HOUSE BILL 2504

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

By Representatives Hurst, Vick, and Condotta

Read first time 01/14/16. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Gaming.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the reduction of the retail spirits license
- 2 issuance fee; and amending RCW 66.24.630.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 66.24.630 and 2015 c 186 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 There is a spirits retail license to: Sell 7 original containers to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises and to permit holders; sell spirits in original containers 8 9 to retailers licensed to sell spirits for consumption on premises, for resale at their licensed premises according to the 10 11 terms of their licenses, although no single sale may exceed twentyfour liters, unless the sale is by a licensee that was a contract 12 13 liquor store manager of a contract liquor store at the location of 14 its spirits retail licensed premises from which it makes such sales; 15 and export spirits.
- 16 (2) For the purposes of this title, a spirits retail license is a 17 retail license, and a sale by a spirits retailer is a retail sale 18 only if not for resale. Nothing in this title authorizes sales by on-19 sale licensees to other retail licensees. The board must establish by 20 rule an obligation of on-sale spirits retailers to:

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(a) Maintain a schedule by stock-keeping unit of all their purchases of spirits from spirits retail licensees, indicating the identity of the seller and the quantities purchased; and

- (b) Provide, not more frequently than quarterly, a report for each scheduled item containing the identity of the purchasing on-premises licensee and the quantities of that scheduled item purchased since any preceding report to:
- (i) A distributor authorized by the distiller to distribute a scheduled item in the on-sale licensee's geographic area; or
- (ii) A distiller acting as distributor of the scheduled item in the area.
 - (3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, the board may issue spirits retail licenses only for premises comprising at least ten thousand square feet of fully enclosed retail space within a single structure, including storerooms and other interior auxiliary areas but excluding covered or fenced exterior areas, whether or not attached to the structure, and only to applicants that the board determines will maintain systems for inventory management, employee training, employee supervision, and physical security of the product substantially as effective as those of stores currently operated by the board with respect to preventing sales to or pilferage by underage or inebriated persons.
 - (b) License issuances and renewals are subject to RCW 66.24.010 and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including without limitation rights of cities, towns, county legislative authorities, the public, churches, schools, and public institutions to object to or prevent issuance of local liquor licenses. However, existing grocery premises licensed to sell beer and/or wine are deemed to be premises "now licensed" under RCW 66.24.010(9)(a) for the purpose of processing applications for spirits retail licenses.
 - (c) The board may not deny a spirits retail license to an otherwise qualified contract liquor store at its contract location or to the holder of former state liquor store operating rights sold at auction under RCW 66.24.620 on the grounds of location, nature, or size of the premises to be licensed. The board may not deny a spirits retail license to applicants that are not contract liquor stores or operating rights holders on the grounds of the size of the premises to be licensed, if such applicant is otherwise qualified and the board determines that:

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- 1 (i) There is no spirits retail license holder in the trade area 2 that the applicant proposes to serve;
- 3 (ii) The applicant meets, or upon licensure will meet, the 4 operational requirements established by the board by rule; and
 - (iii) The licensee has not committed more than one public safety violation within the three years preceding application.
 - (d) A retailer authorized to sell spirits for consumption on or off the licensed premises may accept delivery of spirits at its licensed premises, at another licensed premises as designated by the retailer, or at one or more warehouse facilities registered with the board, which facilities may also warehouse and distribute nonliquor items, and from which the retailer may deliver to its own licensed premises and, pursuant to sales permitted under subsection (1) of this section:
- 15 (i) To other retailer premises licensed to sell spirits for 16 consumption on the licensed premises;
 - (ii) To other registered facilities; or

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- (iii) To lawful purchasers outside the state. The facilities may be registered and utilized by associations, cooperatives, or comparable groups of retailers, including at least one retailer licensed to sell spirits.
 - (e) For purposes of negotiating volume discounts, a group of individual retailers authorized to sell spirits for consumption off the licensed premises may accept delivery of spirits at their individual licensed premises or at any one of the individual licensee's premises, or at a warehouse facility registered with the board.
 - (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 66.24.632, or in ((\(\frac{(b)}{(b)}\))) (c) of this subsection, each spirits retail licensee must pay to the board, for deposit into the liquor revolving fund, a license issuance fee ((\(\frac{equivalent}{cquivalent}\) to seventeen percent)) calculated as a percentage of all spirits sales revenues under the license, exclusive of taxes collected by the licensee and of sales of items on which a license fee payable under this section has otherwise been incurred:
- (i) Until July 1, 2016, the license issuance fee is seventeen
 percent of all spirit sales revenues;
- (ii) From July 1, 2016, until July 1, 2018, the license issuance fee is fourteen percent of all spirit sales revenues;
- (iii) From July 1, 2018, until July 1, 2020, the license issuance fee is nine percent of all spirit sales revenues; and

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1 (iv) Beginning July 1, 2020, the license issuance fee is five 2 percent of all spirit sales revenues.

- (b) The board must establish rules setting forth the timing of ((such)) the payments required under (a) of this subsection and reporting of sales dollar volume by the licensee, with payments required quarterly in arrears. The first payment is due October 1, 2012.
- $((\frac{b}{b}))$ <u>(c)</u> This subsection (4) does not apply to craft 9 distilleries.
 - (5) In addition to the payment required under subsection (4) of this section, each licensee must pay an annual license renewal fee of one hundred sixty-six dollars. The board must periodically review and adjust the renewal fee as may be required to maintain it as comparable to annual license renewal fees for licenses to sell beer and wine not for consumption on the licensed premises. If required by law at the time, any increase of the annual renewal fee becomes effective only upon ratification by the legislature.
 - (6) As a condition to receiving and renewing a spirits retail license the licensee must provide training as prescribed by the board by rule for individuals who sell spirits or who manage others who sell spirits regarding compliance with laws and regulations regarding sale of spirits, including without limitation the prohibitions against sale of spirits to individuals who are underage or visibly intoxicated. The training must be provided before the individual first engages in the sale of spirits and must be renewed at least every five years. The licensee must maintain records documenting the nature and frequency of the training provided. An employee training program is presumptively sufficient if it incorporates a "responsible vendor program" promulgated by the board.
 - (7) The maximum penalties prescribed by the board in WAC 314-29-020 through 314-29-040 relating to fines and suspensions are doubled for violations relating to the sale of spirits by spirits retail licensees.
 - (8)(a) The board must promulgate regulations concerning the adoption and administration of a compliance training program for spirits retail licensees, to be known as a "responsible vendor program," to reduce underage drinking, encourage licensees to adopt specific best practices to prevent sales to minors, and provide licensees with an incentive to give their employees ongoing training in responsible alcohol sales and service.

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- (b) Licensees who join the responsible vendor program under this section and maintain all of the program's requirements are not subject to the doubling of penalties provided in this section for a single violation in any period of twelve calendar months. 4
 - (c) The responsible vendor program must be free, voluntary, and self-monitoring.
 - (d) To participate in the responsible vendor program, licensees must submit an application form to the board. If the application establishes that the licensee meets the qualifications to join the program, the board must send the licensee a membership certificate.
- 11 (e) A licensee participating in the responsible vendor program 12 must at a minimum:
- (i) Provide ongoing training to employees; 13

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- 14 (ii) Accept only certain forms of identification for alcohol 15 sales;
- 16 (iii) Adopt policies on alcohol sales and checking 17 identification;
- 18 (iv) Post specific signs in the business; and
- 19 Keep records verifying compliance with the program's 20 requirements.

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