Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

State Government Committee

HB 2852

Brief Description: Establishing standards for election data and reporting.

Sponsors: Representatives Hudgins, S. Hunt and Stanford.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires county auditors to make ballot counting records available to the public at the time they are counted.
- Directs the Secretary of State to develop statewide standards for county election data maintenance and reporting.

Hearing Date: 2/3/16

Staff: Sean Flynn (786-7124).

Background:

The county auditor conducts all general and elections within the county and is responsible for processing ballots. The county auditor maintains certain records and reports regarding election activities.

Voter registration records. The county auditor retains records on the maintenance of voter registration lists and the implementation of programs and activities conducted to ensure voter accuracy and eligibility.

Ballot records. The county auditor must maintain records of all ballots issued and returned. Upon request, the county auditor must provide a list of all registered voters who have or have not voted.

Canvassing tabulation results. The county auditor must make tabulation results available immediately upon completion of the canvassing of votes. The county auditor must canvass votes

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daily during a primary or general election in counties with a population over 75,000 people, and at least every third day in smaller counties.

Cumulative election abstract. The county auditor must prepare an abstract of the number of registered voters and all votes cast in each precinct immediately after the official results are made in a primary or general election. The cumulative report of all precincts must be submitted to the Secretary of State (SOS).

Reconciliation reports. An election reconciliation report must be prepared by the county auditor and submitted at the time of the election certification. The county auditor must make the report available on the auditor's website. The report must data including: the number of registered voters; the number of ballots issued, received, counted, and rejected, including provisional, federal write-in and overseas ballots; and the number of voters credited with voting.

Summary of Bill:

The county auditor must make records of ballots counted and rejected available to the public at the end of each day the auditor has processed ballots during and after an election.

The SOS must develop statewide data and reporting standards for how election data is maintained and reported by county auditors. The SOS may convene a workgroup with county auditors and other stakeholders to evaluate county election data collection and maintenance and to recommend improvements for election data reporting.

The statewide standards should be developed with a goal of improving: the types and use of data files; public access to election data related voter ballots issued and returned, tabulation results, and reconciliation reports; and data compilation from all counties for research and analysis. The statewide standards must be made public and include ongoing analysis whether counties are in compliance.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on 02/01/16.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.