

FINAL BILL REPORT

HB 1168

C 75 L 15
Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Correcting restrictions on collecting a pension in the public employees' retirement system for retirees returning to work in an ineligible position or a position covered by a different state retirement system.

Sponsors: Representatives Ormsby, Chandler, Sullivan and Tarleton; by request of Select Committee on Pension Policy.

House Committee on Appropriations
Senate Committee on Ways & Means

Background:

The various plans of the Washington State Retirement System each contain rules prescribing the circumstances under which a retired employee may return to employment within a retirement- system-covered position and continue to receive retirement benefits.

The 2011 Legislature passed Engrossed Substitute House Bill (ESHB) 1981 (Chapter 47, Laws of 2011, 1st sp.s), which made numerous changes to the rules under which a retired employee may return to employment from the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) in particular provisions allowing PERS and TRS Plan 1 members to work for up to 1,500 hours per year for three years (or certain part-time equivalents) without suspension of retirement benefits were eliminated.

Prior to the passage of ESHB 1981, retirees from the Plans 2 or 3 of PERS, TRS, the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), or the Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) who have been separated from service for one calendar month after their accrual date may work in a retirement-eligible position for up to 867 hours per calendar year without a reduction in pension benefits.

An eligible position for purposes of the state retirement systems is generally one in which retirement benefits can be earned by an employee, unless there is some individual restriction on benefits eligibility, such as already being retired, or the employee is stopped from membership due to prior service earned in another state-administered retirement plan.

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1981 removed the 867-hour option for PERS Plans 2/3 members who return to work in other systems (e.g. TRS, SERS, etc.), meaning these retirees will experience an immediate suspension of benefits so long as they continue working. The PERS retirees who return to work in PERS-covered positions may continue to work up to 867 hours per year without a suspension of benefits. Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1981 also applied the 867-hour limit to PERS retirees working in ineligible positions.

The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS) reports that it is not administering the changes made to the PERS Plans 2 and 3 benefits as they apply to members who return to work in other systems or return in ineligible positions.

Summary:

The PERS retirees who return to work in positions covered by other DRS-administered retirement systems will continue to receive retirement benefits for the first 867 hours of employment per calendar year. The application of the 867-hour return-to-work rules to PERS retirees is applied only to retirees hired into retirement benefits-eligible positions.

Votes on Final Passage:

House	98	0
Senate	45	0

Effective: July 24, 2015