ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5649

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Darneille, Miloscia, Fraser, Keiser, Parlette, Benton, McCoy, and Dammeier)

- AN ACT Relating to the involuntary treatment act; amending RCW 1 2 71.05.050, 71.05.210, 71.24.035, 71.24.300, 71.24.300, 71.05.010, 71.05.150, 71.05.156, 71.05.212, 71.05.230, 71.05.240, 71.05.245, 3 71.05.280, and 71.05.320; reenacting and amending RCW 71.05.153, 4 5 71.05.020, and 71.05.020; adding new sections to chapter 71.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.24 RCW; adding a new section to 6 7 chapter 71.34 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective 8 date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 10 PART I: INITIAL DETENTION
- 11 **Sec. 101.** RCW 71.05.010 and 1998 c 297 s 2 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 <u>(1)</u> The provisions of this chapter are intended by the 14 legislature:
- 15 (((1))) <u>(a) To protect the health and safety of persons suffering</u>
 16 <u>from mental disorders and to protect public safety through use of the</u>
 17 parens patriae and police powers of the state;
- 18 <u>(b)</u> To prevent inappropriate, indefinite commitment of mentally 19 disordered persons and to eliminate legal disabilities that arise 20 from such commitment;

p. 1 E2SSB 5649

- 1 $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ <u>(c)</u> To provide prompt evaluation and timely and 2 appropriate treatment of persons with serious mental disorders;
 - (((3))) <u>(d)</u> To safeguard individual rights;
- 4 (((4))) (e) To provide continuity of care for persons with 5 serious mental disorders;
 - $((\frac{5}{}))$ (f) To encourage the full use of all existing agencies, professional personnel, and public funds to prevent duplication of services and unnecessary expenditures; and
- 9 (((+6))) (g) To encourage, whenever appropriate, that services be provided within the community ((\div
- 11 (7) To protect the public safety)).

discontinue his or her treatment.

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- (2) When construing the requirements of this chapter the court must focus on the merits of the petition, except where requirements have been totally disregarded, as provided in *In re C.W.*, 147 Wn.2d 259, 281 (2002). A presumption in favor of deciding petitions on their merits furthers both public and private interests because the mental and physical well-being of individuals as well as public safety may be implicated by the decision to release an individual and
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 71.05 21 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The department may use a single bed certification process to provide additional treatment capacity for a person suffering from a mental disorder for whom an evaluation and treatment bed is not available. The facility that is the proposed site of the single bed certification must be a facility that is willing and able to provide the person with timely and appropriate treatment either directly or by arrangement with other public or private agencies. Appropriate settings for single bed certifications may include, but are not limited to, any of the following settings where the facility is willing and able to provide timely and appropriate treatment to the person:
 - (a) A hospital with or without a psychiatric unit;
- 34 (b) A psychiatric hospital;
- 35 (c) A hospital that is willing and able to provide timely and 36 appropriate mental health treatment or medical treatment to a person 37 with a co-occurring mental disorder and medical condition such that 38 it prevents transfer to an evaluation and treatment facility or state 39 hospital; or

p. 2 E2SSB 5649

(d) A residential treatment facility.

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- 2 (2) A single bed certification must be specific to the patient 3 receiving treatment.
 - (3) A designated mental health professional who submits an application for a single bed certification for treatment at a facility which is willing and able to provide timely and appropriate mental health treatment, or medical treatment to an individual with a co-occurring mental disorder and medical condition, in good faith belief that the single bed certification is appropriate may presume that the single bed certification will be approved for the purpose of completing the detention process and responding to other emergency calls.
- 13 (4) The department may adopt rules implementing this section and 14 continue to enforce rules it has already adopted except where 15 inconsistent with this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 71.05
 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) A designated mental health professional shall make a report to the department when he or she determines a person meets detention criteria under RCW 71.05.150, 71.05.153, 71.34.700, or 71.34.710 and there are not any beds available at an evaluation and treatment facility, the person has not been provisionally accepted for admission by a facility, and the person cannot be served on a single bed certification or less restrictive alternative. Starting at the time when the designated mental health professional determines a person meets detention criteria and the investigation has been completed, the designated mental health professional has twenty-four hours to submit a completed report to the department.
- 29 (2) The report required under subsection (1) of this section must 30 contain at a minimum:
 - (a) The date and time that the investigation was completed;
- 32 (b) The identity of the responsible regional support network or 33 behavioral health organization;
 - (c) The county in which the person met detention criteria;
 - (d) A list of facilities which refused to admit the person; and
- 36 (e) Identifying information for the person, including age or date 37 of birth.
- 38 (3) The department shall develop a standardized reporting form or 39 modify the current form used for single bed certifications for the

p. 3 E2SSB 5649

report required under subsection (2) of this section and may require additional reporting elements as it determines are necessary or supportive. The department shall also determine the method for the transmission of the completed report from the designated mental health professional to the department.

- (4) The department shall create quarterly reports displayed on its web site that summarize the information reported under subsection (2) of this section. At a minimum, the reports must display data by county and by month. The reports must also include the number of single bed certifications granted by category. The categories must include all of the reasons that the department recognizes for issuing a single bed certification, as identified in rule.
- (5) The reports provided according to this section may not display "protected health information" as that term is used in the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996, nor information contained in "mental health treatment records" as that term is used in chapter 70.02 RCW or elsewhere in state law, and must otherwise be compliant with state and federal privacy laws.
- (6) For purposes of this section, the term "single bed certification" means a situation in which an adult on a seventy-two hour detention, fourteen-day commitment, ninety-day commitment, or one hundred eighty-day commitment is detained to a facility that is:
- 23 (a) Not certified as an inpatient evaluation and treatment 24 facility; or
- 25 (b) A certified inpatient evaluation and treatment facility that 26 is already at capacity.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 71.05 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Submission of a report as provided in section 103 of this act constitutes prima facie evidence that the responsible regional support network or behavioral health organization is in breach of its duty under RCW 71.24.300(6)(b) and 43.20A.894(1)(d) to provide for adequate network of evaluation and treatment services within its regional service area.
 - (2) The department shall promptly share reports it receives under section 103 of this act with the responsible regional support network or behavioral health organization. The regional support network or behavioral health organization receiving this notification must attempt to engage the person in appropriate services for which the

p. 4 E2SSB 5649

1 person is eligible and report back within seven days to the 2 department.

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(3) The department shall track and analyze reports submitted under section 103 of this act. The department must initiate corrective action when appropriate to ensure that each regional support network or behavioral health organization has implemented an to provide evaluation and treatment adequate plan Corrective actions may include remedies under RCW 71.24.330 and 43.20A.894, including requiring expenditure of reserve funds. An adequate plan may include development of less restrictive alternatives to involuntary commitment such as crisis triage, crisis diversion, voluntary treatment, or prevention programs reasonably calculated to reduce demand for evaluation and treatment under this chapter.

15 **Sec. 105.** RCW 71.05.050 and 2000 c 94 s 3 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

(1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the right of any person to apply voluntarily to any public or private agency or practitioner for treatment of a mental disorder, either by direct application or by referral. Any person voluntarily admitted for inpatient treatment to any public or private agency shall be released immediately upon his or her request. Any person voluntarily admitted for inpatient treatment to any public or private agency shall orally be advised of the right to immediate discharge, and further advised of such rights in writing as are secured to them pursuant to this chapter and their rights of access to attorneys, courts, and other legal redress. Their condition and status shall be reviewed at least once each one hundred eighty days for evaluation as to the need for further treatment or possible discharge, at which time they shall again be advised of their right to discharge upon request((÷ PROVIDED HOWEVER, That)).

(2) If the professional staff of any public or private agency or hospital regards a person voluntarily admitted who requests discharge as presenting, as a result of a mental disorder, an imminent likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled, they may detain such person for sufficient time to notify the ((county)) designated mental health professional of such person's condition to enable the ((county)) designated mental health professional to authorize such person being further held in custody or transported to an evaluation

p. 5 E2SSB 5649

and treatment center pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, which shall in ordinary circumstances be no later than the next judicial day((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)).

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- (3) If a person is brought to the emergency room of a public or private agency or hospital for observation or treatment, the person refuses voluntary admission, and the professional staff of the public or private agency or hospital regard such person as presenting as a result of a mental disorder an imminent likelihood of serious harm, or as presenting an imminent danger because of grave disability, they may detain such person for sufficient time to notify the ((county)) designated mental health professional of such person's condition to enable the ((county)) designated mental health professional to authorize such person being further held in custody or transported to an evaluation treatment center pursuant to the conditions in this chapter, but which time shall be no more than six hours from the time the professional staff ((determine that an evaluation by)) notify the ((county)) designated mental health professional ((is necessary)) of the need for evaluation, not counting time periods prior to medical clearance.
- 20 (4) Dismissal of a commitment petition is not the appropriate
 21 remedy for a violation of the timeliness requirements of this section
 22 based on the intent of this chapter under RCW 71.05.010 except in the
 23 few cases where the facility staff or designated mental health
 24 professional has totally disregarded the requirements of this
 25 section.
- 26 **Sec. 106.** RCW 71.05.153 and 2011 c 305 s 8 and 2011 c 148 s 2 27 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) When a designated mental health professional receives information alleging that a person, as the result of a mental disorder, presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm, or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled, after investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of the person or persons providing the information if any, the designated mental health professional may take such person, or cause by oral or written order such person to be taken into emergency custody in an evaluation and treatment facility for not more than seventy-two hours as described in RCW 71.05.180.
 - (2) A peace officer may take or cause such person to be taken into custody and immediately delivered to a triage facility, crisis

p. 6 E2SSB 5649

stabilization unit, evaluation and treatment facility, or the emergency department of a local hospital under the following circumstances:

(a) Pursuant to subsection (1) of this section; or

- (b) When he or she has reasonable cause to believe that such person is suffering from a mental disorder and presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled.
 - (3) Persons delivered to a crisis stabilization unit, evaluation and treatment facility, emergency department of a local hospital, or triage facility that has elected to operate as an involuntary facility by peace officers pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may be held by the facility for a period of up to twelve hours, not counting time periods prior to medical clearance.
 - (4) Within three hours ((ef)) after arrival, not counting time periods prior to medical clearance, the person must be examined by a mental health professional. Within twelve hours of ((arrival)) notice of the need for evaluation, not counting time periods prior to medical clearance, the designated mental health professional must determine whether the individual meets detention criteria. If the individual is detained, the designated mental health professional shall file a petition for detention or a supplemental petition as appropriate and commence service on the designated attorney for the detained person. If the individual is released to the community, the mental health provider shall inform the peace officer of the release within a reasonable period of time after the release if the peace officer has specifically requested notification and provided contact information to the provider.
- (5) Dismissal of a commitment petition is not the appropriate remedy for a violation of the timeliness requirements of this section based on the intent of this chapter under RCW 71.05.010 except in the few cases where the facility staff or designated mental health professional has totally disregarded the requirements of this section.
- **Sec. 107.** RCW 71.05.210 and 2009 c 217 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- Each person involuntarily detained and accepted or admitted at an evaluation and treatment facility (1) shall, within twenty-four hours of his or her admission or acceptance at the facility, <u>not counting</u>

p. 7 E2SSB 5649

time periods prior to medical clearance, be examined and evaluated by 1 (a) a licensed physician who may be assisted by a physician assistant 2 according to chapter 18.71A RCW and a mental health professional, (b) 3 an advanced registered nurse practitioner according to chapter 18.79 4 RCW and a mental health professional, or (c) a licensed physician and 5 6 a psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner and (2) shall 7 receive such treatment and care as his or her condition requires including treatment on an outpatient basis for the period that he or 8 she is detained, except that, beginning twenty-four hours prior to a 9 trial or hearing pursuant to RCW 71.05.215, 71.05.240, 71.05.310, 10 11 71.05.320, 71.05.340, or 71.05.217, the individual may refuse psychiatric medications, but may not refuse: (a) Any other medication 12 previously prescribed by a person licensed under Title 18 RCW; or (b) 13 emergency lifesaving treatment, and the individual shall be informed 14 at an appropriate time of his or her right of such refusal. The 15 16 person shall be detained up to seventy-two hours, if, in the opinion 17 of the professional person in charge of the facility, or his or her professional designee, the person presents a likelihood of serious 18 harm, or is gravely disabled. A person who has been detained for 19 seventy-two hours shall no later than the end of such period be 20 21 released, unless referred for further care on a voluntary basis, or detained pursuant to court order for further treatment as provided in 22 23 this chapter.

If, after examination and evaluation, the mental health professional and licensed physician or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner determine that the initial needs of the person would be better served by placement in a chemical dependency treatment facility, then the person shall be referred to an approved treatment program defined under RCW 70.96A.020.

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An evaluation and treatment center admitting or accepting any person pursuant to this chapter whose physical condition reveals the need for hospitalization shall assure that such person is transferred to an appropriate hospital for evaluation or admission for treatment. Notice of such fact shall be given to the court, the designated attorney, and the designated mental health professional and the court shall order such continuance in proceedings under this chapter as may be necessary, but in no event may this continuance be more than fourteen days.

p. 8 E2SSB 5649

- **Sec. 108.** RCW 71.24.035 and 2014 c 225 s 11 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) The department is designated as the state mental health 4 authority.
 - (2) The secretary shall provide for public, client, tribal, and licensed service provider participation in developing the state mental health program, developing contracts with behavioral health organizations, and any waiver request to the federal government under medicaid.
 - (3) The secretary shall provide for participation in developing the state mental health program for children and other underserved populations, by including representatives on any committee established to provide oversight to the state mental health program.
 - (4) The secretary shall be designated as the behavioral health organization if the behavioral health organization fails to meet state minimum standards or refuses to exercise responsibilities under its contract or RCW 71.24.045, until such time as a new behavioral health organization is designated.
 - (5) The secretary shall:

- (a) Develop a biennial state mental health program that incorporates regional biennial needs assessments and regional mental health service plans and state services for adults and children with mental illness;
- (b) Assure that any behavioral health organization or county community mental health program provides medically necessary services to medicaid recipients consistent with the state's medicaid state plan or federal waiver authorities, and nonmedicaid services consistent with priorities established by the department;
- (c) Develop and adopt rules establishing state minimum standards for the delivery of mental health services pursuant to RCW 71.24.037 including, but not limited to:
 - (i) Licensed service providers. These rules shall permit a county-operated mental health program to be licensed as a service provider subject to compliance with applicable statutes and rules. The secretary shall provide for deeming of compliance with state minimum standards for those entities accredited by recognized behavioral health accrediting bodies recognized and having a current agreement with the department;
- 39 (ii) Inpatient services, <u>an adequate network of</u> evaluation and 40 treatment services and facilities under chapter 71.05 RCW <u>to ensure</u>

p. 9 E2SSB 5649

1 access to treatment, resource management services, and community
2 support services;

- (d) Assure that the special needs of persons who are minorities, elderly, disabled, children, low-income, and parents who are respondents in dependency cases are met within the priorities established in this section;
- (e) Establish a standard contract or contracts, consistent with state minimum standards which shall be used in contracting with behavioral health organizations. The standard contract shall include a maximum fund balance, which shall be consistent with that required by federal regulations or waiver stipulations;
- (f) Establish, to the extent possible, a standardized auditing procedure which is designed to assure compliance with contractual agreements authorized by this chapter and minimizes paperwork requirements of behavioral health organizations and licensed service providers. The audit procedure shall focus on the outcomes of service as provided in RCW 43.20A.895, 70.320.020, and 71.36.025;
- (g) Develop and maintain an information system to be used by the state and behavioral health organizations that includes a tracking method which allows the department and behavioral health organizations to identify mental health clients' participation in any mental health service or public program on an immediate basis. The information system shall not include individual patient's case history files. Confidentiality of client information and records shall be maintained as provided in this chapter and chapter 70.02 RCW;
 - (h) License service providers who meet state minimum standards;
- (i) Periodically monitor the compliance of behavioral health organizations and their network of licensed service providers for compliance with the contract between the department, the behavioral health organization, and federal and state rules at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner;
- (j) Fix fees to be paid by evaluation and treatment centers to the secretary for the required inspections;
- (k) Monitor and audit behavioral health organizations and licensed service providers as needed to assure compliance with contractual agreements authorized by this chapter;
- 38 (1) Adopt such rules as are necessary to implement the 39 department's responsibilities under this chapter;

p. 10 E2SSB 5649

- 1 (m) License or certify crisis stabilization units that meet state 2 minimum standards;
- 3 (n) License or certify clubhouses that meet state minimum 4 standards; and
- 5 (o) License or certify triage facilities that meet state minimum 6 standards.

- (6) The secretary shall use available resources only for behavioral health organizations, except:
- 9 (a) To the extent authorized, and in accordance with any 10 priorities or conditions specified, in the biennial appropriations 11 act; or
- 12 (b) To incentivize improved performance with respect to the client outcomes established in RCW 43.20A.895, 70.320.020, and 71.36.025, integration of behavioral health and medical services at the clinical level, and improved care coordination for individuals with complex care needs.
 - (7) Each behavioral health organization and licensed service provider shall file with the secretary, on request, such data, statistics, schedules, and information as the secretary reasonably requires. A behavioral health organization or licensed service provider which, without good cause, fails to furnish any data, statistics, schedules, or information as requested, or files fraudulent reports thereof, may be subject to the behavioral health organization contractual remedies in RCW 43.20A.894 or may have its service provider certification or license revoked or suspended.
 - (8) The secretary may suspend, revoke, limit, or restrict a certification or license, or refuse to grant a certification or license for failure to conform to: (a) The law; (b) applicable rules and regulations; (c) applicable standards; or (d) state minimum standards.
 - (9) The superior court may restrain any behavioral health organization or service provider from operating without a contract, certification, or a license or any other violation of this section. The court may also review, pursuant to procedures contained in chapter 34.05 RCW, any denial, suspension, limitation, restriction, or revocation of certification or license, and grant other relief required to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
 - (10) Upon petition by the secretary, and after hearing held upon reasonable notice to the facility, the superior court may issue a warrant to an officer or employee of the secretary authorizing him or

p. 11 E2SSB 5649

- her to enter at reasonable times, and examine the records, books, and accounts of any behavioral health organization((s [organization])) or service provider refusing to consent to inspection or examination by the authority.
- 5 (11) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other 6 remedy, the secretary may file an action for an injunction or other 7 process against any person or governmental unit to restrain or 8 prevent the establishment, conduct, or operation of a behavioral 9 health organization or service provider without a contract, 10 certification, or a license under this chapter.
- 11 (12) The standards for certification or licensure of evaluation 12 and treatment facilities shall include standards relating to 13 maintenance of good physical and mental health and other services to 14 be afforded persons pursuant to this chapter and chapters 71.05 and 15 71.34 RCW, and shall otherwise assure the effectuation of the 16 purposes of these chapters.
- 17 (13) The standards for certification or licensure of crisis 18 stabilization units shall include standards that:
 - (a) Permit location of the units at a jail facility if the unit is physically separate from the general population of the jail;
- 21 (b) Require administration of the unit by mental health 22 professionals who direct the stabilization and rehabilitation 23 efforts; and
- (c) Provide an environment affording security appropriate with the alleged criminal behavior and necessary to protect the public safety.
- 27 (14) The standards for certification or licensure of a clubhouse 28 shall at a minimum include:
- 29 (a) The facilities may be peer-operated and must be 30 recovery-focused;
 - (b) Members and employees must work together;

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- 32 (c) Members must have the opportunity to participate in all the 33 work of the clubhouse, including administration, research, intake and 34 orientation, outreach, hiring, training and evaluation of staff, 35 public relations, advocacy, and evaluation of clubhouse 36 effectiveness;
- 37 (d) Members and staff and ultimately the clubhouse director must 38 be responsible for the operation of the clubhouse, central to this 39 responsibility is the engagement of members and staff in all aspects 40 of clubhouse operations;

p. 12 E2SSB 5649

- (e) Clubhouse programs must be comprised of structured activities including but not limited to social skills training, vocational rehabilitation, employment training and job placement, and community resource development;
- (f) Clubhouse programs must provide in-house educational programs that significantly utilize the teaching and tutoring skills of members and assist members by helping them to take advantage of adult education opportunities in the community;
- 9 (g) Clubhouse programs must focus on strengths, talents, and 10 abilities of its members;
 - (h) The work-ordered day may not include medication clinics, day treatment, or other therapy programs within the clubhouse.
 - (15) The department shall distribute appropriated state and federal funds in accordance with any priorities, terms, or conditions specified in the appropriations act.
 - (16) The secretary shall assume all duties assigned to the nonparticipating behavioral health organizations under chapters 71.05 and 71.34 RCW and this chapter. Such responsibilities shall include those which would have been assigned to the nonparticipating counties in regions where there are not participating behavioral health organizations.

The behavioral health organizations, or the secretary's assumption of all responsibilities under chapters 71.05 and 71.34 RCW and this chapter, shall be included in all state and federal plans affecting the state mental health program including at least those required by this chapter, the medicaid program, and P.L. 99-660. Nothing in these plans shall be inconsistent with the intent and requirements of this chapter.

(17) The secretary shall:

- (a) Disburse funds for the behavioral health organizations within sixty days of approval of the biennial contract. The department must either approve or reject the biennial contract within sixty days of receipt.
- (b) Enter into biennial contracts with behavioral health organizations. The contracts shall be consistent with available resources. No contract shall be approved that does not include progress toward meeting the goals of this chapter by taking responsibility for: (i) Short-term commitments; (ii) residential care; and (iii) emergency response systems.

p. 13 E2SSB 5649

(c) Notify behavioral health organizations of their allocation of available resources at least sixty days prior to the start of a new biennial contract period.

- (d) Deny all or part of the funding allocations to behavioral health organizations based solely upon formal findings of noncompliance with the terms of the behavioral health organization's contract with the department. Behavioral health organizations disputing the decision of the secretary to withhold funding allocations are limited to the remedies provided in the department's contracts with the behavioral health organizations.
- (18) The department, in cooperation with the state congressional delegation, shall actively seek waivers of federal requirements and such modifications of federal regulations as are necessary to allow federal medicaid reimbursement for services provided by freestanding evaluation and treatment facilities certified under chapter 71.05 RCW. The department shall periodically report its efforts to the appropriate committees of the senate and the house of representatives.
- **Sec. 109.** RCW 71.24.300 and 2008 c 261 s 4 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) Upon the request of a tribal authority or authorities within a regional support network the joint operating agreement or the county authority shall allow for the inclusion of the tribal authority to be represented as a party to the regional support network.
 - (2) The roles and responsibilities of the county and tribal authorities shall be determined by the terms of that agreement including a determination of membership on the governing board and advisory committees, the number of tribal representatives to be party to the agreement, and the provisions of law and shall assure the provision of culturally competent services to the tribes served.
 - (3) The state mental health authority may not determine the roles and responsibilities of county authorities as to each other under regional support networks by rule, except to assure that all duties required of regional support networks are assigned and that counties and the regional support network do not duplicate functions and that a single authority has final responsibility for all available resources and performance under the regional support network's contract with the secretary.

p. 14 E2SSB 5649

(4) If a regional support network is a private entity, the department shall allow for the inclusion of the tribal authority to be represented as a party to the regional support network.

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- (5) The roles and responsibilities of the private entity and the tribal authorities shall be determined by the department, through negotiation with the tribal authority.
- (6) Regional support networks shall submit an overall six-year operating and capital plan, timeline, and budget and submit progress reports and an updated two-year plan biennially thereafter, to assume within available resources all of the following duties:
- (a) Administer and provide for the availability of all resource management services, residential services, and community support services.
- (b) Administer and provide for the availability of <u>an adequate</u> <u>network of evaluation and treatment services to ensure access to treatment</u>, all investigation, transportation, court-related, and other services provided by the state or counties pursuant to chapter 71.05 RCW.
- (c) Provide within the boundaries of each regional support network evaluation and treatment services for at least ninety percent of persons detained or committed for periods up to seventeen days according to chapter 71.05 RCW. Regional support networks may contract to purchase evaluation and treatment services from other networks if they are unable to provide for appropriate resources within their boundaries. Insofar as the original intent of serving persons in the community is maintained, the secretary is authorized to approve exceptions on a case-by-case basis to the requirement to provide evaluation and treatment services within the boundaries of each regional support network. Such exceptions are limited to:
 - (i) Contracts with neighboring or contiguous regions; or
- 31 (ii) Individuals detained or committed for periods up to 32 seventeen days at the state hospitals at the discretion of the 33 secretary.
 - (d) Administer and provide for the availability of all other mental health services, which shall include patient counseling, day treatment, consultation, education services, employment services as ((defined)) described in RCW 71.24.035, and mental health services to children.

p. 15 E2SSB 5649

(e) Establish standards and procedures for reviewing individual service plans and determining when that person may be discharged from resource management services.

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- (7) A regional support network may request that any state-owned land, building, facility, or other capital asset which was ever purchased, deeded, given, or placed in trust for the care of the persons with mental illness and which is within the boundaries of a regional support network be made available to support the operations of the regional support network. State agencies managing such capital assets shall give first priority to requests for their use pursuant to this chapter.
- (8) Each regional support network shall appoint a mental health advisory board which shall review and provide comments on plans and policies developed under this chapter, provide local oversight regarding the activities of the regional support network, and work with the regional support network to resolve significant concerns regarding service delivery and outcomes. The department establish statewide procedures for the operation of regional advisory committees including mechanisms for advisory board feedback to the department regarding regional support network performance. composition of the board shall be broadly representative of the demographic character of the region and shall include, but not be limited to, representatives of consumers and families, enforcement, and where the county is not the regional support network, county elected officials. Composition and length of terms of board members may differ between regional support networks but shall be included in each regional support network's contract and approved by the secretary.
- 29 (9) Regional support networks shall assume all duties specified 30 in their plans and joint operating agreements through biennial 31 contractual agreements with the secretary.
 - (10) Regional support networks may receive technical assistance from the housing trust fund and may identify and submit projects for housing and housing support services to the housing trust fund established under chapter 43.185 RCW. Projects identified or submitted under this subsection must be fully integrated with the regional support network six-year operating and capital plan, timeline, and budget required by subsection (6) of this section.

p. 16 E2SSB 5649

Sec. 110. RCW 71.24.300 and 2014 c 225 s 39 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) Upon the request of a tribal authority or authorities within a behavioral health organization the joint operating agreement or the county authority shall allow for the inclusion of the tribal authority to be represented as a party to the behavioral health organization.
- (2) The roles and responsibilities of the county and tribal authorities shall be determined by the terms of that agreement including a determination of membership on the governing board and advisory committees, the number of tribal representatives to be party to the agreement, and the provisions of law and shall assure the provision of culturally competent services to the tribes served.
- (3) The state mental health authority may not determine the roles and responsibilities of county authorities as to each other under behavioral health organizations by rule, except to assure that all duties required of behavioral health organizations are assigned and that counties and the behavioral health organization do not duplicate functions and that a single authority has final responsibility for all available resources and performance under the behavioral health organization's contract with the secretary.
- (4) If a behavioral health organization is a private entity, the department shall allow for the inclusion of the tribal authority to be represented as a party to the behavioral health organization.
- (5) The roles and responsibilities of the private entity and the tribal authorities shall be determined by the department, through negotiation with the tribal authority.
- (6) Behavioral health organizations shall submit an overall sixyear operating and capital plan, timeline, and budget and submit progress reports and an updated two-year plan biennially thereafter, to assume within available resources all of the following duties:
- 32 (a) Administer and provide for the availability of all resource 33 management services, residential services, and community support 34 services.
- 35 (b) Administer and provide for the availability of <u>an adequate</u>
 36 <u>network of evaluation and treatment services to ensure access to</u>
 37 <u>treatment</u>, all investigation, transportation, court-related, and
 38 other services provided by the state or counties pursuant to chapter
 39 71.05 RCW.

p. 17 E2SSB 5649

(c) Provide within the boundaries of each behavioral health organization evaluation and treatment services for at least ninety percent of persons detained or committed for periods up to seventeen days according to chapter 71.05 RCW. Behavioral health organizations may contract to purchase evaluation and treatment services from other organizations if they are unable to provide for appropriate resources within their boundaries. Insofar as the original intent of serving persons in the community is maintained, the secretary is authorized to approve exceptions on a case-by-case basis to the requirement to provide evaluation and treatment services within the boundaries of each behavioral health organization. Such exceptions are limited to:

- (i) Contracts with neighboring or contiguous regions; or
- (ii) Individuals detained or committed for periods up to seventeen days at the state hospitals at the discretion of the secretary.
- (d) Administer and provide for the availability of all other mental health services, which shall include patient counseling, day treatment, consultation, education services, employment services as described in RCW 71.24.035, and mental health services to children.
- (e) Establish standards and procedures for reviewing individual service plans and determining when that person may be discharged from resource management services.
- (7) A behavioral health organization may request that any stateowned land, building, facility, or other capital asset which was ever purchased, deeded, given, or placed in trust for the care of the persons with mental illness and which is within the boundaries of a behavioral health organization be made available to support the operations of the behavioral health organization. State agencies managing such capital assets shall give first priority to requests for their use pursuant to this chapter.
- (8) Each behavioral health organization shall appoint a mental health advisory board which shall review and provide comments on plans and policies developed under this chapter, provide local oversight regarding the activities of the behavioral health organization, and work with the behavioral health organization to resolve significant concerns regarding service delivery and outcomes. The department shall establish statewide procedures for the operation of regional advisory committees including mechanisms for advisory board feedback to the department regarding behavioral health organization performance. The composition of the board shall be

p. 18 E2SSB 5649

- broadly representative of the demographic character of the region and shall include, but not be limited to, representatives of consumers and families, law enforcement, and where the county is not the behavioral health organization, county elected officials. Composition and length of terms of board members may differ between behavioral health organizations but shall be included in each behavioral health organization's contract and approved by the secretary.
 - (9) Behavioral health organizations shall assume all duties specified in their plans and joint operating agreements through biennial contractual agreements with the secretary.

- (10) Behavioral health organizations may receive technical assistance from the housing trust fund and may identify and submit projects for housing and housing support services to the housing trust fund established under chapter 43.185 RCW. Projects identified or submitted under this subsection must be fully integrated with the behavioral health organization six-year operating and capital plan, timeline, and budget required by subsection (6) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. A new section is added to chapter 71.24

 RCW to read as follows:

The department must collaborate with regional support networks or behavioral health organizations and the Washington state institute for public policy to estimate the capacity needs for evaluation and treatment services within each regional service area. Estimated capacity needs shall include consideration of the average occupancy rates needed to provide an adequate network of evaluation and treatment services to ensure access to treatment. A regional service network or behavioral health organization must develop and maintain an adequate plan to provide for evaluation and treatment needs.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The department may use a single bed certification process to provide additional treatment capacity for a minor suffering from a mental disorder for whom an evaluation and treatment bed is not available. The facility that is the proposed site of the single bed certification must be a facility that is willing and able to provide the person with timely and appropriate treatment either directly or by arrangement with other public or private agencies. Appropriate settings for single bed certifications may include, but are not

p. 19 E2SSB 5649

- limited to, any of the following settings where the facility is willing and able to provide timely and appropriate treatment to the person:
 - (a) A hospital with or without a psychiatric unit;
 - (b) A psychiatric hospital;

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- (c) A hospital that is willing and able to provide timely and appropriate mental health treatment or medical treatment to a minor with a co-occurring mental disorder and medical condition such that it prevents transfer to an evaluation and treatment facility or state hospital; or
 - (d) A residential treatment facility.
- 12 (2) A single bed certification must be specific to the minor 13 receiving treatment.
 - (3) A designated mental health professional who submits an application for a single bed certification for treatment at a facility which is willing and able to provide timely and appropriate mental health treatment, or medical treatment to an individual with a co-occurring mental disorder and medical condition, in good faith belief that the single bed certification is appropriate may presume that the single bed certification will be approved for the purpose of completing the detention process and responding to other emergency calls.
- 23 (4) The department may adopt rules implementing this section and 24 continue to enforce rules it has already adopted except where 25 inconsistent with this section.

26 PART II: ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT

- 27 **Sec. 201.** RCW 71.05.020 and 2011 c 148 s 1 and 2011 c 89 s 14 28 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;
- 34 (2) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs 35 primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness 36 associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited 37 to atypical antipsychotic medications;

p. 20 E2SSB 5649

1 (3) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public 2 or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of 3 a patient;

- (4) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;
- (5) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;
- (6) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed by the department of health and certified by the department of social and health services under RCW 71.24.035, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
- (7) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
- (8) "Department" means the department of social and health services;
 - (9) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in chapters 70.96A and 70.96B RCW;
 - (10) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health professional appointed by the county or the regional support network to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
 - (11) "Designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional designated by the county or other authority authorized in rule to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
- (12) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
- (13) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary;

p. 21 E2SSB 5649

1 (14) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 2 RCW 71A.10.020($(\frac{3}{1})$) (5);

- (15) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order;
- (16) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is certified as such by the department. The department may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under section 102 of this act. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;
- (17) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;
 - (18) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;
- (19) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;

p. 22 E2SSB 5649

1 (20) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;

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- (21) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
- 7 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 8 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- 9 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the 10 purposes of habilitation;
- 11 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 12 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
- 13 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 14 those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
 - (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and
- 21 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 22 and possible future types of residences;
 - (22) "Information related to mental health services" means all information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services to either voluntary or involuntary recipients of services by a mental health service provider. This may include documents of legal proceedings under this chapter or chapter 71.34 or 10.77 RCW, or somatic health care information;
- 29 (23) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant 30 to the provisions of this chapter;
- 31 (24) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county 32 prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their 33 capacity as legal representatives of public mental health service 34 providers under RCW 71.05.130;
 - (25) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:
 - (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places

p. 23 E2SSB 5649

- another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or
 - (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and has a history of one or more violent acts;

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- (26) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional functions;
- (27) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (28) "Mental health service provider" means a public or private agency that provides mental health services to persons with mental disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery systems or community mental health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;
- (29) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;
- (30) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill;
- (31) "Professional person" means a mental health professional and shall also mean a physician, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

p. 24 E2SSB 5649

1 (32) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a 2 person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner 3 pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced 4 practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;

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- (33) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;
- 11 (34) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a 12 psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
 - (35) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility or institution, or hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with mental illness, if the agency is operated directly by, federal, state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such governments;
- 19 (36) "Registration records" include all the records of the 20 department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and 21 other persons providing services to the department, county 22 departments, or facilities which identify persons who are receiving 23 or who at any time have received services for mental illness;
- 24 (37) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 25 the provisions of this chapter;
- 26 (38) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 27 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 28 (39) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 29 and health services, or his or her designee;
- 30 (40) "Serious violent offense" has the same meaning as provided 31 in RCW 9.94A.030;
- 32 (41) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 33 advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and 34 approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;
- 35 (42) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental 36 health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over 37 defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including 38 court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting 39 attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic 40 court duties;

p. 25 E2SSB 5649

(43) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed by the department of health and certified by the department of social and health services under RCW 71.24.035, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department of health residential treatment facility standards. A triage facility may be structured as a voluntary or involuntary placement facility;

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- (44) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others;
- 21 (45) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 22 attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to 23 property;
 - (46) "In need of assisted outpatient treatment" means that a person, as a result of a mental disorder: (a) Has been committed by a court to detention for involuntary mental health treatment at least twice during the preceding thirty-six months, or, if the person is currently committed for involuntary mental health treatment, the person has been committed to detention for involuntary mental health treatment at least once during the thirty-six months preceding the date of initial detention of the current commitment cycle; (b) in view of the person's treatment history or current behavior, the person is unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient treatment without an order for less restrictive treatment; and (c) outpatient treatment that would be provided under a less restrictive treatment order is necessary to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably short period of time. For purposes of (a) of this subsection, time spent in a mental health facility or in confinement

p. 26 E2SSB 5649

- 1 as a result of a criminal conviction is excluded from the thirty-six
 2 month calculation;
- 3 (47) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care 4 provider has determined that a person is medically stable and ready 5 for referral to the designated mental health professional.
- 6 **Sec. 202.** RCW 71.05.020 and 2014 c 225 s 79 are each reenacted 7 and amended to read as follows:
- 8 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 9 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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- (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;
- (2) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;
- (3) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient;
- (4) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;
- 23 (5) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a 24 commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;
 - (6) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed by the department of health and certified by the department of social and health services under RCW 71.24.035, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
- (7) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
- 36 (8) "Department" means the department of social and health 37 services;
- 38 (9) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person 39 designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program

p. 27 E2SSB 5649

coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in chapters 70.96A and 70.96B RCW;

- (10) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health professional appointed by the county or the behavioral health organization to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
- (11) "Designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional designated by the county or other authority authorized in rule to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
- 9 (12) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
 - (13) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary;
- 18 (14) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 19 RCW 71A.10.020(((4))) (5);
- 20 (15) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be 22 amended by court order;
 - (16) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is certified as such by the department. The department may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under section 102 of this act. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;
 - (17) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and

p. 28 E2SSB 5649

escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;

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- (18) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;
- (19) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
- (20) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;
- (21) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
- 23 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 24 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
 - (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposes of habilitation;
 - (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
- 29 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 30 those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
- 32 (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due 33 consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement 34 to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual 35 discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or 36 release; and
- 37 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 38 and possible future types of residences;
- 39 (22) "Information related to mental health services" means all 40 information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in the

p. 29 E2SSB 5649

- course of providing services to either voluntary or involuntary recipients of services by a mental health service provider. This may include documents of legal proceedings under this chapter or chapter 71.34 or 10.77 RCW, or somatic health care information;
 - (23) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
 - (24) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their capacity as legal representatives of public mental health service providers under RCW 71.05.130;
 - (25) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

- (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or
- 21 (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and 22 has a history of one or more violent acts;
 - (26) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional functions;
 - (27) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
 - (28) "Mental health service provider" means a public or private agency that provides mental health services to persons with mental disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery systems or community mental health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;

p. 30 E2SSB 5649

(29) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;

- (30) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill;
- (31) "Professional person" means a mental health professional and shall also mean a physician, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (32) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;
- (33) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;
- (34) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
- (35) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility or institution, or hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with mental illness, if the agency is operated directly by, federal, state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such governments;
- (36) "Registration records" include all the records of the department, behavioral health organizations, treatment facilities, and other persons providing services to the department, county departments, or facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness;
- 39 (37) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 40 the provisions of this chapter;

p. 31 E2SSB 5649

- 1 (38) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 2 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 3 (39) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 4 and health services, or his or her designee;
- 5 (40) "Serious violent offense" has the same meaning as provided 6 in RCW 9.94A.030;

- (41) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;
- (42) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic court duties;
- (43) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by behavioral health organizations and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department, behavioral health organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others;
- (44) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed by the department of health and certified by the department of social and health services under RCW 71.24.035, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department of health residential treatment facility standards. A triage facility may be structured as a voluntary or involuntary placement facility;
- 36 (45) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 37 attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to 38 property;
- 39 <u>(46) "In need of assisted outpatient treatment" means that a</u> 40 <u>person, as a result of a mental disorder: (a) Has been committed by a</u>

p. 32 E2SSB 5649

1 court to detention for involuntary mental health treatment at least twice during the preceding thirty-six months, or, if the person is 2 currently committed for involuntary mental health treatment, the 3 person has been committed to detention for involuntary mental health 4 treatment at least once during the thirty-six months preceding the 5 6 date of initial detention of the current commitment cycle; (b) in 7 view of the person's treatment history or current behavior, the person is unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient treatment 8 without an order for less restrictive treatment; and (c) outpatient 9 10 treatment that would be provided under a less restrictive treatment order is necessary to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or 11 deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a 12 likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled 13 within a reasonably short period of time. For purposes of (a) of this 14 subsection, time spent in a mental health facility or in confinement 15 16 as a result of a criminal conviction is excluded from the thirty-six 17 month calculation;

(47) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care provider has determined that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the designated mental health professional.

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21 **Sec. 203.** RCW 71.05.150 and 2011 c 148 s 5 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

(1)(a) When a designated mental health professional receives information alleging that a person, as a result of a mental disorder: (i) Presents a likelihood of serious harm; $((\Theta_r))$ (ii) is gravely disabled; or (iii) is in need of assisted outpatient treatment; the designated mental health professional may, after investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of any person providing information to initiate detention or outpatient evaluation, if satisfied that the allegations are true and that the person will not voluntarily seek appropriate treatment, file a petition for initial detention or outpatient evaluation. If the petition is filed solely on the grounds that the person is in need of assisted outpatient treatment, the petition may only be for outpatient evaluation. If the petition is for assisted outpatient treatment, and the person is being held in a hospital emergency department, the person may be released once the hospital has satisfied federal and state legal requirements for appropriate

screening and stabilization of patients.

p. 33 E2SSB 5649

(b) Before filing the petition, the designated mental health professional must personally interview the person, unless the person refuses an interview, and determine whether the person will voluntarily receive appropriate evaluation and treatment at an evaluation and treatment facility, crisis stabilization unit, or triage facility.

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- (2)(a) An order to detain to a designated evaluation and treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two-hour evaluation and treatment period, or for an outpatient evaluation, may be issued by a judge of the superior court upon request of a designated mental health professional, whenever it appears to the satisfaction of a judge of the superior court:
 - (i) That there is probable cause to support the petition; and
- (ii) That the person has refused or failed to accept appropriate evaluation and treatment voluntarily.
 - (b) The petition for initial detention <u>or outpatient evaluation</u>, signed under penalty of perjury, or sworn telephonic testimony may be considered by the court in determining whether there are sufficient grounds for issuing the order.
- (c) The order shall designate retained counsel or, if counsel is appointed from a list provided by the court, the name, business address, and telephone number of the attorney appointed to represent the person.
- (3) The designated mental health professional shall then serve or cause to be served on such person, his or her guardian, and conservator, if any, a copy of the order together with a notice of rights, and a petition for initial detention or outpatient evaluation. After service on such person the designated mental health professional shall file the return of service in court and provide copies of all papers in the court file to the evaluation and treatment facility and the designated attorney. The designated mental health professional shall notify the court and the prosecuting attorney that a probable cause hearing will be held within seventytwo hours of the date and time of outpatient evaluation or admission to the evaluation and treatment facility. The person shall be permitted to be accompanied by one or more of his or her relatives, friends, an attorney, a personal physician, or other professional or place of evaluation. advisor to the accompanying the person to the place of evaluation shall be permitted to be present during the admission evaluation. Any other individual

p. 34 E2SSB 5649

- accompanying the person may be present during the admission evaluation. The facility may exclude the individual if his or her presence would present a safety risk, delay the proceedings, or otherwise interfere with the evaluation.
- 5 (4) The designated mental health professional may notify a peace 6 officer to take such person or cause such person to be taken into 7 custody and placed in an evaluation and treatment facility. At the 8 time such person is taken into custody there shall commence to be 9 served on such person, his or her guardian, and conservator, if any, 10 a copy of the original order together with a notice of rights and a 11 petition for initial detention.
- 12 **Sec. 204.** RCW 71.05.156 and 2013 c 334 s 2 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- A designated mental health professional who conducts an evaluation for imminent likelihood of serious harm or imminent danger because of being gravely disabled under RCW 71.05.153 must also evaluate the person under RCW 71.05.150 for likelihood of serious harm or grave disability that does not meet the imminent standard for emergency detention, and determine whether the person is in need of assisted outpatient treatment.
- 21 **Sec. 205.** RCW 71.05.212 and 2010 c 280 s 2 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
 - (1) Whenever a designated mental health professional or professional person is conducting an evaluation under this chapter, consideration shall include all reasonably available information from credible witnesses and records regarding:
 - (a) Prior recommendations for evaluation of the need for civil commitments when the recommendation is made pursuant to an evaluation conducted under chapter 10.77 RCW;
- 30 (b) Historical behavior, including history of one or more violent 31 acts;
- 32 (c) Prior determinations of incompetency or insanity under 33 chapter 10.77 RCW; and
- 34 (d) Prior commitments under this chapter.

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35 (2) Credible witnesses may include family members, landlords, 36 neighbors, or others with significant contact and history of 37 involvement with the person. If the designated mental health 38 professional relies upon information from a credible witness in

p. 35 E2SSB 5649

reaching his or her decision to detain the individual, then he or she must provide contact information for any such witness to the prosecutor. The designated mental health professional or prosecutor shall provide notice of the date, time, and location of the probable cause hearing to such a witness.

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- (3) Symptoms and behavior of the respondent which standing alone would not justify civil commitment may support a finding of grave disability or likelihood of serious harm, or a finding that the person is in need of assisted outpatient treatment, when:
- 10 (a) Such symptoms or behavior are closely associated with 11 symptoms or behavior which preceded and led to a past incident of 12 involuntary hospitalization, severe deterioration, or one or more 13 violent acts;
- 14 (b) These symptoms or behavior represent a marked and concerning 15 change in the baseline behavior of the respondent; and
- 16 (c) Without treatment, the continued deterioration of the 17 respondent is probable.
- 18 (4) When conducting an evaluation for offenders identified under 19 RCW 72.09.370, the designated mental health professional or 20 professional person shall consider an offender's history of 21 judicially required or administratively ordered antipsychotic 22 medication while in confinement.
- 23 **Sec. 206.** RCW 71.05.230 and 2011 c 343 s 9 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
 - A person detained <u>or committed</u> for seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment may be ((detained)) <u>committed</u> for not more than fourteen additional days of involuntary intensive treatment or ninety additional days of a less restrictive alternative to involuntary intensive treatment. A petition may only be filed if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The professional staff of the agency or facility providing evaluation services has analyzed the person's condition and finds that the condition is caused by mental disorder and ((either)) results in a likelihood of serious harm, ((er)) results in the ((detained)) person being gravely disabled, or results in the person being in need of assisted outpatient treatment, and are prepared to testify those conditions are met; and

p. 36 E2SSB 5649

- (2) The person has been advised of the need for voluntary treatment and the professional staff of the facility has evidence that he or she has not in good faith volunteered; and
- (3) The facility providing intensive treatment is certified to provide such treatment by the department; and
- (4) The professional staff of the agency or facility or the designated mental health professional has filed a petition for fourteen day involuntary detention or a ninety day less restrictive alternative with the court. The petition must be signed either by:
 - (a) Two physicians;

- (b) One physician and a mental health professional;
- (c) Two psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioners;
- 13 (d) One psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner and a 14 mental health professional; or
 - (e) A physician and a psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner. The persons signing the petition must have examined the person. If involuntary detention is sought the petition shall state facts that support the finding that such person, as a result of mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled and that there are no less restrictive alternatives to detention in the best interest of such person or others. The petition shall state specifically that less restrictive alternative treatment was considered and specify why treatment less restrictive than detention is not appropriate. If an involuntary less restrictive alternative is sought, the petition shall state facts that support the finding that such person, as a result of mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm, ((ex)) is gravely disabled, or is in need of assisted outpatient treatment, and shall set forth the less restrictive alternative proposed by the facility; and
 - (5) A copy of the petition has been served on the detained person, his or her attorney and his or her guardian or conservator, if any, prior to the probable cause hearing; and
 - (6) The court at the time the petition was filed and before the probable cause hearing has appointed counsel to represent such person if no other counsel has appeared; and
 - (7) The petition reflects that the person was informed of the loss of firearm rights if involuntarily committed; and
- 38 (8) At the conclusion of the initial commitment period, the 39 professional staff of the agency or facility or the designated mental 40 health professional may petition for an additional period of either

p. 37 E2SSB 5649

ninety days of less restrictive alternative treatment or ninety days of involuntary intensive treatment as provided in RCW 71.05.290; and

- (9) If the hospital or facility designated to provide outpatient treatment is other than the facility providing involuntary treatment, the outpatient facility so designated has agreed to assume such responsibility.
- **Sec. 207.** RCW 71.05.240 and 2009 c 293 s 4 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
 - (1) If a petition is filed for fourteen day involuntary treatment or ninety days of less restrictive alternative treatment, the court shall hold a probable cause hearing within seventy-two hours of the initial detention of such person as determined in RCW 71.05.180. If requested by the detained person or his or her attorney, the hearing may be postponed for a period not to exceed forty-eight hours. The hearing may also be continued subject to the conditions set forth in RCW 71.05.210 or subject to the petitioner's showing of good cause for a period not to exceed twenty-four hours.
 - (2) The court at the time of the probable cause hearing and before an order of commitment is entered shall inform the person both orally and in writing that the failure to make a good faith effort to seek voluntary treatment as provided in RCW 71.05.230 will result in the loss of his or her firearm rights if the person is subsequently detained for involuntary treatment under this section.
 - (3) At the conclusion of the probable cause hearing(($\frac{1}{1}$, if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that)):
 - (a) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that such person, as the result of mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled, and, after considering less restrictive alternatives to involuntary detention and treatment, finds that no such alternatives are in the best interests of such person or others, the court shall order that such person be detained for involuntary treatment not to exceed fourteen days in a facility certified to provide treatment by the department. If the court finds that such person, as the result of a mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled, but that treatment in a less restrictive setting than detention is in the best interest of such person or others, the court shall order an appropriate less restrictive course of treatment for not to exceed ninety days;

p. 38 E2SSB 5649

(b) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that such person, as the result of a mental disorder, is in need of assisted outpatient treatment, and that the person does not present a likelihood of serious harm or grave disability, the court shall order an appropriate less restrictive course of treatment not to exceed ninety days, and may not order inpatient treatment.

- (4) The court shall specifically state to such person and give such person notice in writing that if involuntary treatment beyond the fourteen day period or beyond the ninety days of less restrictive treatment is to be sought, such person will have the right to a full hearing or jury trial as required by RCW 71.05.310. The court shall also state to the person and provide written notice that the person is barred from the possession of firearms and that the prohibition remains in effect until a court restores his or her right to possess a firearm under RCW 9.41.047.
- **Sec. 208.** RCW 71.05.245 and 2010 c 280 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) In making a determination of whether a person is gravely disabled ((0x)), presents a likelihood of serious harm, or is in need of assisted outpatient treatment in a hearing conducted under RCW 71.05.240 or 71.05.320, the court must consider the symptoms and behavior of the respondent in light of all available evidence concerning the respondent's historical behavior.
 - (2) Symptoms or behavior which standing alone would not justify civil commitment may support a finding of grave disability or likelihood of serious harm, or a finding that the person is in need of assisted outpatient treatment, when: (a) Such symptoms or behavior are closely associated with symptoms or behavior which preceded and led to a past incident of involuntary hospitalization, severe deterioration, or one or more violent acts; (b) these symptoms or behavior represent a marked and concerning change in the baseline behavior of the respondent; and (c) without treatment, the continued deterioration of the respondent is probable.
 - (3) In making a determination of whether there is a likelihood of serious harm in a hearing conducted under RCW 71.05.240 or 71.05.320, the court shall give great weight to any evidence before the court regarding whether the person has: (a) A recent history of one or more violent acts; or (b) a recent history of one or more commitments under this chapter or its equivalent provisions under the laws of

p. 39 E2SSB 5649

- 1 another state which were based on a likelihood of serious harm. The
- 2 existence of prior violent acts or commitments under this chapter or
- 3 its equivalent shall not be the sole basis for determining whether a
- 4 person presents a likelihood of serious harm.

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- 5 For the purposes of this subsection "recent" refers to the period
- 6 of time not exceeding three years prior to the current hearing.
- 7 **Sec. 209.** RCW 71.05.280 and 2013 c 289 s 4 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 At the expiration of the fourteen-day period of intensive 10 treatment, a person may be confined for further treatment pursuant to 11 RCW 71.05.320 if:
- (1) Such person after having been taken into custody for evaluation and treatment has threatened, attempted, or inflicted: (a) Physical harm upon the person of another or himself or herself, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (b) as a result of mental disorder presents a likelihood of serious harm; or
 - (2) Such person was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another or himself or herself, or substantial damage upon the property of others, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder, a likelihood of serious harm; or
- 22 (3) Such person has been determined to be incompetent and criminal charges have been dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4), and has committed acts constituting a felony, and as a result of a mental disorder, presents a substantial likelihood of repeating similar acts.
 - (a) In any proceeding pursuant to this subsection it shall not be necessary to show intent, willfulness, or state of mind as an element of the crime;
- 30 (b) For any person subject to commitment under this subsection 31 where the charge underlying the finding of incompetence is for a 32 felony classified as violent under RCW 9.94A.030, the court shall 33 determine whether the acts the person committed constitute a violent 34 offense under RCW 9.94A.030; or
- 35 (4) Such person is gravely disabled; or
- 36 (5) Such person is in need of assisted outpatient treatment.
- 37 **Sec. 210.** RCW 71.05.320 and 2013 c 289 s 5 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

p. 40 E2SSB 5649

(1) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven and that the best interests of the person or others will not be served by a less restrictive treatment which is an alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department for a further period of intensive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment. If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment in a facility certified for one hundred eighty day treatment by the department.

- (2) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven, but finds that treatment less restrictive than detention will be in the best interest of the person or others, then the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department or to a less restrictive alternative for a further period of less restrictive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment. If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment. If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(5) provide the only basis for commitment, the court must order an appropriate less restrictive course of treatment not to exceed ninety days, and may not order inpatient treatment.
- (3) The person shall be released from involuntary treatment at the expiration of the period of commitment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of this section unless the superintendent or professional person in charge of the facility in which he or she is confined, or in the event of a less restrictive alternative, the designated mental health professional, files a new petition for involuntary treatment on the grounds that the committed person:
- (a) During the current period of court ordered treatment: (i) Has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (ii) as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability presents a likelihood of serious harm; or
- 38 (b) Was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or 39 she attempted or inflicted serious physical harm upon the person of

p. 41 E2SSB 5649

another, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability a likelihood of serious harm; or

- (c)(i) Is in custody pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability continues to present a substantial likelihood of repeating acts similar to the charged criminal behavior, when considering the person's life history, progress in treatment, and the public safety.
- (ii) In cases under this subsection where the court has made an affirmative special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the commitment shall continue for up to an additional one hundred eighty day period whenever the petition presents prima facie evidence that the person continues to suffer from a mental disorder or developmental disability that results in a substantial likelihood of committing acts similar to the charged criminal behavior, unless the person presents proof through an admissible expert opinion that the person's condition has so changed such that the mental disorder or developmental disability no longer presents a substantial likelihood of the person committing acts similar to the charged criminal behavior. The initial or additional commitment period may include transfer to a specialized program of intensive support and treatment, which may be initiated prior to or after discharge from the state hospital; or
 - (d) Continues to be gravely disabled; or

- (e) Is in need of assisted outpatient treatment.
- If the conduct required to be proven in (b) and (c) of this subsection was found by a judge or jury in a prior trial under this chapter, it shall not be necessary to prove such conduct again.
- (4) ((For a person committed under subsection (2) of this section who has been remanded to a period of less restrictive treatment, in addition to the grounds specified in subsection (3) of this section, the designated mental health professional may file a new petition for continued less restrictive treatment if:
- (a) The person was previously committed by a court to detention for involuntary mental health treatment during the thirty-six months that preceded the person's initial detention date during the current involuntary commitment cycle, excluding any time spent in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
- 39 (b) In view of the person's treatment history or current 40 behavior, the person is unlikely to voluntarily participate in

p. 42 E2SSB 5649

outpatient treatment without an order for less restrictive treatment;
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(c) Outpatient treatment that would be provided under a less restrictive treatment order is necessary to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably short period of time.

(5))) A new petition for involuntary treatment filed under subsection (3) $((or\ (4)))$ of this section shall be filed and heard in the superior court of the county of the facility which is filing the new petition for involuntary treatment unless good cause is shown for a change of venue. The cost of the proceedings shall be borne by the state.

 $((\frac{6}{1}))$ (5) The hearing shall be held as provided in RCW 71.05.310, and if the court or jury finds that the grounds for additional confinement as set forth in this section are present, the court may order the committed person returned for an additional period of treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment. If the court's order is based solely on the grounds identified in subsection (3)(e) of this section, the court may enter an order for less restrictive alternative treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days, and may not enter an order for inpatient treatment. At the end of the one hundred eighty day period of commitment, the committed person shall be released unless a petition for another one hundred eighty day period of continued treatment is filed and heard in the same manner as provided in this section. Successive one hundred eighty day commitments are permissible on the same grounds and pursuant to the same procedures as the original one hundred eighty day commitment. However, a commitment solely on the grounds identified in subsection (3)(e) of this section is not permissible under subsection $((\frac{4}{1}))$ of this section if: (i) Thirty-six months have passed since the last date of discharge from detention for inpatient treatment that preceded the current less restrictive alternative order, ((nor shall a commitment under subsection (4) of this section be permissible if)) or (ii) the likelihood of serious harm ((in subsection (4)(c) of this section))as described in RCW 71.05.020(46)(c) is based solely on harm to the property of others.

1 (((7))) <u>(6)</u> No person committed as provided in this section may 2 be detained unless a valid order of commitment is in effect. No order 3 of commitment can exceed one hundred eighty days in length.

4 PART III: MISCELLANEOUS

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 301.** If specific funding for the purposes of sections 201 through 210 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2015, in the omnibus appropriations act, sections 201 through 210 of this act are null and void.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. Sections 109 and 201 of this act expire 11 April 1, 2016.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. Sections 110 and 202 of this act take 13 effect April 1, 2016.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. Sections 101 through 109, 111, and 112 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately.

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p. 44 E2SSB 5649