proposed program.

32 (b) A person or entity may serve as an authorized collector for a
33 drug take-back program voluntarily or in exchange for compensation,
34 but nothing in this chapter requires a person or entity to serve as
35 an authorized collector.

36 (c) A drug take-back program must include as an authorized
37 collector any retail pharmacy, hospital or clinic with an on-site
38 pharmacy, or law enforcement agency that offers to participate in the
39 program without compensation and meets the requirements of subsection

1 (2) of this section. Such a pharmacy, hospital, clinic, or law
2 enforcement agency must be included as an authorized collector in the
3 program no later than ninety days after receiving the offer to
4 participate.

5 (d) A drug take-back program may also locate collection sites at:

6 (i) A long-term care facility where a pharmacy, or a hospital or
7 clinic with an on-site pharmacy, operates a secure collection
8 receptacle;

9 (ii) A substance use disorder treatment program, as defined in
10 RCW 71.24.025; or

11 (iii) Any other authorized collector willing to participate as a
12 collection site and able to meet the requirements of subsection (2)
13 of this section.

14 (2)(a) A collection site must accept all covered drugs from
15 covered entities during the hours that the authorized collector is
16 normally open for business with the public.

17 (b) A collection site located at a long-term care facility may
18 only accept covered drugs that are in the possession of individuals
19 who reside or have resided at the facility.

20 (c) A collection site must use secure collection receptacles in
21 compliance with state and federal law, including any applicable on-
22 site storage and collection standards adopted by rule pursuant to
23 chapter 70.95 or 70.105 RCW and United States drug enforcement
24 administration regulations. The program operator must provide a
25 service schedule that meets the needs of each collection site to
26 ensure that each secure collection receptacle is serviced as often as
27 necessary to avoid reaching capacity and that collected covered drugs
28 are transported to final disposal in a timely manner, including a
29 process for additional prompt collection service upon notification
30 from the collection site. Secure collection receptacle signage must
31 prominently display a toll-free telephone number and web site for the
32 program so that members of the public may provide feedback on
33 collection activities.

34 (d) An authorized collector must comply with applicable
35 provisions of chapters 70.95 and 70.105 RCW, including rules adopted
36 pursuant to those chapters that establish collection and
37 transportation standards, and federal laws and regulations governing
38 the handling of covered drugs, including United States drug
39 enforcement administration regulations.

1 (3)(a) A drug take-back program's collection system must be safe,
2 secure, and convenient on an ongoing, year-round basis and must
3 provide equitable and reasonably convenient access for residents
4 across the state.

5 (b) In establishing and operating a collection system, a program
6 operator must give preference to locating collection sites at retail
7 pharmacies, hospitals or clinics with on-site pharmacies, and law
8 enforcement agencies.

9 (c)(i) Each population center must have a minimum of one
10 collection site, plus one additional collection site for every fifty
11 thousand residents of the city or town located within the population
12 center. Collection sites must be geographically distributed to
13 provide reasonably convenient and equitable access to all residents
14 of the population center.

15 (ii) On islands and in areas outside of population centers, a
16 collection site must be located at the site of each potential
17 authorized collector that is regularly open to the public, unless the
18 program operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department
19 that a potential authorized collector is unqualified or unwilling to
20 participate in the drug take-back program, in accordance with the
21 requirements of subsection (1) of this section.

22 (iii) For purposes of this section, "population center" means a
23 city or town and the unincorporated area within a ten-mile radius
24 from the center of the city or town.

25 (d) A program operator must establish mail-back distribution
26 locations or hold periodic collection events to supplement service to
27 any area of the state that is underserved by collection sites, as
28 determined by the department, in consultation with the local health
29 jurisdiction. The program operator, in consultation with the
30 department, local law enforcement, the local health jurisdiction, and
31 the local community, must determine the number and locations of mail-
32 back distribution locations or the frequency and location of these
33 collections events, to be held at least twice a year, unless
34 otherwise determined through consultation with the local community.
35 The program must arrange any periodic collection events in advance
36 with local law enforcement agencies and conduct periodic collection
37 events in compliance with United States drug enforcement
38 administration regulations and protocols and applicable state laws.

39 (e) Upon request, a drug take-back program must provide a mail-
40 back program free of charge to covered entities and to retail

1 pharmacies that offer to distribute prepaid, preaddressed mailing
2 envelopes for the drug take-back program. A drug take-back program
3 must permit covered entities to request prepaid, preaddressed mailing
4 envelopes through the program's web site, the program's toll-free
5 telephone number, and a request to a pharmacist at a retail pharmacy
6 distributing the program's mailing envelopes.

7 (f) The program operator must provide alternative collection
8 methods for any covered drugs, other than controlled substances, that
9 cannot be accepted or commingled with other covered drugs in secure
10 collection receptacles, through a mail-back program, or at periodic
11 collection events, to the extent permissible under applicable state
12 and federal laws. The department shall review and approve of any
13 alternative collection methods prior to their implementation.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM PROMOTION. (1) A
15 drug take-back program must develop and provide a system of
16 promotion, education, and public outreach about the safe storage and
17 secure collection of covered drugs. This system may include signage,
18 written materials to be provided at the time of purchase or delivery
19 of covered drugs, and advertising or other promotional materials. At
20 a minimum, each program must:

21 (a) Promote the safe storage of legend drugs and nonlegend drugs
22 by residents before secure disposal through a drug take-back program;

23 (b) Discourage residents from disposing of covered drugs in solid
24 waste collection, sewer, or septic systems;

25 (c) Promote the use of the drug take-back program so that where
26 and how to return covered drugs is widely understood by residents,
27 pharmacists, retail pharmacies, health care facilities and providers,
28 veterinarians, and veterinary hospitals;

29 (d) Establish a toll-free telephone number and web site
30 publicizing collection options and collection sites and discouraging
31 improper disposal practices for covered drugs, such as flushing them
32 or placing them in the garbage;

33 (e) Prepare educational and outreach materials that: Promote safe
34 storage of covered drugs; discourage the disposal of covered drugs in
35 solid waste collection, sewer, or septic systems; and describe how to
36 return covered drugs to the drug take-back program. The materials
37 must use plain language and explanatory images to make collection
38 services and discouraged disposal practices readily understandable to
39 all residents, including residents with limited English proficiency;

1 (f) Disseminate the educational and outreach materials described
2 in (e) of this subsection to pharmacies, health care facilities, and
3 other interested parties for dissemination to covered entities;

4 (g) Work with authorized collectors to develop a readily
5 recognizable, consistent design of collection receptacles, as well as
6 clear, standardized instructions for covered entities on the use of
7 collection receptacles. The department may provide guidance to
8 program operators on the development of the instructions and design;
9 and

10 (h) Annually report on its promotion, outreach, and public
11 education activities in its annual report required by section 10 of
12 this act.

13 (2) If more than one drug take-back program is approved by the
14 department, the programs must coordinate their promotional activities
15 to ensure that all state residents can easily identify, understand,
16 and access the collection services provided by any drug take-back
17 program. Coordination efforts must include providing residents with a
18 single toll-free telephone number and single web site to access
19 information about collection services for every approved program.

20 (3) Pharmacies and other entities that sell medication in the
21 state are encouraged to promote secure disposal of covered drugs
22 through the use of one or more approved drug take-back programs. Upon
23 request, a pharmacy must provide materials explaining the use of
24 approved drug take-back programs to its customers. The program
25 operator must provide pharmacies with these materials upon request
26 and at no cost to the pharmacy.

27 (4) The department, the health care authority, the department of
28 social and health services, the department of ecology, and any other
29 state agency that is responsible for health, solid waste management,
30 and wastewater treatment shall, through their standard educational
31 methods, promote safe storage of prescription and nonprescription
32 drugs by covered entities, secure disposal of covered drugs through a
33 drug take-back program, and the toll-free telephone number and web
34 site for approved drug take-back programs. Local health jurisdictions
35 and local government agencies are encouraged to promote approved drug
36 take-back programs.

37 (5) The department:

38 (a) Shall conduct a survey of covered entities and a survey of
39 pharmacists, health care providers, and veterinarians who interact
40 with covered entities on the use of medicines after the first full

1 year of operation of the drug take-back program, and again every two
2 years thereafter. Survey questions must: Measure consumer awareness
3 of the drug take-back program; assess the extent to which collection
4 sites and other collection methods are convenient and easy to use;
5 assess knowledge and attitudes about risks of abuse, poisonings, and
6 overdoses from drugs used in the home; and assess covered entities'
7 practices with respect to unused, unwanted, or expired drugs, both
8 currently and prior to implementation of the drug take-back program;
9 and

10 (b) May, upon review of results of public awareness surveys,
11 direct a program operator for an approved drug take-back program to
12 modify the program's promotion and outreach activities to better
13 achieve widespread awareness among Washington state residents and
14 health care professionals about where and how to return covered drugs
15 to the drug take-back program.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** DISPOSAL AND HANDLING OF COVERED DRUGS.

17 (1) Covered drugs collected under a drug take-back program must be
18 disposed of at a permitted hazardous waste disposal facility that
19 meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. parts 264 and 265, as they exist
20 on the effective date of this section.

21 (2) If use of a hazardous waste disposal facility described in
22 subsection (1) of this section is unfeasible based on cost,
23 logistics, or other considerations, the department, in consultation
24 with the department of ecology, may grant approval for a program
25 operator to dispose of some or all collected covered drugs at a
26 permitted large municipal waste combustor facility that meets the
27 requirements of 40 C.F.R. parts 60 and 62, as they exist on the
28 effective date of this section.

29 (3) A program operator may petition the department for approval
30 to use final disposal technologies or processes that provide superior
31 environmental and human health protection than that provided by the
32 technologies described in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, or
33 equivalent protection at less cost. In reviewing a petition under
34 this subsection, the department shall take into consideration
35 regulations or guidance issued by the United States environmental
36 protection agency on the disposal of pharmaceutical waste. The
37 department, in consultation with the department of ecology, shall
38 approve a disposal petition under this section if the disposal

1 technology or processes described in the petition provides equivalent
2 or superior protection in each of the following areas:

3 (a) Monitoring of any emissions or waste;

4 (b) Worker health and safety;

5 (c) Air, water, or land emissions contributing to persistent,
6 bioaccumulative, and toxic pollution; and

7 (d) Overall impact to the environment and human health.

8 (4) If a drug take-back program encounters a safety or security
9 problem during collection, transportation, or disposal of covered
10 drugs, the program operator must notify the department as soon as
11 practicable after encountering the problem.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** PROGRAM FUNDING. (1) A covered
13 manufacturer or group of covered manufacturers must pay all
14 administrative and operational costs associated with establishing and
15 implementing the drug take-back program in which they participate.
16 Such administrative and operational costs include, but are not
17 limited to: Collection and transportation supplies for each
18 collection site; purchase of secure collection receptacles for each
19 collection site; ongoing maintenance or replacement of secure
20 collection receptacles when requested by authorized collectors;
21 prepaid, preaddressed mailers; compensation of authorized collectors,
22 if applicable; operation of periodic collection events, including the
23 cost of law enforcement staff time; transportation of all collected
24 covered drugs to final disposal; environmentally sound disposal of
25 all collected covered drugs in compliance with section 8 of this act;
26 and program promotion and outreach.

27 (2) A program operator, covered manufacturer, authorized
28 collector, or other person may not charge:

29 (a) A specific point-of-sale fee to consumers to recoup the costs
30 of a drug take-back program; or

31 (b) A specific point-of-collection fee at the time covered drugs
32 are collected from covered entities.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** ANNUAL PROGRAM REPORT. (1) By July 1st
34 after the first full year of implementation, and each July 1st
35 thereafter, a program operator must submit to the department a report
36 describing implementation of the drug take-back program during the
37 previous calendar year. The report must include:

1 (a) A list of covered manufacturers participating in the drug
2 take-back program;

3 (b) The amount, by weight, of covered drugs collected, including
4 the amount by weight from each collection method used;

5 (c) The following details regarding the program's collection
6 system: A list of collection sites with addresses; the number of
7 mailers provided; locations where mailers were provided, if
8 applicable; dates and locations of collection events held, if
9 applicable; and the transporters and disposal facility or facilities
10 used;

11 (d) Whether any safety or security problems occurred during
12 collection, transportation, or disposal of covered drugs, and if so,
13 completed and anticipated changes to policies, procedures, or
14 tracking mechanisms to address the problem and improve safety and
15 security;

16 (e) A description of the public education, outreach, and
17 evaluation activities implemented;

18 (f) A description of how collected packaging was recycled to the
19 extent feasible;

20 (g) A summary of the program's goals for collection amounts and
21 public awareness, the degree of success in meeting those goals, and
22 if any goals have not been met, what effort will be made to achieve
23 those goals the following year; and

24 (h) The program's annual expenditures, itemized by program
25 category.

26 (2) Within thirty days after each annual period of operation of
27 an approved drug take-back program, the program operator shall submit
28 an annual collection amount report to the department that provides
29 the total amount, by weight, of covered drugs collected from each
30 collection site during the prior year.

31 (3) The department shall make reports submitted under this
32 section available to the public through the internet.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES. (1) The
34 department may audit or inspect the activities and records of a drug
35 take-back program to determine compliance with this chapter or
36 investigate a complaint.

37 (2)(a) The department shall send a written notice to a covered
38 manufacturer that fails to participate in a drug take-back program as

1 required by this chapter. The notice must provide a warning regarding
2 the penalties for violation of this chapter.

3 (b) A covered manufacturer that receives a notice under this
4 subsection (2) may be assessed a penalty if, sixty days after receipt
5 of the notice, the covered manufacturer continues to sell a covered
6 drug in or into the state without participating in a drug take-back
7 program approved under this chapter.

8 (3)(a) The department may send a program operator a written
9 notice warning of the penalties for noncompliance with this chapter
10 if it determines that the program operator's drug take-back program
11 is in violation of this chapter or does not conform to the proposal
12 approved by the department. The department may assess a penalty on
13 the program operator and participating covered manufacturers if the
14 program does not come into compliance by thirty days after receipt of
15 the notice.

16 (b) The department may immediately suspend operation of a drug
17 take-back program and assess a penalty if it determines that the
18 program is in violation of this chapter and the violation creates a
19 condition that, in the judgment of the department, constitutes an
20 immediate hazard to the public or the environment.

21 (4)(a) The department shall send a written notice to a drug
22 wholesaler or a retail pharmacy that fails to provide a list of drug
23 manufacturers to the department as required by section 4 of this act.
24 The notice must provide a warning regarding the penalties for
25 violation of this chapter.

26 (b) A drug wholesaler or retail pharmacy that receives a notice
27 under this subsection may be assessed a penalty if, sixty days after
28 receipt of the notice, the drug wholesaler or retail pharmacy fails
29 to provide a list of drug manufacturers.

30 (5) In enforcing the requirements of this chapter, the
31 department:

32 (a) May require an informal administrative conference;

33 (b) May require a person or entity to engage in or refrain from
34 engaging in certain activities pertaining to this chapter;

35 (c) May, in accordance with RCW 43.70.095, assess a civil fine of
36 up to two thousand dollars. Each day upon which a violation occurs or
37 is permitted to continue constitutes a separate violation. In
38 determining the appropriate amount of the fine, the department shall
39 consider the extent of harm caused by the violation, the nature and
40 persistence of the violation, the frequency of past violations, any

1 action taken to mitigate the violation, and the financial burden to
2 the entity in violation; and

3 (d) May not prohibit a covered manufacturer from selling a drug
4 in or into the state of Washington.

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** DEPARTMENT FEE. (1)(a) By July 1, 2019,
6 the department shall: Determine its costs for the administration,
7 oversight, and enforcement of the requirements of this chapter,
8 including the survey required under section 20 of this act; pursuant
9 to RCW 43.70.250, set fees at a level sufficient to recover the costs
10 associated with administration, oversight, and enforcement; and adopt
11 rules establishing requirements for program operator proposals.

12 (b) The department shall not impose any fees in excess of its
13 actual administrative, oversight, and enforcement costs. The fees
14 collected from each program operator in calendar year 2020 and any
15 subsequent year may not exceed ten percent of the program's annual
16 expenditures as reported to the department in the annual report
17 required by section 10 of this act and determined by the department.

18 (c) Adjustments to the department's fees may be made annually and
19 shall not exceed actual administration, oversight, and enforcement
20 costs. Adjustments for inflation may not exceed the percentage change
21 in the consumer price index for all urban consumers in the United
22 States as calculated by the United States department of labor as
23 averaged by city for the twelve-month period ending with June of the
24 previous year.

25 (d) The department shall collect fees from each program operator
26 by October 1, 2019, and annually thereafter.

27 (2) All fees collected under this section must be deposited in
28 the secure drug take-back program account established in section 13
29 of this act.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** SECURE DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM ACCOUNT.
31 The secure drug take-back program account is created in the state
32 treasury. All receipts received by the department under this chapter
33 must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may be spent
34 only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used
35 by the department only for administering and enforcing this chapter.

36 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** ANTITRUST IMMUNITY. The activities
37 authorized by this chapter require collaboration among covered

1 manufacturers. These activities will enable safe and secure
2 collection and disposal of covered drugs in Washington state and are
3 therefore in the best interest of the public. The benefits of
4 collaboration, together with active state supervision, outweigh
5 potential adverse impacts. Therefore, the legislature intends to
6 exempt from state antitrust laws, and provide immunity through the
7 state action doctrine from federal antitrust laws, activities that
8 are undertaken, reviewed, and approved by the department pursuant to
9 this chapter that might otherwise be constrained by such laws. The
10 legislature does not intend and does not authorize any person or
11 entity to engage in activities not provided for by this chapter, and
12 the legislature neither exempts nor provides immunity for such
13 activities.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** FEDERAL LAW. This chapter is void if a
15 federal law, or a combination of federal laws, takes effect that
16 establishes a national program for the collection of covered drugs
17 that substantially meets the intent of this chapter, including the
18 creation of a funding mechanism for collection, transportation, and
19 proper disposal of all covered drugs in the United States.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** LOCAL LAWS. (1)(a) For a period of twelve
21 months after a drug take-back program approved under section 5 of
22 this act begins operating, a county may enforce a grandfathered
23 ordinance. During that twelve-month period, if a county determines
24 that a covered manufacturer is in compliance with its grandfathered
25 ordinance, the department shall find the covered manufacturer in
26 compliance with the requirements of this chapter with respect to that
27 county.

28 (b) In any county enforcing a grandfathered ordinance as
29 described in (a) of this subsection, the program operator of an
30 approved drug take-back program must work with the county and the
31 department to incorporate the local program into the approved drug
32 take-back program on or before the end of the twelve-month period.

33 (2) After the effective date of this section, a political
34 subdivision may not enact or enforce a local ordinance that requires
35 a retail pharmacy, clinic, hospital, or local law enforcement agency
36 to provide for collection and disposal of covered drugs from covered
37 entities.

1 (3) At the end of the twelve-month period provided in subsection
2 (1) of this section, this chapter preempts all laws enacted by a
3 county, city, town, or other political subdivision of the state
4 regarding a drug take-back program for the collection,
5 transportation, and disposal of covered drugs, or promotion,
6 education, and public outreach relating to such a program.

7 (4) For purposes of this section, "grandfathered ordinance" means
8 a pharmaceutical product stewardship or drug take-back ordinance
9 that: (a) Is in effect on the effective date of this section; and (b)
10 the department determines meets or exceeds the requirements of this
11 chapter with respect to safe and secure collection and disposal of
12 unwanted medicines from residents, including the types of drugs
13 covered by the program, the convenience of the collection system for
14 residents, and required promotion of the program.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** PUBLIC DISCLOSURE. Proprietary
16 information submitted to the department under this chapter is exempt
17 from public disclosure under RCW 42.56.270. The department may use
18 and disclose such information in summary or aggregated form that does
19 not directly or indirectly identify financial, production, or sales
20 data of an individual covered manufacturer or drug take-back
21 organization.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** RULE MAKING. The department shall adopt
23 any rules necessary to implement and enforce this chapter.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** REPORT TO LEGISLATURE. (1) No later than
25 thirty days after the department first approves a drug take-back
26 program under section 5 of this act, the department shall submit an
27 update to the legislature describing rules adopted under this chapter
28 and the approved drug take-back program.

29 (2) By November 15th after the first full year of operation of an
30 approved drug take-back program and biennially thereafter, the
31 department shall submit a report to the legislature. The report must:

32 (a) Describe the status of approved drug take-back programs;

33 (b) Evaluate the secure medicine collection and disposal system
34 and the program promotion, education, and public outreach
35 requirements established by this chapter;

36 (c) Evaluate, in conjunction with an academic institution that is
37 not an agency of the state and is qualified to conduct and evaluate

1 research relating to prescription and nonprescription drug use and
2 abuse and environmental impact, to the extent feasible, the impact of
3 approved drug take-back programs on: Awareness and compliance of
4 residents with safe storage of medicines in the home and secure
5 disposal of covered drugs; rates of misuse, abuse, overdoses, and
6 poisonings from prescription and nonprescription drugs; and
7 diversions of covered drugs from sewer, solid waste, and septic
8 systems. To conduct this evaluation, the department and the academic
9 institution may rely on available data sources, including the public
10 awareness surveys required under this chapter, and the prescription
11 drug monitoring program and public health surveys such as the
12 Washington state healthy youth survey. The department and the
13 academic institution may also consult with other state and local
14 agencies and interested stakeholders; and

15 (d) Provide any recommendations for legislation.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 20.** (1)(a) The department shall contract with
17 the statewide program of poison and drug information services
18 identified in RCW 18.76.030 to conduct a survey of residents to
19 measure whether the secure medicine collection and disposal system
20 and the program promotion, education, and public outreach
21 requirements established in this chapter have led to statistically
22 significant changes in: (i) Resident attitudes and behavior on safe
23 storage and secure disposal of prescription and nonprescription
24 medications used in the home; and (ii) the rates of abuse or misuse
25 of or accidental exposure to prescription and nonprescription drugs.

26 (b) The survey of residents must include telephone follow-up with
27 users of the program's emergency telephone service. The survey must
28 be conducted before the secure medicine collection and disposal
29 system is implemented and again no earlier than four years after the
30 system is implemented.

31 (2) The statewide program of poison and drug information services
32 shall report the survey results to the legislature and the department
33 of health within six months of completion of the survey.

34 (3) This section expires July 1, 2026.

35 **Sec. 21.** RCW 42.56.270 and 2017 c 317 s 17 are each amended to
36 read as follows:

37 The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information
38 is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:

1 (1) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or
2 object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five
3 years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce
4 private gain and public loss;

5 (2) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person,
6 firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or
7 proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as
8 required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (b) highway
9 construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070;

10 (3) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by
11 private persons pertaining to export services provided under chapters
12 43.163 and 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects
13 under RCW 43.23.035;

14 (4) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by
15 businesses or individuals during application for loans or program
16 services provided by chapters 43.325, 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and
17 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or
18 program services provided by any local agency;

19 (5) Financial information, business plans, examination reports,
20 and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a
21 business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking
22 certification under chapter 31.24 RCW;

23 (6) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state
24 investment board by any person when the information relates to the
25 investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure
26 would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the
27 providers of this information;

28 (7) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120;

29 (8) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research
30 information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington
31 center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under
32 chapter 70.95H RCW;

33 (9) Financial and commercial information requested by the public
34 stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses
35 the stadium and exhibition center as defined in RCW 36.102.010;

36 (10)(a) Financial information, including but not limited to
37 account numbers and values, and other identification numbers supplied
38 by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, limited liability
39 company, partnership, or other entity related to an application for a
40 horse racing license submitted pursuant to RCW 67.16.260(1)(b),

1 marijuana producer, processor, or retailer license, liquor license,
2 gambling license, or lottery retail license;

3 (b) Internal control documents, independent auditors' reports and
4 financial statements, and supporting documents: (i) Of house-banked
5 social card game licensees required by the gambling commission
6 pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 9.46 RCW; or (ii) submitted
7 by tribes with an approved tribal/state compact for class III gaming;

8 (11) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that
9 relates to: (a) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (b)
10 data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (c)
11 determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by
12 any vendor to the department of social and health services for
13 purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state
14 purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011;

15 (12)(a) When supplied to and in the records of the department of
16 commerce:

17 (i) Financial and proprietary information collected from any
18 person and provided to the department of commerce pursuant to RCW
19 43.330.050(8); and

20 (ii) Financial or proprietary information collected from any
21 person and provided to the department of commerce or the office of
22 the governor in connection with the siting, recruitment, expansion,
23 retention, or relocation of that person's business and until a siting
24 decision is made, identifying information of any person supplying
25 information under this subsection and the locations being considered
26 for siting, relocation, or expansion of a business;

27 (b) When developed by the department of commerce based on
28 information as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, any work
29 product is not exempt from disclosure;

30 (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "siting decision" means
31 the decision to acquire or not to acquire a site;

32 (d) If there is no written contact for a period of sixty days to
33 the department of commerce from a person connected with siting,
34 recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's
35 business, information described in (a)(ii) of this subsection will be
36 available to the public under this chapter;

37 (13) Financial and proprietary information submitted to or
38 obtained by the department of ecology or the authority created under
39 chapter 70.95N RCW to implement chapter 70.95N RCW;

1 (14) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and
2 research information and data submitted to or obtained by the life
3 sciences discovery fund authority in applications for, or delivery
4 of, grants under chapter 43.350 RCW, to the extent that such
5 information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in
6 private loss to the providers of this information;

7 (15) Financial and commercial information provided as evidence to
8 the department of licensing as required by RCW 19.112.110 or
9 19.112.120, except information disclosed in aggregate form that does
10 not permit the identification of information related to individual
11 fuel licensees;

12 (16) Any production records, mineral assessments, and trade
13 secrets submitted by a permit holder, mine operator, or landowner to
14 the department of natural resources under RCW 78.44.085;

15 (17)(a) Farm plans developed by conservation districts, unless
16 permission to release the farm plan is granted by the landowner or
17 operator who requested the plan, or the farm plan is used for the
18 application or issuance of a permit;

19 (b) Farm plans developed under chapter 90.48 RCW and not under
20 the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., are subject
21 to RCW 42.56.610 and 90.64.190;

22 (18) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and
23 research information and data submitted to or obtained by a health
24 sciences and services authority in applications for, or delivery of,
25 grants under RCW 35.104.010 through 35.104.060, to the extent that
26 such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result
27 in private loss to providers of this information;

28 (19) Information gathered under chapter 19.85 RCW or RCW
29 34.05.328 that can be identified to a particular business;

30 (20) Financial and commercial information submitted to or
31 obtained by the University of Washington, other than information the
32 university is required to disclose under RCW 28B.20.150, when the
33 information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent
34 that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to
35 result in loss to the University of Washington consolidated endowment
36 fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this
37 information;

38 (21) Market share data submitted by a manufacturer under RCW
39 70.95N.190(4);

1 (22) Financial information supplied to the department of
2 financial institutions or to a portal under RCW 21.20.883, when filed
3 by or on behalf of an issuer of securities for the purpose of
4 obtaining the exemption from state securities registration for small
5 securities offerings provided under RCW 21.20.880 or when filed by or
6 on behalf of an investor for the purpose of purchasing such
7 securities;

8 (23) Unaggregated or individual notices of a transfer of crude
9 oil that is financial, proprietary, or commercial information,
10 submitted to the department of ecology pursuant to RCW
11 90.56.565(1)(a), and that is in the possession of the department of
12 ecology or any entity with which the department of ecology has shared
13 the notice pursuant to RCW 90.56.565;

14 (24) Financial institution and retirement account information,
15 and building security plan information, supplied to the liquor and
16 cannabis board pursuant to RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and
17 69.50.345, when filed by or on behalf of a licensee or prospective
18 licensee for the purpose of obtaining, maintaining, or renewing a
19 license to produce, process, transport, or sell marijuana as allowed
20 under chapter 69.50 RCW;

21 (25) Marijuana transport information, vehicle and driver
22 identification data, and account numbers or unique access identifiers
23 issued to private entities for traceability system access, submitted
24 by an individual or business to the liquor and cannabis board under
25 the requirements of RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and
26 69.50.345 for the purpose of marijuana product traceability.
27 Disclosure to local, state, and federal officials is not considered
28 public disclosure for purposes of this section;

29 (26) Financial and commercial information submitted to or
30 obtained by the retirement board of any city that is responsible for
31 the management of an employees' retirement system pursuant to the
32 authority of chapter 35.39 RCW, when the information relates to
33 investments in private funds, to the extent that such information, if
34 revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the
35 retirement fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this
36 information except that (a) the names and commitment amounts of the
37 private funds in which retirement funds are invested and (b) the
38 aggregate quarterly performance results for a retirement fund's
39 portfolio of investments in such funds are subject to disclosure;

1 (27) Proprietary financial, commercial, operations, and technical
2 and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the
3 liquor and cannabis board in applications for marijuana research
4 licenses under RCW 69.50.372, or in reports submitted by marijuana
5 research licensees in accordance with rules adopted by the liquor and
6 cannabis board under RCW 69.50.372; (~~and~~)

7 (28) Trade secrets, technology, proprietary information, and
8 financial considerations contained in any agreements or contracts,
9 entered into by a licensed marijuana business under RCW 69.50.395,
10 which may be submitted to or obtained by the state liquor and
11 cannabis board; and

12 (29) Proprietary information filed with the department of health
13 under chapter 69.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of
14 this act).

15 **Sec. 22.** RCW 69.41.030 and 2016 c 148 s 11 are each amended to
16 read as follows:

17 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, deliver, or
18 possess any legend drug except upon the order or prescription of a
19 physician under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician and
20 surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW, an optometrist licensed under
21 chapter 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW
22 18.53.010, a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW, a podiatric physician
23 and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW, a veterinarian under chapter
24 18.92 RCW, a commissioned medical or dental officer in the United
25 States armed forces or public health service in the discharge of his
26 or her official duties, a duly licensed physician or dentist employed
27 by the veterans administration in the discharge of his or her
28 official duties, a registered nurse or advanced registered nurse
29 practitioner under chapter 18.79 RCW when authorized by the nursing
30 care quality assurance commission, a pharmacist licensed under
31 chapter 18.64 RCW to the extent permitted by drug therapy guidelines
32 or protocols established under RCW 18.64.011 and authorized by the
33 commission and approved by a practitioner authorized to prescribe
34 drugs, an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 18.57A RCW
35 when authorized by the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, a
36 physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW when authorized by the
37 medical quality assurance commission, or any of the following
38 professionals in any province of Canada that shares a common border
39 with the state of Washington or in any state of the United States: A

1 physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a physician
2 licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist
3 licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon
4 licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed
5 advanced registered nurse practitioner, a licensed physician
6 assistant, a licensed osteopathic physician assistant, or a
7 veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine: PROVIDED,
8 HOWEVER, That the above provisions shall not apply to sale, delivery,
9 or possession by drug wholesalers or drug manufacturers, or their
10 agents or employees, or to any practitioner acting within the scope
11 of his or her license, or to a common or contract carrier or
12 warehouse operator, or any employee thereof, whose possession of any
13 legend drug is in the usual course of business or employment:
14 PROVIDED FURTHER, That nothing in this chapter or chapter 18.64 RCW
15 shall prevent a family planning clinic that is under contract with
16 the health care authority from selling, delivering, possessing, and
17 dispensing commercially prepackaged oral contraceptives prescribed by
18 authorized, licensed health care practitioners: PROVIDED FURTHER,
19 That nothing in this chapter prohibits possession or delivery of
20 legend drugs by an authorized collector or other person participating
21 in the operation of a drug take-back program authorized in chapter
22 69.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

23 (2)(a) A violation of this section involving the sale, delivery,
24 or possession with intent to sell or deliver is a class B felony
25 punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.

26 (b) A violation of this section involving possession is a
27 misdemeanor.

28 NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 69.50
29 RCW to read as follows:

30 It is not a violation of this chapter to possess or deliver a
31 controlled substance in compliance with chapter 69.--- RCW (the new
32 chapter created in section 25 of this act).

33 NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 70.95
34 RCW to read as follows:

35 An authorized collector regulated under chapter 69.--- RCW (the
36 new chapter created in section 25 of this act) is not required to
37 obtain a permit under RCW 70.95.170 unless the authorized collector
38 is required to obtain a permit under RCW 70.95.170 as a consequence

1 of activities that are not directly associated with the collection
2 facility's activities under chapter 69.--- RCW (the new chapter
3 created in section 25 of this act).

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 25.** Sections 2 through 20 of this act
5 constitute a new chapter in Title 69 RCW.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 26.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131
7 RCW to read as follows:

8 The authorization for drug take-back programs created in this act
9 shall be terminated on January 1, 2029, as provided in section 27 of
10 this act.

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 27.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131
12 RCW to read as follows:

13 The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter
14 amended, are each repealed, effective January 1, 2030:

- 15 (1) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 2 (section 2 of this act);
- 16 (2) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 3 (section 3 of this act);
- 17 (3) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 4 (section 4 of this act);
- 18 (4) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 5 (section 5 of this act);
- 19 (5) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 6 (section 6 of this act);
- 20 (6) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 7 (section 7 of this act);
- 21 (7) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 8 (section 8 of this act);
- 22 (8) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 9 (section 9 of this act);
- 23 (9) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 10 (section 10 of this act);
- 24 (10) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 11 (section 11 of this act);
- 25 (11) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 12 (section 12 of this act);
- 26 (12) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 13 (section 13 of this act);
- 27 (13) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 14 (section 14 of this act);
- 28 (14) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 15 (section 15 of this act);
- 29 (15) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 16 (section 16 of this act);
- 30 (16) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 17 (section 17 of this act);
- 31 (17) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 18 (section 18 of this act);
- 32 (18) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 19 (section 19 of this act);

33 and

- 34 (19) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 20 (section 20 of this act)."

35 Correct the title.

EFFECT: (1) Clarifies that the intent of the legislature is to establish a single, uniform, statewide system of regulation for drug-take back programs.

(2) Defines "administer" and "mail-back distribution location," and limits the definition of "covered drug" to exclude a number of products that were previously excluded from the definition of "drug" and specifically excludes emptied injector products, emptied medical devices, and exposed needles or sharps.

(3) Requires program operators to submit program proposals by July 1, 2019, rather than October 1, 2019.

(4) Allows covered manufacturers in a drug take-back program to apportion the costs as the manufacturers determine, rather than according to sales revenue in Washington state.

(5) Limits the fees the Department of Health (Department) can collect from program operators to the actual costs of administration, oversight, enforcement, and starting in 2020 to 10% of the total program costs. Limits adjustments to the fees for inflation to not exceed the percentage change in the consumer price index for all urban consumers averaged by city, in the previous year.

(6) Increases the time limit for a program operator to initiate operation of an approved drug take-back program to 180 days from 90 days, and provides 90 days for a program operator to submit a revised proposal that was rejected by the Department instead of 60 days.

(7) Requires program operators to notify the Department of substantial changes to the program and 15 days prior to the change, rather than notification of any substantive change 30 days in advance. For changes that are not substantive, the program operator must notify the Department seven days in advance, instead of 15 days. Program operators must notify the department of any changes in ownership or contact information for participating covered manufacturers within 90 days, instead of 30 days.

(8) Requires drug take-back program collection systems to provide reasonably convenient access and that there must be a collection site for each population center plus an additional site for every 50,000 residents instead of every 20,000 residents.

(9) Allows a program operator to establish mail-back distribution locations or hold periodic collection events instead of requiring periodic collection events.

(10) Clarifies that the alternative collection methods of mail-back programs and periodic events may only be conducted to the extent permissible under state and federal laws.

(11) Removes the requirement on program operators to conduct a survey on consumer awareness, the use of the collection methods, and knowledge of the risks of abuse and overdose and places the responsibility on the Department.

(12) Changes the date the annual report must be submitted to July 1st instead of April 1st.

(13) Requires program operators submit within 30 days of the annual period of operation the total amount, by weight, of covered drugs collected from each collection site during the prior year.

(14) Limits the Department's enforcement authority by only allowing the Department to require a person or entity to engage in or refrain from engaging in certain activities that pertain to the chapter.

(15) Reduces the time period in which a county may enforce a grandfathered ordinance after an approved drug take-back program begins operating and a manufacturer in compliance with a grandfathered ordinance is considered in compliance with the state

law for purposes of that county, from 18 months to 12 months. Clarifies that after the 12-month period that all local laws regarding drug take-back programs are preempted.

(16) Requires the Department to utilize an academic institution that is not an agency of the state in evaluation of the impact of the drug take-back program.

(17) Subjects the authorization for drug take-back programs to the sunset review process, terminating the authority on January 1, 2029.

(18) Increases dates in the bill by one year, and makes a technical change to reflect legislation enacted in 2017.

--- END ---