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By Committee on Human Services, Mental Health & Housing

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 4/15/2015

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 13.34.138 and 2009 c 520 s 29, 2009 c 491 s 3, 2009 c 397 s 4, and 2009 c 152 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first. The purpose of the hearing shall be to review the progress of the parties and determine whether court supervision should continue.
- 12 (a) The initial review hearing shall be an in-court review and shall be set six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or no more than ninety days from the entry of the disposition order, whichever comes first. The requirements for the initial review hearing, including the in-court review requirement, shall be accomplished within existing resources.
- (b) The initial review hearing may be a permanency planning hearing when necessary to meet the time frames set forth in RCW 13.34.145(1)(a) or 13.34.134.
 - (2)(a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework supervision by the supervising agency or department shall continue for a period of six months, at which time there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.
- 29 (b) Prior to the child returning home, the department or 30 supervising agency must complete the following:
- 31 (i) Identify all adults residing in the home and conduct 32 background checks on those persons;

(ii) Identify any persons who may act as a caregiver for the child in addition to the parent with whom the child is being placed and determine whether such persons are in need of any services in order to ensure the safety of the child, regardless of whether such persons are a party to the dependency. The department or supervising agency may recommend to the court and the court may order that placement of the child in the parent's home be contingent on or delayed based on the need for such persons to engage in or complete services to ensure the safety of the child prior to placement. If services are recommended for the caregiver, and the caregiver fails to engage in or follow through with the recommended services, the department or supervising agency must promptly notify the court; and

(iii) Notify the parent with whom the child is being placed that he or she has an ongoing duty to notify the department or supervising agency of all persons who reside in the home or who may act as a caregiver for the child both prior to the placement of the child in the home and subsequent to the placement of the child in the home as long as the court retains jurisdiction of the dependency proceeding or the department is providing or monitoring either remedial services to the parent or services to ensure the safety of the child to any caregivers.

Caregivers may be required to engage in services under this subsection solely for the purpose of ensuring the present and future safety of a child who is a ward of the court. This subsection does not grant party status to any individual not already a party to the dependency proceeding, create an entitlement to services or a duty on the part of the department or supervising agency to provide services, or create judicial authority to order the provision of services to any person other than for the express purposes of this section or RCW 13.34.025 or if the services are unavailable or unsuitable or the person is not eliqible for such services.

- (c) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in writing:
- (i) Whether the supervising agency or the department is making reasonable efforts to provide services to the family and eliminate the need for placement of the child. If additional services, including housing assistance, are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child's parents, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services;

- 1 (ii) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the 2 child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
 - (iii) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
 - (iv) Whether the services set forth in the case plan and the responsibilities of the parties need to be clarified or modified due to the availability of additional information or changed circumstances;
 - (v) Whether there is a continuing need for placement;

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- (vi) Whether a parent's homelessness or lack of suitable housing is a significant factor delaying permanency for the child by preventing the return of the child to the home of the child's parent and whether housing assistance should be provided by the department or supervising agency;
- 15 (vii) Whether the child is in an appropriate placement which 16 adequately meets all physical, emotional, and educational needs;
 - (viii) Whether preference has been given to placement with the child's relatives if such placement is in the child's best interests;
 - (ix) Whether both in-state and, where appropriate, out-of-state placements have been considered;
- 21 (x) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons 22 why visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
 - (xi) Whether terms of visitation need to be modified;
- 24 (xii) Whether the court-approved long-term permanent plan for the child;
- 26 (xiii) Whether any additional court orders need to be made to 27 move the case toward permanency; and
- 28 (xiv) The projected date by which the child will be returned home 29 or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.
 - (d) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed. If the court determines that the child has been in out-of-home care for at least twelve consecutive months following the filing of a dependency petition and the parent has had no contact with the department or any service providers identified in the department's case plan, the court shall order that a petition seeking termination of parent and child relationship be filed unless the court makes a good cause exception based on the factors described in RCW 13.34.145.

(3)(a) In any case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned to or remain in the child's home, the in-home placement shall be contingent upon the following:

- (i) The compliance of the parents with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child, including compliance with the supervising agency's case plan; and
- (ii) The continued participation of the parents, if applicable, in available substance abuse or mental health treatment if substance abuse or mental illness was a contributing factor to the removal of the child.
- (b) The following may be grounds for removal of the child from the home, subject to review by the court:
- (i) Noncompliance by the parents with the department's or supervising agency's case plan or court order;
- (ii) The parent's inability, unwillingness, or failure to participate in available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect; or
- (iii) The failure of the parents to successfully and substantially complete available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect.
- (c) In a pending dependency case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned home and that child is later removed from the home, the court shall hold a review hearing within thirty days from the date of removal to determine whether the permanency plan should be changed, a termination petition should be filed, or other action is warranted. The best interests of the child shall be the court's primary consideration in the review hearing.
- (4) The court's authority to order housing assistance under this chapter is: (a) Limited to cases in which a parent's homelessness or lack of suitable housing is a significant factor delaying permanency for the child and housing assistance would aid the parent providing an appropriate home for the child; and (b) subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to create an entitlement to housing assistance nor to create judicial authority to order the provision of such assistance to any person or family if the assistance or funding are unavailable or the child or family are not eligible for such assistance.

- 1 (5) The court shall consider the child's relationship with 2 siblings in accordance with RCW $13.34.130((\frac{3}{3}))$ (6).
- 3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.34.070 and 2011 c 309 s 25 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 (1) Upon the filing of the petition, the clerk of the court shall issue a summons, one directed to the child, if the child is twelve or б more years of age, and another to the parents, guardian, 7 custodian, and such other persons as appear to the court to be proper 8 or necessary parties to the proceedings, requiring them to appear 9 10 personally before the court at the time fixed to hear the petition. 11 If the child is developmentally disabled and not living at home, the notice shall be given to the child's custodian as well as to the 12 child's parent. The developmentally disabled child shall not be 13 required to appear unless requested by the court. When the custodian 14 15 is summoned, the parent or guardian or both shall also be served with 16 a summons. The fact-finding hearing on the petition shall be held no later than seventy-five days after the filing of the petition, unless 17 exceptional reasons for a continuance are found. The party requesting 18 the continuance shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance 19 20 of the evidence that exceptional circumstances exist. To ensure that the hearing on the petition occurs within the seventy-five day time 21 limit, the court shall schedule and hear the matter on an expedited 22 23 basis.
 - (2) A copy of the petition shall be attached to each summons.

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- (3) The summons shall advise the parties of the right to counsel. The summons shall also inform the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian of his or her right to appointed counsel, if indigent, and of the procedure to use to secure appointed counsel.
- (4) The summons shall advise the parents that they may be held responsible for the support of the child if the child is placed in out-of-home care.
- (5) The summons shall advise the parents that if the court finds the child to be a dependent and the parents have no contact with the department or any service providers identified in the department's case plan, the court shall order that a petition seeking termination of parent and child relationship be filed if the child has been in out-of-home care for at least twelve consecutive months following the filing of a dependency petition, unless the court makes a good cause exception based on the factors described in RCW 13.34.145.

(6) The judge may endorse upon the summons an order directing any parent, guardian, or custodian having the custody or control of the child to bring the child to the hearing.

((+6+)) (7) If it appears from affidavit or sworn statement presented to the judge that there is probable cause for the issuance of a warrant of arrest or that the child needs to be taken into custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050, the judge may endorse upon the summons an order that an officer serving the summons shall at once take the child into custody and take him or her to the place of shelter designated by the court.

(((+7))) (8) If the person summoned as provided in this section is subject to an order of the court pursuant to subsection (((+5))) (6) or (7) of this section, and if the person fails to abide by the order, he or she may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. The order endorsed upon the summons shall conspicuously display the following legend:

17 NOTICE:

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VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER

IS SUBJECT TO PROCEEDING

FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT

PURSUANT TO RCW 13.34.070.

(((8))) (9) If a party to be served with a summons can be found within the state, the summons shall be served upon the party personally as soon as possible following the filing of the petition, but in no case later than fifteen court days before the fact-finding hearing, or such time as set by the court. If the party is within the state and cannot be personally served, but the party's address is known or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained, the summons may be served upon the party by mailing a copy by certified mail as soon as possible following the filing of the petition, but in no case later than fifteen court days before the hearing, or such time as set by the court. If a party other than the child is without the state but can be found or the address is known, or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained, service of the summons may be made either by delivering a copy to the party personally or by mailing a copy thereof to the party by certified mail at least ten court days before the fact-finding hearing, or such time as set by the court.

((+9+)) (10) Service of summons may be made under the direction of the court by any person eighteen years of age or older who is not

a party to the proceedings or by any law enforcement officer, 1 probation counselor, or department employee. 2

(((10))) (11) Whenever the court or the petitioning party in a proceeding under this chapter knows or has reason to know that an Indian child as defined in RCW 13.38.040 is involved, the petitioning party shall promptly provide notice to the child's parent or Indian custodian and to the agent designated by the child's Indian tribe to receive such notices. Notice shall comply with RCW 13.38.070."

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By Committee on Human Services, Mental Health & Housing

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 4/15/2015

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "rights;" strike the 9 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 13.34.070; and 10 11 reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.138."

EFFECT: Parents are provided notice at the time of a dependency filing through the summons that if the court finds the child to be a dependent and the parents have no contact with DSHS or any service providers identified in DSHS's case plan, the court shall order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed if the child remains in out-of-home care for at least twelve consecutive months following the filing of this dependency petition, unless the court makes a good cause exception based on the factors described in RCW 13.34.145.

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