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E2SHB 2136 - S COMM AMD By Committee on Ways & Means

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "PART I

Intent and Tax Preference Performance Statement

Sec. 101. NEW SECTION. (1)(a) The legislature finds the implementation of Initiative Measure No. 502 has established a clearly disadvantaged regulated legal market with respect to prices and the ability to compete with the unregulated medical dispensary market and the illicit market. The legislature further finds that it crucial that the state continues to ensure a safe, regulated system in Washington that protects valuable state revenues while continuing efforts towards disbanding the unregulated marijuana markets. The legislature further finds that ongoing evaluation on the impact of meaningful marijuana tax reform for the purpose stabilizing revenues is crucial to the overall effort of protecting the citizens and resources of this state. The legislature further finds that a partnership with local jurisdictions in this effort is imperative to the success of the legislature's policy objective. The legislature further finds that sharing revenues to promote successful partnership in achieving the legislature's intent should be transparent and hold local jurisdictions accountable for their use of state shared revenues. Therefore, the legislature intends to reform the current tax structure for the regulated legal marijuana system to create price parity with the large medical and illicit markets with the specific objective of increasing the market share of the legal and highly regulated marijuana market. The legislature further intends to share marijuana tax with local revenues jurisdictions for public safety purposes and to facilitate the ongoing process of ensuring a safe regulated marijuana market in all communities across the state.

(b) The legislature further finds marijuana use for qualifying patients is a valid and necessary option health care professionals may recommend for their patients. The legislature further finds that

- while recognizing the difference between recreational and medical use 1 of marijuana, it is also imperative to distinguish that the 2 authorization for medical use of marijuana is different from a valid 3 prescription provided by a doctor to a patient. The legislature 4 further finds the authorization for medical use of marijuana is 5 6 unlike over-the-counter medications that require no oversight by a 7 health care professional. The legislature further finds that due to the unique characterization of authorizations for the medical use of 8 marijuana, the policy of providing a tax preference benefit for 9 patients using an authorization should in no way be construed as 10 11 precedent for changes in the treatment of prescription medications or 12 over-the-counter medications. Therefore, the legislature intends to provide qualifying patients and their designated providers a retail 13 14 sales and use tax exemption on marijuana purchased or obtained for medical use when authorized by a health care professional. 15
 - (2)(a) This subsection is the tax preference performance statement for the retail sales and use tax exemption for marijuana purchased or obtained by qualifying patients or their designated providers provided in sections 208(1) and 209(1) of this act. The performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preference. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.
- 24 (b) The legislature categorizes the tax preference as one 25 intended to accomplish the general purposes indicated in RCW 26 82.32.808(2)(e).
 - (c) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to provide qualifying patients and their designated providers a retail sales and use tax exemption on marijuana purchased or obtained for medical use when authorized by a health care professional.
 - (d) To measure the effectiveness of the exemption provided in this act in achieving the specific public policy objective described in (c) of this subsection, the department of revenue must provide the necessary data and assistance to the state liquor and cannabis board for the report required in RCW 69.50.535.

36 PART II

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Marijuana Excise Tax, Exemptions, and Distribution of Revenues

1 **Sec. 201.** RCW 69.50.334 and 2013 c 3 s 7 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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- (1) The action, order, or decision of the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board as to any denial of an application for the reissuance of a license to produce, process, or sell marijuana, or as to any revocation, suspension, or modification of any license to produce, process, or sell marijuana, ((shall)) or as to the administrative review of a notice of unpaid trust fund taxes under section 202 of this act, must be an adjudicative proceeding and subject to the applicable provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (2) An opportunity for a hearing may be provided to an applicant for the reissuance of a license prior to the disposition of the application, and if no opportunity for a prior hearing is provided then an opportunity for a hearing to reconsider the application must be provided the applicant.
- 16 $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (3) An opportunity for a hearing must be provided to a 17 licensee prior to a revocation or modification of any license and, 18 except as provided in subsection $((\frac{(4)}{(4)}))$ (6) of this section, prior 19 to the suspension of any license.
- 20 (((3))) (4) An opportunity for a hearing must be provided to any 21 person issued a notice of unpaid trust fund taxes under section 202 22 of this act.
 - (5) No hearing ((shall)) may be required under this section until demanded by the applicant ((or)), licensee, or person issued a notice of unpaid trust fund taxes under section 202 of this act.
 - ((4))) (6) The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may summarily suspend a license for a period of up to one hundred eighty days without a prior hearing if it finds that public health, safety, or welfare imperatively require emergency action, and it incorporates a finding to that effect in its order. Proceedings for revocation or action must be promptly instituted and determined. administrative law judge may extend the summary suspension period for up to one calendar year from the first day of the initial summary suspension in the event the proceedings for revocation or other action cannot be completed during the initial one hundred eighty-day period due to actions by the licensee. The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board's enforcement division shall complete a preliminary staff investigation of the violation before requesting an emergency suspension by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW under the subchapter heading "article V" to read as follows:

- (1) Whenever the board determines that a limited liability business entity has collected trust fund taxes and has failed to remit those taxes to the board and that business entity has been terminated, dissolved, or abandoned, or is insolvent, the board may pursue collection of the entity's unpaid trust fund taxes, including penalties on those taxes, against any or all of the responsible individuals. For purposes of this subsection, "insolvent" means the condition that results when the sum of the entity's debts exceeds the fair market value of its assets. The board may presume that an entity is insolvent if the entity refuses to disclose to the board the nature of its assets and liabilities.
- (2)(a) For a responsible individual who is the current or a former chief executive or chief financial officer, liability under this section applies regardless of fault or whether the individual was or should have been aware of the unpaid trust fund tax liability of the limited liability business entity.
- (b) For any other responsible individual, liability under this section applies only if he or she willfully failed to pay or to cause to be paid to the board the trust fund taxes due from the limited liability business entity.
- (3)(a) Except as provided in this subsection (3)(a), a responsible individual who is the current or a former chief executive or chief financial officer is liable under this section only for trust fund tax liability accrued during the period that he or she was the chief executive or chief financial officer. However, if the responsible individual had the responsibility or duty to remit payment of the limited liability business entity's trust fund taxes to the board during any period of time that the person was not the chief executive or chief financial officer, that individual is also liable for trust fund tax liability that became due during the period that he or she had the duty to remit payment of the limited liability business entity's taxes to the board but was not the chief executive or chief financial officer.
- (b) All other responsible individuals are liable under this section only for trust fund tax liability that became due during the period he or she had the responsibility or duty to remit payment of the limited liability business entity's taxes to the board.

- 1 (4) Persons described in subsection (3)(b) of this section are 2 exempt from liability under this section in situations where 3 nonpayment of the limited liability business entity's trust fund 4 taxes was due to reasons beyond their control as determined by the 5 board by rule.
 - (5) Any person having been issued a notice of unpaid trust fund taxes under this section is entitled to an administrative hearing under RCW 69.50.334 and any such rules the board may adopt.
 - (6) This section does not relieve the limited liability business entity of its trust fund tax liability or otherwise impair other tax collection remedies afforded by law.
 - (7) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Board" means the state liquor and cannabis board.

- (b) "Chief executive" means: The president of a corporation or for other entities or organizations other than corporations or if the corporation does not have a president as one of its officers, the highest ranking executive manager or administrator in charge of the management of the company or organization.
- (c) "Chief financial officer" means: The treasurer of a corporation or for entities or organizations other than corporations or if a corporation does not have a treasurer as one of its officers, the highest senior manager who is responsible for overseeing the financial activities of the entire company or organization.
- (d) "Limited liability business entity" means a type of business entity that generally shields its owners from personal liability for the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the entity, or a business entity that is managed or owned in whole or in part by an entity that generally shields its owners from personal liability for the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the entity. Limited liability business entities include corporations, limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, trusts, general partnerships and joint ventures in which one or more of the partners or parties are also limited liability business entities, and limited partnerships in which one or more of the general partners are also limited liability business entities.
 - (e) "Manager" has the same meaning as in RCW 25.15.005.
- 38 (f) "Member" has the same meaning as in RCW 25.15.005, except 39 that the term only includes members of member-managed limited 40 liability companies.

- 1 (g) "Officer" means any officer or assistant officer of a 2 corporation, including the president, vice president, secretary, and 3 treasurer.
- 4 (h)(i) "Responsible individual" includes any current or former 5 officer, manager, member, partner, or trustee of a limited liability 6 business entity with unpaid trust fund tax liability.

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- (ii) "Responsible individual" also includes any current or former employee or other individual, but only if the individual had the responsibility or duty to remit payment of the limited liability business entity's unpaid trust fund tax liability.
- 11 (iii) Whenever any taxpayer has one or more limited liability 12 business entities as a member, manager, or partner, "responsible individual" also includes any current and former officers, members, 13 or managers of the limited liability business entity or entities or 14 of any other limited liability business entity involved directly in 15 16 the management of the taxpayer. For purposes of this subsection 17 (7)(h)(iii), "taxpayer" means a limited liability business entity 18 with unpaid trust fund taxes.
- 19 (i) "Trust fund taxes" means taxes collected from buyers and 20 deemed held in trust under RCW 69.50.535.
- 21 (j) "Willfully failed to pay or to cause to be paid" means that 22 the failure was the result of an intentional, conscious, and 23 voluntary course of action.
- 24 **Sec. 203.** RCW 69.50.357 and 2014 c 192 s 4 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
 - (1) Retail outlets ((shall sell no)) may not sell products or services other than marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or paraphernalia intended for the storage or use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products.
- (2) Licensed marijuana retailers ((shall)) may not employ persons under twenty-one years of age or allow persons under twenty-one years of age to enter or remain on the premises of a retail outlet.
- 34 (3) Licensed marijuana retailers ((shall)) may not display any
 35 signage ((in a window, on a door, or on the outside of the premises
 36 of a retail outlet that is visible to the general public from a
 37 public right-of-way, other than a single sign no larger than one
 38 thousand six hundred square inches identifying the retail outlet by
 39 the licensee's business or trade name.

1 (4) Licensed marijuana retailers shall not display useable 2 marijuana or marijuana-infused products in a manner that is visible 3 to the general public from a public right-of-way.

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- (5)) outside of the licensed premises, other than two signs identifying the retail outlet by the licensee's business or trade name. Each sign must be no larger than one thousand six hundred square inches, be permanently affixed to a building or other structure, and be posted not less than one thousand feet from any elementary school, secondary school, or playground.
- 10 <u>(4)</u> No licensed marijuana retailer or employee of a retail outlet ((shall)) may open or consume, or allow to be opened or consumed, any marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused product on the outlet premises.
- $((\frac{(+)}{(+)}))$ (5) The state liquor $((\frac{(+)}{(+)}))$ and cannabis board $((\frac{(+)}{(+)}))$ must fine a licensee one thousand dollars for each violation of any subsection of this section. Fines collected under this section must be deposited into the dedicated marijuana $((\frac{(+)}{(+)}))$ account created under RCW 69.50.530.
- 19 **Sec. 204.** RCW 69.50.369 and 2013 c 3 s 18 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) No licensed marijuana producer, processor, <u>researcher</u>, or retailer ((shall)) <u>may</u> place or maintain, or cause to be placed or maintained, an advertisement of marijuana, useable marijuana, <u>marijuana concentrates</u>, or a marijuana-infused product in any form or through any medium whatsoever:
 - (a) Within one thousand feet of the perimeter of a school grounds, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, or library, or any game arcade admission to which is not restricted to persons aged twenty-one years or older;
- 30 (b) On or in a public transit vehicle or public transit shelter; 31 or
- 32 (c) On or in a publicly owned or operated property.
- 33 (2) Merchandising within a retail outlet is not advertising for 34 the purposes of this section.
- 35 (3) This section does not apply to a noncommercial message.
- 36 (4) The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall))
 37 must fine a licensee one thousand dollars for each violation of
 38 subsection (1) of this section. Fines collected under this subsection

- 1 must be deposited into the dedicated marijuana ((fund)) account created under RCW 69.50.530. 2
- **Sec. 205.** RCW 69.50.535 and 2014 c 192 s 7 are each amended to 3 read as follows: 4

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- (1) ((There is levied and collected a marijuana excise tax equal to twenty-five percent of the selling price on each wholesale sale in this state of marijuana by a licensed marijuana producer to a licensed marijuana processor or another licensed marijuana producer. This tax is the obligation of the licensed marijuana producer.
- (2) There is levied and collected a marijuana excise tax equal to twenty-five percent of the selling price on each wholesale sale in this state of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and 12 marijuana-infused products by a licensed marijuana processor to a 13 licensed marijuana retailer. This tax is the obligation of the 14 licensed marijuana processor. 15
 - (3))) (a) There is levied and collected a marijuana excise tax equal to ((twenty-five)) thirty-seven percent of the selling price on each retail sale in this state of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products. This tax is ((the obligation of the licensed marijuana retailer, is)) separate and in addition to general state and local sales and use taxes that apply to retail sales of tangible personal property, and is not part of the total retail price to which general state and local sales and use taxes apply. The tax must be separately itemized from the state and local retail sales tax on the sales receipt provided to the buyer.
 - (b) The tax levied in this section must be reflected in the price <u>list or quoted shelf price in the licensed marijuana retail store and</u> in any advertising that includes prices for all useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products.
 - (((4))) (2) All revenues collected from the marijuana excise ((taxes)) tax imposed under ((subsections (1) through (3) of)) this section ((shall)) must be deposited each day in ((a depository approved by the state treasurer and transferred to the state treasurer to be credited to)) the dedicated marijuana ((fund)) account.
 - (((5))) (3) The ((state liquor control board shall)) tax imposed in this section must be paid by the buyer to the seller. Each seller must collect from the buyer the full amount of the tax payable on each taxable sale. The tax collected as required by this section is

- 1 <u>deemed to be held in trust by the seller until paid to the board. If</u>
- 2 any seller fails to collect the tax imposed in this section or,
- 3 having collected the tax, fails to pay it as prescribed by the board,
- 4 whether such failure is the result of the seller's own acts or the
- 5 result of acts or conditions beyond the seller's control, the seller
- 6 <u>is, nevertheless, personally liable to the state for the amount of</u>
- 7 the tax.

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- 8 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 9 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Board" means the state liquor and cannabis board.
 - (b) "Retail sale" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.010.
- (c) "Selling price" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.010,
 except that when product is sold under circumstances where the total
 amount of consideration paid for the product is not indicative of its
 true value, "selling price" means the true value of the product sold
- 16 <u>as determined or agreed to by the board.</u>
- 17 <u>(d) "Product" means marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable</u> 18 <u>marijuana, and marijuana-infused products.</u>
- 19 <u>(e) "True value" means market value based on sales at comparable</u>
 20 <u>locations in this state of the same or similar product of like</u>
 21 <u>quality and character sold under comparable conditions of sale to</u>
 22 <u>comparable purchasers. However, in the absence of such sales of the</u>
 23 <u>same or similar product, true value means the value of the product</u>
 24 sold as determined by all of the seller's direct and indirect costs
- 25 attributable to the product.
 - (5)(a) The board must regularly review the tax level((\$\sigma)\$) established under this section and make recommendations, in consultation with the department of revenue, to the legislature as appropriate regarding adjustments that would further the goal of discouraging use while undercutting illegal market prices.
- 31 (b) The state liquor and cannabis board must report, in 32 compliance with RCW 43.01.036, to the appropriate committees of the 33 legislature every two years. The report at a minimum must include the 34 following:
- 35 <u>(i) The specific recommendations required under (a) of this</u> 36 <u>subsection;</u>
- 37 (ii) A comparison of gross sales and tax collections prior to and 38 after any marijuana tax change;
- 39 <u>(iii) The increase or decrease in the volume of legal marijuana</u> 40 sold prior to and after any marijuana tax change;

- 1 <u>(iv) Increases or decreases in the number of licensed marijuana</u> 2 producers, processors, and retailers;
- 3 <u>(v) The number of illegal and noncompliant marijuana outlets the</u> 4 <u>board requires to be closed;</u>
- 5 (vi) Gross marijuana sales and tax collections in Oregon; and
- 6 (vii) The total amount of reported sales and use taxes exempted
- 7 for qualifying patients. The department of revenue must provide the
- 8 data of exempt amounts to the board.

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- 9 <u>(c) The board is not required to report to the legislature as</u>
 10 required in (b) of this subsection after January 1, 2025.
- 11 **Sec. 206.** RCW 69.50.540 and 2013 c 3 s 28 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- ((All marijuana excise taxes collected from sales of marijuana, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products under RCW 69.50.535, and the license fees, penalties, and forfeitures derived under chapter 3, Laws of 2013 from marijuana producer, marijuana processor, and marijuana retailer licenses shall every three months be disbursed by the state liquor control board as follows:
- 19 (1)) The legislature must annually appropriate moneys in the 20 dedicated marijuana account created in RCW 69.50.530 as follows:
 - (1) For the purposes listed in this subsection (1), the legislature must appropriate to the respective agencies amounts sufficient to make the following expenditures on a quarterly basis:
 - (a) One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars to the department of social and health services to design and administer the Washington state healthy youth survey, analyze the collected data, and produce reports, in collaboration with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, department of health, department of commerce, family policy council, and state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board. The survey ((shall)) must be conducted at least every two years and include questions regarding, but not necessarily limited to, academic achievement, age at time of substance use initiation, antisocial behavior of friends, attitudes toward antisocial behavior, attitudes toward substance use, laws and community norms regarding antisocial behavior, family conflict, family management, parental attitudes toward substance use, peer rewarding of antisocial behavior, perceived risk of substance use, and rebelliousness. Funds disbursed under this subsection may be used to expand administration

of the healthy youth survey to student populations attending institutions of higher education in Washington;

- $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (b) Fifty thousand dollars to the department of social and health services for the purpose of contracting with the Washington state institute for public policy to conduct the costbenefit evaluation and produce the reports described in RCW 69.50.550. This appropriation $((\frac{\text{shall}}{(2)}))$ ends after production of the final report required by RCW 69.50.550;
- $((\frac{3}{2}))$ (c) Five thousand dollars to the University of Washington alcohol and drug abuse institute for the creation, maintenance, and timely updating of web-based public education materials providing medically and scientifically accurate information about the health and safety risks posed by marijuana use;
- ((4)) (d) An amount not ((exceeding)) less than one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the state liquor $((eontrol\ board\ as\ is\ necessary\ for\ administration\ of\ chapter\ 3$, Laws of 2013;
- (5) Of the funds remaining after the disbursements identified in subsections (1) through (4) of this section)) and cannabis board for administration of this chapter as appropriated in the omnibus appropriations act;
- (e) Twenty-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars to the department of enterprise services provided solely for the state building code council established under RCW 19.27.070, to develop and adopt fire and building code provisions related to marijuana processing and extraction facilities. The distribution under this subsection (1)(e) is for fiscal year 2016 only;
- (2) From the amounts in the dedicated marijuana account after appropriation of the amounts identified in subsection (1) of this section, the legislature must appropriate for the purposes listed in this subsection (2) as follows:
- (a) ((Fifteen percent)) (i) Up to fifteen percent, but at least five million one hundred sixty-six thousand dollars annually, to the department of social and health services division of behavioral health and recovery for ((implementation and maintenance)) the development, implementation, maintenance, and evaluation of programs and practices aimed at the prevention or reduction of maladaptive substance use, substance-use disorder, substance abuse or substance dependence, as these terms are defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, among middle school and high school age students, whether as an explicit goal of a given program

or practice or as a consistently corresponding effect of its implementation, mental health services for children and youth, and services for pregnant and parenting women; PROVIDED, That:

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- ((\(\frac{(i)}{(i)}\)) (A) Of the funds ((\(\frac{disbursed}{disbursed}\))) appropriated under (a)(i) of this subsection for new programs and new services, at least eighty-five percent must be directed to evidence-based ((\(\frac{and cost-beneficial}{display}\))) or research-based programs and practices that produce objectively measurable results and, by September 1, 2020, are cost-beneficial; and
- 10 (((ii))) (B) Up to fifteen percent of the funds ((disbursed))
 11 appropriated under (a)(i) of this subsection for new programs and new
 12 services may be directed to ((research-based and)) proven and tested
 13 practices, emerging best practices, or promising practices.
 - (ii) In deciding which programs and practices to fund, the secretary of the department of social and health services ((shall)) must consult, at least annually, with the University of Washington's social development research group and the University of Washington's alcohol and drug abuse institute;
- 19 (b) ((Ten percent)) <u>Up to ten percent</u>, <u>but at least three million</u> 20 <u>four hundred forty-four thousand dollars annually</u>, to the department 21 of health for the <u>following</u>:
- (i) Creation, implementation, operation, and management of a marijuana education and public health program that contains the following:
 - ((\(\frac{(i)}{i}\))) (A) A marijuana use public health hotline that provides referrals to substance abuse treatment providers, utilizes evidence-based or research-based public health approaches to minimizing the harms associated with marijuana use, and does not solely advocate an abstinence-only approach;
 - ((\(\frac{\((\frac{\((\)}{\)}\))}{\((\)}\)) A grants program for local health departments or other local community agencies that supports development and implementation of coordinated intervention strategies for the prevention and reduction of marijuana use by youth; and
- ((\(\frac{\((\(\frac{\(\)}{\(\)}\))}{\(\)}\)) (C) Media-based education campaigns across television, internet, radio, print, and out-of-home advertising, separately targeting youth and adults, that provide medically and scientifically accurate information about the health and safety risks posed by marijuana use; and
 - (ii) The Washington poison control center;

(c) ((Six-tenths of one percent to the University of Washington and four-tenths of one percent)) Up to six-tenths of one percent, but at least two hundred six thousand dollars annually to the University of Washington, and up to four-tenths of one percent, but at least one hundred thirty-eight thousand dollars annually, to Washington State University for research on the short and long-term effects of marijuana use, to include but not be limited to formal and informal methods for estimating and measuring intoxication and impairment, and for the dissemination of such research;

- (d) ((Fifty percent to the state basic health plan trust account)) Up to fifty percent, but at least seventeen million two hundred nineteen thousand dollars annually, to be administered by the Washington basic health plan administrator and used as provided under chapter 70.47 RCW;
- (e) ((Five percent)) Up to five percent, but at least one million seven hundred twenty-two thousand dollars annually, to the Washington state health care authority to be expended exclusively through contracts with community health centers to provide primary health and dental care services, migrant health services, and maternity health care services as provided under RCW 41.05.220;
- (f) ((Three-tenths of one percent)) Up to three-tenths of one percent, but at least one hundred three thousand dollars annually, to the office of the superintendent of public instruction to fund grants to building bridges programs under chapter 28A.175 RCW; ((and))
- (g) ((The remainder to the general fund.)) Up to one million eight hundred thousand dollars annually to the department of commerce provided solely for community mobilization purposes as identified in RCW 43.270.020, subject to the amounts appropriated by the legislature for this purpose; and
- (h) At the end of each fiscal year, the treasurer must transfer any amounts in the dedicated marijuana account that are not appropriated pursuant to subsection (1) of this section and this subsection (2) into the general fund, except as provided in (h)(i) of this subsection (2).
- (i) Beginning in fiscal year 2018 and each year thereafter, if marijuana excise tax collections deposited into the general fund in the prior fiscal year exceed twenty-five million dollars, then each fiscal year the legislature must appropriate an amount equal to thirty percent of all marijuana excise taxes deposited into the

general fund the prior fiscal year to the treasurer for distribution
to counties, cities, and towns as follows:

- (A) Thirty percent must be distributed to counties, cities, and towns where licensed marijuana retailers are physically located. Each jurisdiction must receive a share of the revenue distribution under this subsection (2)(h)(i)(A) based on the proportional share of the total revenues generated in the individual jurisdiction from the taxes collected under RCW 69.50.535, from licensed marijuana retailers physically located in each jurisdiction. For purposes of this subsection (2)(h)(i)(A), one hundred percent of the proportional amount attributed to a retailer physically located in a city or town must be distributed to the city or town.
- (B) Seventy percent must be distributed to counties, cities, and towns ratably on a per capita basis. Counties must receive sixty percent of the distribution, which shall be disbursed based on each county's total proportional population, including the population within incorporated cities and towns, and cities and towns must receive forty percent of this distribution, which must be based on each city or town's total proportional population. Funds may only be distributed to jurisdictions that do not prohibit the siting of any state licensed marijuana producer, processor, or retailer; except for counties that prohibit the siting of any state licensed marijuana producer, processor, or retailer, but have cities or towns within the county which contain marijuana retail stores, such counties must receive twenty percent of the funds they would otherwise receive if they did not prohibit the siting of marijuana producers, processors, or retailers.
- 28 <u>(ii) Distribution amounts allocated to each county, city, and</u>
 29 <u>town must be distributed in four installments by the last day of each</u>
 30 fiscal quarter.
- (iii) By September 15th of each year, the state liquor and cannabis board must provide the state treasurer the annual distribution amount, if any, for each county and city as determined in (h)(i) of this subsection (2).
- (iv) The total share of marijuana excise tax revenues distributed to counties and cities in (h)(i) of this subsection (2) may not exceed fifteen million dollars per fiscal year through June 30, 2019, and may not exceed twenty million dollars per fiscal year thereafter.

- 1 For the purposes of this section, "marijuana products" means
- 2 <u>"useable marijuana," "marijuana concentrates," and "marijuana-infused</u>
- 3 products" as those terms are defined in RCW 69.50.101.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 207.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50 5 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee must provide 6 a report to the fiscal committees of the state legislature analyzing 7 incremental cost of legalization of marijuana 8 jurisdictions by January 31, 2021. The committee may rely on data 9 10 provided by local jurisdictions in subsection (2) of this section, along with data from the state liquor and cannabis board, the state 11 treasurer, and the state auditor for the report. The report must 12 include at a minimum the following information: 13
- 14 (a) The amount of marijuana tax revenues expended for: (i)
 15 General government purposes; (ii) public safety purposes; and (iii)
 16 specific costs associated with the licensing and siting of marijuana
 17 businesses;
- 18 (b) The number and type of marijuana-related calls for service 19 and arrests by jurisdiction; and
- 20 (c) The number and type of liquor and other drug-related calls 21 for service and arrests by jurisdiction.
- (2) All counties, and cities with a population greater than twenty thousand, receiving more than ten thousand dollars in marijuana excise tax revenue under RCW 69.50.540, must provide the joint legislative audit and review committee a report that includes the information listed in subsection (1) of this section by January 31, 2016, and every subsequent January 31st, until January 31, 2020.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:
- 30 (1) Beginning July 1, 2016, the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does 31 not apply to:
- 32 (a) Sales of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.--- (section 10, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))) to be beneficial for medical use, by marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements to qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards;

- 1 (b) Sales of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 2 0.3 percent or less to qualifying patients or designated providers 3 who have been issued recognition cards by marijuana retailers with 4 medical marijuana endorsements;
- 5 (c) Sales of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or 6 marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health 7 under RCW 69.50.--- (section 10, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))) to have a low THC, high CBD ratio, and to be 9 beneficial for medical use, by marijuana retailers with medical 10 marijuana endorsements, to any person;
- (d) Sales of topical, noningestible products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by health care professionals under RCW 69.51A.--- (section 35, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15)));
- (e)(i) Marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less produced by a cooperative and provided to its members; and
- (ii) Any nonmonetary resources and labor contributed by an individual member of the cooperative in which the individual is a member. However, nothing in this subsection (1)(e) may be construed to exempt the individual members of a cooperative from the tax imposed in RCW 82.08.020 on any purchase of property or services contributed to the cooperative.
 - (2) From the effective date of this section until July 1, 2016, the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less, by collective gardens under RCW 69.51A.085 to qualifying patients or designated providers, if such sales are in compliance with chapter 69.51A RCW.
- 32 (3) Each seller making exempt sales under subsection (1) or (2) 33 of this section must maintain information establishing eligibility 34 for the exemption in the form and manner required by the department.
- 35 (4) The department must provide a separate tax reporting line for 36 exemption amounts claimed under this section.
- 37 (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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- 1 (a) "Cooperative" means a cooperative authorized by and operating 2 in compliance with RCW 69.51A.--- (section 26, chapter . . ., Laws of 3 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))).
- 4 (b) "Marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement"
 5 means a marijuana retailer permitted under RCW 69.50.--- (section 10,
 6 chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))) to sell
 7 marijuana for medical use to qualifying patients and designated
 8 providers.
- 9 (c) "Products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3
 10 percent or less" means all products containing THC with a THC
 11 concentration not exceeding 0.3 percent and that, when used as
 12 intended, are inhalable, ingestible, or absorbable.
- (d) "THC concentration," "marijuana," "marijuana concentrates,"

 "useable marijuana," "marijuana retailer," and "marijuana-infused

 products" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 69.50.101 and the

 terms "qualifying patients," "designated providers," and "recognition

 card" have the same meaning as provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

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- (1) From the effective date of this section until July 1, 2016, the provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less, by a collective garden under RCW 69.51A.085, and the qualifying patients or designated providers participating in the collective garden, if such use is in compliance with chapter 69.51A RCW.
- 28 (2) Beginning July 1, 2016, the provisions of this chapter do not 29 apply to:
 - (a) The use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.--- (section 10, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))) to be beneficial for medical use, by qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards and have obtained such products from a marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement.
- 37 (b) The use of products containing THC with a THC concentration 38 of 0.3 percent or less by qualifying patients or designated providers 39 who have been issued recognition cards and have obtained such

- 1 products from a marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana 2 endorsement.
- (c)(i) Marijuana retailers with a medical marijuana endorsement 3 with respect to: 4
- (A) Marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-5 6 infused products; or
 - (B) Products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less;
 - (ii) The exemption in this subsection (2)(c) applies only if such products are provided at no charge to a qualifying patient or designated provider who has been issued a recognition card. Each such retailer providing such products at no charge must maintain information establishing eligibility for this exemption in the form and manner required by the department.
 - (d) The use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.--- (section 10, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))) to have a low THC, high CBD ratio, and to be beneficial for medical use, purchased from marijuana retailers with a medical marijuana endorsement.
 - (e) Health care professionals with respect to the use of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less provided at no charge by the health care professionals under RCW 69.51A.-- (section 35, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))). Each health care professional providing such products at no charge must maintain information establishing eligibility for this exemption in the form and manner required by the department.
 - (f) The use of topical, noningestible products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by qualifying patients when purchased from or provided at no charge by a health care professional under RCW 69.51A.--- (section 35, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (2SSB 5052 (S-1522/15))).
 - (q) The use of:

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- (i) Marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less, by a cooperative and its members, when produced by the cooperative; and
- (ii) Any nonmonetary resources and labor by a cooperative when 38 contributed by its members. However, nothing in this subsection 39 (2)(g) may be construed to exempt the individual members of a 40

- 1 cooperative from the tax imposed in RCW 82.12.020 on the use of any
- 2 property or services purchased by the member and contributed to the
- 3 cooperative.
- 4 (3) The definitions in section 208 of this act apply to this
- 5 section.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. The provisions of RCW 82.32.805 and
- 7 82.32.808(8) do not apply to the exemptions in sections 208 and 209
- 8 of this act.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 211.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50
- 10 RCW to read as follows:
- 11 (1)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, a retail
- 12 sale of a bundled transaction that includes marijuana product is
- 13 subject to the tax imposed under RCW 69.50.535 on the entire selling
- 14 price of the bundled transaction.
- 15 (b) If the selling price is attributable to products that are
- 16 taxable and products that are not taxable under RCW 69.50.535, the
- 17 portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products are
- 18 subject to the tax imposed by RCW 69.50.535 unless the seller can
- 19 identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion that is
- 20 not subject to tax from its books and records that are kept in the
- 21 regular course of business for other purposes including, but not
- 22 limited to, nontax purposes.
- 23 (c) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
- 24 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 25 (i) "Bundled transaction" means:
- 26 (A) The retail sale of two or more products where the products
- 27 are otherwise distinct and identifiable, are sold for one nonitemized
- 28 price, and at least one product is a marijuana product subject to the
- 29 tax under RCW 69.50.535; and
- 30 (B) A marijuana product provided free of charge with the required
- 31 purchase of another product. A marijuana product is provided free of
- 32 charge if the sales price of the product purchased does not vary
- 33 depending on the inclusion of the marijuana product provided free of
- 34 charge.
- 35 (ii) "Distinct and identifiable products" does not include
- 36 packaging such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles, or
- 37 materials such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides,
- 38 that accompany the retail sale of the products and are incidental or

- 1 immaterial to the retail sale thereof. Examples of packaging that are 2 incidental or immaterial include grocery sacks, shoeboxes, and dry cleaning garment bags. 3
- (iii) "Marijuana product" means "useable marijuana," "marijuana 4 concentrates, " and "marijuana-infused products" as defined in RCW 69.50.101.

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- (iv) "Selling price" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.010, except that when product is sold under circumstances where the total amount of consideration paid for the product is not indicative of its true value, "selling price" means the true value of the product sold as determined or agreed to by the state liquor and cannabis board.
- (v) "True value" means market value based on sales at comparable 12 locations in this state of the same or similar product of like 13 quality and character sold under comparable conditions of sale to 14 comparable purchasers. However, in the absence of such sales of the 15 same or similar product, "true value" means the value of the product 16 17 sold as determined by all of the seller's direct and indirect costs attributable to the product. 18
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 212.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50 20 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Marijuana producers, processors, and retailers are prohibited from making sales of any marijuana or marijuana product, if the sale of the marijuana or marijuana product is conditioned upon the buyer's purchase of any service or nonmarijuana product. This subsection applies whether the buyer purchases such service or nonmarijuana product at the time of sale of the marijuana or marijuana product, or in a separate transaction.
- (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 28 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 29
- 30 "Marijuana product" means "useable marijuana," "marijuana concentrates, and "marijuana-infused products," as those terms are 31 defined in RCW 69.50.101. 32
- (b) "Nonmarijuana product" includes paraphernalia, promotional 33 34 items, lighters, bags, boxes, containers, and such other items as may 35 be identified by the state liquor and cannabis board.
 - (c) "Selling price" has the same meaning as in RCW 69.50.535.
- 37 "Service" includes memberships and any other services identified by the state liquor and cannabis board. 38

Marijuana Business: Buffers and Licensee Residency

3 **Sec. 301.** RCW 69.50.331 and 2013 c 3 s 6 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) For the purpose of considering any application for a license to produce, process, research, transport or deliver marijuana, 6 useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused 7 products subject to the regulations established under section 502 of 8 this act, or sell marijuana, or for the renewal of a license to 9 produce, process, research, transport or deliver marijuana, useable 10 11 marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products subject to the regulations established under section 502 of this act, 12 13 or sell marijuana, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire 14 15 into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of 16 the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a 17 license and for considering the denial, suspension, revocation, or denial thereof, of any license, the state 18 renewal or liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may consider any prior criminal 19 20 the applicant including an administrative violation 21 history record with the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board and a criminal history record information check. The state liquor 22 ((control)) and cannabis board may submit the criminal history record 23 24 information check to the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation in 25 26 order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests 27 and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the 28 forms. The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must require fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record 29 30 information check is submitted to the federal investigation. The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A 31 RCW ((shall)) do not apply to these cases. Subject to the provisions 32 of this section, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may, 33 in its discretion, grant or deny the renewal or license applied for. 34 35 Denial may be based on, without limitation, the existence of chronic illegal activity documented in objections submitted pursuant to 36 37 subsections (7)(c) and (9) of this section. Authority to approve an uncontested or unopposed license may be granted by the state liquor 38 ((control)) and cannabis board to any staff member the board 39

- designates in writing. Conditions for granting this authority ((shall)) must be adopted by rule. No license of any kind may be issued to:
 - (a) A person under the age of twenty-one years;

- (b) A person doing business as a sole proprietor who has not lawfully resided in the state for at least ((three)) six months prior to applying to receive a license;
 - (c) A partnership, employee cooperative, association, nonprofit corporation, or corporation unless formed under the laws of this state, and unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license as provided in this section; or
 - (d) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless the manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee.
 - (2)(a) The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may, in its discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 69.50.334, suspend or cancel any license; and all protections of the licensee from criminal or civil sanctions under state law for producing, processing, researching, or selling marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products thereunder ((shall)) must be suspended or terminated, as the case may be.
 - (b) The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license ((shall be)) is automatic upon the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
- (c) The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who ((shall)) have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under rules and regulations the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses ((shall)) <u>must</u> be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

- (e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board or a subpoena issued by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board, or any of its members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, shall compel obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.
- (3) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee ((shall forthwith)) must deliver ((up)) the license to the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board. Where the license has been suspended only, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must notify all other licensees in the county where the subject licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no other licensee or employee of another licensee may allow or cause any marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of the subject licensee.
- (4) Every license issued under this chapter ((3, Laws of 2013 shall be)) is subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this chapter ((3, Laws of 2013)) or by rules adopted by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board to implement and enforce this chapter ((3, Laws of 2013)). All conditions and restrictions imposed by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board in the issuance of an individual license ((shall)) must be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.
- 39 (5) Every licensee ((shall)) <u>must</u> post and keep posted its 10 license, or licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

1 (6) No licensee ((shall)) may employ any person under the age of twenty-one years.

- (7)(a) Before the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board issues a new or renewed license to an applicant it ((shall)) must give notice of the application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application is for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application is for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.
- (b) The incorporated city or town through the official or employee selected by it, or the county legislative authority or the official or employee selected by it, ((shall have)) has the right to file with the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board within twenty days after the date of transmittal of the notice for applications, or at least thirty days prior to the expiration date for renewals, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the new or renewed license is asked. The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may extend the time period for submitting written objections.
- (c) The written objections ((shall)) must include a statement of all facts upon which the objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, the city or town or county legislative authority may request, and the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may in its discretion hold, a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board makes an initial decision to deny a license or renewal based on the written objections of an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority, the applicant may request a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If a hearing is held at the request of the applicant, state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board representatives ((shall)) must present and defend the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board's initial decision to deny a license or renewal.
- (d) Upon the granting of a license under this title the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must send written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(8)(a) Except as provided in (b) through (d) of this subsection, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) may not issue a license for any premises within one thousand feet of the perimeter of the grounds of any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, or library, or any game arcade admission to which is not restricted to persons aged twenty-one years or older.

- (b) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of premises within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of the facilities described in (a) of this subsection, except elementary schools, secondary schools, and playgrounds, by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance reduction, provided that such distance reduction will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement interests, public safety, or public health.
- (c) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of research premises allowed under section 1001, chapter . . ., Laws of 2015 (Senate Bill No. 5121) within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of the facilities described in (a) of this subsection by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance reduction, provided that the ordinance will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement, public safety, or public health.
- (d) The state liquor and cannabis board may license premises located in compliance with the distance requirements set in an ordinance adopted under (b) or (c) of this subsection. Before issuing or renewing a research license for premises within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of an elementary school, secondary school, or playground in compliance with an ordinance passed pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the board must ensure that the facility:
- 31 <u>(i) Meets a security standard exceeding that which applies to</u>
 32 marijuana producer, processor, or retailer licensees;
- (ii) Is inaccessible to the public and no part of the operation of the facility is in view of the general public; and
- 35 <u>(iii) Bears no advertising or signage indicating that it is a</u> 36 <u>marijuana research facility.</u>
- (9) In determining whether to grant or deny a license or renewal of any license, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must give substantial weight to objections from an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority based upon

1 chronic illegal activity associated with the applicant's operations 2 of the premises proposed to be licensed or the applicant's operation of any other licensed premises, or the conduct of the applicant's 3 patrons inside or outside the licensed premises. "Chronic illegal 4 activity" means (a) a pervasive pattern of activity that threatens 5 6 the public health, safety, and welfare of the city, town, or county 7 including, but not limited to, open container violations, assaults, disturbances, disorderly conduct, or other criminal law violations, 8 or as documented in crime statistics, police reports, emergency 9 medical response data, calls for service, field data, or similar 10 11 records of a law enforcement agency for the city, town, county, or any other municipal corporation or any state agency; or (b) an 12 unreasonably high number of citations for violations of RCW 46.61.502 13 14 associated with the applicant's or licensee's operation of any licensed premises as indicated by the reported statements given to 15 16 law enforcement upon arrest.

17 PART IV

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Consumption of Marijuana in a Public Place

- 19 **Sec. 401.** RCW 69.50.445 and 2013 c 3 s 21 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 (1) It is unlawful to open a package containing marijuana, useable marijuana, ((or a)) marijuana-infused products, or marijuana concentrates, or consume marijuana, useable marijuana, ((or a)) marijuana-infused products, or marijuana concentrates, in ((view of the general)) a public place.
- 26 (2) For the purposes of this section, "public place" has the same
 27 meaning as defined in RCW 66.04.010, but the exclusions in RCW
 28 66.04.011 do not apply.
- 29 <u>(3)</u> A person who violates this section is guilty of a class 3 30 civil infraction under chapter 7.80 RCW.

31 PART V

32 Transportation of Marijuana Products

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:
- 35 (1) A licensed marijuana producer, marijuana processor, marijuana 36 researcher, or marijuana retailer, or their employees, in accordance Official Print - 26 2136-S2.E AMS WM S3153.1

- with the requirements of this chapter and the administrative rules adopted thereunder, may use the services of a common carrier subject to regulation under chapters 81.28 and 81.29 RCW and licensed in compliance with the regulations established under section 502 of this act, to physically transport or deliver marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products within the state.
 - (2) An employee of a common carrier engaged in marijuana-related transportation or delivery services authorized under subsection (1) of this section is prohibited from carrying or using a firearm during the course of providing such services, unless:

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- (a) Pursuant to section 502 of this act, the state liquor and cannabis board explicitly authorizes the carrying or use of firearms by such employee while engaged in the transportation or delivery services;
- 16 (b) The employee has an armed private security guard license 17 issued pursuant to RCW 18.170.040; and
 - (c) The employee is in full compliance with the regulations established by the state liquor and cannabis board under section 502 of this act.
 - (3) A common carrier licensed under section 502 of this act may, for the purpose of transporting and delivering marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products, utilize Washington state ferry routes for such transportation and delivery.
 - (4) The possession of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products being physically transported or delivered within the state, in amounts not exceeding those that may be established under section 502(3) of this act, by a licensed employee of a common carrier when performing the duties authorized under, and in accordance with, this section and section 502 of this act, is not a violation of this section, this chapter, or any other provision of Washington state law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:
- 36 (1) The state liquor and cannabis board must adopt rules 37 providing for an annual licensing procedure of a common carrier who 38 seeks to transport or deliver marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana 39 concentrates, and marijuana-infused products within the state.

(2) The rules for licensing must:

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- 2 (a) Establish criteria for considering the approval or denial of 3 a common carrier's original application or renewal application;
 - (b) Provide minimum qualifications for any employee authorized to drive or operate the transportation or delivery vehicle, including a minimum age of at least twenty-one years;
 - (c) Address the safety of the employees transporting or delivering the products, including issues relating to the carrying of firearms by such employees;
- 10 (d) Address the security of the products being transported, 11 including a system of electronically tracking all products at both 12 the point of pickup and the point of delivery; and
- 13 (e) Set reasonable fees for the application and licensing 14 process.
- 15 (3) The state liquor and cannabis board may adopt rules 16 establishing the maximum amounts of marijuana, useable marijuana, 17 marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products that may be 18 physically transported or delivered at one time by a common carrier 19 as provided under section 501 of this act.
- 20 **Sec. 503.** RCW 69.50.4013 and 2013 c 3 s 20 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
 - (1) It is unlawful for any person to possess a controlled substance unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his or her professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter.
 - (2) Except as provided in RCW 69.50.4014, any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 30 (3)(a) The possession, by a person twenty-one years of age or older, of useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuanainfused products in amounts that do not exceed those set forth in RCW 69.50.360(3) is not a violation of this section, this chapter, or any other provision of Washington state law.
- 35 <u>(b) The possession of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana</u>
 36 <u>concentrates, and marijuana-infused products being physically</u>
 37 <u>transported or delivered within the state, in amounts not exceeding</u>
 38 <u>those that may be established under section 502(3) of this act, by a</u>
 39 <u>licensed employee of a common carrier when performing the duties</u>

- 1 <u>authorized in accordance with sections 501 and 502 of this act, is</u>
- 2 not a violation of this section, this chapter, or any other provision
- 3 of Washington state law.

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- 4 **Sec. 504.** RCW 18.170.020 and 2007 c 154 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - The requirements of this chapter do not apply to:
- (1) A person who is employed exclusively or regularly by one 7 employer and performs the functions of a private security guard 8 solely in connection with the affairs of that employer, if the 9 employer is not a private security company. However, in accordance 10 with section 501 of this act, an employee engaged in marijuana-11 related transportation or delivery services on behalf of a common 12 carrier must be licensed as an armed private security guard under 13 this chapter in order to be authorized to carry or use a firearm 14 15 while providing such services;
- 16 (2) A sworn peace officer while engaged in the performance of the officer's official duties;
 - (3) A sworn peace officer while employed by any person to engage in off-duty employment as a private security guard, but only if the employment is approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the jurisdiction where the employment takes place and the sworn peace officer does not employ, contract with, or broker for profit other persons to assist him or her in performing the duties related to his or her private employer; or
 - (4)(a) A person performing crowd management or guest services including, but not limited to, a person described as a ticket taker, usher, door attendant, parking attendant, crowd monitor, or event staff who:
- $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) Does not carry a firearm or other dangerous weapon including, but not limited to, a stun gun, taser, pepper mace, or nightstick;
- (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Does not wear a uniform or clothing readily identifiable by a member of the public as that worn by a private security officer or law enforcement officer; and
- (((c))) (iii) Does not have as his or her primary responsibility the detainment of persons or placement of persons under arrest.
- 37 <u>(b)</u> The exemption provided in this subsection applies only when a 38 crowd has assembled for the purpose of attending or taking part in an

- 1 organized event, including preevent assembly, event operation hours,
- 2 and postevent departure activities.
- 3 **Sec. 505.** RCW 69.50.4014 and 2003 c 53 s 335 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 Except as provided in RCW 69.50.401(2)(c) or as otherwise
- 6 <u>authorized by this chapter</u>, any person found guilty of possession of
- 7 forty grams or less of ((marihuana)) marijuana is guilty of a
- 8 misdemeanor.

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9 PART VI

10 Funding for Marijuana Health Awareness Program

- 11 **Sec. 601.** RCW 66.08.050 and 2014 c 63 s 3 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- The board, subject to the provisions of this title and the rules, must:
- 15 (1) Determine the nature, form and capacity of all packages to be 16 used for containing liquor kept for sale under this title;
- 17 (2) Execute or cause to be executed, all contracts, papers, and 18 documents in the name of the board, under such regulations as the 19 board may fix;
- 20 (3) Pay all customs, duties, excises, charges and obligations 21 whatsoever relating to the business of the board;
- 22 (4) Require bonds from all employees in the discretion of the 23 board, and to determine the amount of fidelity bond of each such 24 employee;
- 25 (5) Perform services for the state lottery commission to such 26 extent, and for such compensation, as may be mutually agreed upon 27 between the board and the commission;
 - (6) Accept and deposit into the general fund-local account and disburse, subject to appropriation, federal grants or other funds or donations from any source for the purpose of improving public awareness of the health risks associated with alcohol and marijuana consumption by youth and the abuse of alcohol and marijuana by adults in Washington state. The board's alcohol awareness program must cooperate with federal and state agencies, interested organizations, and individuals to effect an active public beverage alcohol awareness program;

- 1 (7) Monitor and regulate the practices of licensees as necessary 2 in order to prevent the theft and illegal trafficking of liquor 3 pursuant to RCW 66.28.350;
- (8) Perform all other matters and things, whether similar to the 4 foregoing or not, to carry out the provisions of this title, and has 5 б full power to do each and every act necessary to the conduct of its 7 regulatory functions, including all supplies procurement, preparation and approval of forms, and every other undertaking necessary to 8 perform its regulatory functions whatsoever, subject only to audit by 9 the state auditor. However, the board has no authority to regulate 10 11 the content of spoken language on licensed premises where wine and other liquors are served and where there is not a clear and present 12 danger of disorderly conduct being provoked by such language or to 13 14 restrict advertising of lawful prices.

15 PART VII

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Cannabis Health and Beauty Aid Exemption

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Cannabis health and beauty aids are not subject to the regulations and penalties of this chapter that apply to marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "cannabis health and beauty aid" means a product containing parts of the cannabis plant and which:
- 25 (a) Is intended for use only as a topical application to provide 26 therapeutic benefit or to enhance appearance;
 - (b) Contains a THC concentration of not more than 0.3 percent;
- 28 (c) Does not cross the blood-brain barrier; and
- 29 (d) Is not intended for consumption by humans or animals.

30 PART VIII

31 Signage and Public Notice Requirements

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:
- 34 (1) Applicants for a marijuana producer's, marijuana processor's, 35 marijuana researcher's or marijuana retailer's license under this
- 36 chapter must display a sign provided by the state liquor and cannabis

- board on the outside of the premises to be licensed notifying the public that the premises are subject to an application for such license. The sign must:
- 4 (a) Contain text with content sufficient to notify the public of 5 the nature of the pending license application, the date of the 6 application, the name of the applicant, and contact information for 7 the state liquor and cannabis board;
- 8 (b) Be conspicuously displayed on, or immediately adjacent to, 9 the premises subject to the application and in the location that is 10 most likely to be seen by the public;
- 11 (c) Be of a size sufficient to ensure that it will be readily 12 seen by the public; and
- 13 (d) Be posted within seven business days of the submission of the 14 application to the state liquor and cannabis board.
 - (2) The state liquor and cannabis board must adopt such rules as are necessary for the implementation of this section, including rules pertaining to the size of the sign and the text thereon, the textual content of the sign, the fee for providing the sign, and any other requirements necessary to ensure that the sign provides adequate notice to the public.

21 PART IX

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Marijuana-Infused Products and Concentrates

- 23 **Sec. 901.** RCW 69.50.101 and 2014 c 192 s 1 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
- ((Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, definitions of terms shall be as indicated where used in this chapter:)) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 29 (a) "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether 30 by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to 31 the body of a patient or research subject by:
- 32 (1) a practitioner authorized to prescribe (or, by the 33 practitioner's authorized agent); or
- 34 (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 35 presence of the practitioner.
- 36 (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or 37 at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It

- 1 does not include a common or contract carrier, public 2 warehouseperson, or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson.
 - (c) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.
 - (d) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor included in Schedules I through V as set forth in federal or state laws, or federal or commission rules.
 - (e)(1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and:
- (i) that has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II; or
- (ii) with respect to a particular individual, that the individual represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II.
 - (2) The term does not include:
- 21 (i) a controlled substance;

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- 22 (ii) a substance for which there is an approved new drug 23 application;
 - (iii) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under Section 505 of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355, to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption; or
- 29 (iv) any substance to the extent not intended for human 30 consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the 31 substance.
- 32 (f) "Deliver" or "delivery," means the actual or constructive 33 transfer from one person to another of a substance, whether or not 34 there is an agency relationship.
 - (g) "Department" means the department of health.
- (h) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a controlled substance and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.

(i) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

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- 2 (j) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
 - (k) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- (1) "Drug" means (1) a controlled substance recognized as a drug 5 6 in the official United States pharmacopoeia/national formulary or the 7 official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to them; (2) controlled substances intended for use in the 8 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in 9 individuals or animals; (3) controlled substances (other than food) 10 11 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and (4) controlled substances intended for 12 use as a component of any article specified in (1), (2), or (3) of 13 14 this subsection. The term does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories. 15
 - (m) "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug enforcement administration in the United States Department of Justice, or its successor agency.
 - (n) "Electronic communication of prescription information" means the transmission of a prescription or refill authorization for a drug of a practitioner using computer systems. The term does not include a prescription or refill authorization verbally transmitted by telephone nor a facsimile manually signed by the practitioner.
 - (o) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
 - (1) that the commission has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used, or produced primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
 - (2) that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance; and
- 30 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or 31 limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.
- 32 (p) "Isomer" means an optical isomer, but in subsection $((\frac{2}{2}))$ 33 (bb)(5) of this section, RCW 69.50.204(a) (12) and (34), and 69.50.206(b)(4), the term includes any geometrical isomer; in RCW 69.50.204(a) (8) and (42), and 69.50.210(c) the term includes any positional isomer; and in RCW 69.50.204(a)(35), 69.50.204(c), and 69.50.208(a) the term includes any positional or geometric isomer.
- (q) "Lot" means a definite quantity of marijuana, useable marijuana, <u>marijuana concentrates</u>, or marijuana-infused product identified by a lot number, every portion or package of which is

1 uniform within recognized tolerances for the factors that appear in 2 the labeling.

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- (r) "Lot number" ((shall)) must identify the licensee by business or trade name and Washington state unified business identifier number, and the date of harvest or processing for each lot of marijuana, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused product.
- (s) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation, compounding, packaging, repackaging, labeling, or relabeling of a controlled substance:
- (1) by a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- (t) "Marijuana" or "marihuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis, whether growing or not, with a THC concentration greater than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. The term does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.
- (u) "Marijuana concentrates" means products consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant Cannabis and having a THC concentration greater than ((sixty)) ten percent.
- (v) "Marijuana processor" means a person licensed by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board to process marijuana into useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products, package and label useable marijuana, marijuana

concentrates, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets, and sell useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products at wholesale to marijuana retailers.

- (w) "Marijuana producer" means a person licensed by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board to produce and sell marijuana at wholesale to marijuana processors and other marijuana producers.
- (x) "Marijuana products" means useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products as defined in this section.
- <u>(y)</u> "Marijuana-infused products" means products that contain marijuana or marijuana extracts, are intended for human use, <u>are derived from marijuana as defined in subsection (t) of this section</u>, and have a THC concentration <u>no</u> greater than ((0.3)) <u>ten</u> percent $((and\ no\ greater\ than\ sixty\ percent))$. The term "marijuana-infused products" does not include either useable marijuana or marijuana concentrates.
- ((y))) (z) "Marijuana researcher" means a person licensed by the state liquor and cannabis board to produce, process, and possess marijuana for the purposes of conducting research on marijuana and marijuana-derived drug products.
- (aa) "Marijuana retailer" means a person licensed by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board to sell useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products in a retail outlet.
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (bb) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium, opium derivative, and any derivative of opium or opium derivative, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation. The term does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
- 34 (2) Synthetic opiate and any derivative of synthetic opiate, 35 including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, 36 esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, 37 ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical 38 designation.
 - (3) Poppy straw and concentrate of poppy straw.

- 1 (4) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves 2 from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives or ecgonine or their 3 salts have been removed.
 - (5) Cocaine, or any salt, isomer, or salt of isomer thereof.
 - (6) Cocaine base.

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- 6 (7) Ecgonine, or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of isomer thereof.
- 8 (8) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity 9 of any substance referred to in subparagraphs (1) through (7).
- (((aa))) <u>(cc)</u> "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-10 11 forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or 12 addiction-sustaining liability. The term includes opium, substances 13 derived from opium (opium derivatives), and synthetic opiates. The 14 term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled 15 16 under RCW 69.50.201, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-17 methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes 18 the racemic and levorotatory forms of dextromethorphan.
- 19 $((\frac{\text{(bb)}}{\text{)}})$ $\underline{\text{(dd)}}$ "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species 20 Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.
- (((ce))) <u>(ee)</u> "Person" means individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.
 - $((\frac{dd}{d}))$ (ff) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- 27 $((\frac{ee}{}))$ (gg) "Practitioner" means:
- (1) A physician under chapter 18.71 RCW; a physician assistant 28 29 under chapter 18.71A RCW; an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW; an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 30 31 18.57A RCW who is licensed under RCW 18.57A.020 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.57A.040; an optometrist licensed under chapter 32 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW 18.53.010 33 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.53.010; a dentist under chapter 34 18.32 RCW; a podiatric physician and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW; 35 36 a veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW; a registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse under 37 chapter 18.79 RCW; a naturopathic physician under chapter 18.36A RCW 38 39 who is licensed under RCW 18.36A.030 subject to any limitations in 40 RCW 18.36A.040; a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW or a scientific

investigator under this chapter, licensed, registered or otherwise permitted insofar as is consistent with those licensing laws to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer a controlled substance in the course of their professional practice or research in this state.

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- (2) A pharmacy, hospital or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.
- (3) A physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed physician assistant or a licensed osteopathic physician assistant specifically approved to prescribe controlled substances by his or her state's medical quality assurance commission or equivalent and his or her supervising physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed to prescribe controlled substances, or a veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine in any state of the United States.
- (((ff))) (<u>hh)</u> "Prescription" means an order for controlled substances issued by a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in the state of Washington to prescribe controlled substances within the scope of his or her professional practice for a legitimate medical purpose.
 - $((\frac{gg}))$ (ii) "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
 - (((hh))) (jj) "Retail outlet" means a location licensed by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board for the retail sale of useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products.
- 32 (((ii))) (kk) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the 33 secretary's designee.
 - $((\frac{jj}))$ (ll) "State," unless the context otherwise requires, means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- $((\frac{kk}{k}))$ (mm) "THC concentration" means percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol content per dry weight of any part of the plant Cannabis, or per volume or weight of marijuana product, or the

- 1 combined percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and 2 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant *Cannabis* 3 regardless of moisture content.
- 4 (((11))) <u>(nn)</u> "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully 5 possesses a controlled substance for the individual's own use or for 6 the use of a member of the individual's household or for 7 administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of 8 the individual's household.
- 9 (((mm))) <u>(oo)</u> "Useable marijuana" means dried marijuana flowers. 10 The term "useable marijuana" does not include either marijuana-11 infused products or marijuana concentrates.

12 PART X

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Dedicated Marijuana Account

- 14 **Sec. 1001.** RCW 69.50.530 and 2013 c 3 s 26 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- (((1) There shall be a fund, known as the dedicated marijuana fund, which shall consist of all marijuana excise taxes, license fees, penalties, forfeitures, and all other moneys, income, or revenue received by the state liquor control board from marijuana-related activities. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund.
 - (2))) The dedicated marijuana account is created in the state treasury. All moneys received by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board, or any employee thereof, from marijuana-related activities ((shall)) must be deposited ((cach day in a depository approved by the state treasurer and transferred to the state treasurer to be credited to the dedicated marijuana fund.
 - (3) Disbursements from the dedicated marijuana fund shall be on authorization of the state liquor control board or a duly authorized representative thereof)) in the account. Unless otherwise provided in this act, all marijuana excise taxes collected from sales of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products under RCW 69.50.535, and the license fees, penalties, and forfeitures derived under this chapter from marijuana producer, marijuana processor, marijuana researcher, and marijuana retailer licenses, must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may only be spent after appropriation.

1 PART XI

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Synthetic Cannabinoids and Bath Salts

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1101. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:

- 5 (1) It is an unfair or deceptive practice under RCW 19.86.020 for any person or entity to distribute, dispense, manufacture, display 6 for sale, offer for sale, attempt to sell, or sell to a purchaser any 7 product that contains any amount of any synthetic cannabinoid, 8 cathinone, or methcathinone as identified in RCW 69.50.204(e) (3) and 9 10 (5). The legislature finds that practices covered by this section are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the purpose of 11 applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. Violations 12 of this section are not reasonable in relation to the development and 13 14 preservation of business.
- 15 (2) "Synthetic cannabinoid" includes any chemical compound 16 identified in RCW 69.50.204(c)(30) or by the pharmacy quality 17 assurance commission under RCW 69.50.201.
- 18 **Sec. 1102.** RCW 69.50.204 and 2010 c 177 s 2 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- Unless specifically excepted by state or federal law or regulation or more specifically included in another schedule, the following controlled substances are listed in Schedule I:
 - (a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 27 (1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-28 piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
 - (2) Acetylmethadol;
- 30 (3) Allylprodine;
- 31 (4) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also 32 known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM;
- 33 (5) Alphameprodine;
- 34 (6) Alphamethadol;
- 35 (7) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)
- 36 ethyl-4-piperidyl] propionanilide); (1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-
- 37 propanilido) piperidine);

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1
         (8)
              Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
    piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
 2
         (9) Benzethidine;
 3
 4
         (10) Betacetylmethadol;
                  Beta-hydroxyfentanyl
                                           (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-
 5
         (11)
 6
    piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
 7
         (12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, some trade or other names: N-
     [1-(2-hydrox-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-
 8
    phenylpropanamide;
9
10
         (13) Betameprodine;
11
         (14) Betamethadol;
12
         (15) Betaprodine;
13
         (16) Clonitazene;
         (17) Dextromoramide;
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15
         (18) Diampromide;
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         (19) Diethylthiambutene;
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         (20) Difenoxin;
         (21) Dimenoxadol;
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19
         (22) Dimepheptanol;
         (23) Dimethylthiambutene;
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21
         (24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
22
         (25) Dipipanone;
23
         (26) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
         (27) Etonitazene;
24
25
         (28) Etoxeridine;
26
         (29) Furethidine;
27
         (30) Hydroxypethidine;
28
         (31) Ketobemidone;
         (32) Levomoramide;
29
30
         (33) Levophenacylmorphan;
31
         (34)
                   3-Methylfentanyl
                                           (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-
32
    piperidyl]-N-phenylprop anamide);
33
                3-Methylthiofentanyl
                                       (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
         (35)
34
    piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
         (36) Morpheridine;
35
36
         (37) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
37
         (38) Noracymethadol;
         (39) Norlevorphanol;
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         (40) Normethadone;
40
         (41) Norpipanone;
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Para-fluorofentanyl
 1
         (42)
                                              (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-
 2
    phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide);
 3
         (43) PEPAP(1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
         (44) Phenadoxone;
 4
 5
         (45) Phenampromide;
 6
         (46) Phenomorphan;
7
         (47) Phenoperidine;
         (48) Piritramide;
 8
         (49) Proheptazine;
9
         (50) Properidine;
10
11
         (51) Propiram;
12
        (52) Racemoramide;
13
         (53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-
14
    propanaminde);
         (54) Tilidine;
15
16
         (55) Trimeperidine.
17
         (b) Opium derivatives. Unless specifically excepted or unless
    listed in another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives,
18
19
     including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the
    existence of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
20
21
    within the specific chemical designation:
22
         (1) Acetorphine;
23
         (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
24
         (3) Benzylmorphine;
25
         (4) Codeine methylbromide;
26
         (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
         (6) Cyprenorphine;
27
28
         (7) Desomorphine;
29
         (8) Dihydromorphine;
         (9) Drotebanol;
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31
         (10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;
32
         (11) Heroin;
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         (12) Hydromorphinol;
         (13) Methyldesorphine;
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         (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
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36
         (15) Morphine methylbromide;
         (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
37
         (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
38
39
         (18) Myrophine;
40
         (19) Nicocodeine;
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- 1 (20) Nicomorphine;
- 2 (21) Normorphine;
- 3 (22) Pholcodine;
- 4 (23) Thebacon.
- 5 (c) Hallucinogenic substances. Unless specifically excepted or
- 6 unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture,
- 7 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
- 8 hallucinogenic substances, including their salts, isomers, and salts
- 9 of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts
- 10 of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation. For
- 11 the purposes of this subsection only, the term "isomer" includes the
- 12 optical, position, and geometric isomers:
- 13 (1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine: Some trade or other names:
- 14 Etryptamine; monase; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl)
- 15 indole; a-ET; and AET;
- 16 (2) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine: Some trade or other names:
- 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
- 18 (3) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine: Some trade or other
- 19 names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl
- 20 DOB; 2C-B, nexus;
- 21 (4) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine: Some trade or other names: 2,5-
- 22 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;
- 23 (5) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (DOET);
- 24 (6) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine: Other name:
- 25 2C-T-7;
- 26 (7) 4-methoxyamphetamine: Some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-a-
- 27 methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;
- 28 (8) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
- 29 (9) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine: Some trade and other
- 30 names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and
- 31 "STP";
- 32 (10) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 33 (11) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
- 34 (12) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, also known as N-
- 35 ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA,
- 36 MDE, MDEA;
- 37 (13) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine also known as
- N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine,N-hydroxy
- 39 MDA;
- 40 (14) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;

- 1 (15) Alpha-methyltryptamine: Other name: AMT;
- 2 (16) Bufotenine: Some trade or other names: 3-(beta-
- 3 Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-
- 4 indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine;
- 5 mappine;
- 6 (17) Diethyltryptamine: Some trade or other names: N,N-7 Diethyltryptamine; DET;
- 8 (18) Dimethyltryptamine: Some trade or other names: DMT;
- 9 (19) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine: Other name: 5-MeO-DIPT;
- 10 (20) Ibogaine: Some trade or other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6 beta,
- 11 7,8,9,10,12,13,-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyndo (1',2' 1,2)
- 12 azepino (5,4-b) indole; Tabernanthe iboga;
- 13 (21) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 14 (22) Marihuana or marijuana;
- 15 (23) Mescaline;
- 16 (24) Parahexyl-7374: Some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-1-
- 17 hydroxy-7, 8, 9, 10-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-6H-
- 18 dibenzo[b,d]pyran; synhexyl;
- 19 (25) Peyote, meaning all parts of the plant presently classified
- 20 botanically as Lophophora Williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not,
- 21 the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every
- 22 compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of
- 23 such plant, its seeds, or extracts; (interprets 21 U.S.C. Sec. 812
- 24 (c), Schedule I (c)(12));
- 25 (26) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 26 (27) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 27 (28) Psilocybin;
- 28 (29) Psilocyn;
- 29 (30) Tetrahydrocannabinols, meaning tetrahydrocannabinols
- 30 naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis (cannabis
- 31 plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained
- 32 in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, species,
- 33 and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with
- 34 similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the
- 35 following:
- 36 (i) 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
- 37 isomers, excluding tetrahydrocannabinol in sesame oil and
- 38 encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by
- 39 the United States Food and Drug Administration;

- 1 (ii) 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
- 2 isomers;

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- 3 (iii) 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical 4 isomers; or
 - (iv) That is chemically synthesized and either:
- 6 (a) Has been demonstrated to have binding activity at one or more cannabinoid receptors; or
- 8 <u>(b) Is a chemical analog or isomer of a compound that has been</u>
 9 <u>demonstrated to have binding activity at one or more cannabinoid</u>
 10 receptors;
- 11 (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered.)
- 14 (31) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine: Some trade or other 15 names: N-ethyl-1phenylcyclohexalymine, (1-phenylcyclohexl) 16 ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; PCE;
- 17 (32) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine: Some trade or other 18 names: 1-(1-phencyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; PCPy; PHP;
- 19 (33) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine: Some trade or other 20 names: 1-(1-[2-thenyl]-cyclohexly)-pipendine; 2-thienylanalog of 21 phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP;
- 22 (34) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine: A trade or other 23 name is TCPy.
 - (d) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation.
- 31 (1) Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid: Some other names include GHB; 32 gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; 33 sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate;
 - (2) Mecloqualone;
- 35 (3) Methagualone.
- 36 (e) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 37 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 38 which contains any quantity of the following substances having a 39 stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, 40 isomers, and salts of isomers:

- 1 (1) Aminorex: Some other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 4, 5-dihydro-5-phenly-2-oxazolamine;
 - (2) N-Benzylpiperazine: Some other names: BZP,1-benzylpiperazine;
- 4 (3) Cathinone, also known as 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, 5 alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone and norephedrone;
 - (4) Fenethylline;

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- 7 (5) Methcathinone: Some other names: 2-(methylamino)propiophenone; alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-8 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; 9 phenylpropan-1-one; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; methylcathinone; 10 11 AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR1432, its salts, optical isomers, and 12 salts of optical isomers;
- 13 (6) (+-)cis-4-methylaminorex ((+-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-14 phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
 - (7) N-ethylamphetamine;
- 16 (8) N,N-dimethylamphetamine: Some trade or other names: N,N-17 alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenoethylene.
- The controlled substances in this section may be added, rescheduled, or deleted as provided for in RCW 69.50.201.
- 20 **Sec. 1103.** RCW 69.50.430 and 2003 c 53 s 345 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- (1) Every person convicted of a felony violation of RCW 69.50.401 through 69.50.4013, 69.50.4015, 69.50.402, 69.50.403, 69.50.406, 69.50.407, 69.50.410, or 69.50.415 shall be fined one thousand dollars in addition to any other fine or penalty imposed. Unless the court finds the person to be indigent, this additional fine ((shall)) may not be suspended or deferred by the court.
 - (2) On a second or subsequent conviction for violation of any of the laws listed in subsection (1) of this section, the person ((shall)) must be fined two thousand dollars in addition to any other fine or penalty imposed. Unless the court finds the person to be indigent, this additional fine ((shall)) may not be suspended or deferred by the court.
- 34 (3) In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty, every
 35 person who violates or causes another to violate RCW 69.50.401 by
 36 distributing, dispensing, manufacturing, displaying for sale,
 37 offering for sale, attempting to sell, or selling to a purchaser any
 38 product that contains any amount of any synthetic cannabinoid,
 39 cathinone, or methcathinone, as identified in RCW 69.50.204, must be

- 1 fined not less than ten thousand dollars and not more than five
- 2 <u>hundred thousand dollars</u>. If, however, the person who violates or
- 3 causes another to violate RCW 69.50.401 by distributing, dispensing,
- 4 manufacturing, displaying for sale, offering for sale, attempting to
- 5 sell, or selling any product that contains any amount of any
- 6 synthetic cannabinoid, cathinone, or methcathinone, as identified in
- 7 RCW 69.50.204, to a purchaser under the age of eighteen, the minimum
- 8 penalty is twenty-five thousand dollars if the person is at least two
- 9 years older than the minor. Unless the court finds the person to be
- 10 indigent, this additional fine may not be suspended or deferred by
- 11 the court.

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12 PART XII

Restricting Certain Methods of Selling Marijuana

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1201. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A retailer licensed under this chapter may use a vending machine for the retail sale of useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products, subject to approval from the board prior to the installation or use of the machine in the licensed premises.
- 21 (2) The board is granted general authority to adopt rules 22 necessary for the implementation of this section, including, but not 23 limited to, rules governing:
 - (a) The operational characteristics of the vending machines;
- 25 (b) Identification and age verification processes and 26 requirements for customers who make purchases from the machines;
- (c) The location of vending machines within the licensed premises and measures to prevent access to the machines by persons under age 29 21;
 - (d) The types and quantities of marijuana-related products that may be purchased from the vending machines; and
- (e) Signs and labeling that must be affixed to vending machines pertaining to public health and safety notifications, legal warnings and requirements, and other disclosures and information as deemed necessary by the board.
- 36 (3) The products sold through vending machines, and the use of 37 such machines, must comply with the pertinent provisions of this

- 1 chapter regarding the retail sale of useable marijuana, marijuana 2 concentrates, and marijuana-infused products.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, "vending machine" means a 3 machine or other mechanical device that accepts payment and: 4
 - (a) Dispenses tangible personal property; or
- 6 (b) Provides a service to the buyer.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1202. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 7 RCW to read as follows: 8
- (1) A retailer licensed under this chapter is prohibited from operating a drive-through purchase facility where marijuana concentrates, marijuana-infused products, or useable marijuana are sold at retail and dispensed through a window or door to a purchaser who is either in or on a motor vehicle or otherwise located outside of the licensed premises at the time of sale. 14
- (2) The state liquor and cannabis board may not issue, transfer, 15 16 or renew a marijuana retail license for any licensee in violation of 17 the provisions of subsection (1) of this section.

18 PART XIII

19 Marijuana Clubs

- 20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1301. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 21 RCW to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, in any 22 23 location maintained or conducted as a public place, an agent, 24 servant, or employee of such public place is not allowed to:
 - (i) Keep, or allow to be kept by any person, any marijuana; and
- (ii) Consume or use marijuana or allow any consumption or use of 26 27 marijuana by any person.
- 28 The sale or consumption of marijuana in any location maintained or conducted as a public place is only allowed if 29 authorized by a valid license for such public place issued by the 30 31 board.
- (2) Except as permitted under a valid license issued by the 32 33 board, it is unlawful for any person to: Conduct or maintain a marijuana club by himself or herself or by associating with others; 34 or in any manner aid, assist, or abet in conducting or maintaining a 35 marijuana club. 36

- 1 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 2 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Marijuana club" means a club or association operating for profit or otherwise that conducts or maintains premises for the primary or incidental purpose of providing a location where members or other persons may keep or consume marijuana on the premises.
 - (b) "Public place" means, in addition to the definition provided in RCW 66.04.010, any place to which admission is charged or for which any pecuniary gain is realized by the owner or operator of such place.
- 11 (4) Any person operating a marijuana club is required to be 12 licensed by the board under this section or this chapter. Any person 13 operating a marijuana club, or engaging in activities requiring a 14 license under this chapter, without having a valid license issued by 15 the board is guilty of a class C felony punishable under chapter 16 9A.20 RCW.
- 17 (5) Within the discretion of the board, there shall be a
 18 marijuana club license to conduct or maintain a marijuana club. No
 19 marijuana club may operate unless validly licensed under this section
 20 or chapter. The board may opt not to issue licenses under this
 21 section.
- 22 (6) The board may adopt rules and set fees as necessary to 23 implement this section.

24 PART XIV

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25 Miscellaneous Provisions

26 **Sec. 1401.** RCW 69.50.342 and 2013 c 3 s 9 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 according to their true intent or of supplying any deficiency therein, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may adopt rules not inconsistent with the spirit of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 as are deemed necessary or advisable. Without limiting the generality of the preceding sentence, the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board is empowered to adopt rules regarding the following:

36 (1) The equipment and management of retail outlets and premises 37 where marijuana is produced or processed, and inspection of the 38 retail outlets and premises;

- 1 (2) The books and records to be created and maintained by licensees, the reports to be made thereon to the state liquor 2 ((control)) and cannabis board, and inspection of the books and 3 records; 4
- (3) Methods of producing, processing, and packaging marijuana, 5 6 useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products; conditions of sanitation; and standards of ingredients, quality, and identity of 7 marijuana, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products 8 produced, processed, packaged, or sold by licensees; 9
- (4) Security requirements for retail outlets and premises where 10 11 marijuana is produced or processed, and safety protocols for 12 licensees and their employees;
- (5) Screening, hiring, training, and supervising employees of 13 14 licensees;
 - (6) Retail outlet locations and hours of operation;

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- 16 (7) Labeling requirements and restrictions on advertisement of 17 marijuana, useable marijuana, ((and)) marijuana concentrates, marijuana-infused products, and cannabis health and beauty aids; 18
 - (8) Forms to be used for purposes of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 or the rules adopted to implement and enforce it, the terms and conditions to be contained in licenses issued under chapter 3, Laws of 2013, and the qualifications for receiving a license issued under chapter 3, Laws of 2013, including a criminal history record information check. The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board may submit any criminal history record information check to the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation in order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the forms. The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board ((shall)) must require fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record information check is submitted to the federal bureau of investigation;
 - (9) Application, reinstatement, and renewal fees for licenses issued under chapter 3, Laws of 2013, and fees for anything done or permitted to be done under the rules adopted to implement and enforce chapter 3, Laws of 2013;
- (10) The manner of giving and serving notices required by chapter 37 3, Laws of 2013 or rules adopted to implement or enforce it; 38

- 1 (11) Times and periods when, and the manner, methods, and means 2 by which, licensees ((shall)) <u>must</u> transport and deliver marijuana, 3 useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products within the state;
- Identification, seizure, confiscation, destruction, 4 donation to law enforcement for training purposes of all marijuana, 5 marijuana, and marijuana-infused б useable products processed, sold, or offered for sale within this state which do not 7 conform in all respects to the standards prescribed by chapter 3, 8 Laws of 2013 or the rules adopted to implement and enforce it: 9 PROVIDED, That nothing in chapter 3, Laws of 2013 ((shall)) may be 10 11 construed as authorizing the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis 12 board to seize, confiscate, destroy, or donate to law enforcement marijuana, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products produced, 13 14 processed, sold, offered for sale, or possessed in compliance with the Washington state medical use of cannabis act, chapter 69.51A RCW. 15
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1402. RCW 69.50.425 (Misdemeanor violations— Minimum penalties) and 2002 c 175 s 44 & 1989 c 271 s 105 are each repealed.
- 19 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1403. (1) Subject to appropriation, if, in 20 addition to any distributions required by section 206 of this act, funding of at least six million dollars per fiscal year for fiscal 21 22 years 2016 and 2017 is not provided by June 30, 2015, in the omnibus appropriations act for distribution to 23 local governments enforcement, this section is null and void. 24 marijuana The 25 appropriation in the omnibus appropriations act must reference this section number. Distributions to section by bill and 26 governments are based on the distribution formula in subsection (2) 27 of this section. 28
- (2)(a) The distribution amount allocated to 29 each county, 30 including the portion for eligible cities within the county, is ratably based on the total amount of taxable sales of marijuana 31 products subject to the marijuana excise tax under RCW 69.50.535 in 32 the prior fiscal year within the county, including all taxable sales 33 attributable incorporated areas within 34 to the the 35 Distribution amounts allocated to each county, and eligible cities within the county, must be distributed in four installments by the 36 last day of each fiscal quarter as follows. 37

- (b) Sixty percent must be distributed to each county, except where there is no eligible city with taxable sales of marijuana products in the prior fiscal year, in which case the county must receive one hundred percent of the distribution amount allocated to the county as determined in (a) of this subsection. A county in which the producing, processing, or retailing of marijuana products is prohibited in the unincorporated area of the county is not entitled to a distribution and the distribution amount must be distributed instead to the eligible cities within the county as provided in (c) of this subsection.
- 11 (c) After making any distribution to counties as provided in (b) of this subsection, the treasurer must distribute the remaining 12 amount to eligible cities within the counties. The share to each 13 eligible city within a county must be determined by a division among 14 the eliqible cities within each county ratably based on total sales, 15 from the prior fiscal year, of all marijuana products subject to the 16 17 marijuana excise tax under RCW 69.50.535 within the boundaries of each eligible city located within the county. "Eligible city" means 18 any city or town in which sales of marijuana products are 19 attributable to a marijuana retailer, as defined in RCW 69.50.101, 20 21 located within the boundaries of the city or town.
- 22 (d) By September 15th of each year, the state liquor and cannabis 23 board must provide the state treasurer the annual distribution 24 amount, if any, for each county and city as determined in subsection 25 (2) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1404. (1) Except for part V of this act, this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 2015.
 - (2) Part V of this act takes effect October 1, 2015."

E2SHB 2136 - S COMM AMD By Committee on Ways & Means

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On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "state;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 69.50.334, 69.50.357, 69.50.369, 69.50.535, 69.50.540, 69.50.331, 69.50.445, 69.50.4013, 18.170.020, 69.50.4014, 66.08.050, 69.50.101, 69.50.530, 69.50.204, 69.50.430, and 69.50.342; adding new sections to chapter 69.50 RCW;

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- 1 adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to
- 2 chapter 82.12 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 69.50.425;
- 3 prescribing penalties; making appropriations; providing effective
- 4 dates; and declaring an emergency."
 - <u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Licensed marijuana retailers may use a vending machine for the retail sale of useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products, with prior approval from the LCB. LCB may adopt rules to implement this provision.
 - (2) Licensed marijuana retailers are prohibited from operating a drive-through purchase facility.
 - (3) It is a class C felony to operate an unlicensed marijuana club, defined as a club or association that conducts or maintains premises for individuals with the primary or incidental purpose of keeping or consuming marijuana on the premises. LCB may adopt rules and establish fees regarding marijuana clubs and has the discretion whether to license such facilities.
 - (4) Removes provisions passed in other bills relating to licensing of marijuana research facilities and the naming of the Liquor and Cannabis Board. Corrects additional internal references to the Board.
 - (5) Removes the sunset clause on distributions to local governments.
 - (6) Removes the preemption language and local voting requirement related to prohibitions on marijuana businesses.
 - (7) Raises the marijuana excise tax for retail sales from 30% to 37%.
 - (8) Provides up to \$1.8 million annually to the Department of Commerce for funding community mobilization entities.
 - (9) Counties with moratoria may only receive 20% of the distribution funds they would have received with no moratoria if they have cities or towns within them that have retail stores.
 - (10) Adds prohibitions on distribution of synthetic cannabinoids and salts (ESB 5673 as amended by house committee).
 - (11) Distributions to agencies are "up to" specified percentage amounts with minimum dollar levels.
 - (12) Adds a July 1, 2015, effective date for the sections and the new sections added to the bill.

--- END ---