HOUSE BILL 2116

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Representatives Holy and Goodman

Read first time 02/13/15. Referred to Committee on Public Safety.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle crimes; amending RCW 9.94A.030,
- 2 9.94A.525, 9.94A.734, 13.40.0357, 13.40.160, 13.40.210, 13.40.305,
- 3 13.40.308, and 9A.56.065; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.515;
- 4 repealing RCW 9A.56.075; and prescribing penalties.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2012 c 143 s 1 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 10 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 11 under chapter 9.95 RCW.
- 12 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or 13 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department,
- 14 means that the department, either directly or through a collection
- 15 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring
- 16 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal
- 17 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender,
- 18 and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment
- 19 to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental
- 20 account.
- 21 (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

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- 1 (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 2 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 3 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 4 conditions.
- 5 (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's 6 sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as 7 part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community 8 subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities 9 by the department.
- 10 (6) "Community protection zone" means the area within eight 11 hundred eighty feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or 12 private school.
- 13 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 14 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 15 offender.
 - (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

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- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- (10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.
- (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.
- (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction the whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- 35 (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal 36 history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 37 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has 38 been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.
- 39 (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is 40 distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior

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conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.

- (12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their members or agents.
- (13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the criminal street gang.
- (14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:
 - (a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;
- (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;
- (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of the gang;
- 29 (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness 30 against the gang or any member of the gang;
- 31 (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement, 32 gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation, 33 influence, or membership; or
 - (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual

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- abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 9.68 RCW).
 - (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
 - (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.
 - (17) "Department" means the department of corrections.

- (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- (19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.
- 33 (20) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 10.99.020 and 26.50.010.
- 35 (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing 36 option available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than 37 a violent offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the 38 option under RCW 9.94A.660.
 - (22) "Drug offense" means:

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- 1 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession 2 of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for 3 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 4 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that 5 relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or 6 transportation of a controlled substance; or
 - (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 10 (23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 11 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
 - (24) "Escape" means:

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- (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 19 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 20 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an 21 escape under (a) of this subsection.
 - (25) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or
- 29 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 30 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 31 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 32 (26) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 33 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 34 specific period of time.
- 35 (27) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior 36 convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender 37 waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
- 38 (28) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 39 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private 40 residence subject to electronic surveillance.

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- 1 (29) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an 2 individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence 3 and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:
 - (a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living accommodations;
- 6 (b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily 7 used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or
- 8 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 9 invitee.
- (30) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is 10 11 ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal 12 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed 13 pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug 14 funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, 15 16 and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender 17 as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 18 RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence 19 of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal 20 financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of 21 the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the 22 conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430. 23
- 24 (31) "Minor child" means a biological or adopted child of the 25 offender who is under age eighteen at the time of the offender's 26 current offense.
 - (32) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:
- 29 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 30 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
 - (b) Assault in the second degree;
 - (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 34 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 35 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 36 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 37 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 38 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 39 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 40 (j) Leading organized crime;

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- 1 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 2 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 3 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 4 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 5 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 6 (p) Sexual exploitation;
- 7 (q) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of 8 a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 9 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 10 reckless manner;
- (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 15 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 16 motivation;
- 17 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 18 9.94A.825;
- 19 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 20 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this 21 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense 22 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 23 most serious offense under this subsection;
- (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 30 31 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 32 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator 33 is included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 34 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 35 36 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997; 37
- 38 (w) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a 39 finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was ten 40 years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be

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- comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.
 - (33) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

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- 6 "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 7 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior 8 court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the 9 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 10 11 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant 12 or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to 13 14 probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 15 supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 16 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and 17 "defendant" are used interchangeably.
 - (35) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court or home detention has been ordered by the department as part of the parenting program, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention.
 - (36) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:
- 28 (a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or 29 any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or 30 more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:
- 31 (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this 32 section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a 33 Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);
- 34 (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding 35 Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);
- 36 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled 37 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);
- 38 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act 39 (chapter 9.41 RCW);
- 40 (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);

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         (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);
         (vii) Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);
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         (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat
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     is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));
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         (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);
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         (x) Any felony conviction by a person eighteen years of age or
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    older with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony
    offense under RCW 9.94A.833;
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         (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);
         (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);
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         (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);
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         (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);
         (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);
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         (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);
                 Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1
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        (xvii)
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     9A.56.070);
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         (xviii) ((Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW
    9A.56.075);
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        (xix))) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
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         ((\frac{(xx)}{x})) (xix) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
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         (((xxi))) (xx) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);
         (((xxii))) (xxi) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);
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         (((xxiii))) (xxii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
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         ((<del>(xxiv)</del>)) <u>(xxiii)</u> Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
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         ((\frac{xxy}{x})) (xxiv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
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         (((xxvi))) (xxv) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);
         (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this
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    subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;
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         (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this
     subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in
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     (a) of this subsection; and
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35 (37) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

committed by two or more persons.

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36 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered 37 a most serious offense; and

subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were

(d) Of the offenses that were committed

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under

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the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

(b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (37)(b)(i); and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.

(38) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" does not include home-based instruction as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in authority in any recreational activity and the victim was a

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- 1 participant in the activity under his or her authority supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in 2 authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was 3 a member or participant of the organization under his or her 4 authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 5 6 in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a 7 student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Home-8 based instruction" has the same meaning 9 as defined 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 10 11 in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the 12 victim.
- 13 (39) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 14 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.
 - (40) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.
 - (41) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:

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- 17 (a)(i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense 18 under RCW 9A.36.041;
- 19 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 20 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;
- (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW that is not a felony offense;
- 24 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 25 that is not a felony offense; or
- 26 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 27 is not a felony offense; or
 - (b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under (a) of this subsection.
 - (42) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
- 36 (43) "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk 37 instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state 38 institute for public policy as having the highest degree of 39 predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.
 - (44) "Serious traffic offense" means:

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- 1 (a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating 2 liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control 3 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 4 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an 5 attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 6 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction 7 for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified 8 as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 9 (45) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 10 offense and means:
- 11 (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;
- 12 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- 13 (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 14 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 15 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 16 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 17 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 18 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 19 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 20 commit one of these felonies; or
- 21 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 22 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 23 serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 24 (46) "Sex offense" means:
- 25 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 26 than RCW 9A.44.132;
- 27 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 28 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 29 than RCW 9.68A.080;
- 30 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 32 crimes; or
- (v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register) on at least one prior occasion;
- 36 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 37 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 38 sex offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 39 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 40 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or

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- 1 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 2 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 3 offense under (a) of this subsection.
 - (47) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.
- 7 (48) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 9 (49) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of 10 time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime 11 as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute 12 defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for 13 a crime.
- 14 (50) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 15 twenty-four hours before the offense.
 - (51) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
 - (52) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.
- 26 (53) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 27 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 28 a direct result of the crime charged.
 - (54) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies:
- 31 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 32 attempt to commit a class A felony;
- (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
 - (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 36 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 37 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 38 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 39 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 40 (viii) Assault in the second degree;

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- 1 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree; 2 (x) Extortion in the first degree; (xi) Robbery in the second degree; 3 4 (xii) Drive-by shooting; (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 5 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 6 7 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner; and 8 (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving 9 of any vehicle by any person while under the influence 10 11 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by 12 the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 13 14 violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and 15 16 17 violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection. 18
- prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a
 - (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
- (55) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement 19 consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the 20 21 community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
 - (56) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
- 29 (57) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 30 31 regular course of study at school.
- Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.515 and 2013 c 322 s 26, 2013 c 290 s 8, 2013 32 c 267 s 2, and 2013 c 153 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read 33 as follows: 34

35 TABLE 2

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36 CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN

37 EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

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2	XVI	Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020)
3	XV	Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055)
4		Malicious explosion 1 (RCW
5		70.74.280(1))
6		Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030)
7	XIV	Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050)
8		Trafficking 1 (RCW 9A.40.100(1))
9	XIII	Malicious explosion 2 (RCW
10		70.74.280(2))
11 12		Malicious placement of an explosive 1 (RCW 70.74.270(1))
13	XII	Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011)
14		Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120)
15		Malicious placement of an imitation
16		device 1 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(a))
17 18		Promoting Commercial Sexual Abuse of a Minor (RCW 9.68A.101)
19		Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040)
20		Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073)
21		Trafficking 2 (RCW 9A.40.100(((2)))
22		<u>(3)</u>)
23	XI	Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060)
24		Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050)
25		Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076)
26		Vehicular Homicide, by being under
27		the influence of intoxicating liquor
28		or any drug (RCW 46.61.520)
29	X	Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083)
30 31		Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
32		Indecent Liberties (with forcible
33		compulsion) (RCW
34		9A.44.100(1)(a))
35		Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020)

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1	Leading Organized Crime (RCW
2	9A.82.060(1)(a))
3	Malicious explosion 3 (RCW
4	70.74.280(3))
5	Sexually Violent Predator Escape
6	(RCW 9A.76.115)
7	IX Abandonment of Dependent Person 1
8	(RCW 9A.42.060)
9	Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130)
10	Explosive devices prohibited (RCW
11	70.74.180)
12	Hit and Run—Death (RCW
13	46.52.020(4)(a))
14	Homicide by Watercraft, by being
15	under the influence of intoxicating
16	liquor or any drug (RCW
17	79A.60.050)
18	Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW
19	9A.82.060(1)(b))
20	Malicious placement of an explosive 2
21	(RCW 70.74.270(2))
22	Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200)
23	Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)
24	VIII Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
25	Commercial Sexual Abuse of a Minor
26	(RCW 9.68A.100)
27	Homicide by Watercraft, by the
28	operation of any vessel in a
29	reckless manner (RCW
30	79A.60.050)
31	Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
32	Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW
33	9A.88.070)
34	Theft of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.010)

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1		Vehicular Homicide, by the operation
2		of any vehicle in a reckless
3		manner (RCW 46.61.520)
4	VII	Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
5		Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
6 7		Civil Disorder Training (RCW 9A.48.120)
8 9 10		Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct 1 (RCW 9.68A.050(1))
11		Drive-by Shooting (RCW 9A.36.045)
12 13 14		Homicide by Watercraft, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 79A.60.050)
15 16 17		Indecent Liberties (without forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1) (b) and (c))
18 19		Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
20 21		Malicious placement of an explosive 3 (RCW 70.74.270(3))
22 23 24		Negligently Causing Death By Use of a Signal Preemption Device (RCW 46.37.675)
25 26 27 28		Sending, bringing into state depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct 1 (RCW 9.68A.060(1))
29 30		Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW
31		9.41.040(1))
32 33		Use of a Machine Gun in Commission of a Felony (RCW 9.41.225)
34		Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for
35		the safety of others (RCW
36		46.61.520)

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1	VI	Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW
2		9A.76.170(3)(a))
3		Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
4		Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
5		Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
6		Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW
7		9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
8		Malicious placement of an imitation
9		device 2 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(b))
10		Possession of Depictions of a Minor
11		Engaged in Sexually Explicit
12		Conduct 1 (RCW 9.68A.070(1))
13		Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
14		Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)
15		Unlawful Storage of Ammonia (RCW
16		69.55.020)
17	V	Abandonment of Dependent Person 2
18		(RCW 9A.42.070)
19		Advancing money or property for
20		extortionate extension of credit
21		(RCW 9A.82.030)
22		Bail Jumping with class A Felony
23		(RCW 9A.76.170(3)(b))
24		Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
25		Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW
26		9A.42.030)
27		Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1 (RCW
28		9A.44.160)
29		Dealing in Depictions of Minor
30		Engaged in Sexually Explicit
31		Conduct 2 (RCW 9.68A.050(2))
32		Domestic Violence Court Order
33		Violation (RCW 10.99.040,
34		10.99.050, 26.09.300, 26.10.220,
35		26.26.138, 26.50.110, 26.52.070,
36		or 74.34.145)

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1		Driving While Under the Influence
2		(RCW 46.61.502(6))
3		Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
4 5		Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.020)
6 7 8		Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
9		Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
10		Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
11		Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
12 13		Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
14 15 16		Physical Control of a Vehicle While Under the Influence (RCW 46.61.504(6))
17 18		Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310)
19		Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
20 21		Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW 9A.76.070)
22 23 24 25		Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct 2 (RCW 9.68A.060(2))
26 27		Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW 9A.44.093)
28 29		Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)
30		Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110)
31 32		Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070)
33	IV	Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
34		Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)

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1	Assault 3 (of a Peace Officer with a
2	Projectile Stun Gun) (RCW
3	9A.36.031(1)(h))
4	Assault by Watercraft (RCW
5	79A.60.060)
6	Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by
7	Witness (RCW 9A.72.090,
8	9A.72.100)
9	Cheating 1 (RCW 9.46.1961)
10	Commercial Bribery (RCW
11	9A.68.060)
12	Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(4))
13	Endangerment with a Controlled
14	Substance (RCW 9A.42.100)
15	Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
16	Hit and Run—Injury (RCW
17	46.52.020(4)(b))
18	Hit and Run with Vessel—Injury
19	Accident (RCW 79A.60.200(3))
20	Identity Theft 1 (RCW 9.35.020(2))
21	Indecent Exposure to Person Under
22	Age Fourteen (subsequent sex
23	offense) (RCW 9A.88.010)
24	Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event
25	(RCW 9A.82.070)
26	Malicious Harassment (RCW
27	9A.36.080)
28	Possession of Depictions of a Minor
29	Engaged in Sexually Explicit
30	Conduct 2 (RCW 9.68A.070(2))
31	Residential Burglary (RCW
32	9A.52.025)
33	Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
34	Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
35	Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)

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1 2	Trafficking in Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.82.050)
3	Unlawful factoring of a credit card or
4	payment card transaction (RCW
5	9A.56.290(4)(b))
6	Unlawful transaction of health
7	coverage as a health care service
8	contractor (RCW 48.44.016(3))
9	Unlawful transaction of health
10	coverage as a health maintenance
11	organization (RCW 48.46.033(3))
12	Unlawful transaction of insurance
13	business (RCW 48.15.023(3))
14	Unlicensed practice as an insurance
15	professional (RCW 48.17.063(2))
16	Use of Proceeds of Criminal
17	Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1)
18	and (2))
19	Vehicle Prowling 2 (third or
20	subsequent offense) (RCW
21	9A.52.100(3))
22	Vehicular Assault, by being under the
23	influence of intoxicating liquor or
24	any drug, or by the operation or
25	driving of a vehicle in a reckless
26	manner (RCW 46.61.522)
27	Viewing of Depictions of a Minor
28	Engaged in Sexually Explicit
29	Conduct 1 (RCW 9.68A.075(1))
30	Willful Failure to Return from
31	Furlough (RCW 72.66.060)
32	III Animal Cruelty 1 (Sexual Conduct or
33	Contact) (RCW 16.52.205(3))
34	Assault 3 (Except Assault 3 of a Peace
35	Officer With a Projectile Stun
36	Gun) (RCW 9A.36.031 except
37	subsection (1)(h))

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1	Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
2	Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony
3	(RCW 9A.76.170(3)(c))
4	Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
5	Communication with a Minor for
6	Immoral Purposes (RCW
7	9.68A.090)
8	Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW
9	9A.46.120)
10	Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
11	Cyberstalking (subsequent conviction
12 13	or threat of death) (RCW
	9.61.260(3))
14	Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
15	Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
16	Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
17	Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW
18	9A.76.180)
19	Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW
20	9A.76.150)
21	Malicious Injury to Railroad Property
22	(RCW 81.60.070)
23	Mortgage Fraud (RCW 19.144.080)
24	Negligently Causing Substantial
2526	Bodily Harm By Use of a Signal
27	Preemption Device (RCW 46.37.674)
28	Organized Retail Theft 1 (RCW
29	9A.56.350(2))
30	Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)
31	Possession of Incendiary Device (RCW
32	9.40.120)
33	Possession of Machine Gun or Short-
34	Barreled Shotgun or Rifle (RCW
35	9.41.190)

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1	Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW
2	9A.88.080)
3	Retail Theft with Special
4	Circumstances 1 (RCW
5	9A.56.360(2))
6	Securities Act violation (RCW
7	21.20.400)
8	Tampering with a Witness (RCW
9	9A.72.120)
10	Telephone Harassment (subsequent
11	conviction or threat of death)
12	(RCW 9.61.230(2))
13	Theft of Livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.083)
14	Theft with the Intent to Resell 1 (RCW
15	9A.56.340(2))
16	Trafficking in Stolen Property 2 (RCW
17	9A.82.055)
18	Unlawful Hunting of Big Game 1
19	(RCW 77.15.410(3)(b))
20	Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW
21	9A.40.040)
22	Unlawful Misbranding of Food Fish or
23	Shellfish 1 (RCW 69.04.938(3))
24	Unlawful possession of firearm in the
25	second degree (RCW 9.41.040(2))
26	Unlawful Taking of Endangered Fish
27	or Wildlife 1 (RCW
28	77.15.120(3)(b))
29	Unlawful Trafficking in Fish, Shellfish,
30	or Wildlife 1 (RCW
31	77.15.260(3)(b))
32	Unlawful Use of a Nondesignated
33	Vessel (RCW 77.15.530(4))

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1		Vehicular Assault, by the operation or
2		driving of a vehicle with disregard
3		for the safety of others (RCW
4		46.61.522)
5		Willful Failure to Return from Work
6		Release (RCW 72.65.070)
7	II	Commercial Fishing Without a License
8		1 (RCW 77.15.500(3)(b))
9		Computer Trespass 1 (RCW
10		9A.52.110)
11		Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(3))
12		Engaging in Fish Dealing Activity
13		Unlicensed 1 (RCW 77.15.620(3))
14		Escape from Community Custody
15		(RCW 72.09.310)
16		Failure to Register as a Sex Offender
17		(second or subsequent offense)
18		(RCW 9A.44.132)
19		Health Care False Claims (RCW
20		48.80.030)
21		Identity Theft 2 (RCW 9.35.020(3))
22		Improperly Obtaining Financial
23		Information (RCW 9.35.010)
24		Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW
25		9A.48.070)
26		Organized Retail Theft 2 (RCW
27		9A.56.350(3))
28		Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW
29		9A.56.150)
30		Possession of a Stolen Vehicle (RCW
31		9A.56.068)
32		Retail Theft with Special
33		Circumstances 2 (RCW
34		9A.56.360(3))

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1	Scrap Processing, Recycling, or
2	Supplying Without a License
3	(second or subsequent offense)
4	(RCW 19.290.100)
5	Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
6	Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW
7	9A.56.065)
8	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-
9	purchased Property (valued at one
10	thousand five hundred dollars or
11	more) (RCW 9A.56.096(5)(a))
12	Theft with the Intent to Resell 2 (RCW
13	9A.56.340(3))
14	Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW
15	48.30A.015)
16	Unlawful factoring of a credit card or
17	payment card transaction (RCW
18	9A.56.290(4)(a))
19	Unlawful Participation of Non-Indians
20	in Indian Fishery (RCW
21	77.15.570(2))
22	Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW
23	2.48.180)
24	Unlawful Purchase or Use of a License
25	(RCW 77.15.650(3)(b))
26	Unlawful Trafficking in Fish, Shellfish,
27	or Wildlife 2 (RCW
28	77.15.260(3)(a))
29	Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or
30	Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
31	Voyeurism (RCW 9A.44.115)
32	I Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police
33	Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
34	False Verification for Welfare (RCW
35	74.08.055)
36	Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)

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1	Fraudulent Creation or Revocation of a
2	Mental Health Advance Directive
3	(RCW 9A.60.060)
4	Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW
5	9A.48.080)
6	Mineral Trespass (RCW 78.44.330)
7	Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW
8	9A.56.160)
9	Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
10	Spotlighting Big Game 1 (RCW
11	77.15.450(3)(b))
12	Suspension of Department Privileges 1
13	(RCW 77.15.670(3)(b))
14	((Taking Motor Vehicle Without
15	Permission 2 (RCW 9A.56.075)))
16	Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)
17	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-
18	purchased Property (valued at two
19	hundred fifty dollars or more but
20	less than one thousand five
21	hundred dollars) (RCW
22	9A.56.096(5)(b))
23	Transaction of insurance business
24	beyond the scope of licensure
25	(RCW 48.17.063)
26	Unlawful Fish and Shellfish Catch
27	Accounting (RCW
28	77.15.630(3)(b))
29	Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts
30	(RCW 9A.56.060)
31	Unlawful Possession of Fictitious
32	Identification (RCW 9A.56.320)
33	Unlawful Possession of Instruments of
34	Financial Fraud (RCW 9A.56.320)
35	Unlawful Possession of Payment
36	Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)

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1	Unlawful Possession of a Personal
2	Identification Device (RCW
3	9A.56.320)
4	Unlawful Production of Payment
5	Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)
6	((Unlawful Release of)) Unlawfully
7	Releasing, Planting, Possessing, or
8	Placing Deleterious Exotic
9	Wildlife (RCW 77.15.250(2)(b))
10	Unlawful Trafficking in Food Stamps
11	(RCW 9.91.142)
12	Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW
13	9.91.144)
14	Unlawful Use of Net to Take Fish 1
15	(RCW 77.15.580(3)(b))
16	Unlawful Use of Prohibited Aquatic
17	Animal Species (RCW
18	77.15.253(3))
19	Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)
20	Violating Commercial Fishing Area or
21	Time 1 (RCW 77.15.550(3)(b))

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22 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.525 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 35 s 8 are each 23 amended to read as follows:

The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

- (1) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.589.
- 34 (2)(a) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score.
- 36 (b) Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses 37 shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date

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of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.

- (c) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (d) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (e) If the present conviction is felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)) or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)), all predicate crimes for the offense as defined by RCW 46.61.5055(14) shall be included in the offender score, and prior convictions for felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)) or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)) shall always be included in the offender score. All other convictions of the defendant shall be scored according to this section.
- (f) Prior convictions for a repetitive domestic violence offense, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- 38 (g) This subsection applies to both adult and juvenile prior 39 convictions.

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(3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.

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- (4) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.
- 13 (5)(a) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose 14 of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, 15 except:
 - (i) Prior offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or separate complaints, indictments, jurisdictions, or in or informations;
 - (ii) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all adult convictions served concurrently as one offense, and count all juvenile convictions entered on the same date as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.
 - (b) As used in this subsection (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences

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was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.

- (6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense. When these convictions are used as criminal history, score them the same as a completed crime.
- (7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (11), (12), or (13) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior nonviolent felony conviction.
- (8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (9), (10), (11), (12), or (13) of this section, count two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent felony conviction, one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and 1/2 point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.
- (9) If the present conviction is for a serious violent offense, count three points for prior adult and juvenile convictions for crimes in this category, two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and 1/2 point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.
- (10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior adult Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each prior juvenile Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.
- (11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction; for each serious traffic offense, other than those used for an enhancement pursuant to RCW 46.61.520(2), count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction; count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction for operation of a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.

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(12) If the present conviction is for homicide by watercraft or assault by watercraft count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for homicide by watercraft or assault by watercraft; for each felony offense count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction; count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or operation of a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.

- (13) If the present conviction is for manufacture of methamphetamine count three points for each adult prior manufacture of methamphetamine conviction and two points for each juvenile manufacture of methamphetamine offense. If the present conviction is for a drug offense and the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. All other adult and juvenile felonies are scored as in subsection (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.
 - (14) If the present conviction is for Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior escape convictions as 1/2 point.
 - (15) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point and juvenile prior convictions as 1/2 point.
 - (16) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection (7) of this section; however, count two points for each adult and juvenile prior Burglary 1 conviction, two points for each adult prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each juvenile prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.
 - (17) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections (7) through (11) and (13) through (16) of this section; however count three points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction.
- 39 (18) If the present conviction is for failure to register as a 40 sex offender under RCW ((9A.44.130 or)) 9A.44.132, count priors as in

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subsections (7) through (11) and (13) through (16) of this section; however count three points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction, excluding prior convictions for failure to register as a sex offender under RCW ((9A.44.130 or)) 9A.44.132, which shall count as one point.

- (19) If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community custody, add one point. For purposes of this subsection, community custody includes community placement or postrelease supervision, as defined in chapter 9.94B RCW.
- (20) If the present conviction is for Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Possession of a Stolen Vehicle, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1, ((or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2,)) count priors as in subsections (7) through (18) of this section; however count one point for prior convictions of Vehicle Prowling 2, and three points for each adult and juvenile prior Theft 1 (of a motor vehicle), Theft 2 (of a motor vehicle), Possession of Stolen Property 1 (of a motor vehicle), Possession of Stolen Property 2 (of a motor vehicle), Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Possession of a Stolen Vehicle, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1((, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2)) conviction.
 - (21) If the present conviction is for a felony domestic violence offense where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was plead and proven, count priors as in subsections (7) through (20) of this section; however, count points as follows:
 - (a) Count two points for each adult prior conviction where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was plead and proven after August 1, 2011, for the following offenses: A violation of a no-contact order that is a felony offense, a violation of a protection order that is a felony offense, a felony domestic violence harassment offense, a felony domestic violence stalking offense, a domestic violence Burglary 1 offense, a domestic violence Kidnapping 1 offense, a domestic violence Kidnapping 2 offense, a domestic violence unlawful imprisonment offense, a domestic violence Robbery 1 offense, a domestic violence Robbery 2 offense, a domestic violence Assault 1 offense, a domestic violence Assault 2 offense, a domestic violence Assault 3 offense, a domestic violence Arson 1 offense, or a domestic violence Arson 2 offense;
- 38 (b) Count one point for each second and subsequent juvenile 39 conviction where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was

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- plead and proven after August 1, 2011, for the offenses listed in (a) of this subsection; and
 - (c) Count one point for each adult prior conviction for a repetitive domestic violence offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, was plead and proven after August 1, 2011.
- 7 (22) The fact that a prior conviction was not included in an offender's offender score or criminal history at a previous 8 sentencing shall have no bearing on whether it is included in the 9 criminal history or offender score for the current offense. Prior 10 convictions that were not counted in the offender score or included 11 12 in criminal history under repealed or previous versions of the sentencing reform act shall be included in criminal history and shall 13 count in the offender score if the current version of the sentencing 14 reform act requires including or counting those convictions. Prior 15 16 convictions that were not included in criminal history or in the 17 offender score shall be included upon any resentencing to ensure 18 imposition of an accurate sentence.
- 19 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.734 and 2010 c 224 s 9 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 (1) Home detention may not be imposed for offenders convicted of 22 the following offenses, unless imposed as partial confinement in the 23 department's parenting program under RCW 9.94A.6551:
 - (a) A violent offense;
 - (b) Any sex offense;
- 26 (c) Any drug offense;

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- 27 (d) Reckless burning in the first or second degree as defined in 28 RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050;
 - (e) Assault in the third degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031;
 - (f) Assault of a child in the third degree;
- 31 (g) Unlawful imprisonment as defined in RCW 9A.40.040; or
- 32 (h) Harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020.
- Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance under RCW 69.50.4013 or forged prescription for a controlled substance under RCW 69.50.403 if the offender fulfills the participation conditions set forth in this section and is monitored for drug use by a treatment alternatives to street crime

38 program or a comparable court or agency-referred program.

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- 1 (2) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of 2 burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.52.030 or 3 residential burglary conditioned upon the offender:
 - (a) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program;
 - (b) Having no convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for burglary or residential burglary;
 - (c) Having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense;
 - (d) Having no prior charges of escape; and

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- 13 (e) Fulfilling the other conditions of the home detention 14 program.
 - (3) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of ((taking a motor vehicle without permission in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.075,)) theft of a motor vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.065((τ)) or possession of a stolen motor vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.068 conditioned upon the offender:
 - (a) Having no convictions for taking a motor vehicle without permission, theft of a motor vehicle or possession of a stolen motor vehicle during the preceding five years and not more than two prior convictions for taking a motor vehicle without permission, theft of a motor vehicle or possession of a stolen motor vehicle;
 - (b) Having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense;
 - (c) Having no prior charges of escape; and
- 29 (d) Fulfilling the other conditions of the home detention 30 program.
- 31 (4) Participation in a home detention program shall be 32 conditioned upon:
 - (a) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors normally in the custody of the offender;
 - (b) Abiding by the rules of the home detention program; and
- 38 (c) Compliance with court-ordered legal financial obligations. 39 The home detention program may also be made available to offenders 40 whose charges and convictions do not otherwise disqualify them if

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medical or health-related conditions, concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered restitution.

8 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.40.0357 and 2013 c 20 s 2 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10	DES	CRIPTION AND OFFENSE CAT	EGORY
11		JUVI	ENILE DISPOSITION
12	JUVENILE		CATEGORY FOR
13	DISPOSITION	AT	TEMPT, BAILJUMP,
14	OFFENSE		CONSPIRACY, OR
15	CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION)	SOLICITATION
16			
17		Arson and Malicious Mischief	
18	A	Arson 1 (9A.48.020)	B+
19	В	Arson 2 (9A.48.030)	С
20	C	Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040)	D
21	D	Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050)	E
22	В	Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070)	C
23	C	Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080)	D
24	D	Malicious Mischief 3 (9A.48.090)	Е
25			
26	E	Tampering with Fire Alarm Appara	atus
27		(9.40.100)	Е
28	E	Tampering with Fire Alarm Appara	atus with
29		Intent to Commit Arson (9.40.105)	Е
30	A	Possession of Incendiary Device (9	.40.120) B+
31		Assault and Other Crimes Involv	ing
32		Physical Harm	
33	A	Assault 1 (9A.36.011)	B+
34	B+	Assault 2 (9A.36.021)	C+
35	C+	Assault 3 (9A.36.031)	D+
36	D+	Assault 4 (9A.36.041)	Е

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1	B+	Drive-By Shooting (9A.36.045)	C+
2	D+	Reckless Endangerment (9A.36.050)	E
3	C+	Promoting Suicide Attempt (9A.36.060)	D+
4	D+	Coercion (9A.36.070)	E
5	C+	Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)	D+
6		Burglary and Trespass	
7	B+	Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)	C+
8	В	Residential Burglary (9A.52.025)	C
9	В	Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)	C
10	D	Burglary Tools (Possession of) (9A.52.060) E	
11	D	Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)	Е
12	E	Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)	Е
13	C	Mineral Trespass (78.44.330)	C
14	C	Vehicle Prowling 1 (9A.52.095)	D
15	D	Vehicle Prowling 2 (9A.52.100)	E
16		Drugs	
17	Е	Possession/Consumption of Alcohol	
18		(66.44.270)	Е
19	C	Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug	
20		(69.41.020)	D
21	C+	Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend Drug	
22		with Intent to Sell (69.41.030(2)(a))	D+
23	E	Possession of Legend Drug	
24		(69.41.030(2)(b))	E
25	B+	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
26		Substances Act - Narcotic,	
27		Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam Sale	
28		(69.50.401(2) (a) or (b))	B+
29	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
30		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale	
31		(69.50.401(2)(c))	C
32	E	Possession of Marihuana <40 grams	
33		(69.50.4014)	E
34	C	Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled	
35		Substance (69.50.403)	C
36	C+	Sale of Controlled Substance for Profit	
37		(69.50.410)	C+

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1	Е	Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)	E
2	В	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
3		Substances Act - Narcotic,	
4		Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam	
5		Counterfeit Substances (69.50.4011(2) (a)	
6		or (b))	В
7	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
8		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Counterfeit	
9		Substances (69.50.4011(2) (c), (d), or (e))	C
10	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
11		Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled	d
12		Substance (69.50.4013)	C
13	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
14		Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled	d
15		Substance (69.50.4012)	C
16		Firearms and Weapons	
17	В	Theft of Firearm (9A.56.300)	C
18	В	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310)	C
19	E	Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit	
20		(9.41.050)	Е
21	C	Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18)	
22		(9.41.040(2)(a)(((iii))) <u>(iv)</u>)	C
23	D+	Possession of Dangerous Weapon	
24		(9.41.250)	Е
25	D	Intimidating Another Person by use of	
26		Weapon (9.41.270)	E
27		Homicide	
28	A+	Murder 1 (9A.32.030)	A
29	A+	Murder 2 (9A.32.050)	B+
30	B+	Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)	C+
31	C+	Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)	D+
32	B+	Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)	C+
33		Kidnapping	
34	A	Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)	B+
35	B+	Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)	C+
36	C+	Unlawful Imprisonment (9A.40.040)	D+

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1		Obstructing Governmental Operation	
2	D	Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer	
3		(9A.76.020)	E
4	E	Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)	E
5	В	Introducing Contraband 1 (9A.76.140)	C
6	C	Introducing Contraband 2 (9A.76.150)	D
7	E	Introducing Contraband 3 (9A.76.160)	E
8	B+	Intimidating a Public Servant (9A.76.180)	C+
9	B+	Intimidating a Witness (9A.72.110)	C+
10		Public Disturbance	
11	C+	Criminal Mischief with Weapon	
12		(9A.84.010(2)(b))	D+
13	D+	Criminal Mischief Without Weapon	
14		(9A.84.010(2)(a))	E
15	E	Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020)	E
16	E	Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030)	E
17		Sex Crimes	
18	A	Rape 1 (9A.44.040)	B+
19	A-	Rape 2 (9A.44.050)	B+
20	C+	Rape 3 (9A.44.060)	D+
21	A-	Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073)	B+
22	B+	Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076)	C+
23	В	Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1))	C
24	C	Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2))	D
25	D+	Indecent Exposure (Victim <14)	
26		(9A.88.010)	E
27	E	Indecent Exposure (Victim 14 or over)	
28		(9A.88.010)	E
29	B+	Promoting Prostitution 1 (9A.88.070)	C+
30	C+	Promoting Prostitution 2 (9A.88.080)	D+
31	E	O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030)	E
32	B+	Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100)	C+
33	A-	Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083)	B+
34	В	Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086)	C+
35	C	Failure to Register as a Sex Offender	
36		(9A.44.132)	D

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1		Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery	
2	В	Theft 1 (9A.56.030)	C
3	C	Theft 2 (9A.56.040)	D
4	D	Theft 3 (9A.56.050)	E
5	В	Theft of Livestock 1 and 2 (9A.56.080 and	
6		9A.56.083)	C
7	C	Forgery (9A.60.020)	D
8	A	Robbery 1 (9A.56.200)	B+
9	B+	Robbery 2 (9A.56.210)	C+
10	B+	Extortion 1 (9A.56.120)	C+
11	C+	Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)	D+
12	C	Identity Theft 1 (9.35.020(2))	D
13	D	Identity Theft 2 (9.35.020(3))	E
14	D	Improperly Obtaining Financial	
15		Information (9.35.010)	E
16	В	Possession of a Stolen Vehicle (9A.56.068)	C
17	В	Possession of Stolen Property 1	
18		(9A.56.150)	C
19	C	Possession of Stolen Property 2	
20		(9A.56.160)	D
21	D	Possession of Stolen Property 3	
22		(9A.56.170)	E
23	В	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission	
24		1 (9A.56.070)	C
25	((€	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission	
26		2 (9A.56.075)	D))
27	В	Theft of a Motor Vehicle (9A.56.065)	C
28		Motor Vehicle Related Crimes	
29	E	Driving Without a License (46.20.005)	E
30	B+	Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a))	C+
31	C	Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b))	D
32	D	Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))	E
33	E	Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010)	E
34	C	Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)	D
35	C	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police	
36		Vehicle (46.61.024)	D

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		_		
3			(46.61.502 and 46.61.504)	E
4		B+	Felony Driving While Under the Influence	
5			(46.61.502(6))	В
6		B+	Felony Physical Control of a Vehicle Whil	e
7			Under the Influence (46.61.504(6))	В
8			Other	
9		В	Animal Cruelty 1 (16.52.205)	С
10		В	Bomb Threat (9.61.160)	С
11		C	Escape 1 ¹ (9A.76.110)	С
12		C	Escape 2 ¹ (9A.76.120)	С
13		D	Escape 3 (9A.76.130)	Е
14		Е	Obscene, Harassing, Etc., Phone Calls	
15			(9.61.230)	Е
16		A	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Clas	S
17			A Felony	B+
18		В	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Clas	s
19			B Felony	C
20		C	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Clas	s
21			C Felony	D
22		D	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Gros	SS
23			Misdemeanor	E
24		E	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult	
25			Misdemeanor	E
26		V	Violation of Order of Restitution,	
27			Community Supervision, or Confinement	
28			$(13.40.200)^2$	V
29	1 Escape 1 and 2 and	Δtte	empted Escape 1 and 2 are	classed as C offenses
30	_		is established as follows	
31			mpted escape during 12-m	
32	confinement	i C C C II	mpted escape during 12-m	onen perioa - 4 weeks
33		ıt.t.en	npted escape during 12-m	onth period - 8 weeks
34	confinement		Transfer don't have	
35		ıent	escape or attempted es	scape during 12-month

Reckless Driving (46.61.500)

Driving While Under the Influence

E

E

D

1

2

36

period - 12 weeks confinement

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- 1 ²If the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order,
- 2 it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

3 JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS

4 This schedule must be used for juvenile offenders. The court may select sentencing option A, B, C, D, or RCW 13.40.167.

6 OPTION A

7 JUVENILE OFFENDER SENTENCING GRID

STANDARD RANGE

9		A+	180 weeks to age 21 for all category A+ offenses							
10		A	103-129 weeks for all category A offenses							
11		A-	15-36 weeks 52-65 weeks 80-100 weeks 103-129 weeks 103-1							
12			Except 30-40 weeks							
13			for 15 to 17 year olds							
14	CURRENT	B+	15-36 weeks	15-36 weeks	52-65 weeks	80-100 weeks	103-129 weeks			
15	OFFENSE	В	LS	LS	15-36 weeks	15-36 weeks	52-65 weeks			
16	CATEGORY	C+	LS	LS	LS	15-36 weeks	15-36 weeks			
17		C	LS	LS	LS	LS	15-36 weeks			
18		D+	LS	LS	LS	LS	LS			
19		D	LS	LS	LS	LS	LS			
20		Е	LS	LS	LS	LS	LS			
21										
22	PRIOR	,	0	1	2	3	4 or more			

23 ADJUDICATIONS

8

- NOTE: References in the grid to days or weeks mean periods of confinement. "LS" means "local sanctions" as defined in RCW 13.40.020.
- 27 (1) The vertical axis of the grid is the current offense 28 category. The current offense category is determined by the offense 29 of adjudication.
- 30 (2) The horizontal axis of the grid is the number of prior 31 adjudications included in the juvenile's criminal history. Each prior 32 felony adjudication shall count as one point. Each prior violation,

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1 misdemeanor, and gross misdemeanor adjudication shall count as 1/4 2 point. Fractional points shall be rounded down.

- (3) The standard range disposition for each offense is determined by the intersection of the column defined by the prior adjudications and the row defined by the current offense category.
- 6 (4) RCW 13.40.180 applies if the offender is being sentenced for 7 more than one offense.
 - (5) A current offense that is a violation is equivalent to an offense category of E. However, a disposition for a violation shall not include confinement.

11 OR

12 OPTION B

SUSPENDED DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE

- (1) If the offender is subject to a standard range disposition involving confinement by the department, the court may impose the standard range and suspend the disposition on condition that the offender comply with one or more local sanctions and any educational or treatment requirement. The treatment programs provided to the offender must be either research-based best practice programs as identified by the Washington state institute for public policy or the joint legislative audit and review committee, or for chemical dependency treatment programs or services, they must be evidence-based or research-based best practice programs. For the purposes of this subsection:
- (a) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had multiple site random controlled trials across heterogeneous populations demonstrating that the program or practice is effective for the population; and
- (b) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has some research demonstrating effectiveness, but that does not yet meet the standard of evidence-based practices.
- (2) If the offender fails to comply with the suspended disposition, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order the disposition's execution.
- 36 (3) An offender is ineligible for the suspended disposition 37 option under this section if the offender is:
 - (a) Adjudicated of an A+ offense;

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- 1 (b) Fourteen years of age or older and is adjudicated of one or 2 more of the following offenses:
- 3 (i) A class A offense, or an attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation 4 to commit a class A offense;
 - (ii) Manslaughter in the first degree (RCW 9A.32.060); or
- 6 (iii) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021), extortion in 7 the first degree (RCW 9A.56.120), kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030), robbery in the second degree (RCW 9A.56.210), 8 residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025), burglary in the second degree 9 9A.52.030), drive-by shooting (RCW 9A.36.045), vehicular 10 homicide (RCW 46.61.520), hit and run death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a)), 11 12 intimidating a witness (RCW 9A.72.110), violation of the uniform controlled substances act (RCW 69.50.401 (2)(a) and (b)), or 13 manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070), when the offense includes infliction 14 of bodily harm upon another or when during the commission or 15 immediate withdrawal from the offense the respondent was armed with a 16
- 18 (c) Ordered to serve a disposition for a firearm violation under 19 RCW 13.40.193; or
 - (d) Adjudicated of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

21 **OR**

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deadly weapon;

22 OPTION C

23 CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE

If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose a disposition under RCW 13.40.160(4) and 13.40.165.

28 **OR**

29 OPTION D

30 MANIFEST INJUSTICE

- If the court determines that a disposition under option A, B, or C would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a
- 33 disposition outside the standard range under RCW 13.40.160(2).
- 34 **Sec. 6.** RCW 13.40.160 and 2011 c 338 s 2 are each amended to 35 read as follows:
- 36 (1) The standard range disposition for a juvenile adjudicated of 37 an offense is determined according to RCW 13.40.0357.

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(a) When the court sentences an offender to a local sanction as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 option A, the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard ranges, except as provided in subsection (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section. The disposition may be comprised of one or more local sanctions.

- (b) When the court sentences an offender to a standard range as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 option A that includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement, except as provided in subsection (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section.
- (2) If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option D of RCW 13.40.0357. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

- (3) If a juvenile offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court may impose the special sex offender disposition alternative under RCW 13.40.162.
- 31 (4) If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range 32 disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and 33 has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose the 34 disposition alternative under RCW 13.40.165.
 - (5) If a juvenile is subject to a commitment of 15 to 65 weeks of confinement, the court may impose the disposition alternative under RCW 13.40.167.
- 38 (6) When the offender is subject to a standard range commitment 39 of 15 to 36 weeks and is ineligible for a suspended disposition 40 alternative, a manifest injustice disposition below the standard

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- range, special sex offender disposition alternative, chemical dependency disposition alternative, or mental health disposition alternative, the court in a county with a pilot program under RCW 13.40.169 may impose the disposition alternative under RCW 13.40.169.
- 5 (7) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(2)(a)(((iii))) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.
- 9 (8) RCW 13.40.308 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of theft of a motor vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.065, possession of a stolen motor vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.068, or taking a motor vehicle without permission in the first degree under RCW 9A.56.070((, and taking a motor vehicle without permission in the second degree under RCW 9A.56.075.))
- 15 (9) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time 16 spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional 17 order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time 18 served.
- 19 (10) Except as provided under subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6) of 20 this section, or option B of RCW 13.40.0357, or RCW 13.40.127, the 21 court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of 22 the disposition.
- 23 (11) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the 24 court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected 25 for the same offense.
- 26 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.40.210 and 2014 c 117 s 3 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

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(1) The secretary shall set a release date for each juvenile committed to its custody. The release date shall be within the prescribed range to which a juvenile has been committed under RCW 13.40.0357 or 13.40.030 except as provided in RCW 13.40.320 concerning offenders the department determines are eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program. Such dates shall be determined prior to the expiration of sixty percent of a juvenile's minimum term of confinement included within the prescribed range to which the juvenile has been committed. The secretary shall release any juvenile committed to the custody of the department within four calendar days prior to the juvenile's release date or on the release date set under this chapter. Days spent in the custody of the

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department shall be tolled by any period of time during which a juvenile has absented himself or herself from the department's supervision without the prior approval of the secretary or the secretary's designee.

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- (2) The secretary shall monitor the average daily population of the state's juvenile residential facilities. When the secretary concludes that in-residence population of residential facilities exceeds one hundred five percent of the rated bed capacity specified in statute, or in absence of such specification, as specified by the department in rule, the secretary may recommend reductions to the governor. On certification by the governor that the recommended the authority to reductions are necessary, secretary has administratively release a sufficient number of offenders to reduce in-residence population to one hundred percent of rated bed capacity. The secretary shall release those offenders who have served the greatest proportion of their sentence. However, the secretary may deny release in a particular case at the request of an offender, or if the secretary finds that there is no responsible custodian, as determined by the department, to whom to release the offender, or if the release of the offender would pose a clear danger to society. The department shall notify the committing court of the release at the time of release if any such early releases have occurred as a result of excessive in-residence population. In no event shall an offender adjudicated of a violent offense be granted release under the provisions of this subsection.
- (3)(a) Following the release of any juvenile under subsection (1) of this section, the secretary may require the juvenile to comply with a program of parole to be administered by the department in his or her community which shall last no longer than eighteen months, except that in the case of a juvenile sentenced for rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, or indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, the period of parole shall be twenty-four months and, in the discretion of the secretary, may be up to thirty-six months when the secretary finds that an additional period of parole is necessary and appropriate in the interests of public safety or to meet the ongoing needs of the juvenile. A parole program is mandatory for offenders released under subsection (2) of this section and for offenders who receive a juvenile residential commitment sentence for theft of a motor vehicle((τ)) or possession of a stolen motor

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1 vehicle((, or taking a motor vehicle without permission 1)). A juvenile adjudicated for unlawful possession of a firearm, possession 2 of a stolen firearm, theft of a firearm, or drive-by shooting may 3 participate in aggression replacement training, functional family 4 therapy, or functional family parole aftercare if the juvenile meets 5 6 eligibility requirements for these services. The decision to place an 7 offender in an evidence-based parole program shall be based on an assessment by the department of the offender's risk for reoffending 8 upon release and an assessment of the ongoing treatment needs of the juvenile. The department shall prioritize available parole resources 11 to provide supervision and services to offenders at moderate to high 12 risk for reoffending.

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(b) The secretary shall, for the period of parole, facilitate the juvenile's reintegration into his or her community and to further this goal shall require the juvenile to refrain from possessing a firearm or using a deadly weapon and refrain from committing new offenses and may require the juvenile to: (i) Undergo available medical, psychiatric, drug and alcohol, sex offender, mental health, and other offense-related treatment services; (ii) report as directed to a parole officer and/or designee; (iii) pursue a course of study, vocational training, or employment; (iv) notify the parole officer of the current address where he or she resides; (v) be present at a particular address during specified hours; (vi) remain within prescribed geographical boundaries; (vii) submit to electronic monitoring; (viii) refrain from using illegal drugs and alcohol, and submit to random urinalysis when requested by the assigned parole officer; (ix) refrain from contact with specific individuals or a specified class of individuals; (x) meet other conditions determined by the parole officer to further enhance the juvenile's reintegration into the community; (xi) pay any court-ordered fines or restitution; and (xii) perform community restitution. Community restitution for the purpose of this section means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender. Community restitution may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews.

(c) The secretary may further require up to twenty-five percent of the highest risk juvenile offenders who are placed on parole to participate in an intensive supervision program. Offenders participating in an intensive supervision program shall be required to comply with all terms and conditions listed in (b) of this

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subsection and shall also be required to comply with the following additional terms and conditions: (i) Obey all laws and refrain from any conduct that threatens public safety; (ii) report at least once a week to an assigned community case manager; and (iii) meet all other requirements imposed by the community case manager related to participating in the intensive supervision program. As a part of the intensive supervision program, the secretary may require day reporting.

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- (d) After termination of the parole period, the juvenile shall be discharged from the department's supervision.
- (4)(a) The department may also modify parole for violation thereof. If, after affording a juvenile all of the due process rights to which he or she would be entitled if the juvenile were an adult, the secretary finds that a juvenile has violated a condition of his or her parole, the secretary shall order one of the following which is reasonably likely to effectuate the purpose of the parole and to the public: (i) Continued supervision under the conditions previously imposed; (ii) intensified supervision with increased reporting requirements; (iii) additional conditions of supervision authorized by this chapter; (iv) except as provided in (a)(v) and (vi) of this subsection, imposition of a period of confinement not to exceed thirty days in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state of Washington or any city or county for a portion of each day or for a certain number of days each week with the balance of the days or weeks spent under supervision; (v) the secretary may order any of the conditions or may return the offender to confinement for the remainder of the sentence range if the offense for which the offender was sentenced is rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030; and (vi) the secretary may order any of the conditions or may return the offender to confinement for the remainder of the sentence range if the youth has completed the basic training camp program as described in RCW 13.40.320.
- (b) The secretary may modify parole and order any of the conditions or may return the offender to confinement for up to twenty-four weeks if the offender was sentenced for a sex offense as defined under RCW ((9A.44.130)) 9A.44.128 and is known to have violated the terms of parole. Confinement beyond thirty days is

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1 intended to only be used for a small and limited number of sex offenders. It shall only be used when other graduated sanctions or 2 interventions have not been effective or the behavior is so egregious 3 it warrants the use of the higher level intervention and the 4 violation: (i) Is a known pattern of behavior consistent with a 5 б previous sex offense that puts the youth at high risk for reoffending sexually; (ii) consists of sexual behavior that is determined to be 7 predatory as defined in RCW 71.09.020; or (iii) requires a review 8 under chapter 71.09 RCW, due to a recent overt act. The total number 9 of days of confinement for violations of parole conditions during the 10 11 parole period shall not exceed the number of days provided by the 12 maximum sentence imposed by the disposition for the underlying offense pursuant to RCW 13.40.0357. The department 13 shall not 14 aggregate multiple parole violations that occur prior to the parole revocation hearing and impose consecutive twenty-four week periods of 15 16 confinement for each parole violation. The department is authorized 17 to engage in rule making pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, to implement this subsection, including narrowly defining the behaviors that could 18 lead to this higher level intervention. 19

(c) If the department finds that any juvenile in a program of parole has possessed a firearm or used a deadly weapon during the program of parole, the department shall modify the parole under (a) of this subsection and confine the juvenile for at least thirty days. Confinement shall be in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state or any county.

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- (5) A parole officer of the department of social and health services shall have the power to arrest a juvenile under his or her supervision on the same grounds as a law enforcement officer would be authorized to arrest the person.
- 30 (6) If so requested and approved under chapter 13.06 RCW, the 31 secretary shall permit a county or group of counties to perform 32 functions under subsections (3) through (5) of this section.
- 33 **Sec. 8.** RCW 13.40.305 and 2007 c 199 s 12 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

If a juvenile is adjudicated of theft of a motor vehicle under RCW 9A.56.065, possession of a stolen vehicle under RCW 9A.56.068, or taking a motor vehicle without permission in the first degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.070(1)((, or taking a motor vehicle without permission in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.075(1))) and

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- 1 is sentenced to local sanctions, the juvenile's disposition shall
- 2 include an evaluation to determine whether the juvenile is in need of
- 3 community-based rehabilitation services and to complete any treatment
- 4 recommended by the evaluation.

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- 5 **Sec. 9.** RCW 13.40.308 and 2009 c 454 s 4 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - (1) If a respondent is adjudicated of taking a motor vehicle without permission in the first degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.070, the court shall impose the following minimum sentence, in addition to any restitution the court may order payable to the victim:
 - (a) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of zero to one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes no less than three months of community supervision, forty-five hours of community restitution, a two hundred dollar fine, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined to a private residence for no less than five days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days;
 - (b) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of threequarters to one and one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes six months of community supervision, no less than ten days of detention, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine; and
 - (c) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of two or more points shall be sentenced to no less than fifteen to thirty-six weeks commitment to the juvenile rehabilitation administration, four months of parole supervision, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine.
 - (2) If a respondent is adjudicated of theft of a motor vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.065, or possession of a stolen vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.068, the court shall impose the following minimum sentence, in addition to any restitution the court may order payable to the victim:
- 35 (a) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of zero to one-36 half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that 37 includes no less than three months of community supervision, 38 forty-five hours of community restitution, a two hundred dollar fine, 39 and either ninety hours of community restitution or a requirement

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that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than five days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available;

- (b) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of threequarters to one and one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes no less than six months of community supervision, no less than ten days of detention, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine; and
- (c) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of two or more points shall be sentenced to no less than fifteen to thirty-six weeks commitment to the juvenile rehabilitation administration, four months of parole supervision, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine.
- (((3) If a respondent is adjudicated of taking a motor vehicle without permission in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.075, the court shall impose a standard range as follows:
- (a) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of zero to one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes three months of community supervision, fifteen hours of community restitution, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than one day. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available;
- (b) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of three-quarters to one and one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes no less than one day of detention, three months of community supervision, thirty hours of community restitution, a one hundred fifty dollar fine, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than two days. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available; and
- (c) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of two or more points shall be sentenced to no less than three days of detention, six months of community supervision, forty-five hours of community restitution, a one hundred fifty dollar fine, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than seven days. If the juvenile is

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- 1 enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool
- days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where 2
- available.)) 3
- Sec. 10. RCW 9A.56.065 and 2007 c 199 s 2 are each amended to 4 5 read as follows:
- 6 (1) A person is quilty of theft of a motor vehicle if he or she: 7 (a) Commits theft of a motor vehicle, (b) without the permission of the owner or person entitled to possession, intentionally takes or 8 drives away any motor vehicle that is the property of another, or (c) 9 voluntarily rides in or upon a motor vehicle with knowledge of the
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- 11 fact that the motor vehicle was unlawfully taken.
- 12 (2) Theft of a motor vehicle is a class B felony.
- Sec. 11. RCW 9A.56.075 (Taking motor vehicle 13 NEW SECTION. 14 without permission in the second degree) and 2003 c 53 s 73 are each 15 repealed.

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