H-2012.1

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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1929

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By House Local Government (originally sponsored by Representatives Fitzgibbon, Stanford, and McBride; by request of Governor Inslee)

READ FIRST TIME 02/20/15.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to requiring incentives for electric vehicle
- 2 readiness in buildings; amending RCW 35.63.126, 35A.63.107, and
- 3 36.70A.695; and creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that the development of electric vehicle infrastructure is a critical step in creating jobs, fostering economic growth, reducing greenhouse gas emissions, and spurring electric vehicle usage across the state.
 - (2) Limited driving distance between battery charges is a fundamental disadvantage and obstacle to broad consumer adoption of vehicles powered by electricity. To eliminate this disadvantage and dramatically increase consumer usage of electric vehicles, it is essential that an infrastructure of convenient electric vehicle charging opportunities be developed.
- 15 (3) The legislature, therefore, intends to encourage the 16 transition from vehicles powered by petroleum-based fuels to vehicles 17 powered by electricity by expediting the establishment of a 18 convenient, cost-effective electric vehicle infrastructure.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 35.63.126 and 2009 c 459 s 9 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

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1 (1) ((By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any 2 jurisdiction:

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- (a) Adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, with a population over twenty thousand, and located in a county with a population over one million five hundred thousand; or
- (b) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a population greater than six hundred thousand; or
- 9 (c) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a state 10 capitol within its borders;
- planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
 - (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under RCW 43.31.970 occurs, whichever is later,)) (a) Except as provided otherwise by (b) of this subsection the development regulations of any ((jurisdiction)) city adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas ((except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed)).
 - (b) (a) of this subsection does not apply to natural resource lands and critical areas designated in accordance with RCW 36.70A.170.
- 31 (c) A city may adopt and apply other development regulations in 32 accordance with this chapter that do not have the effect of 33 precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas 34 where that use is allowed.
 - (((3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under RCW 43.31.970 occurs, whichever is later)) (2)(a) Except as provided by (b) of this subsection, the development regulations of any ((jurisdiction)) city planning under this chapter must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas ((except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas)).

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1 (b) (a) of this subsection does not apply to natural resource 2 lands and critical areas designated in accordance with RCW 3 36.70A.170.

- (c) A ((jurisdiction)) city may adopt and apply other development regulations in accordance with this chapter that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of ((electric vehicle infrastructure)) battery charging stations in areas where that use is allowed.
- (((4))) (3) Cities ((are authorized to)) must adopt incentive programs to encourage the fitting of new structures and the retrofitting of existing structures with the rapid charging station electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
- $((\frac{5}{}))$ (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
 - (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
 - (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
 - (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
- (((6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.))

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- **Sec. 3.** RCW 35A.63.107 and 2009 c 459 s 10 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) ((By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any 4 jurisdiction:

- (a) Adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, with a population over twenty thousand, and located in a county with a population over one million five hundred thousand; or
- 9 (b) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a 10 population greater than six hundred thousand; or
- 11 (c) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a state 12 capitol within its borders;
 - planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
 - (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under RCW 43.31.970 occurs, whichever is later)) (a) Except as provided otherwise by (b) of this subsection, the development regulations of any ((jurisdiction)) city adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas ((except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed)).
- 30 <u>(b) (a) of this subsection does not apply to natural resource</u>
 31 <u>lands and critical areas designated in accordance with RCW</u>
 32 <u>36.70A.170.</u>
 - (c) A city may adopt and apply other development regulations in accordance with this chapter that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
 - (((3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under RCW 43.31.970 occurs, whichever is later)) (2)(a) Except as provided by (b) of this subsection, the development regulations of any ((jurisdiction)) city planning under this chapter

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1 must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas ((except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas)).

- (b) (a) of this subsection does not apply to natural resource lands and critical areas designated in accordance with RCW 36.70A.170.
 - (c) A ((jurisdiction)) city may adopt and apply other development regulations in accordance with this chapter that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of ((electric vehicle infrastructure)) battery charging stations in areas where that use is allowed.
 - (((4))) (3) Cities ((are authorized to)) <u>must</u> adopt incentive programs to encourage <u>the fitting of new structures and</u> the retrofitting of existing structures with the <u>rapid charging station</u> electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
- ((+5))) (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
- 39 ((6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel

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- 1 distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010,
- 2 subsection (1) of this section is null and void.))

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- 3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.70A.695 and 2009 c 459 s 12 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 (1) ((By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any 6 jurisdiction:
- 7 (a) Adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or
 8 state route number 520, with a population over twenty thousand, and
 9 located in a county with a population over one million five hundred
 10 thousand; or
- 11 (b) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a 12 population greater than six hundred thousand; or
- (c) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a state capitol within its borders;
- planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle
 infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for
 residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may
 adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the
 effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in
 areas where that use is allowed.
 - (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under RCW 43.31.970 occurs, whichever is later)) (a) Except as provided otherwise by (b) of this subsection, the development regulations of any ((jurisdiction)) city or county adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under ((this chapter)) RCW 36.70A.040 must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas ((except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed)).
- 32 <u>(b) (a) of this subsection does not apply to natural resource</u> 33 <u>lands and critical areas designated in accordance with RCW</u> 34 <u>36.70A.170</u>.
- 35 (c) A city or county may adopt and apply other development 36 regulations in accordance with this chapter that do not have the 37 effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in 38 areas where that use is allowed.

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(((3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under RCW 43.31.970 occurs, whichever is later)) (2)(a) Except as provided by (b) of this subsection, the development regulations of any ((jurisdiction)) city or county planning under ((this chapter)) RCW 36.70A.040 must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas ((except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas)).

- 8 <u>(b) (a) of this subsection does not apply to natural resource</u>
 9 <u>lands and critical areas designated in accordance with RCW</u>
 10 <u>36.70A.170.</u>
 - (c) A ((jurisdiction)) city or county may adopt and apply other development regulations in accordance with this chapter that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of ((electric vehicle infrastructure)) battery charging stations in areas where that use is allowed.
 - ((4))) (3) Cities ((are authorized to)) must adopt incentive programs to encourage the fitting of new structures and the retrofitting of existing structures with the rapid charging station electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
 - (((+5+))) (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
 - (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.
 - (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- 39 (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical 40 outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle

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batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 19.27.540.

((6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.))

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