

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 6080

As Reported by Senate Committee On:
Ways & Means, April 9, 2015

Title: An act relating to financing public school facilities necessary to support state-funded all-day kindergarten and class size reduction in kindergarten through third grade.

Brief Description: Financing public school facilities necessary to support state-funded all-day kindergarten and class size reduction in kindergarten through third grade.

Sponsors: Senators Dammeier, Keiser, Honeyford, Conway and Pedersen.

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Ways & Means: 3/19/15, 4/08/15, 4/09/15 [DPS, w/oRec].

SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS & MEANS

Majority Report: That Substitute Senate Bill No. 6080 be substituted therefor, and the substitute bill do pass.

Signed by Senators Braun, Vice Chair; Dammeier, Vice Chair; Honeyford, Vice Chair, Capital Budget Chair; Hargrove, Ranking Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Member on the Capital Budget; Ranker, Ranking Minority Member, Operating; Bailey, Becker, Billig, Brown, Conway, Fraser, Hewitt, O'Ban, Parlette, Rolfes, Schoesler and Warnick.

Minority Report: That it be referred without recommendation.

Signed by Senators Hasegawa, Kohl-Welles and Padden.

Staff: Brian Sims (786-7431)

Background: The state Legislature enacted class-size reduction goals to reach one teacher to 17 students in kindergarten through third grade (K-3) by the 2017-18 school year. A potential barrier to reaching the intent of those class-size reduction objectives is a shortage of classrooms.

The school construction assistance program (SCAP) provides school districts with financial assistance to expand and modernize school facilities. The amount of financial assistance is based on a formula that considers the amount of square feet needed for the number of students in elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools; multiplied by an assumed cost per square foot for construction; multiplied by a state fund matching rate. The SCAP

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match rate depends on the relative value of assessed property in the district per student. SCAP only funds permanent school buildings, not portables.

The state Constitution authorizes school districts to issue bonds for the purpose of constructing schools. Schools are owned, designed, constructed, and maintained by local school districts. Authorization of general obligation bonds require a 60 percent majority vote.

Summary of Bill (Recommended Substitute): To help school districts expand the number of classrooms in support of the K–3 class-size reduction objective, \$280 million in general obligation bonds are authorized and appropriated.

The K–3 class-size reduction grants are determined by a four-step process:

- A verified count of necessary added classrooms in a district must be complete;
- If the number of needed classrooms is 12 or more, it is assumed that the added classrooms are provided by constructing a new school. If fewer than 12 classrooms are needed, it is assumed that the additional classrooms are provided with modular or portable classroom additions;
- The state grant amount must be calculated. If a new school is required, the cost is calculated at \$615,083 per added classroom. If modular or portable classroom additions are required, the cost is estimated at \$210,000 per classroom. These amounts are in 2014 dollars and are inflated based on inflation rates assumed in the SCAP budget. The state match rate is the SCAP match rate plus 20 percent of the district's rate of free and reduced school lunch students; and
- The school district must be ready to proceed, and the Office of Financial Management must confirm the grant calculations prepared by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction before K–3 class-size reduction grants can be awarded.

The K–3 class-size reduction grant program expires July 1, 2023.

EFFECT OF CHANGES MADE BY WAYS & MEANS COMMITTEE (Recommended Substitute): The calculation of elementary classrooms is expanded to consider grades four through six. The maximum cost of a classroom is increased. Changes are made to the bond appropriation language at the request of the Office of the State Treasurer.

Appropriation: \$240 million on State Building Construction Account bonds.

Fiscal Note: Available on original.

Committee/Commission/Task Force Created: No.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause and takes effect immediately.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony on Original Bill: PRO: This bill does not provide enough funding to address the needed 33 new schools in Seattle. The current site capacity in the Seattle school district will not allow for portable classrooms. This bill is much improved and will provide 2000 classrooms statewide. It is appreciated that the life expectancy of portable classrooms was added to the consideration of future eligible space in the SCAP.

Consideration should be made to not include classrooms less than 800 square feet that were not designed to be used as a classroom for 17 students and to not include bilingual classrooms in the school-wide count of classrooms.

OTHER: There is support for the needed capital space to align with the policy enhancements in the operating budget. Adding the poverty factor to the school district match percentage will help some school districts, but there is concern that school districts that cannot pass a bond will be shut out of the program. There is continued concern about the use of portables in this program.

Persons Testifying: PRO: Marie Sullivan, Pasco School District; Eden Mack, WA State PTA, Seattle Council PTSA; Mitch Denning, Alliance of Educational Assns.; Ken Kanikeberg, Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

OTHER: Dan Steele, WA Assn. of School Administrators.

Persons Signed in to Testify But Not Testifying: No one.